



International Committee on  
Global Navigation Satellite Systems

The background of the slide is a nighttime photograph of a harbor in Geneva, Switzerland. A large, white, multi-decked boat with a prominent yellow and black funnel is docked at a pier on the left. In the background, the iconic Jet d'Eau fountain is illuminated, spraying a tall, thin column of water into the dark sky. The city lights of Geneva are visible in the distance, reflecting on the water's surface. The overall scene is dark, with the primary light sources being the boat's interior lights, the fountain's illumination, and the city lights.

**ICG IDM Workshop**  
**Geneva, Switzerland**

**July 14-15, 2014**

# AGENDA

**DAY 1: Monday, 14 July** Location: ITU HQ, Room E

## **0930 Introduction**

Opening Remarks

Approval of the Agenda

## **0945 GNSS Providers Update and Discussion**

- Updates on IDM from Providers

- Discussion: Outcome from previous Workshop: **GNSS as International Critical Infrastructure:** *GNSS providers should study the issue of critical infrastructure and the importance of GNSS service to national critical infrastructure. Questions to address could include:*

- 1. Is GNSS itself critical infrastructure or does it provide services that enable other sectors of critical infrastructure?*
- 2. Is there such thing as international critical infrastructure?*

## **1115 Radionavigation Satellite Service (RNSS) Spectrum Protection**

- Presentation: U.S. update on Adjacent Band Compatibility Study:  
Doug Pederson
- Discussion: Standardization of laws regarding interference and use of interference devices

## **1330 Concepts for IDM**

- Presentation: EU-funded DETECTOR Project:  
*Mark Dumville (NSL)*
- Presentation: Crowd sourcing concepts and techniques used for interference detection: *Tom Stansell*
- Presentation: Technology of radio interference and ionospheric scintillation monitoring: *ZHEN Weimin*
- Presentation: Experimental grid radio monitoring network for low power spectrum monitoring:  
*LIU Zhijian*

**DAY 2: Tuesday, 15 July** Location: ITU HQ, Room E

## **0930 IDM Reporting**

Discussion: Establishing routine communications among the centers

Concepts for developing a common IDM reporting standard

Develop a common set of information to be reported to GNSS civil service centers

Presentation: Galileo Service Center: Dominic Hayes

## **1115 IDM Task Force Work Plan**

Review status of ICG-8 recommendation 3.2: **GNSS**

**Interference Detection Reporting Procedures:**

*Working Group A should form a Task Force on GNSS Interference Detection reporting procedures and system development*

- *Initially, the task force will focus on developing a common set of information to be reported to GNSS civil service centers*
- *Next, the task force will focus on establishing routine communications among the centers*
- *Finally the task force will develop guidelines for common capabilities to be considered in the development of future national IDM networks*
- Opportunities for further international collaboration and cooperation

### **1330 Workshop Views and Recommendations**

Views and recommendations for future actions

Discussion of UN Workshop benefits

# Recent Activity

## Service Center Cooperation

- March 2014 tele-conference between Galileo Service Center and GPS U.S. Coast Guard Navigation Center
  - Established cooperation between centers
  - Discussion included handling of inquiries received by centers
  - GSC developed detailed process for handling of inquiries and intends to present it to WG-C of ICG-9
- May 2014 NAVCEN Visit to CSNO Test and Assessment Research Center (TARC)
  - CO NAVCEN and DOT PNT Program Manager met with Officials at TARC
  - Also met with Deputy Director of the China Maritime Safety Administration
  - Typical GNSS Service Center Duties may be split between TARC and MSA



International Committee on  
Global Navigation Satellite Systems

# **PNT Providers**

## **Public Contact Information**

ICG IDM Workshop  
Geneva, Switzerland  
July 14-15, 2014



Beidou



**China Satellite Navigation Office (CSNO)  
Test and Assessment Research Center (TARC)**

**BEIDOU**

<http://en.beidou.gov.cn/index.html>





# Galileo



**European GNSS Agency Galileo Service Center**

**GALILEO**

<http://www.gsc-europa.eu/>

**GALILEO CONSTELLATION STATUS**

<http://www.gsc-europa.eu/system-status/Constellation-Information>

**GALILEO HELP DESK**

<http://www.gsc-europa.eu/helpdesk/contact-form>



# GLONASS



**Roscosmos GLONASS Analysis/Information Center**

**GLONASS**

<http://glonass-iac.ru/en/>

**GLONASS CONSTELLATION STATUS**

<http://glonass-iac.ru/en/GLONASS/>

**GLONASS REPORT A PROBLEM**

<http://glonass-iac.ru/en/feedback/report3.php>



GPS



**GPS, U.S. Coast Guard Navigation Center**

**GPS**

<http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/>

**CONSTELLATION STATUS**

<http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/?Do=constellationStatus>

**INQUIRIES/PROBLEM REPORTS**

<http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/?pageName=gpsUserInput>



# IRNSS

**The [Indian Space Research Organization \(ISRO\) Navigation Centre](#)**

**IRNSS**

**<http://www.isro.org/satellites/irnss.aspx>**



QZSS



**QZSS**

<http://www.qzs.jp/en/services/index.html>

**QZSS INQUIRIES**

<https://www.qzs.jp/en/inquiry/index.html>

1. Recommendation: To invite each ICG Member to prepare a presentation for the ICG-9 WG-A meeting addressing the following questions:

- Do you consider Global Navigation Satellite Systems or their services to be National Critical Infrastructure? How does your response impact the protection of your GNSS components and its services in your nation?
- What do you consider to be the definition of “International Critical Infrastructure”?

2. Action: In the interest of increasing GNSS spectrum protection, the ICG WG-A Compatibility Subgroup should study the potential to designate RNSS allocations in each currently used band as safety of life service. Recommendation: Potentially, national telecommunication administrations could be asked to initiate studies in the ITU-R related to potential regulatory changes regarding the RNSS safety of life allocations/service.

3. Conclusion: Encourage all ICG members to perform and share Adjacent Band Compatibility Studies in all RNSS bands (L, S, and C) with other ICG participants.
  
4. Recommendation: ICG Member countries should provide information at ICG-9 as to whether it is legal within their country to: manufacture, sell domestically, export, purchase, own, or use GNSS jammers

5. Conclusion: ICG participants should consider a review of whether existing limits on spurious emissions in the RNSS bands are sufficient to protect GNSS reception and offer conclusions of the reviews to WG-A at ICG-9.

6. Conclusion: The Workshop participants encourage system providers and user community members to evaluate the interference detection and characterization capabilities of the EU-funded DETECTOR project and consider testing a similar capability in other regions.



7. Recommendation: System providers and user community member states are encouraged to work with industry groups to determine if standards for crowd sourcing interference detection techniques should be developed and cost-effectively implemented by mobile telecom service providers.

Note: IDM Task Force recommendation

8. Recommend: The ICG Executive Secretariat, in coordination with the IDM taskforce, should organize United Nations workshops on IDM for governments of user community member nations to protect the worldwide utility and benefits of GNSS.

There was discussion in the IDM Task Force that other technologies should be considered as well.

Recommendation: Encourage ICG members to investigate the feasibility of grid network technologies for GNSS interference detection and localization, together with relevant business models.