

GNSS and the Pacific Community (SPC)

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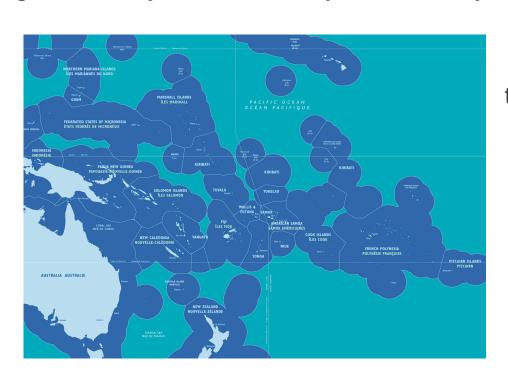






Pacific Community (SPC) is the principal scientific and technical organisation in the Pacific region, proudly supporting development since 1947. We are an international development organisation owned and governed by our 26 country and territory members.





About

Our unique organisation covers more than 20 sectors. We are renowned for knowledge and innovation in such areas as fisheries science, public health surveillance, geoscience and conservation of plant genetic resources for food security.

Mission

We work for the well-being of Pacific people through the effective and innovative application of science and knowledge, guided by a deep understanding of Pacific Island contexts and cultures.

Background:



Geoscience Energy Maritime Division

"Supports Pacific Countries and Territories by developing critical data, applied science, and technical solutions to overcome challenges faced by our members. We work in partnership with countries to better understand the challenges whilst supporting and developing innovative solutions to overcome some of the greatest risks faced by this region."



Global Geodetic Reference Frame



The UN-GGIM Roadmap...

In February 2015 the UN General Assembly adopted the resolution "A Global Geodetic Reference Frame for Sustainable Development" - the first resolution recognizing the importance of a globally-coordinated approach to geodesy.

As per UN Resolution A/69/L.53

In the Pacific...Australia, Fiji, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Vanuatu

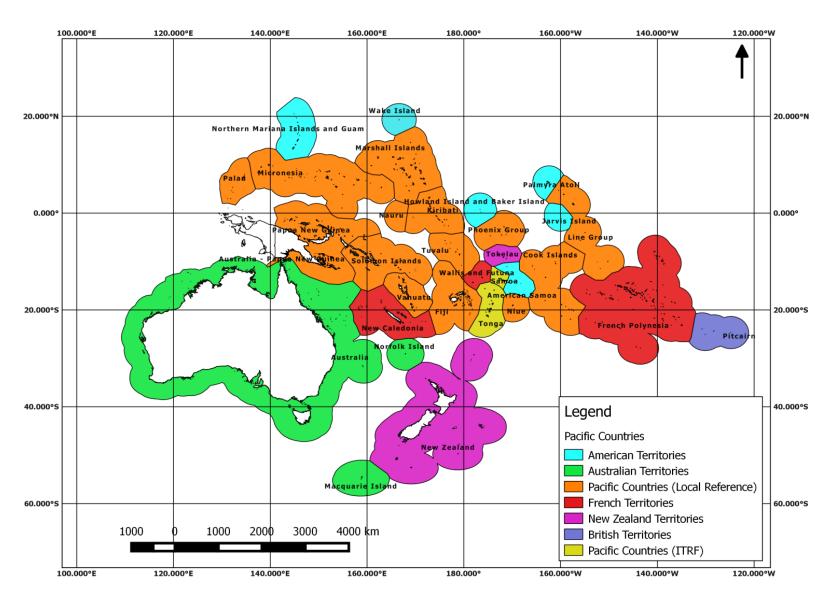






Geodetic Reference Frame - Pacific

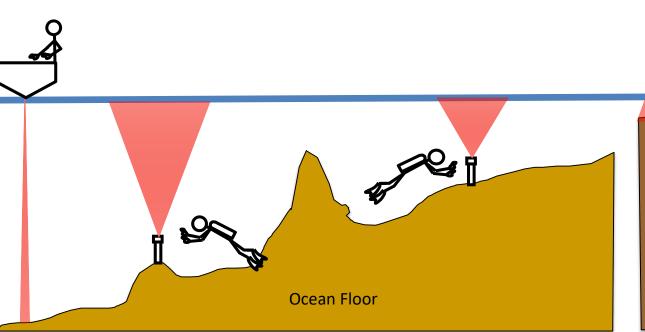


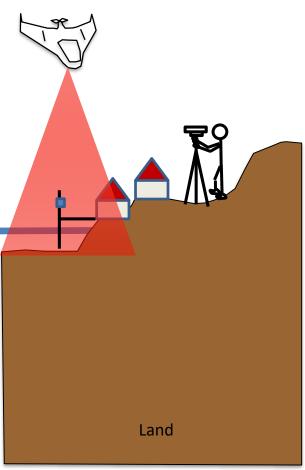


Why we need one Reference Frame?



