

African Regional Centre for Space Science & Technology Education in English [ARCSSTE-E]



Updates on ARCSSTE-E's Activities (1998 – 2017)



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Meeting of the Directors of the Regional Centres for Space Science and Technology Education (Affiliated to the United Nations)

Held on the margins of the 60th Session of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space Vienna, Austria, 13-14 June 2017 Vienna International Centre, Room C0431



ARCSSTE-E - Established 15 September 1998









ARCSSTE-E also serves as NASRDA's Centre for Space Science and Technology Education (CSSTE)



Directors of ARCSSTE-E



Prof. E. E. Balogun (1998 – 2005)



Prof. Joseph O. Akinyede (2009 – 2013)



Dr Ganiy I. Agbaje (2015 – to date)



Prof. O. O. Jegede (2005 – 2009)



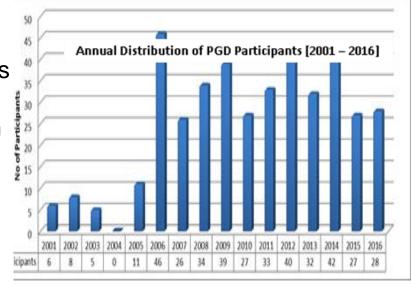
Late Dr. A. O. Fashade (2013 – 2015)



ARCSSTE-E Core Activities

Post Graduate Diploma Programme

- Duration: 9-month Postgraduate Diploma
 Programme in five key areas of Space Science and Technology (SST) Education
- International Participants
 are offered full scholarship
 covering: Tuition Fee,
 Accommodation, Medical
 Services, Travel Ticket, etc.



* 17 of the 24 Countries have participated in the PGD Programme to date



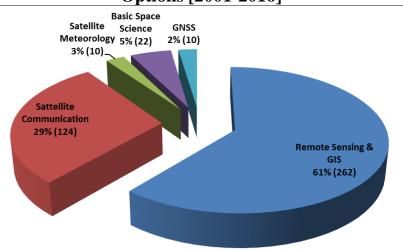


Botswana	2
Cameroon	33
Congo DRC	1
Ethiopia	4
Gambia	1
Ghana	9
Kenya	15
Liberia	12
Malawi	7
Nigeria	334
Sierra Leone	1
Sudan	15
South Africa	1
Tanzania	5
Uganda	11
Zambia	3
Zimbabwe	7
Total	473



Post Graduate Diploma Programme Contd.

Distribution of PGD Participants by Course Options [2001-2016]





- ARCSSTE-E Regional Biennial Alumni Conference







ARCSSTE-E Core Activities II

MTech. (Space Science & Technology)



- Duration: 18-month MTech.
 (SSTA) in five key areas of
 Space Science and Technology
 (SST) Education
- Collaborating University:

 Federal University of Technology,
 Akure (FUTA)

Commenced: 2013 with 18 Students

2014: 15 Students

2015: 20 Students

2016: 27 Students







ARCSSTE-E Core Activities III

- Space Education Outreach Programme





[ZGIP] promotes space education and research in microgravity.

http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/sapidx.html

The United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs

launched the ZGIP on 1 February 2013, and distributed the microgravity simulation instruments to qualified schools, universities, research centres and institutes



CLINOSTAT: A one-axis clinostat was selected for distribution because of the ease of use and potential scientific benefits.

ARCSSTE-E has developed Curricula for space science education in primary and secondary schools in Nigeria



ARCSSTE-E received, on a competitive basis, one of the 20 Clinostats distributed in 2013



-Space Education Outreach Programme









2017 Space Education Outreach Programme



- Participants students and teachers drawn from 32 public and private Secondary Schools in Kwara State.
- 6 students and 2 teachers from
- ARCSSTE-E technical staff carried out presentations in various field of space science and technology.







2017 Space Education Outreach Programme

2017 Space Generation Advisory Council (SGAC)/Centre for Atmospheric Research/ARCSSTE-E Outreach Programme:

'WHY SPACE?' - Space Exploration: A Step into the New Frontier

University of Benin, Nigeria; Date:16th of May, 2017















ARCSSTE-E Core Activities IV — Space Research & Development

Desertification Monitoring System over Sahelian Region of Nigeria

February 2017



The establishment of a system of information is vital in order to accurately assess the processes that lead to desertification and droughts, and to build a framework for environmental accounting.

OBJECTIVES

- i. Continuously measure parameters (Pressure, temperature, humidity, wind velocity and rain rate);
- ii. Analyse data obtained and ascertain if desertification is occurring or not;
- iii. Model possible rate, volume and direction of future encroachments; and generate a hazard map for affected regions.









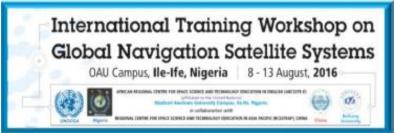
ARCSSTE-E Core Activities IV – Space Research & Development

Grant Proposals

- ARCSSTEE as Regional Activity Centre (RAC) for the ECOWAS region (REC) to implement the <u>Pan-Africa/European Union program - GMES for Africa</u>. Proposal meetings on-going in line with '2006 Maputo Declaration'. Grant Estimate €36M
- ARCSSTEE on Strategic Partnerships for Higher Education Innovation and Reform (SPHIER) Partnership funding for <u>E- Learning for Space Science and</u> <u>Technology Education in Nigeria</u>. Grant Estimate: £2.6M



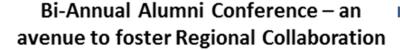
Alumni Conferences & International Workshops



International Training Workshop on GNSS

in collaboration with RCSSTEAP and Beihang University, Beijing, China (August, 2016)











7th Governing Board Meeting

26th April 2017





Member States in Attendance

i. Ghana

ii. South Africa

iii. South Sudan

iv. Ethiopia

v. Egypt

vi. Liberia

vii. Uganda

viii. Cameroon

ix. Nigeria



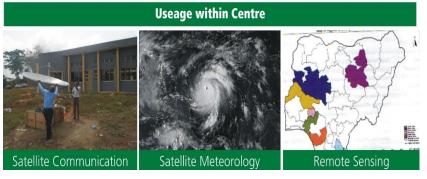
GEONetCast Installation - 2017



GEONetCast is a global network of Satellite-based data dissemination systems providing environmental data to a world-wide user community

Data: MeteoSat, GOES East & West image data; EUMETSAT & NOAA-NESDIS metrological data; Sea surface temperature and Vegetation Data; etc.

