

UNITED NATIONS Office for Outer Space Affairs

DROPTES

ZARM

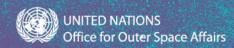
DLR

DropTES 9<sup>th</sup> round Announcement of Opportunity Webinar

21 June 2023 10:30 & 16:30 CEST



# Access to Space for All Welcome! Before we begin...







2) Please **ANSWER OUR QUESTIONNAIRE** that we will put in the chat box later on



3) Please use the hashtag **#AccSpace4All #DropTES** and follow, like, and share **@UNOOSA** to help us promote this event!















 Partners: ZARM (Center of Applied Space Technology and Microgravity) and DLR (German Aerospace Center)



- Established: 2014
- Aims to provide educational or research institutions with opportunities to conduct a series of microgravity <u>experiments</u> at the Bremen Drop Tower and GraviTower Bremen Pro in Germany.
- The drop tower experiment series consists of <u>5 drops or catapult launches</u> or <u>5 half-days</u> to be conducted within one week. Each experiment series is accompanied by an on-site experiment integration taking place one week prior to the campaign.
- 7 experiments have successfully been conducted with the programme.



- **2014** German Jordanian University
- 2015 & 2020 Universidad Católica Boliviana "San Pablo"
- 2016 Universidad de Costa Rica
- 2017 Warsaw University of Technology
- 2018 University of Bucharest Politehnica
- 2019 Politecnico de Milano "Polimi"
- 2022 Universidad de Antioquia



Photo credit: ZARM





### Universidad Católica Boliviana "San Pablo" awardee of DropTES 2nd & 7th round

- In 2015, the team <u>examined and evaluated the property of Nitinol</u>, which is a metal alloy often used in medical devices.
- In 2022, the team tested <u>3D printing techniques using liquid resin</u>, which could lead to new applications in various fields.





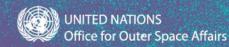


### Learn from the Past Awardees!



Access to Space for All Awardees





### Learn from the Past Awardees!



#### Access to Space for All Latest Information

 EVENT Access to Space for All will hold a hybrid side event at the 66th session of COPUOS on 31 May 2023, read more (26 May 2023)

 EVENT KiboCUBE will hold a hybrid side event at the 66th session of COPUOS on 2 June 2023, read more (26 May 2023)

 EVENT KiboCUBE will hold a hybrid side event at the 66th session of COPUOS on 2 June 2023, read more (26 May 2023)

 EVENT 1st Access to Space for All Expert Meeting has been held on 15-17 May 2023 online, read more (17 May 2023)

 NEWS UNOOSA and ESA announced the 2nd round HyperGES awardees on 8 May, watch here (8 May 2023)

### Contribution to the SDGs

Access to Space for All is key in raising awareness about what space technology can do for the Sustainable Development Goals. Each application for an Access to Space for All hands-on opportunity requests the applicants to provide information on how their activity will support the Sustainable Development Goals. To date, UNOOSA has received applications that spanned over the 17 Sustainable Development Goals. Examples of how Access to Space for All supports the Sustainable Development Goals are:

### BUSTAINABLE GOALS



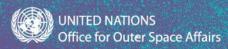
- SDG 4 "Quality Education": Access to Space for All provides educational resources supporting the hands-on component.
- SDG 8 "Decent Work and Economic Growth": Access to Space for All builds capacity for individuals to access jobs in the space industry.
- SDG 9 "Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure": Thanks to some of the hands-on opportunities of Access to Space for All, institutions create facilities that remain available once the opportunity has been completed.

However, the contribution of the initiative goes beyond those three SDGs. Access to Space for All initiative for Sustainability: Interview Series is a series of interviews of the partners and the awardees in the initiative, where they explain how their projects are tackling different SDGs.

- Article #1 How Bartolomeo x ClimCam Project Contributes to the SDGs, an interview with Airbus and the awardee in the first round of Bartolomeo, read more
- Article #2 How Education Through PNST Contributes to the SDGs, an interview with Kyushu Institute of Technology and a graduated student, read more
- Article #3 DropTES: The Stepping Stone into Space Activities and its Contribution to the SDGs, an interview with ZARM and Universidad Católica de Boliviana, read more
- Article #4 DropTES: The Opportunity to Expand Your Horizon and its contribution to the SDGs, an interview with the 1st round and 3rd round awardee read more
- Article #5 PHI: The Platform to Realize Your Dreams, an Interview with the two 1st round awardees read more



## **Access to Space for All Education Component**



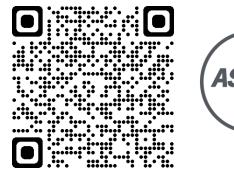


## **Conducting R&D in** Hypergravity/Microgravity Webinar Series

### 9 webinars with 45 speakers from 40 entities in 13 nations

Covered technical and fundamental knowledge on:

- Benefits of conducting R&D in Hypergravity/Microgravity environment
- > What type of R&D can be done (with examples from life science, physical science, and technology demonstration)
- Existing available platforms, opportunities, and networks https://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/access2space4all/HMT rack Webinars.html#Tag6







No.	Contents
1	Introduction to Hypergravity/Microgravity
2	Life Science Part 1: Biology
3	Life Science Part 2: Physiology
4	Life Science Part 3: Pharmacology
5	Physical Science Part 1: Material Science
6	Physical Science Part 2: Fluid Dynamics
7	Technology Demonstration
8	UNOOSA Hypergravity/Microgravity Track Opportunities
9	Regional Hypergravity/Microgravity Activities

#### Space Biology and Altered Gravity

#### Why study biological effects of microgravity?

- All life on earth have evolved in the Earth's gravitational field. We have little knowledge of what happens to organisms in the apparent bsence of this force.
- · Studies in microgravity will tell us how biological systems
- acclimate and adapt to this new environment Studies in microgravity will also reveal how gravity has driven evolution and continues to influence biological process on Earth.
- Why study biological effects of hypergravity?
- During space flight, living systems are not only exposed to microgravity. but also experience around 3 g during launch and 3+ g more landing · Chronic hypergravity models can be used complement and predict
- microgravity-associated changes (i.e., the shift from 2 g to 1 g may recapitulate aspects of the shift from 1 g or microgravity.

#### Gravity has (mainly) impact on:

- Weight
- Hydrostatic Pressure
- Convection
- Buoyancy .
- Sedimentation

