

# OVERVIEW ON 2012 SPACE DEBRIS ACTIVITIES IN FRANCE

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- End of life operations
- Collision risk monitoring
- Atmospheric reentries predictions
- R/D studies
- Regulatory activities
- National Register of Space Objects
- Workshops and meetings



## **END OF LIFE OPERATIONS**

### **LOW EARTH ORBIT:**

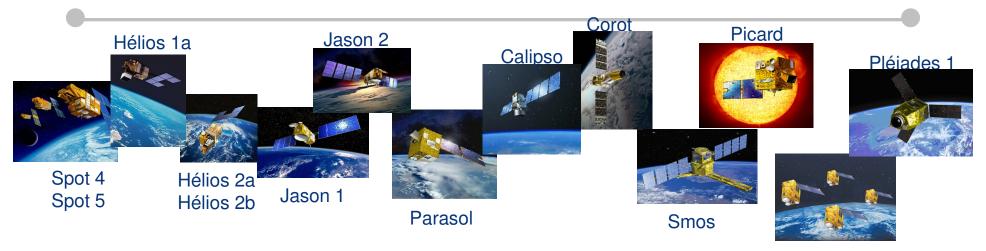
- Helios 1A (18 February 2012)
  - **◆Remaining orbital lifetime about 18 years**

### **GEOSTATIONARY ORBIT:**

- EUTELSAT 4A (23 February 2012)
  - **→**Graveyard orbit 500 km above GEO
- Telecom 2D (18 November 2012)
  - **→**Graveyard orbit 450 km above GEO
    - ---- compliance with French law and international recommendations



## **COLLISION RISK MONITORING**



- Elisa (4)
- Operational service called CAESAR (Conjunction Analysis and **Evaluation, Assessment and Recommendations)** 
  - ◆Analysis of all CSMs available corresponding to a conjunction
  - ◆Risk evaluation and avoidance recommendations
  - ◆Use of tracking radars or telescopes when necessary

## Open to:

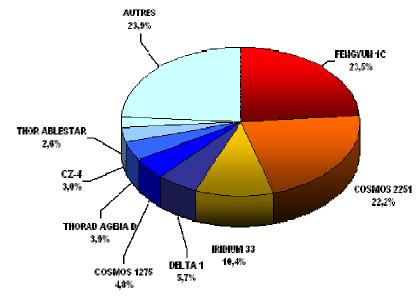
- ◆Satellites controlled by CNES
- ◆External customers (AstroTerra-Spot 6 for the time being)
- → Additional customers expected in 2013
  COPUOS STSC, Vienna, February 2013



## **COLLISION RISK MONITORING**

## Most dangerous debris

## 2012 synthesis:



- 18 satellites monitored
- ●114 risks identified by the automatic process (probability of collision > 10<sup>-4</sup>)
- 163 risks identified by JSpOC
- •9 support requests: JSpOC or radar tracking (probability of collision > 10<sup>-3</sup>)
- •13 avoidance manoeuvres





## **ATMOSPHERIC REENTRIES MONITORING**

## **■**Objects monitored:

- « French » objects that could fall on foreign countries (Launching State responsibility)
  - -satellites and launcher stages registered by France
  - -launcher stages registered by ESA
- « foreign » objects that could fall on the national territory:
  Potentially dangerous objects registered by other countries:
  - -Mass > 5T
  - -dangerous materials

### **■** Particular cases:

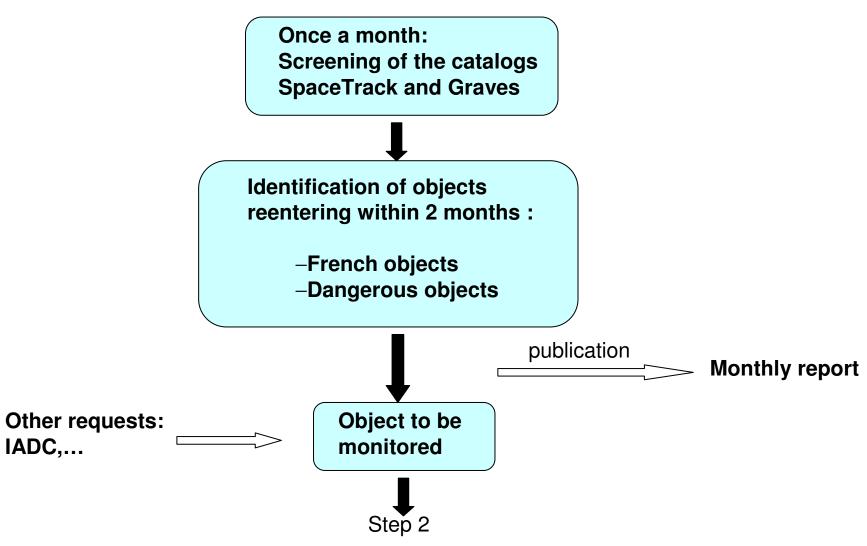
IADC or governmental requests

«debris » objects not considered





## **MONITORING PROCESS Step 1: routine surveillance**





## MONITORING PROCESS Step 2: monitoring of a particular object



### **From D-30 to D-3**

altitude decrease monitoring US and French cataog data (OPERA tool)



tracking measurements, orbit determination predictions

D+n actual point (SpaceTrack)