Baseline Data: A Critical information for identification of vulnerable areas, urban development / planning





Some Important facts for the Pacific:-





There are more than **1500 Islands** in our Pacific island countries.





The average island is **90** km² in size and you could walk around it in one day.





50% of the population in the Pacific live within 5 km of the coast.





50% of all islands are highly or very highly sensitive to future climate-ocean processes and sea-level rise.





Coastal change has the potential to severely impact island populations and economies.



GNSS and SPC



- ☐ Project implementation:-Pacific Sea Level & Geodetic Monitoring Project – 2001 to Current (13 PICs) Regional Maritime Boundaries Project – 2002 to Current (14 PICs) ☐ GNSS Related Survey Activities:-**Geodetic Surveys** Hydrographic Surveys Geophysical Surveys Topographical Surveys Hydrological Surveys Post Disaster Surveys
- Capacity Development, Assessment & Technical Advice



Supporting Activities



Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)
Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS)

Geospatial and Surveying Infrastructure

- Nationally
 - Geodetic Datum & Geodetic Surveys
 - Native Land Demarcation
 - Topographic Surveys
- Internationally
 - IGS Stations
 - Crustal velocities
- Real time positions and measurements
- International Standards and Specifications

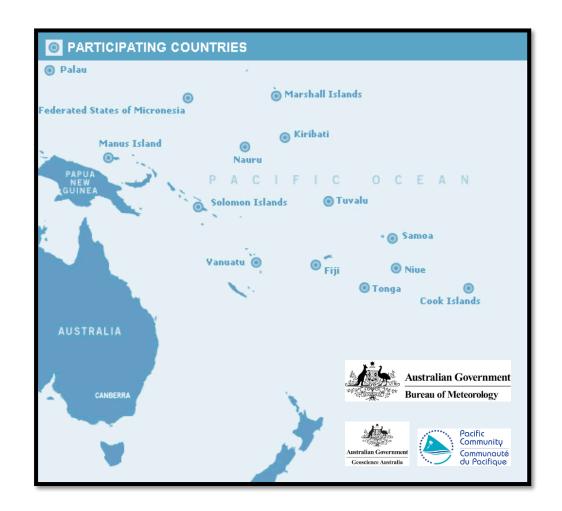


SPC GNSS CORS SUVA

Pacific Sea Level & Geodetic Monitoring Project









GNSS COR Station



Tide Gauge Station



Data Access - GNSS







Index of /geodesy-outgoing/gnss/data/

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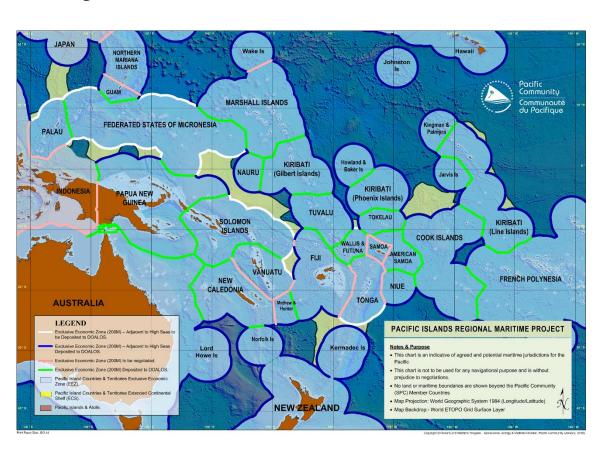
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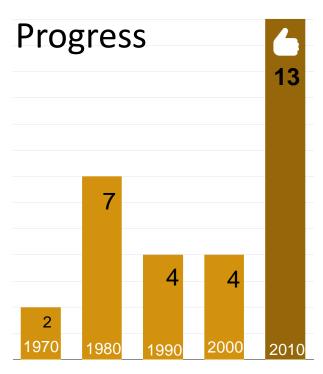
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Regional Maritime Boundaries Project







The number of treaties signed has increased in response to strengthened regional cooperation

4 facts about the Regional Maritime Boundaries Project





The 22 Pacific Island
Countries and
Territories manage
20% of the world's
ocean in their
Exclusive Economic
Zones



476 participants have attended 17 regional technical and legal training sessions in 2005. The most recent meeting in 2019 had 33% women participants.

