

Education level on space technologies and applications at schools in Sri Lanka

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Introduction





Brief Introduction

Formerly known as Ceylon

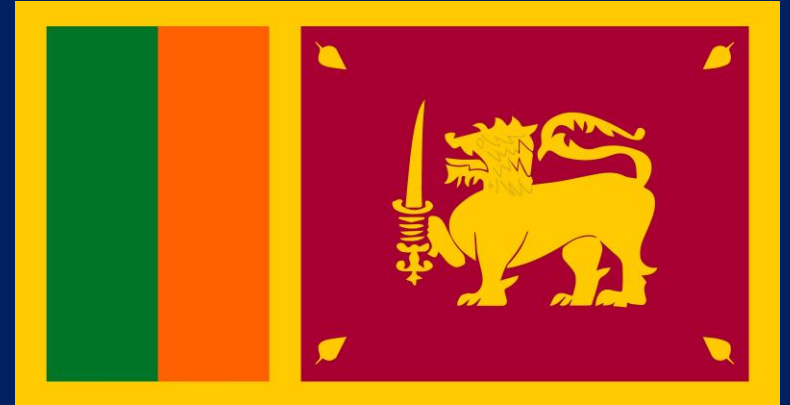
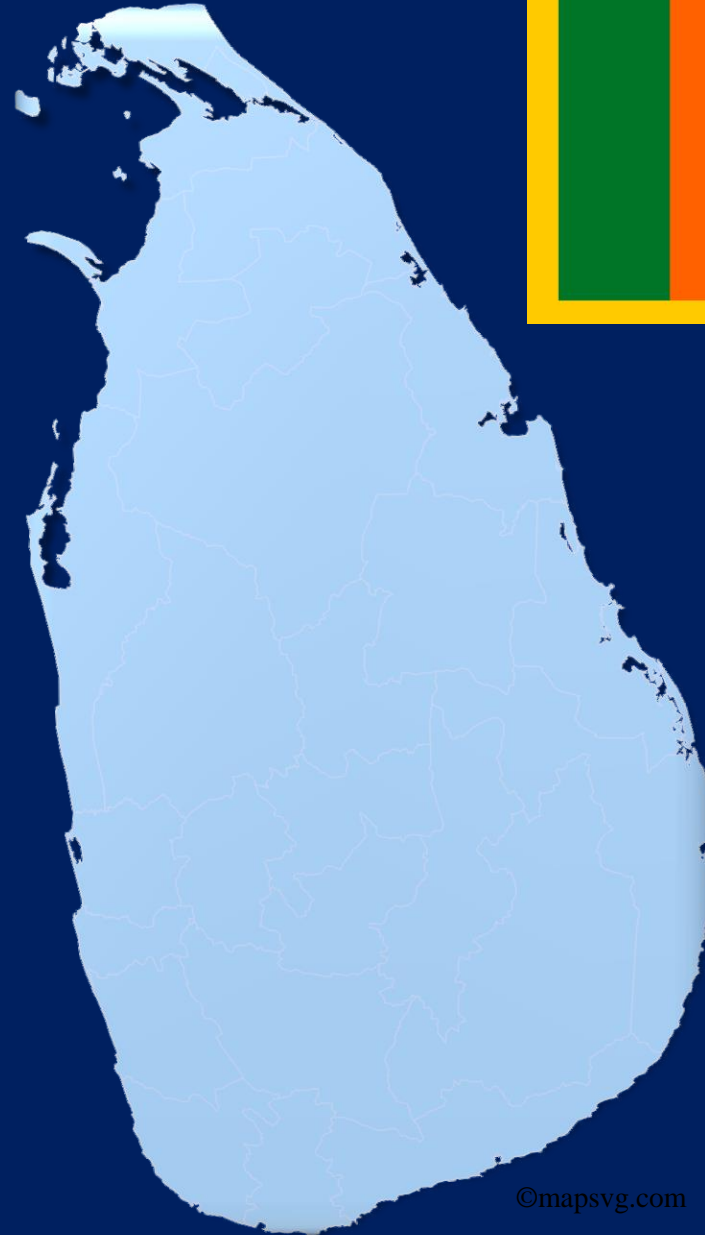
Area : 65,610 km²

Maximum length : 432 km

Maximum width : 224 km

Population : Approx. 22 million

Literacy rate: Approx. 92% (2020)





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Photography

BY DUSHANI AYESHA



Photography

BY DUSHANI AYESHA

Education System in Sri Lanka

Types of schools

1. Government schools

National
Schools

Provincial
Schools

Better facilities
than provincial
schools

2. Non- government schools

International
Schools

Private
Schools

Overall better facilities and
financial conditions

Other than these there are temple schools and special schools.

