



GNSS Continuously Operating Reference Stations of Indonesia (Ina-CORS)

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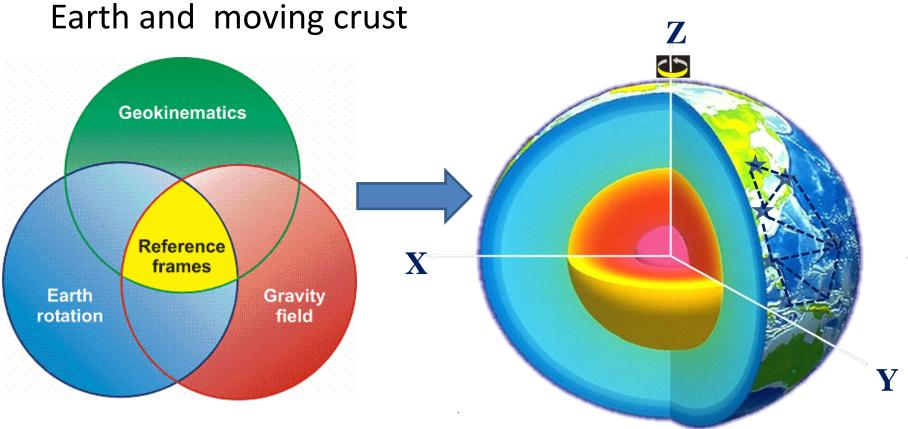
49th Session of UNCOPUOS Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, Vienna, 6-17 February 2012

Outline

- Why need continuous observations?
- Non-continuous observation
- Ina-CORS
- Future Development

Why Need Continuous Observations?

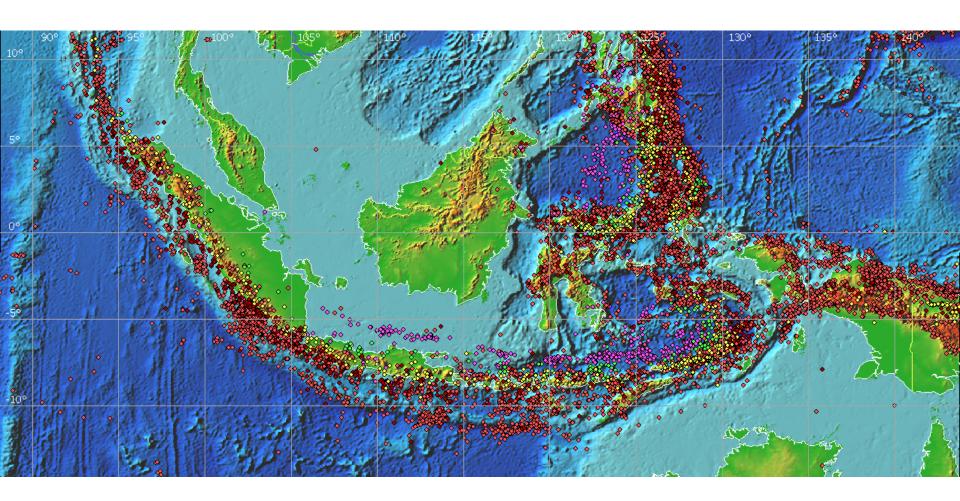
To provide reference frames in the gravity field, rotating



Source: GGOS

Why Need Continuous Observations?

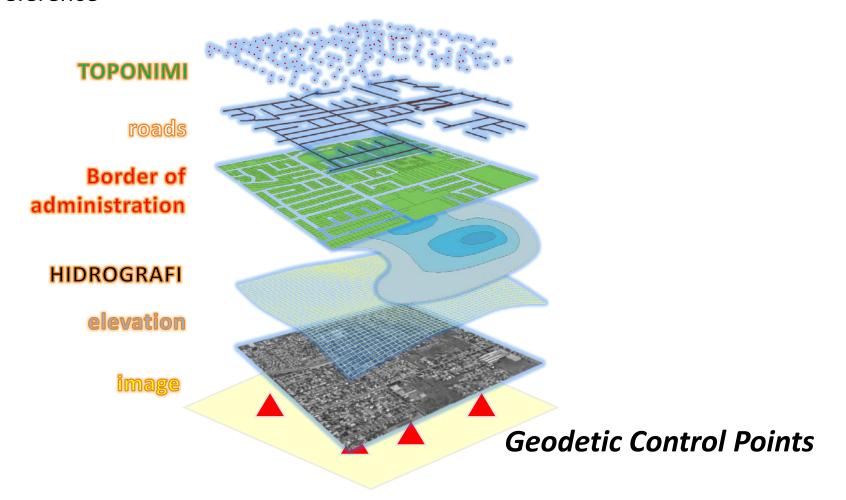
To observe crustal deformation of areas located in the ring of fire



