

Symposium Introduction

OVERVIEW OF SMALL SATELLITE INITIATIVES AT THE BRAZILIAN SPACE AGENCY

Rodrigo Leonardi Brazilian Space Agency

@ United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology
Creating Novel Opportunities with Small Satellite Space Missions
Natal, September 2018

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 1/19

OUTLINE

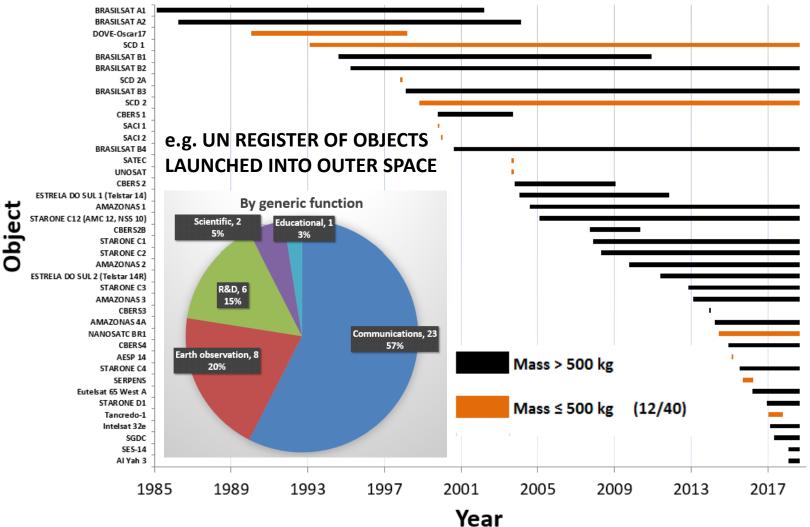


- 1) Summary of Brazilian past small satellite missions
- 2) Small satellite initiatives (by mass category):
 - i. Mini ~500kg
 - ii. Micro ~100kg
 - iii. Nano ~1-10kg
- 3) Brazilian community & Stakeholders
- 4) STEM & Community/Public Outreach
- 5) Final remarks

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 2/19

SUMMARY OF BRAZILIAN SMALL SATELLITE MISSIONS





R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 3/19

SUMMARY OF BRAZILIAN SMALL SATELLITE MISSIONS

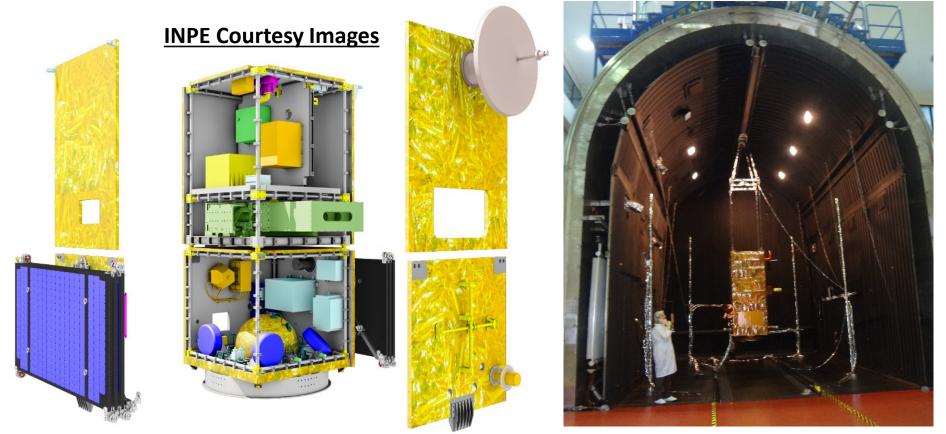


Brazilian objects under 500kg

Object	Year	Launch vehicle	Status	Organization	Mass (kg)
Tancredo-1	2017	H-2B	End of operation	Escola Tancredo Neves / AEB	0.7
SERPENS	2015	H-2B	End of operation	UnB / AEB	4
AESP 14	2015	Falcon 9	Satellite failure	ITA / INPE / AEB	1
NANOSATC BR1	2014	Dnepr	Operational	INPE / UFSM / AEB	1
UNOSAT	2003	VLS	Launch failure	UNOPAR	9
SATEC	2003	VLS	Launch failure	INPE	65
SACI 2	1999	VLS	Launch failure	INPE	80
SACI 1	1999	Long March	Satellite failure	INPE	60
SCD 2	1998	Pegasus	Operational	INPE	117
SCD 2A	1997	VLS	Launch failure	INPE	115
SCD 1	1993	Pegasus	Operational	INPE	115
DOVE-Oscar17	1990	Ariane	End of operation	Eng. Torres de Castro	13



Brazilian Multi Mission Platform (PMM) for small (and medium-sized) satellites



Amazon-1 satellite: multi-mission Platform (service module, bottom) and payload module (top). The closing panels are separated to illustrate the internal layout of equipment and subsystems. The solar panel is shown in its launch configuration.