Education system at schools in Sri Lanka

- Primary

- Grade 1 *to* Grade 5 (Scholarship Examination)

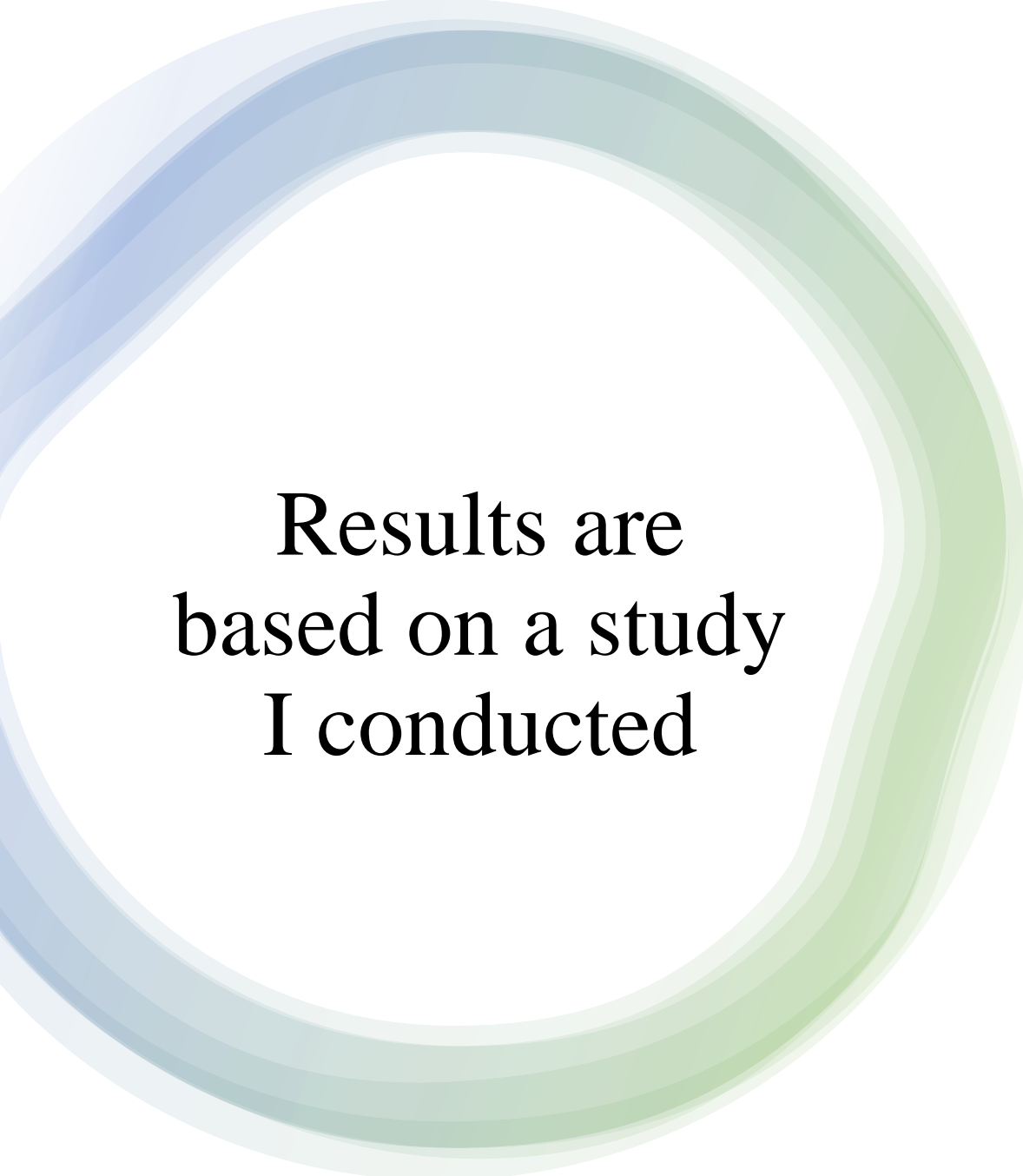
- Secondary

- Grade 6 *to* Grade 11 (G.C.E Ordinary Level Examination)

