ESA's Space Situational Awareness Near-Earth Object programme

Detlef Koschny,
European Space Agency,
Solar System Missions Division
Keplerlaan 1
NL-2201 AZ Noordwijk ZH
Detlef.Koschny@esa.int

What is Space Situational Awareness?
The European SSA Programme
The SSA-NEO segment
Link to UN activities
Current activities
Architecture + system elements
Conclusions

nage courtesy: David A. Hardy

What is Space Situational Awareness?

The objective of the Space Situational Awareness (SSA) initiative is to support the European independent utilisation of and access to space for research or services, through providing timely and quality data, information, services and knowledge regarding the environment, the threats and the sustainable exploitation of the outer space.

From the SSA Programme Declaration, ESA/C/SSA-PP(2008)2

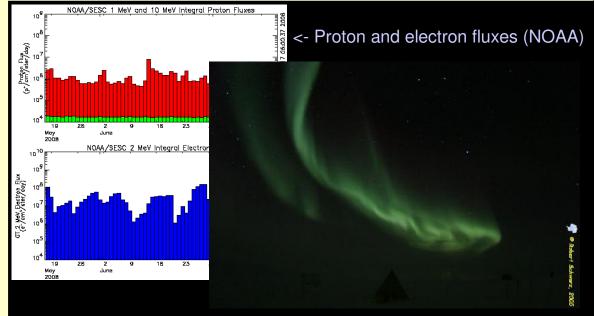




The European SSA Programme

Three 'segments':

- Survey and Tracking (= Space Debris)
- Space Weather
- Near-Earth Objects
- Later: 'Imaging'





Aurorae - Robert Schwarz 2005



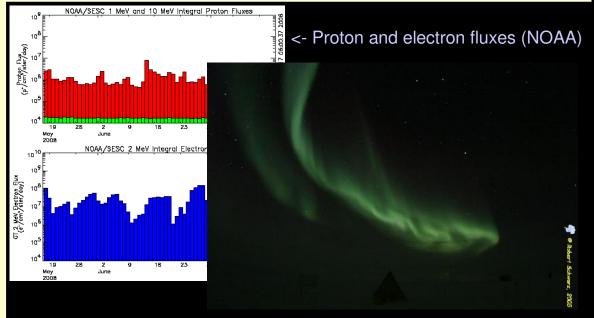


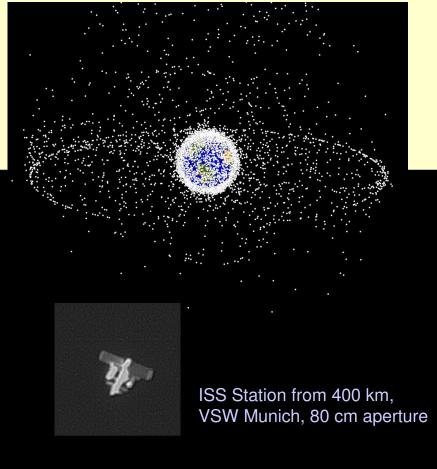
The European SSA Programme

 Preparatory phase (2009 – 2011) approved by ESA's Ministerial Council in Nov 2008

as an optional programme

After confirmation: Nominal phase (10 years)





