

Maritime Lessons for Removal or Salvage of <u>Orbital</u> Debris and Repair or Enhancement of <u>Spacecraft</u>

Alfred B. Anzaldúa NSS International Committee Member NSS Board of Directors Member UN COPUOS June 2023



Why now so important?

Advances in software, miniaturization, off-the-shelf components, reusability ==> *explosive growth* of satellites & debris in orbital space.



Debris (shrapnel + masses) threaten orbital safety! -- c. 8000 tons of debris orbiting Earth -- c. 5000 satellites functioning/3600 defunct sats -- 1000s of upper stage rocket bodies



Debris will grow for 200 years -- without new launches!

But over 70,000 new satellites are being planned!



Mitigation alone is NOT sufficient.

We must "dredge the harbor" of dangerous orbiting objects.



We need orbital debris <u>cleanup</u> (remediation)!



But identification, liability, & funding issues stand in the way.



Identification/Ownership Problem

Art. VIII of OST says a State Party on whose registry an object is launched retains jurisdiction & control.

But only 16,000 of 34,000 trackable* objects can be tied to a launch registering State Party.

* at least 128 million smaller pieces of untrackable debris



State Party Liability Problem

Art. VI & VII of OST & Art. V of the Liability Convention make *multiple* launching States *jointly* & *severally* liable for any harm to persons or property.



But what if it's a *private* entity that: -- procures or carries out a launch? -- provides a property or facility for a launch? -- carries out spacecraft repair/enhancement, debris recycling, removal, or salvage?



Still NO Liability Escape for State Party

OST Art. VI: "State Parties (...) bear international <u>responsibility</u> (liability) for national activities in outer space (...) whether such activities are carried out by governmental agencies or by nongovernmental entities.

(...) "the activities of non-governmental entities (...) shall require authorization and continuing supervision by the appropriate State Party (....)"



Good news!

Liability waivers or apportionment agreements per Art. V of the Liability Convention can apportion liability protection among stakeholders, including private contractors.

Ex.: Mutual liability waiver agreement used by States collaborating on the International Space Station.



How can we compensate liability-sheltered private contractors who de-orbit, salvage or rehabilitate spacecraft?

Can we learn anything from maritime custom and law?



Maritime tradition for compensating private parties who rescue vessels & prevent destruction:

1) Phoenicians, Greeks, & Romans rewarded "salvors" for rescuing ships & cargo.

2) Now, commercial salvors are rewarded for rescuing ships, cargo, clearing shipping lanes, & eliminating or preventing environmental hazards.*

* See International Convention on Salvage, 1989, plus the Special Compensation Protection & Indemnity (P&I) Clause (SCOPIC) developed by shipping stakeholders, especially P&I (non-profit insurance) Clubs.



Why Repair, Service, or Salvage instead of deorbit?

Every kg in orbit is potentially worth many times the value of that kg on the ground!



Costs and benefits?

1) What is the *cost* (in profits/lost services) of *NOT* clearing debris?

2) How much is an orbital band free of debris worth?

3) How much is it worth to have sats repaired, refueled, or upgraded, while

they are still earning profits?



How to overcome identification/ownership impediments to repair, rehabilitate, salvage, or sell orbital debris?



Establish Space Salvage Entity (SSE) by intergovernmental agreement which:

1) assumes *jurisdiction* and *control, supervision, ownership,* and *liability* for unclaimed and claimed derelict space objects & 2) carries out agreements to:

 A) license & contract commercial entities to service, rehabilitate, refurbish, repair, deorbit, or salvage unclaimed & claimed* debris/spacecraft; and

B) sell unclaimed & claimed salvaged, recycled, or refurbished items & materials at market auctions.

* For claimed objects, the SSE receives jurisdiction & control and all connected obligations and rights via agreement with the State Party claiming the objects.



Jurisdiction/control of space object transferred by State Party of registration to SSE, per OST Art. VIII & Registration Convention.

Object then exists as 1) asset either sold at auction or 2) as ongoing hazard to become focus of State Parties & private companies to remove it for mutual benefit.*

Liability (+P&I Club* insurance) apportioned among parties via mutual liability apportionment or waiver agreements.

* States, commercial companies, P&I Clubs, or NGOs may wish to place special **bounties** on clearing objects from orbits. * Protection and Indemnity (P&I) Clubs are collaborative, non-profit insurance organizations comprised of maritime stakeholders.



Space Salvage Entity

A platform enabling multiple actors to collaborate in market to dispose of, salvage, or repair derelict objects or repair/optimize working spacecraft.

(For more info see "Catalyzing space debris removal, salvage, and use: Maritime lessons and a proposal for a space salvage entity and pollution credit system" in The Space Review)



Funding to pay contractors attached to SSE comes from transparently operated *International Trust Fund*

A 1% end-user fee on commercial sat services would raise billions of \$ for the fund annually!



Private sector repair/enhancement of satellites <u>already happening</u>!

Two SpaceLogistics Mission Extension Vehicles since 2020 providing propulsion & pointing control to satellites in GEO.



Nanoracks

Trash to Treasure Space Debris Recycling Ecosystem Live Demonstration





October 19, 2021 COLORADOSCHOOLOFMINES







Thank you for your time & attention!

Alfred (Al, Alfredo) B. Anzaldúa anzalduaalfred@gmail.com



Extra Slides



Incentivizing Transfer of Jurisdiction & Control to SSE

1) SSE creates statistical calculation of risk for every trackable piece of orbital debris to generate probability & severity of collisions;

2) SSE will use this data to create a rank-ordered "leaderboard" of objectintervention liability risk to become the basis for insurance costs;

3) State Parties & P&I Clubs will pay close attention to leaderboard statistics to calculate contract awards/bounties & annual calls.