- Collegiate

- Grade 12 *to* Grade 13 (G.C.E Advanced Level Examination)

Education Level on Space Technologies



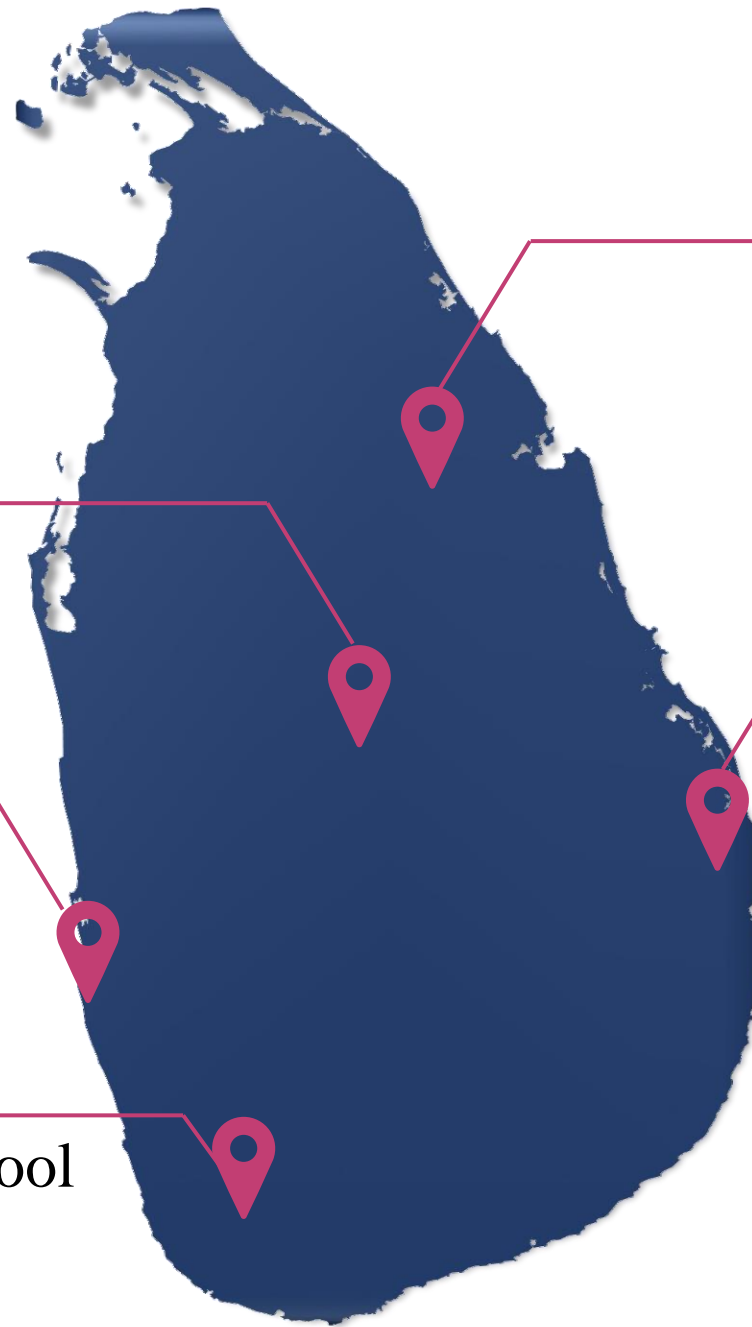
Results are
based on a study
I conducted

