United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs and Samara National Research University

United Nations / Russian Federation Workshop
on Human Capacity-Building in Space Science and Technology
for Sustainable Social and Economic Development

The Intersputnik
International Organization
of Space Communications and
its contribution to human
capacity-building in
space science and technology



#### **Iaroslav Vasianin**

Legal Counsel, International & Legal Service,
Intersputnik International Organization of Space Communications



## **ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERSPUTNIK**

#### **Founder States**



• People's Republic of Bulgaria



Hungarian People's Republic



German Democratic Republic



Republic of Cuba



Mongolian People's Republic



Polish People's Republic



Rumanian Socialist Republic



Union of Soviet Socialist Republics



Czechoslovak Socialist Republic

#### **Establishment Agreement**

#### AGREEMEN

ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE "INTERSPUTNIK" INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM AND ORGANIZATION OF SPACE COMMUNICATIONS

The Contracting Parties.

recognizing the need to contribute to the strengthening and development of comprehensive economic, scientific, technical, cultural and other relations by communications as well as by radio and television broadcasting via satellites;

recognizing the utility of co-operation in theoretical and experimental research as well as in designing, establishing, operating and developing an international communications system via satellites;

in the interests of the development of international co-operation based on respect for the sovereignty and independence of states, equality and non-interference in the internal affairs as well as mutual assistance and mutual benefit;

in pursuance of the provisions of Resolution 1721 (XVI) of the United Nations General Assembly and the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, Including the Moon and other Celestial Bodies, of January 27, 1967;

have agreed on the following:

#### Article 1

1. There shall be established an international system of communications via satellites.

2. To ensure co-operation and co-ordination of efforts in the design, establishment, operation and development of the communications system the Contracting Parties set up the "Intersputnik" international organization, hereinafter referred to as the Organization.

The Agreement was signed by nine Founder States on 15 November 1971



## INTERSPUTNIK MEMBER STATES

C*	Republic of Azerbaijan	Republic of Cuba
	Islamic Republic of Afghanistan	Lao Democratic People's Republic
**	Republic of Belarus	Mongolia
	Republic of Bulgaria	Republic of Nicaragua
	Hungary	Republic of Poland
*	Socialist Republic of Vietnam	Russian Federation
	Federal Republic of Germany	Romania
+ +	Georgia	Syrian Arab Republic
<ul><li>•</li></ul>	Republic of India	Federal Republic of Somalia
	Republic of Yemen	Republic of Tajikistan
	Republic of Kazakhstan	Turkmenistan
	Kyrgyz Republic	Ukraine
<b>©</b>	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Czech Republic



## CONSTITUENT DOCUMENTS



### **Establishment Agreement**

Agreement of November 15, 1971 on the Establishment of the Intersputnik International System and Organization of Space Communications as amended by the Protocol on Amendments of November 30, 1996



### **Headquarters Agreement**

Agreement of September 15, 1977 with the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Settlement of Issues Related to the Seat of the Organization in the USSR



## Agreement on privileges and Immunities

Agreement of September 20, 1976 on the Legal Capacity, Privileges and Immunities of the Intersputnik International Organization of Space Communications



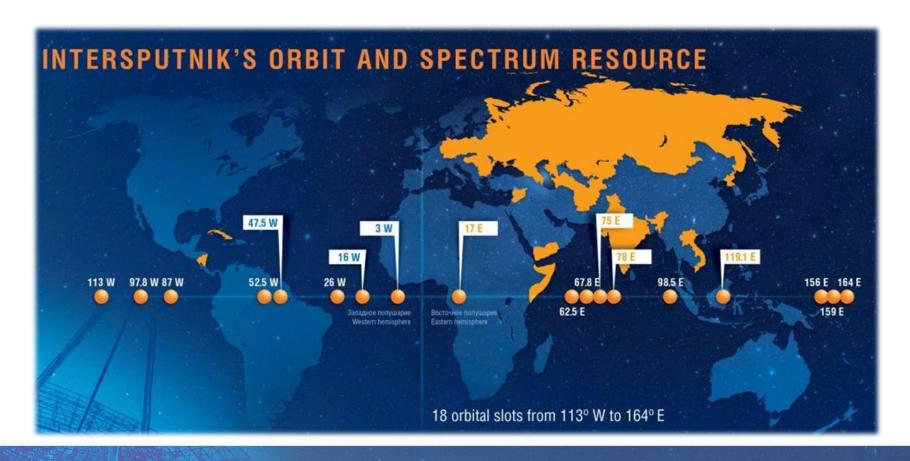
### **Operating Agreement**

Operating Agreement of February 4, 2003 of the Intersputnik International Organization of Space Communications



## COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES

- The Establishment Agreement provides for the <u>stage of commercial operation</u> of the Intersputnik communications system;
- Being an independent subject of international law, Intersputnik has the possibility of using its own spectrum and orbit resource according to the rules of the ITU.





## **INTERSPUTNIK SIGNATORIES**

## **Institution of Signatories**

- In addition to Members, i.e. sovereign States, Intersputnik has the institution of Signatories appointed by relevant Member States;
- In most cases, Signatories <u>do not</u>
   <u>have international legal</u>
   personality;
- Signatories take part in <u>the</u>
   Organization's management and participate in <u>the distribution of</u>

   Intersputnik's revenue and profit.