Licence granted & Installation (95% completed)



On Completion of the Earth Station the Centre will be poised to provide real-time world class data to support the Postgraduate programmes and collaborative research.



Infrastructure Deficit





Yellow House Obafemi Awolowo University Ile Ife, Osun State, Nigeria.





ARCSSTE-E's Permanent site





International Collaborations

1. GEO, Geneva, Switzerland





- Participating Organisation (PO) status
- 2. International Committee on GNSS, UN-OOSA, Vienna
- 3. RCSSTEAP, China
- 4. EUMETSAT on GEONetCast
 - establishment of



Planned Collaborations

- China-Brazil Earth Resources Satellite (CBERS)
 - Ground Receiving Station (educational)
- ESRI Educational licensed products e.g. ArcGIS



- Samara State Aerospace University, Russia



CBERS MO

Others welcome!





Challenges

- Inadequate funding for improved ICT infrastructure for learning
- Funding from Member States has been nil since inception
- Establishment of Ground Receiving Station facilities for teaching and research
- Signing of the MoU
- Infrastructural Facilities
- Centre's Diplomatic Status
- Regular Annual Governing Board meeting
- Member Countries' Institution Point of Contact
- Mobilisation Visits to Member Countries
- Selection of PGD participants from Member countries through Foreign Affairs and Equivalent Ministry handling Science and Technology Affairs.



Recommendations

- Establishment of E-learning facilities in collaboration with other Regional
 Centres and International Institutions in Member countries;
- Staff Internship and Secondment/Exchange in collaboration with other Regional Centres/International Institutions [including Member countries] and Network with UN University
- Financial commitment of Member States to the Regional Centres must be rekindled; Permanent Reps in Vienna, & Ambassadors engaged.
- Regional Centre's Directors meetings, on the edges of COPOUS meeting
- Collaboration in research and support for teaching facilities
- Incubation of best practice from industries and other major players through UN_OOSA
- Linkages with Regional Organisations e.g. AARSE, UNECA, etc. for effective utilisation of the Centre for Capacity Building



Conclusions

- ➤ The applications of SS&T to socio-economic development within the African region are gaining wide acceptance with the emergence of more countries pursuing the development of one form of SS&T programme or the other, depending on the individual country's level of investments.
- ➤ There is a clear evidence of the impact of the UN-assisted capacity building programme which has already produced appreciable number of trained personnels as revealed in ARCSSTE-E's programme implementation and its achievements since its inception in November, 1998.
- ➤ New strategies for capacity building at the formal and informal levels of education to train a sizeable number of experts to ensure meeting up the SDGs 2030 are evolving in line with advances in technologies.
- ➤ Indigenous Skill Acquisition in Space Science & Technology especially is key to the Socio-Economic Sustainable Development of any nation.





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Recommendations - General Discussion

- GB Members Contribution
 - Financial (AUC Formula) and in-kind
 - Adequate Personnel- Point of Contact
- Involvement of Regional Bodies ECOWAS, AUC, IGAD, CEMAC, etc.
- Roadshow on the Centres
- UNOOSA Reps in attendance during GB meetings, Graduation, etc.
- Linkages between Regional Centres, UN University Campus
- Available Minimum infrastructures for teaching and learning; support for teaching aids and facilities from Members in developed countries, etc.
- Certificates designed to be similar and appropriately signed by UNOOSA Director/Rep
- Attendance of Permanent Missions in Vienna at Directors' meeting
- OOSA to ensure that staff of the Regional Centre participate in UN-OOSA sponsored workshops and conferences
- Access to data for teaching and research purposes and other relevant educational materials through OOSA



Regional Centres Alliance

Objectives

- To make the Regional Centres more cohesive and united in pursuit of their mandates
- Share experiences and lessons learnt and enable concrete strategies that will be beneficial in their various endeavors in building capacity for their respective regions.
- ➤ Building institutional capacity of the Regional Centres and enabling them to keep pace with the fast changing and dynamic technological advancement in training and research, especially in space science and technology applications and other relevant areas.

Strategies

- Staff Exchange, Visiting Lecturers, etc.
- Involvement in Curriculum Review
- Jointly present project proposals to source for grant from donor agencies and regional organization such as ECOWAS, African Union (AU), etc.
- ➤ Be provided with state-of-the-art academic facilities for hands-on to enhance teaching, learning and research undertakings



Regional Centres Alliance

Strategies Contd.

- ➤ It is expedient for UNOOSA to maintain high standard of delivery of all its educational programmes
- UN Joint Research proposal focused on Regional Issues for implementation as contribution by Centres
- Linkages between Regional Centres, UN University Campuses
- Regional Centres must be developed and equipped with adequate facilities essential to sustained growth
- Certificates designed to be similar and appropriately signed by UNOOSA Director/Rep
 - > Type and quality of certificate being awarded to participants and the need to ensure its authentication by relevant authorities.
- Regular Annual Directors' meeting rotation by Centres location