National
Schools

Provincial
Schools

International
Schools

Selected Areas



Horowpathana

Government school

Matale

Government school

Ampara

Government school

Colombo and subs

Government and non-government schools

Thawalama

Government school

Current education efforts in prompting space

- Chapter on science subject (grade 8) covering topics about solar system, eclipses, exploring the universe, artificial satellites, star constellations [1]
- Astronomy societies in schools
- Astronomy and Astrophysics Olympiad [2]
- Water rocket competitions

Activities and programs in schools related to space

Some schools have,

Astronomical Societies



Image by brgfx on Freepik https://www.freepik.com/free-vector/happy-kids-observe-night-sky-with-telescope_27175518.htm#query=astronomical%20clubs&position=2&from_view=search&track=ais



Main areas covered by astronomical societies

- Astrophysics
- Cosmology
- Rocketry

Activities by astronomical societies

- Knowledge is being transferred by senior students to junior students
- Some of the leading schools gives lectures to other schools on request
- Night star gazing camps
- Guest lectures
- Small lessons on rocketry
- Some schools have water rocket activities
- Training for astronomy Olympiad
- Interschool astronomy quiz competition
- Astrophotography competitions



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Comparison between government schools and non-government schools on space education

- Government schools had better performance in junior astronomy Olympiad 2022 [2]
- Government schools had better performance in astrophysics and astronomy Olympiad in 2019 and 2022 [2]
- Number of participants from government schools were higher [Year 2022]

Question

Are the students interested on learning about space technologies?

YES



https://www.freepik.com/premium-photo/service-taxi-white-space-isolated-3d-illustration_12945628.htm#query=space%20technologies%20and%20applications&position=19&from_view=search&track=ais

The reasons why, they are interested

Students think it will be great to have technology owned by our own country to predict the natural disasters

As a hobby

To learn about space objects

Interest towards the rockets

Interest about satellite stabilization

Passionate about how the scientist determine the distances ,different properties about planets, the technology behind

To develop equipment /technologies to observe the space

How we were able to come to these conclusions about universe, the technology behind

Sources used to gain the knowledge



YouTube -
Main source



WhatsApp groups
for knowledge
sharing



Research
papers –
Google scholar



School library and
public libraries



Wikipedia, Britannica and
references websites

Challenges according to the students on learning space technologies

- There is no teacher specialized about space systems at schools
- There is no university to study about space systems after leaving the school (Some universities have modules for astrophysics)
- There is no space industry, so interest of the students towards the space systems reduce as they grow
- Most of the books are in English
- In rural areas, the knowledge on space is extremely low

Effects after Raavana-1

Our first satellite was in the orbit.



Deployed to the orbit on : 2019 June 17

Re-entered in : 2021 October

Effects after Raavana-1

AI2 THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 2019 DailyMirror

NEWS FEATURES

By Chavula Fernando

The world is very keen on adventuring into space and innovating inventions to fly into space. Although, it sounds alien to Sri Lanka, it would be no longer something strange to Sri Lankans as the Islanders' first research satellite **RAAVANA-1** built by two Sri Lankan youth is set to launch into space this April, marking our entrance into the space age.

SL TO LAUNCH FIRST-EVER SATELLITE IN APRIL

Historic landmark in Sri Lanka's space journey

RAAVANA-1, which is a cube-shaped miniature satellite, was built by Tharindu Dayarathne, an Electrical and Electronics engineer of the University of Peradeniya and Research engineer at the Arthur C. Clarke Institute for Modern Technologies along with Dulan Chamika, a Mechatronics engineer from the same institute. Arthur C. Clarke Institute for Modern Technologies is the only institute in Sri Lanka, dealing in the area of Space Technology.

The project is carried out under the third International Multi-Nation Birds Satellite project acronym as "Bird project" which is a cross-border inter-disciplinary satellite project for inter-space flying countries supported by Japan.

Government support and approvals, because a country's development can only be achieved through technology acquisition.

Any device or product which needs space environment testing (ex. temperature conditions, radiation, orientations etc.) is sent to the space using a Nano satellite spacecraft

WHAT THE INVENTORS HAVE TO SAY

Tharindu Dayarathne said his role in RAAVANA-1 basically was a communication subsystem. The primary goal of the communication subsystem is to provide a link to relay data findings and send commands to and from the CubeSat. Telemetry and command subsystems will ensure continuous communication between the ground station and the CubeSat after ejection from a Rocket Launch for International Student Satellites (ARLIS) rocket.