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 5/19



EQUARS (EQUatorial Atmosphere Research Satellite)

Investigate the formation of ionosphere bubbles, a phenomenon that can interfere in various technological activities, mainly in the areas of telecommunications and navigation by satellites.

Five scientific payloads:

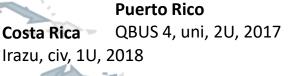
- Airglow photometer
- Electrostatic Energy Analyzer
- Monitor of Alpha, Proton and ElectronfluXes
- GPS Radio Occultation Measurement
- Ionospheric sensor set

INPE Courtesy Image

Equars preliminary concept presented for MDR in August 2017.

PPR review planned for late 2018

LAUNCHED CUBESATS: LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN



Colômbia

Libertad 1, uni, 1U,2007

Equador

NEE 01, civ, 1U, 2013 NEE 02, civ, 1U, 2013 *UTE-UESOR, uni, 1U, 2017

Peru

PUCP-SAT 1, uni, 1U, 2013 UAPSat, uni, 1U, 2014 Chasqui 1, uni, 1U, 2014

Chile SUCHAI, uni, 1U, 2017

Brasil

NanosatC-BR1, civ, 1U, 2014 AESP-14, uni, 1U, 2015 Serpens, civ, 3U, 2015

Uruguai ANTELSAT, uni, 2U, 2014

Argentina CubeBug-1, civ, 2U, 2013 CubeBug-2, civ, 2U, 2013 Members of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space

*Ecuador/Russia, UTE-YuZGU

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 7/19



16 objects Last updated: August 2018



NanosatC-BR1 is the 1st Brazilian CubeSat launched. Developed by INPE in collaboration with UFSM and AEB support.

Launched on June, 2014 By DNEPR from Russia (as a tertiary payload by ISIS)

The payload instruments of the NanosatC-Br 1 consists of magnetometer to measure the intensity of the Earth Magnetic Field at the South Atlantic Magnetic Anomaly (SAMA) region and on the Brazilian sector of the lonosphere Equatorial Electrojet (EEJ) A particle precipitation chip dosimeter

CURRENT STATUS

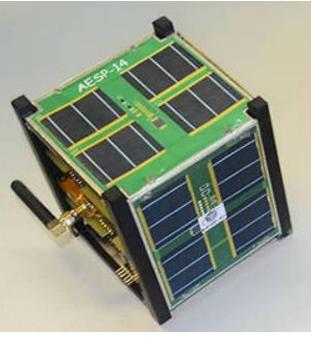
Today, the NANOSATC-BR1 can transmit only when it is in sight of the Sun (The battery can no longer hold electric charge because it was damaged by magnetic solar storms in September-October 2014). The World Amateur Radio Network is currently providing NCBR1 data.



UFSM Courtesy Image



AESP-14



ITA Courtesy Image

The main objective of the mission was to validate in space a namosat developed by students.

Did't work as it shoud due to a problem with a transmission antenna.

Human Resources training: Focused on system engineering at undergraduate level. There is no technology development on each mission the focus is on the hands on experience of satellite and mission design.

Flight opportunity for technology and scientific payloads: The SERPENS satellite offer the flight opportunity for scientific and technological payloads that are available during the mission time provided that mission team agrees in including the payload.

University autonomy: Each SERPENS mission is coordinated by one of the Brazilian Aerospace universities. The students and professors compose the core acting as the mission's prime contractor and design organization. Nonetheless other institutions can be involved provided the coordinating university so desires.

Serpens 1: Data Collection tech demonstrator.

Spinoffs and Technology: NanoRaven, Antenna Deployment System, Brazilian 3U structure.

Serpens (Space System for NanoSatellites Research and Experiments)

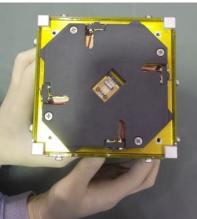
AEB

ESPACIAL BRASILEIRA



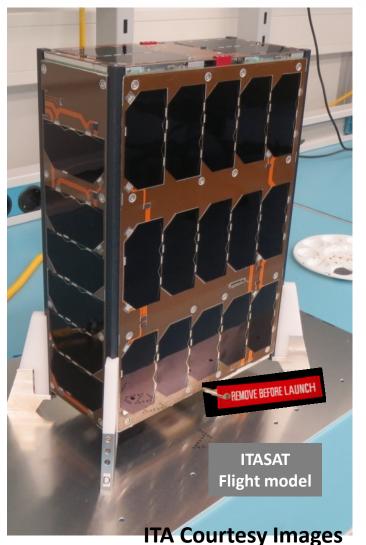


AEB Courtesy Images



R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 10/19





ITASAT, a 6U Cubesat ready for launch

Payload: Camera, GPS, transponder for data collection, radio amateur



R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space rechnology | September 2010 | Natar Brazil | 11/19



The NanoSatC-Br2 is a 2U cubesat aiming to target capacity building and science and R&D.