To date, Member States have appointed <a href="24 Signatories">24 Signatories</a>, including national ministries, satellite communications companies and other entities





















## **DISTINCTIVE FEATURES**

## Intersputnik has two distinctions that do not let us consider it an ordinary international organization:

 Possibility to carry out commercial activities using its own spectrum and orbit resource  Institution of Signatories, i.e. entities participating in the Organization's management without being subjects of international law

Despite these distinctions,
Intersputnik is still an international organization that takes seriously
its obligations before the international community

Intersputnik's measures aimed at human capacity-building are generally connected with the following areas:

• Legal field

• Telecommunications area



## CAPACITY-BUILDING. LEGAL FIELD

### **Cooperation with Universities**

- Students have an opportunity
   <u>to undertake an internship</u>
   at Intersputnik gaining useful
   experience and practical knowledge;
- Experts of Intersputnik <u>take</u>
   <u>part in events</u> arranged by
   universities sharing
   professional knowledge;
- In collaboration with universities
   Intersputnik participates in preparing manuals concerning different questions of international and space law.







Kutafin Moscow State Law University

Lomonosov Moscow State University

Moscow State University of International Relations (MGIMO)





Peoples' Friendship University of Russia (RUDN University)

Samara National Research University



## CAPACITY-BUILDING. LEGAL FIELD

## Promotion and development of space and telecommunications law

Since 1985, Intersputnik
 participates in the work of
 the <u>UN Outer Space</u>
 <u>Committee</u> and its
 subcommittees



 As member of the <u>International Astronautical</u> <u>Federation</u>, Intersputnik takes part in its annual astronautical congresses



 Intersputnik is a member of the Radiocommunication
 Sector of the <u>International</u>
 Telecommunication Union



 Experts of the Organization contribute to the work of the <u>International Institute of</u> <u>Space Law</u> and assist in the organization of the Manfred Lachs Space Law Moot Court Competition







# CAPACITY-BUILDING. TELECOMMUNICATIONS AREA

#### **Past Events**

Annual Seminar on the Development of National Satellite Telecommunications (NATSATTEL-2017)

Dates: 14-15 June, 2017

Location: Prague, Czech Republic

Regular <u>Individual Training Courses</u> on different issues in the telecommunications area

- More than 60 participants from around 20 countries
- Subject: development of national telecommunications systems and global market as a whole

 Such courses were held for representatives of Bangladesh, Belarus, Kazakhstan and Mongolia

## **Upcoming Events**

Annual Seminar on the Development of National Satellite Telecommunications (NATSATTEL-2018)

Date: 3 July, 2018

Location: Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

 Subject: new projects and modern telecommunications technologies including high-throughput satellites, nongeostationary satellite systems, frequency regulation and policy, and other questions



## CAPACITY-BUILDING

# The human capacity-building measures taken by Intersputnik cover the following areas:

- Legal field
- Cooperation with universities, including internships for students, participation in events organized by universities, and contribution to preparation of manuals;

 Participation in the promotion and development of space and telecommunications law using different fora both at domestic and international levels.

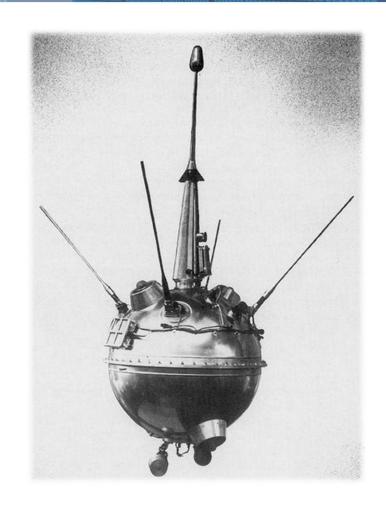
- Telecommunications area
- Annual seminars on the development of national satellite telecommunications (NATSATTEL) for Intersputnik Member States;

 Individual Training Courses for Member and non-Member States on pressing issues of the telecommunications.

# FOR ALL MOONKIND

#### **Mission Statement**

"Ensure the Six Apollo Lunar Landing and similar sites in outer space are recognized for their outstanding value to humanity and consequently preserved and protected for posterity by the United Nations and the international community as part of our common human heritage"



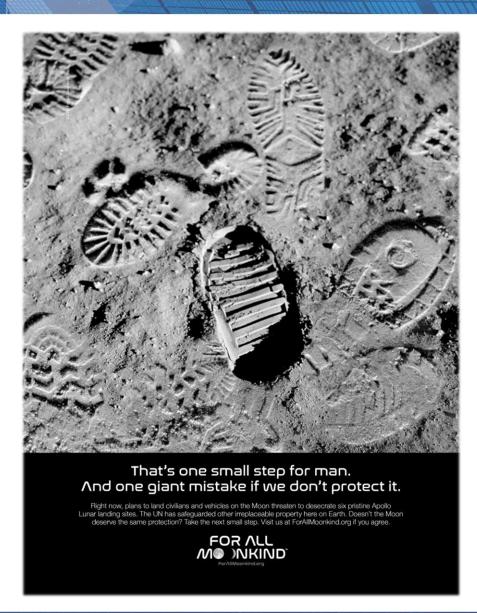
LUNA-2 - first manmade object to reach (hit) the Moon

# FOR ALL MOONKIND

## **Proposed Solution**

On the basis of the successful models of the UNESCO World Heritage and Underwater Cultural Heritage Conventions, develop a new convention that will recognize and protect our common heritage on the Moon.

Official website: forallmoonkind.org



UN Office for Outer Space Affairs and Samara National Research University

United Nations / Russian Federation Workshop
on Human Capacity-Building in Space Science and Technology
for Sustainable Social and Economic Development

Thank you for your attention!



#### **Iaroslav Vasianin**

Legal Counsel, International & Legal Service,
Intersputnik International Organization of Space Communications