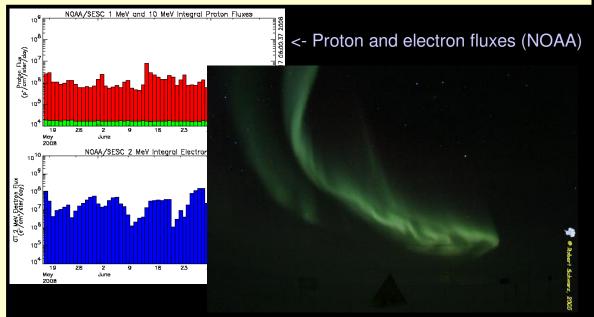
Aurorae - Robert Schwarz 2005

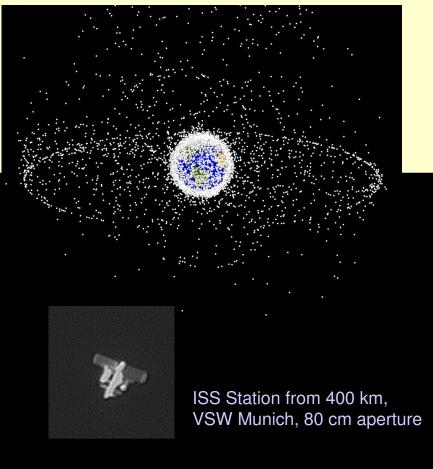




The European SSA Programme

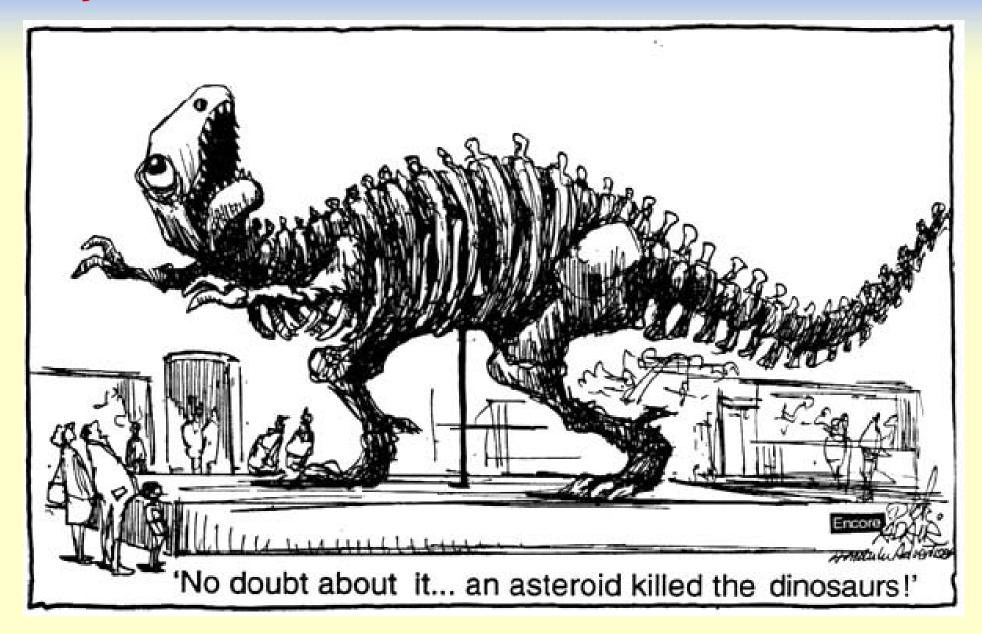
- Network of sensors (ground- and space-based)
- Data centres
- Common data policy and standardization
- Optional programme, in D/OPS





Aurorae - Robert Schwarz 2005

Why should we care?



The European SSA-NEO segment

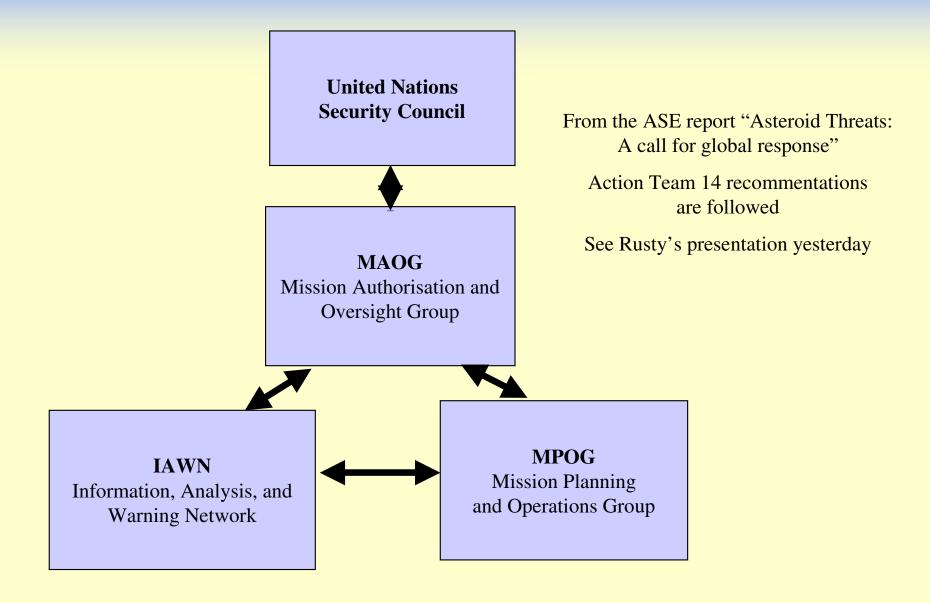
- main requirements

The SSA-NEO segment shall provide information on the impact probability and/or miss distances of NEOs including associated uncertainties. To do this properly, it shall assess impact analyses, results, and perform its own impact risk assessments

Classify the risk of a NEO impact and issue warnings if the risk is higher than the background risk