Seismicity maps of Indonesia

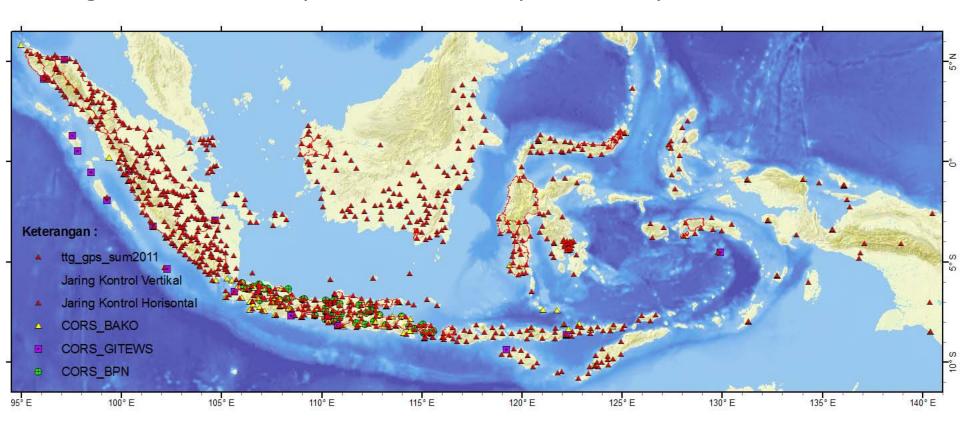
Why Need Continuous Observations?

- To provide a active geodetic control points for geospatial mapping
- To unify layers of geospatial information provided by many institutions in a single reference



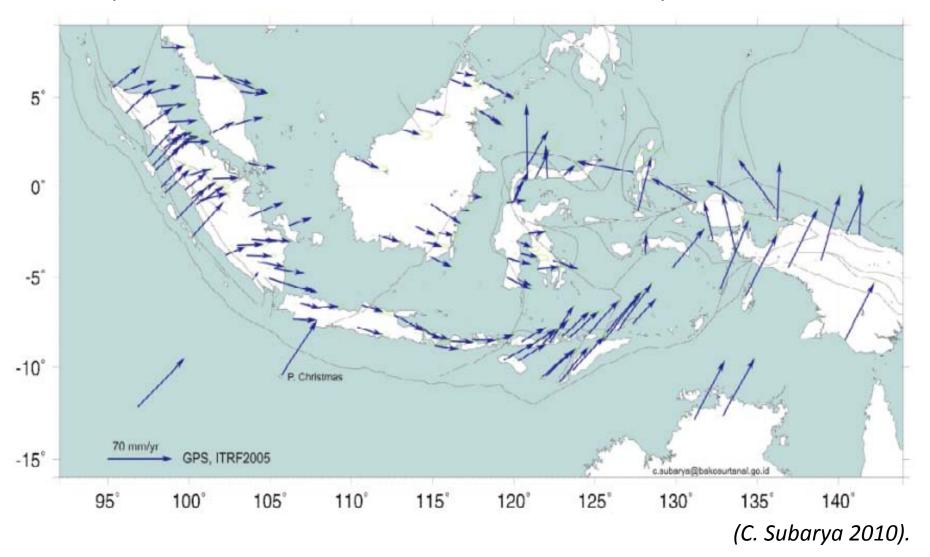
Non-Continuous Observation

630 geodetic control points observed periodically



Non-Continuous Observation

Velocity rate of crustal deformation derived from GPS Repeated Observations



Non-Continuous Observations



Geodetic control points for land cadastral

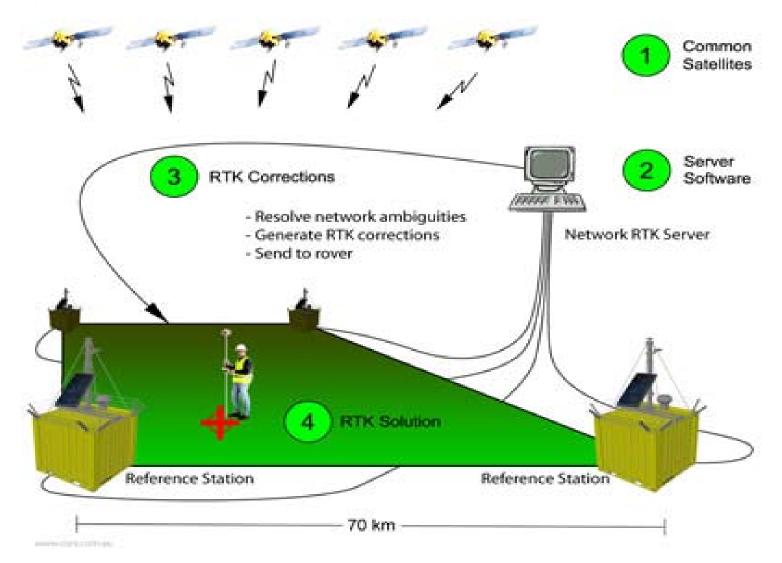
No.	Order	Control Points (2010)
1.	2	7.054
2.	3	14.085