Daily reports



Final report



## **CONTENT OF THE REPORTS**

- **■number of French objects in the catalogs**
- ■list of French objects with a perigee lower than 200 km,
- ■list of French objects reentering within 60 days,
- ■list of French objetcs that reentered in the last 30 days.
- **■**name and number of the object, launch date,
- **■**dimensions, mass, apogee, perigee and inclination
- predicted reentry date, uncertainty interval,
- ■latitude band, risk level.
- **■idem weekly reports +**
- **■**orbit ground track with begin and end indications,
- **■list of countries overflown, risk level.**
- date and coordinates of the reentry point when available (US information)
- comparison with the last prediction,
- estimation of debris fallout zone

monthly

weekly

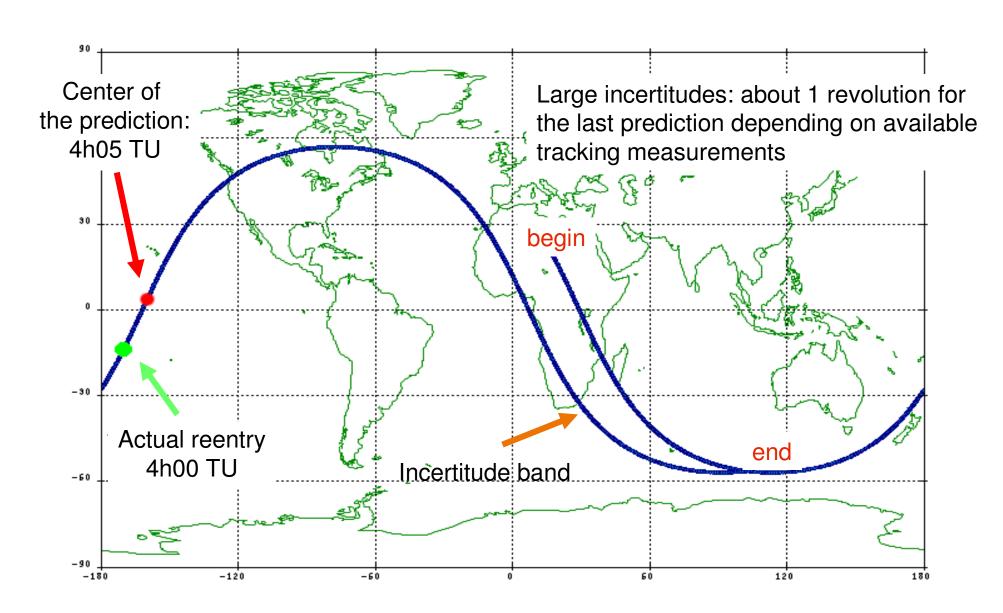
daily

final



## **EXAMPLE UARS REENTRY 24 SEPTEMBER 2011**

Centre d'Orbitographie Operationnelle



## **SPACE DEBRIS R/D ACTIVITIES**

#### ON-ORBIT SITUATION:

- → Debris observation from space and ground
- → Catalog management

#### PROTECTION:

- → Effect of debris impacts on satellites, protection
- ◆Aero-thermodynamics models for reentry

### • MITIGATION:

- → Electric and fluidic passivation
- → Reentry survivability

### REMEDIATION:

- ◆Long term evolution of the space debris population
- →Optimal orbital transfer for active debris removal missions



### **REGULATORY ACTIVITIES**

- French Space Act applicable since December 2010
- Technical compliance is checked by CNES before launch or critical operations
- Methods and tools are developed and proposed to support the implementation of the Technical Regulations:
  - Fragmentation modeling during reentry: DEBRISK
  - Estimation of ground risk in case of reentry: ELECTRA
  - → Determination of compliance with the 25-year rule: STELA
  - Long term stability of the GEO graveyard orbit
  - Collision risk during launch phase: ARCL



## NATIONAL REGISTER OF SPACE OBJECTS

## • 5 French registered satellites launched in 2012

date	Name	Number	Launcher	Launch base
13 February	ROBUSTA	1	VEGA	Kourou
9 September	SPOT 6	1	PSLV	India (Sirharikota)
10 November	Eutelsat 21B	1	Ariane 5	Kourou
2 December	PLEIADES 1B	1	Soyuz	Kourou
3 December	Eutelsat 70B	1	Zenit 3	Sea Launch



## NATIONAL REGISTER OF SPACE OBJECTS

- 13 French registered upper stages launched in 2012:
  - **→12 Ariane 5 (upper stages and launcher elements)**
  - **♦1 Fregat**
- 4 French registered objects reentered into the atmosphere in 2012

Reentry date	Name	Launch date	
4 January	Ariane 4 R/B	14 August 1991	
22 February	Ariane 4 R/B	16 April 1997	
8 July	Ariane 4 R/B	5 October 1998	
22 November	Ariane 5 R/B	12 July 2001	



## NATIONAL REGISTER OF SPACE OBJECTS

305 space objects, end 2012, in the French Register

- 191 launcher elements (LEO, MEO, GTO)
- 114 satellites:

operational satellites: **63** 

LEO: 35

**GEO: 28** 

inactive satellites: 51

LEO: 24

**GEO: 23** 

GTO: 4



## **MEETINGS AND WORKSHOPS**

## • Meetings and workshops are regularly organized:

- ◆To inform all partners (industry, operators, research organizations, governmental bodies,...) on space debris activities at national and international levels
- ◆To get their feedbacks and needs relative to mitigation rules and to research activities

## • Main meetings:

- →24 January 2012: GEO satellites end of Life workshop (Paris)
- ◆18 and 19 June 2012: Active Debris Removal workshop (Paris)
- ◆11 July 2012: annual national meeting on space debris Space Debris Synthesis Group (Toulouse)