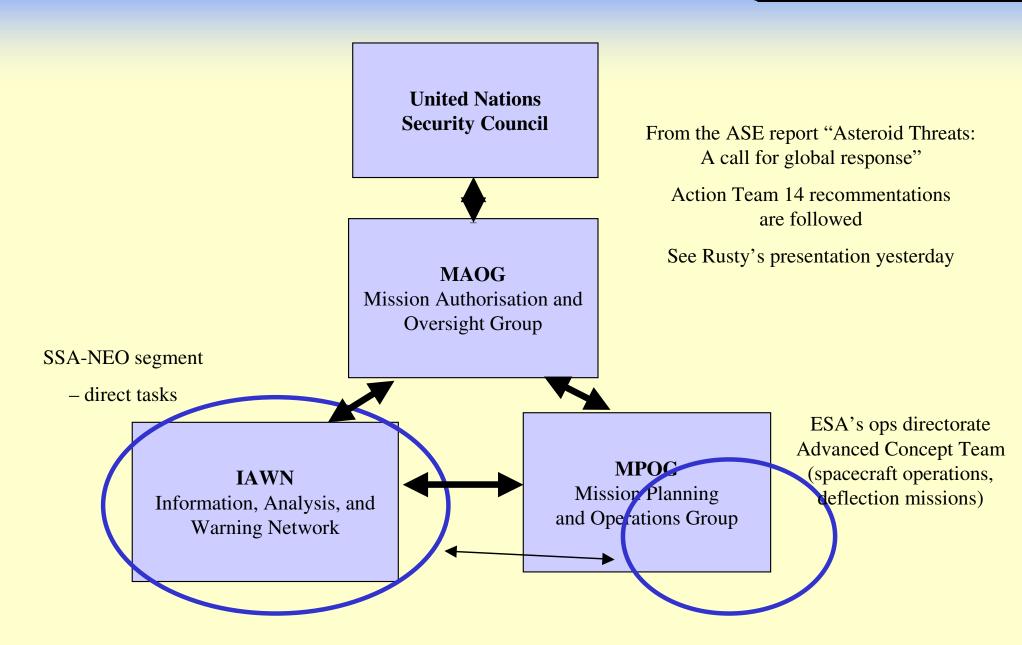


SSA-NEO – link to UN activities

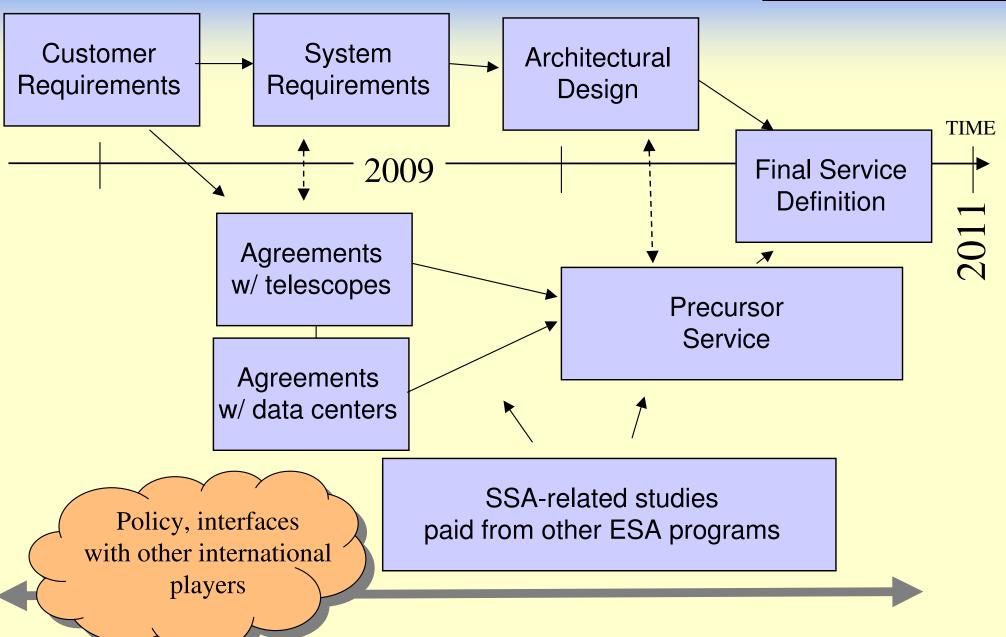




SSA-NEO – link to UN activities



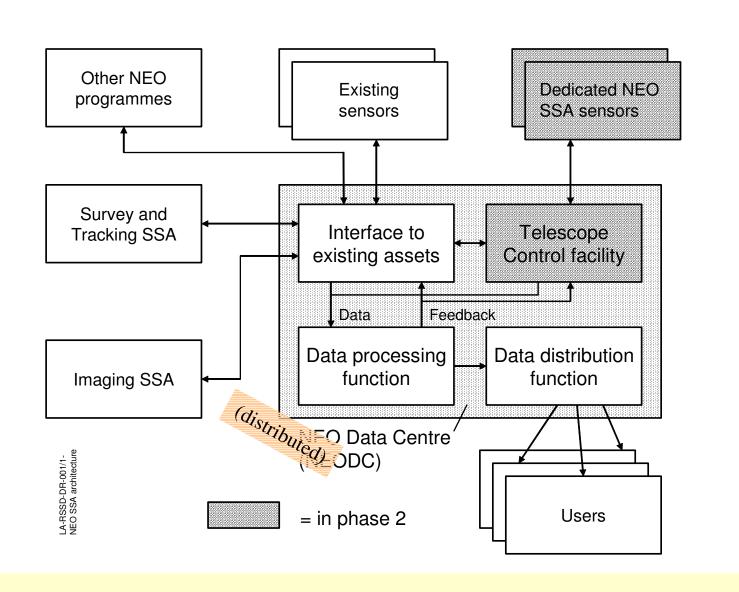
Current activities





The European SSA-NEO segment

- architecture



Envisaged system elements

Start with existing assets









Envisaged system elements

Start with existing assets









Add missing functionality

- Bulletins, increase public information
- Visualisation e.g. of impact corridors (ref. Rusty's presentation)
- Duplicate service of Minor Planet Center?
- More...



Envisaged system elements

Start with existing assets









Add missing functionality

- Bulletins, increase public information
- Visualisation e.g. of impact corridors (ref. Rusty's presentation)
