

## Indonesia, Item 15

Mr. Chair,

Indonesia associates itself with the statement by the Group of 77 and China, and would like to add the following remarks in its national capacity.

Indonesia appreciates the results of the Working Group on the Space2030 Agenda for the working paper titled “Consolidated draft “Space2030” agenda and implementation plan” as contained in document A/AC.105/L.321, which is based on the discussions at Working Group meetings held in the margins of fifty-eighth session of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee and sixtieth session of Legal Subcommittee in 2021, as well as on contributions by member states.

Indonesia is of the view that the Space2030 Agenda should be forward looking in its objectives and imperatives and provide a more comprehensive and inclusive long-term vision for space technology and applications as a driver of sustainable development.

Indonesia supports its adoption and implementation in accordance with the spirit of UNISPACE + 50, the principles of equal access, common heritage of mankind, and international cooperation that benefits all countries.

Mr. Chairman, distinguished delegates,

We underline that the international cooperation should be inclusive, taking into account the technological level of development, especially of the non-spacefaring nations in advancing use of outer space for peaceful purposes. We further highlight that the objective of international cooperation is to make the benefits of space available to all people.

We call upon UNOOSA and COPUOS Member States to intensify support in enhancing both North-South and South-South cooperation to facilitate the transfer of technology among nations. Such transfer of technology is signified by the concrete benefits which space applications can deliver to the attainment of Sustainable Development Goals.

Indonesia supports the implementation of the UNISPACE+50 UNGA resolution, and is committed to participate in the work of this Working Group. The Space2030 Agenda has a vital role in bridging the spacefaring nations and the non-spacefaring nations to enhance cooperation in capacity building of space technology and its applications.

The Space2030 Agenda and its implementation plan should have a long-term vision in putting space technology and applications as one of the main drivers of sustainable development. The agenda should be responsive to national needs and contribute to bridging the gap between spacefaring and non-spacefaring nations. This would increase ownership by states, even beyond UNCOPUOS, as a means that unify international efforts towards attaining the SDGs.

Mr. Chairman, distinguished delegates,

The utilization of the geostationary satellite orbit (GSO) is also a crucial subject in our path of advancing the contribution of space for sustainable development. It is our firm belief that in light of the orbit's sui generis characteristics, the Space2030 Agenda should identify efforts to guarantee equitable access to the orbit for all States, including by revitalizing partnership with other international organizations, taking into particular account the needs and interests of developing countries as well as the geographical position of certain countries.

Looking further into the implementation of the Space2030 Agenda, Indonesia urges states to avoid any measures that could hamper the implementation of the agenda, particularly in developing countries. In addition, the agenda should recognize the need and contain concrete measures to mobilize financial resources, capacity building and the transfer of technologies for developing countries.

Thank you.