

UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY



Distr. GENERAL

A/AC.105/INF.386 24 April 1981

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

COMMITTEE ON THE PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE

INFORMATION FURNISHED IN CONFORMITY WITH GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 1721 B (XVI) BY STATES LAUNCHING OBJECTS INTO ORBIT OR BEYOND

Note verbale dated 9 April 1981 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

The Permanent Representative of Japan presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to transmit, pursuant to General Assembly resolution 1721 of the sixteenth session, the information on the two satellites recently launched by the National Space Development Agency of Japan and the Institute of Space and Aeronautical Science, University of Tokyo, the details of which are to be found in the attached paper.

REGISTRATION DATA FOR JAPANESE SPACE LAUNCHES

1.	Name of satellite	KIKU 3 (ETS-IV)	HINOTORI (ASTRO-A)
2.	International designation	1981-012A	1981-017A
3.	Date and place of launching	11 February 1981 Tanegashima Space Center Kagoshima, Japan	21 February 1981 Kagoshima Space Center Kagoshima, Japan
4.	Launch vehicle	N-II launch vehicle	M-3S-2
5•	Launching organization	National Space Development Agency of Japan (NASDA)	The Institute of Space and Aeronautical Science University of Tokyo
6.	Basic orbit characteristics		
	Apogee Perigee Inclination Period	35 824 km 223 km 28.6° 636 min	644 km 576 km 31.3° 96.9 min
7.	Purpose	Acquisition of the technology to handle a large-scale heavy satellite and test of the functions of on-board equipment and devices, as well as confirmation of the launching capacity of the N-II launch vehicle	Investigation of solar flare by X-ray telescope and spectrograph

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