Geodetic Control Points in Jakarta

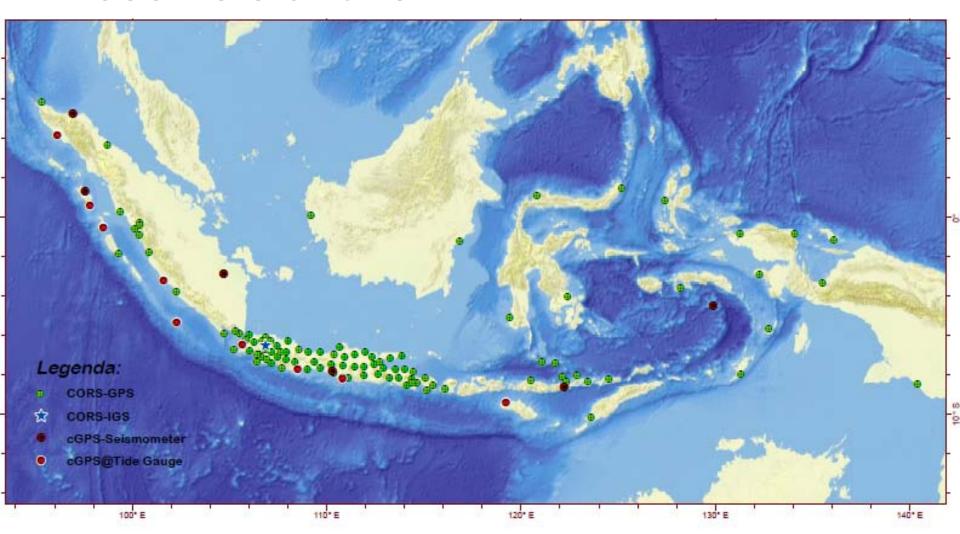


- GPS Observations in coastal areas highly affected by land subsidence
- Geodetic control points provided by local government of Jakarta Metropolitan

System Architecture



Presents stations



- Operated by Geospastial Information Agency (BIG) – 100 stations and Land Administration Agency (BPN) – 50 stations.
- Plan: to provide positioning corrections at centimeter level.
- Need 1000 stations distributed in the whole country.

Data Communication with Radio Link

Data Communication with VPN IP



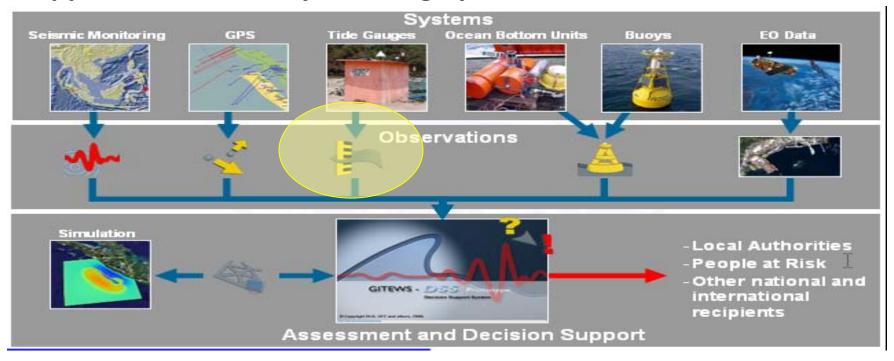






Data logger

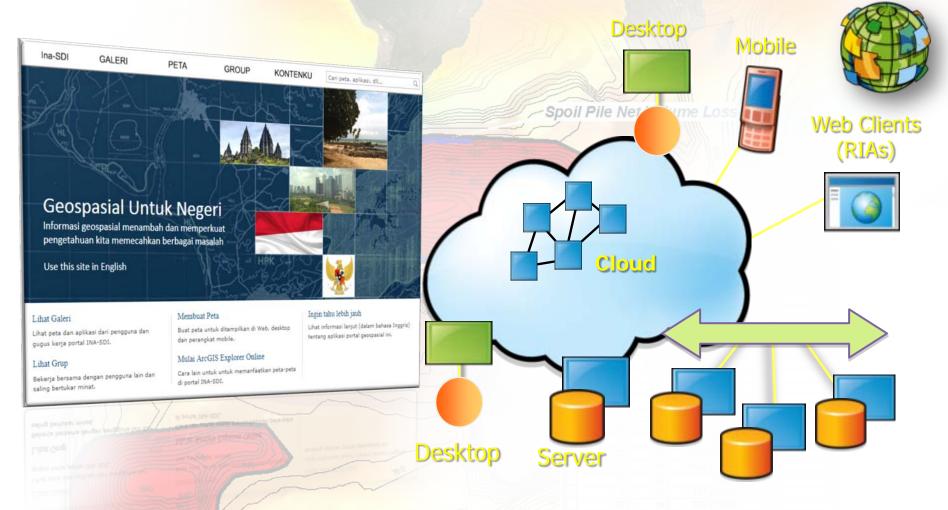
Support Tsunami Early Warning System of Indonesia





Future Development

Ina-CORS as part of Indonesian Geoportal



Future Development

- CORS utilisation is still limited since a high precision receiver is expensive.
- Need to a provide a high precision low cost for rover receiver
- A rover GNSS reciever design: an integration of GIS Destop, mobile data communication and precise antenna

Thanks