

## **Agenda item- 15**

### **Space and Global Health**

**Madam Chairperson and Distinguished delegates,**

India is undertaking considerable measures towards national development and socio-economic growth of our population. Health care is one of the priority areas of the government of India, particularly for our rural people where we are exploring the use of space based technologies.

**Madam Chairperson,**

Indian Delegation would like to inform this august body that improvement in the standard of living and health status of the populace has remained one of the important objectives in Indian planning. Our effort is to maximize the efficiency of the available resources in the health system using such technology.

In India, space based tools are employed for many activities in monitoring and containing the spread of COVID-19 and reducing the impact on human casualties. ISRO offered geospatial technological solutions to various Central and State Government Departments, through Indian Geo-portal 'Bhuvan'. ISRO brought out various mobile applications and web based utilities which helped in identifying the location of COVID cases, geo-tagging of Home quarantined patients, Health monitoring of Home quarantined patients, identifying various categories of containment zones, identifying locations for mobile vegetable markets, identifying nearest free meal centres, etc.

The tele-medicine system is operational for rural and remote areas of India and has been very much useful for connecting the populace in these areas with specialty hospitals. In the recent past, tele-consultation facility between pilgrimage places enroute within the Indian territories has been also realized.

Using Space technology for GIS mapping of diseases particularly in relation to their geographical distribution has been done successfully for mapping of village level risk of malaria; niche modelling for Kala-azar; early warning tools for malaria; early warning system for the outbreak of Japanese encephalitis, etc.

Another important project taken up and ongoing is to create a web-based and geo-mapping enabled single platform of all the health resources, both government and private, which inter-alia includes, hospitals, diagnostic labs, doctors and pharmacies, etc., and will comprise of the data on health infrastructure,

human resource and the availability of medical facilities in each health establishment in the country. This will provide access to comprehensive and standardized information of both private and public health resources on a single platform. This is the first effort in the country to map spatially the government and private health care resources so that proper decision can be taken to strengthen evidence based decision making. The census of health resources is carried out in paperless mode using a Tab based App, having 7000+ attributes. More than 20 lakhs healthcare establishments spread across 25 lakhs enumeration blocks will be mapped in 707 districts of the country.

**Madam Chairperson,**

In conclusion, the Indian delegation would like to convey this esteemed gathering that India has developed the necessary expertise to take the benefits of space technology for the common man's health in the large parts of rural India.

**Thank you Madam Chairperson**