- Duplicate service of Minor Planet Center?
- More...

In phase 2

- Add dedicated telescopes, access to radar
- Add space-based element



Participating countries in SSA

Austria

Belgium

France

Germany

Greece

Italy

Norway

Portugal

Spain

Switzerland

United Kingdom

Plus: Studies from other ESA programs -> all ESA member countries



Conclusion

Europe now have the potential to contribute to the efforts of setting up a proper impact threat warning system.

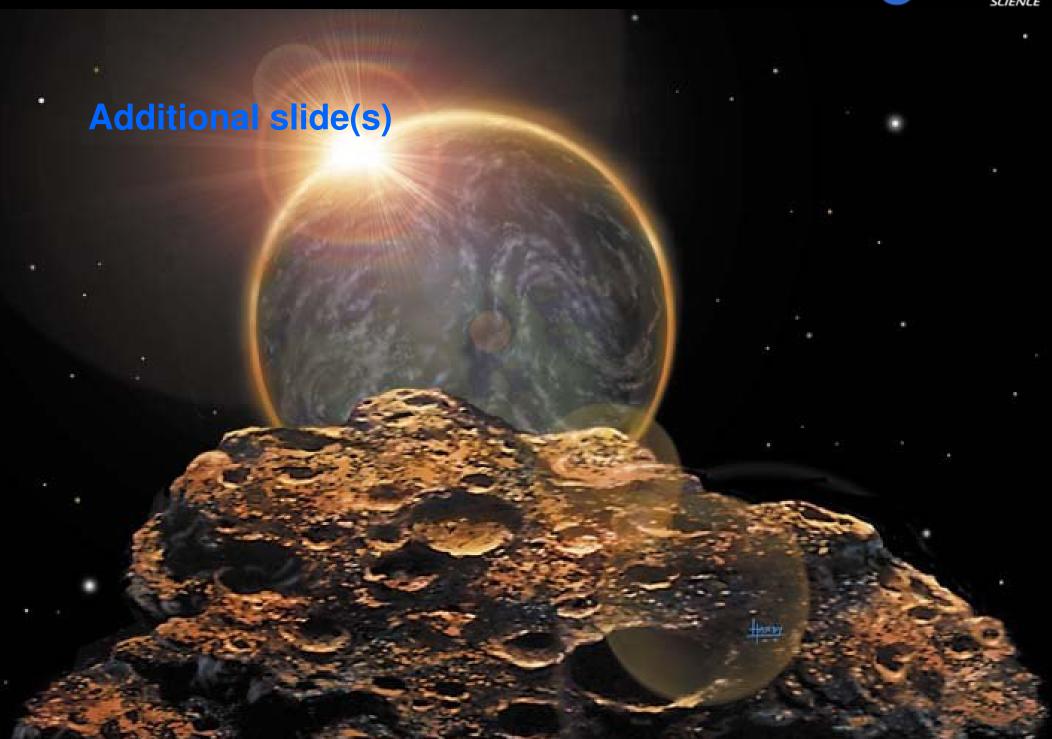
SSA-NEO should to be part of an UN-sanctioned world-wide system.

COPUOS can help by acknowledging the activity and comment on program contents – members of Action Team 14 are in the SSA User Group











International context – possible Situation in 2012 After a drawing by Lindley Johnson, NASA