"This project is very interesting to me. I was faced with problems when I was engaged in this project. However, I was carefully overcome them," Tharindu Dayarathne said.

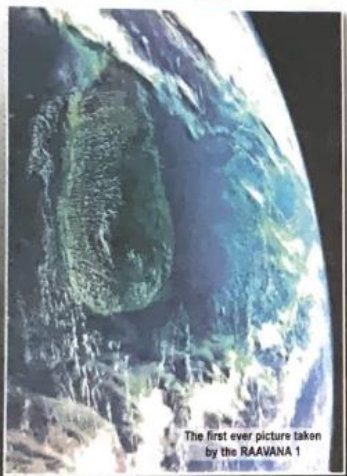
He is the main objective of the project was to learn something and bring honor and fame to the country by making the satellite.

Meanwhile, Dulan Chamika said his role in the project was the Attitude Determination and Control Subsystem (ADC) which is basically used to change the attitude (orientation) of the spacecraft.

"Studying about Space was a dream for me. I am very happy that I have got the opportunity to study about Space and make innovation."

"I learned a lot about space engineering, electronics and even programming through this project. I hope that this project would be a...

Rs. 5/- Vol. 38 No. 221 Monday 51



The first ever picture taken by the RAAVANA 1

Lankan built satellite sends first picture of earth

By CHATURAMA PAMUNUWA

The first ever Sri Lankan nano satellite, RAAVANA-1 launched into an orbit 400 km away from earth on June 17, sent the first picture of earth.

RAAVANA 1 is a research satellite built by two Sri

University of Peradeniya and the Arthur C. Clarke Institute for Modern Technologies.

The satellite is expected to fulfil five missions including the capturing of pictures of Sri Lanka and its sur-

Wednesday, May 08, 2019

Daily News

Vidya



RAAVANA I

The Raavana 1 satellite, set up with the supervision of Arthur C Clerk institute for Modern Technology under the purview of the Ministry of Science Technology and Research in Sri Lanka, was launched at 02:16 a.m. of the 18th April 2019. This was created by two Sri Lankan Engineers, for the first time of Sri Lankan history Raavana 1 satellite has been launched by the NASA-based International Space Station in America.

Continued on Page 02...

Another step forward by the Arthur C Clarke Institute for Modern Technologies under the purview of the Ministry of Science, Technology and Research.

What is the Artificial Intelligence?

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2019.04.19

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Pages 8-9 Focus



The first-ever Sri Lankan satellite Ravana 1 -built by two young Sri Lankan students- released its first photographs in space yesterday. The nano satellite had captured Sri Lanka from space. Ravana 1 belongs to the Bird 3 satellite project launched in collaboration with Japan, Nepal, and Sri Lanka.

www.adaderana.lk › news › sri-lankas-first-satellite-raava...

Sri Lanka's first satellite RAAVANA-1 reaches ISS - Ada Derana

RAAVANA-1 is a research satellite built by two Sri Lankan ... months of free-flight testing of news systems before reentering Earth's ...

Ada Derana · Ada Derana · Apr 19, 2019

www.youtube.com › watch

RAAVANA-1: first ever Sri Lankan satellite launched (English)

RAAVANA-1: first ever Sri Lankan satellite launched (English) Watch More Video - http://goo.gl/2QWjSA #adaderana #derananews #tvderana.

YouTube · Ada Derana · Apr 19, 2019

Effects after Raavana-1

Interest about learning space technologies increased

Students tried engaging in space related activities

Air bearing tables, helmholtz coil as final year projects

Curiosity towards CubeSats satellites increased



Voluntary Activities

- I was able to do several guest lectures focusing **space technologies** at several schools.
- Current activities were focused on schools in Colombo district
- Next, the focus will be shifted to the schools outside Colombo.





THANK YOU

If there is no way, create one

References

1. <https://www.ethaksalawa.moe.gov.lk/moodle/mod/resource/view.php?id=20042> (accessed on 2023.08.10)
2. <https://ipsl.lk/astronomy-olympiad/>(accessed on 2023.09.07)