The platform flight software was developed in Brazil, by Researchers and Engineers from CRS/CCR/INPE/MCTIC and LACESM/CT – UFSM, already working in this area (Determination & Attitude Control and Data Management).

The Control Law for the control software has also been developed in Brazil.

The Project received support from AEB to hire the launch and future operation of NCBR2 in orbit.

Now the NCBR2 is planned to be launched early 2019.



UFSM Courtesy Image



- Ongoing effort to sign an Implementing Arrangement between NASA, AEB, INPE and ITA to establish the cooperation terms for the SPORT mission. SPORT is a cubesat that will study the preconditions leading to equatorial plasma bubbles in the ionosphere.
- Discussing with UFSC the upcoming Serpens 2.
- Discussing with China scenarios for launching Brazilian cubesats as a secondary payload on Long March.
- Supporting academic research and development on plasma propulsion technology for nanosatellites.
- Following third party initiatives (e.g. VCub1 Visiona/Senai/Embrapii, FloripaSat UFSC, Conasat INPE, Garatéa-L Consortium, Cubesat Grupo Criar, CGEE prospective studies, INPE Cubesat for X-ray astronomy, Air Force Carponis proposal, PLUS a few more projects).
- Engaging in high level space related committee (CDPEB).

ACCESS TO SPACE





Strategic importance of small satellites for Brazil



AEB Courtesy Image

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 14/19

BRAZILIAN COMMUNITY & STAKEHOLDERS



Brazilian Cubesat/Nanosat Network: 253 professionals @ CNPq Lattes (50% PhD, 24% Master, 23% Grad Student, 3% Undergrad) Universities, Institutes, Government, Private Sector insight**Net** Browser Word cloud of community work and production caee tric field optimization പ redes de petri arrasto atmosférico aplicacoes espaciais satelit nacao de orbita 50 analise de sinais gerência de projetos orientação a objetos sistemas de informação fisica de plasmas tostera oio σ geofísica espacial arquitetura de computado vhdl equator Ð att aerossol ŝ b ರ antenas Ū B titude ionosphere tion systems se ces S ângulos de euler comutação suave gerenciamento de projetos CGEE Courtesy Image

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 15/19

STEM & COMMUNITY/PUBLIC OUTREACH



AEB is offering space related curriculum choices to schools and students to improve competitiveness in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) disciplines. **AEB Courtesy Image**





CVT-E Brazilian Space-Tech Vocational Center, CLBI, Natal Gonçalves & Gurgel Veras, 54th AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting, 2016

STEM & PUBLIC/COMMUNITY OUTREACH



F21



United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology "Creating Novel Opportunities with Small Satellite Space Missions"

NATAL, BRAZIL, 11 - 14 SEPTEMBER 2018

Co-organized by the United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs and the Government of Brazil



UNNATI (UNispace Nanosatellite Assembly & Training by ISRO)

NASA International Internship (NASA I²) Program



1º Encontro da Sociedade Brasileira de Astrobiologia 11 e 12 de Julho de 2018

São Paulo-SP

♥ Teatro Municipal de Ubatuba - Ubatuba, SP 雦 03 de dezembro de 2018, 07h - 07 de dezembro de 2018, 18h

THE GLOBE PROGRAM

I IAA LATIN AMERICAN CUBESAT WORKSHOP

Regional Centre for Space Science and Technology Education for Latin America and the Caribbean (CRECTEALC)

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 17/19

FINAL REMARKS



- Consolidate in Brazil the small satellite segment
 - ~500kg
 - ~100kg
 - ~1-10kg
- Identify small missions to attend qualified demands
- Promote synergies with Brazilian launch vehicle development effort
- Continuous human resources training
- Welcome new stakeholders (industry, startup, think-thank, etc)
- Incentivate sustainable bussines model for the segment (services, applications, innovation)
- Promote international partnerships



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Rodrigo Leonardi Brazilian Space Agency rodrigo.leonardi@aeb.gov.br

R. Leonardi | United Nations/Brazil Symposium on Basic Space Technology | September 2018 | Natal | Brazil | 19/19