



Times are all Central European Time (CET) (<https://time.is/de/CET>)

DAY 1: 09.12.2020		
		Topics
<b>Morning</b>		
<b>09:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Keynotes and Setting the scene</b>	<p><b>Space for everyone, everywhere</b></p> <p>Space science and space applications advance our knowledge of the universe and improve the daily lives of people worldwide through their many contributions towards a sustainable future for all. During the High-Level Opening Segment, UNOOSA Director, and Director General of the UAE Space Agency will deliver their keynote presentations on the importance of bringing the benefits of space to everyone, everywhere.</p>
<i>Break</i>		
<b>10:30 - 12:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Session One</b>	<p><b>Space for Humanity</b></p> <p>It is well established that space and space technologies have an impact on almost all aspects of human development. Space technology can support the prevention of people falling below the poverty line and help target specific support to those in need, while at the same time combating inequalities and furthering global health initiatives. We are currently experiencing an extraordinary situation with global implications, which emphasizes the importance of using space in developing concrete responses to the novel needs, which also highlights the importance of diversity in the space sector and the need to involve youth in determining the future direction of space policy and exploration as an essential tool to build a better future for humanity.</p> <p><u>Topics:</u> COVID-19, reduce poverty, inequality, gender empowerment, youth</p>
<i>Break</i>		
<b>Afternoon</b>		
<b>14:30 - 16:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Session Two</b>	<p><b>Space for the Planet</b></p> <p>Session two considers the benefits of space to tackle climate change and environmental degradation. Space-based technologies and space-derived information play a key role in climate knowledge, science, monitoring and early warning systems and technologies, such as how remote sensing data, has enhanced scientific understanding of water cycles, mapping water courses, and monitoring and mitigating the effects of floods, air quality, forests and other aspects of the natural environment. These surveying and monitoring tools provide valuable information on the state of ecosystems, which offers objective support for positive environmental action, including conservation and sustainable resource management.</p> <p><u>Topics:</u> Water, Climate action, environmental degradation</p>
<b>16:00 - 18:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Side Event</b>	<p><b>The Future of Space exploration</b></p> <p>As the benefits of space exploration and innovation become clear, more and more countries and non-governmental entities are interested in participating in the exploration of space, while current activities are becoming increasingly commercial. This side event will discuss how countries the world over are increasingly modifying their space policies and inclusive partnership strategies to keep pace in this rapidly developing sector and excel in new space ventures.</p>



**DAY 2: 10.12.2020**

<b>Morning</b>		
<b>08:30 - 09:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Special Event</b>	<p><b>Announcement of Opportunity for the new round of KiboCUBE</b></p> <p>The United Nations/Japan Cooperation Programme on CubeSat Deployment from the International Space Station (ISS) Japanese Experiment Module (Kibo) "KiboCUBE" will open its 6th round! UNOOSA Director, the Permanent Mission of Japan and JAXA will introduce the past achievements and future endeavors for the KiboCUBE programme.</p>
<b>09:00 - 10:30 (CET)</b>	<b>Session Three</b>	<p><b>Space for Economy</b></p> <p>Expanding the global space economy, is a fundamental driver behind efforts to bring the benefits of space to everyone, everywhere. Furthermore, these developments can support countries in efforts to "build back better" using space services to face policy challenges, while contributing to innovation, job creation and economic growth. This discussion session will address the different challenges and opportunities for the future of space economy. With an increasing number of public and private actors involved in the development and provision of space infrastructure and related products and services, the global space economy has been a consistent source of growth. Topics such as measuring space economy, investment in space activities, promoting space entrepreneurship and SMEs, the impact of space on a smart economy and public-private partnerships will be discussed.</p> <p><u>Topics:</u> measuring space economy, space investment, entrepreneurship, Spin-offs, Space SMEs, smart economy, PPP.</p>
<i>Break</i>		
<b>Afternoon</b>		
<b>11:00 - 12:30 (CET)</b>	<b>Session Four</b>	<p><b>Sustainable Future in Space</b></p> <p>If the international community wishes to increase access to the benefits of current space applications, and develop new technologies which may offer further benefits, there is a need to preserve and protect the outer space environment for use by future generations. Session four discusses the need for space activities to be sustainable over the long term as well as identify areas of concern for the long-term sustainability of outer space activities, like the mounting problem of Space debris and the need for continued peaceful uses of outer space.</p> <p><u>Topics:</u> LTS, UNOOSA/UAE Partnership on Space Sustainability, space debris, safety in outer space</p>
<i>Break</i>		
<b>14:00 - 15:00 (CET)</b>	<b>Closing Session</b>	<p><b>World Space Forum Action Report</b></p> <p>The primary purpose of this Session is to summarize the most important points raised during the panels and to convey concluding remarks which will focus on the Call for Action in order to collectively address challenges to humanity and sustainable development.</p>