33 out of 47



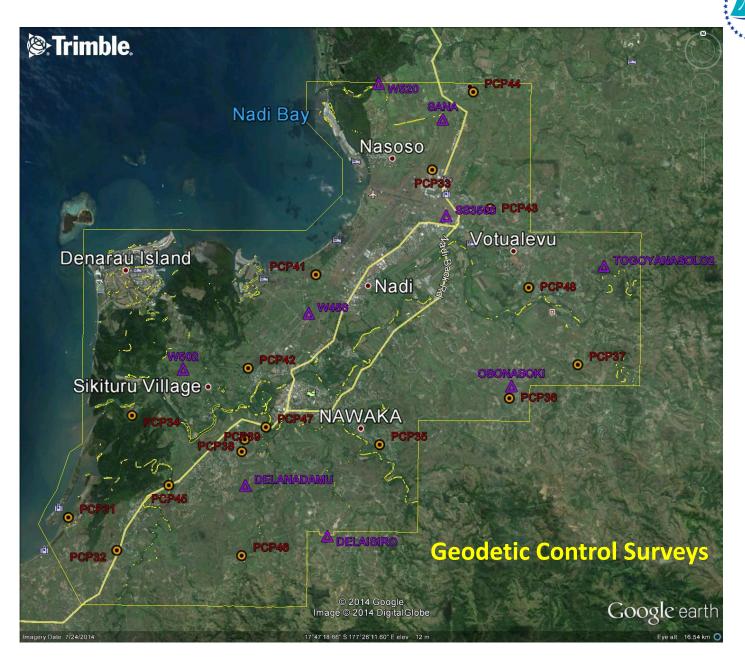
Treaties

There are 47 shared boundaries in the Pacific. 33 treaties have been signed between countries since 1974



Pacific islands may disappear due to rising seas and erosion. The settlement of maritime boundaries provides 'certainty' to the ownership of ocean space and is an urgent action in the face of climate change

GNSS Surveys in Projects



Pacific Community Communauté du Pacifique

Geodetic Surveys - GNSS





Geodetic Control Survey – Trig Stations









Geodetic Control Survey – Trig Stations



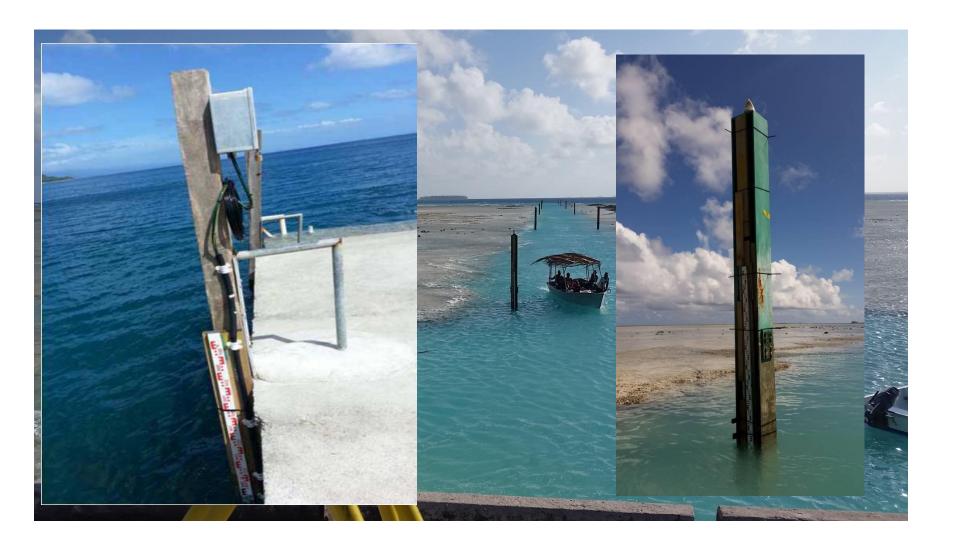






Tide Gauge Installation & Tide Watch



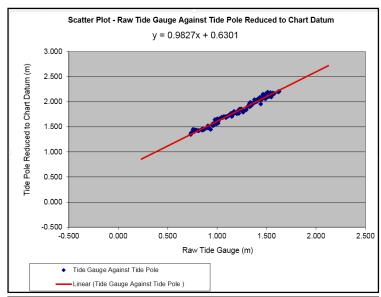


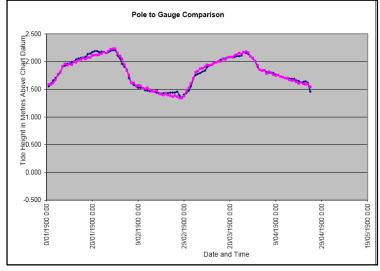
Vertical Reference System



 GNSS Pole to Gauge Calibrations





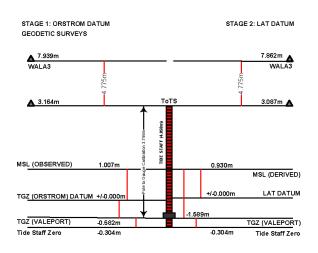


Vertical Datum – Pacific Countries

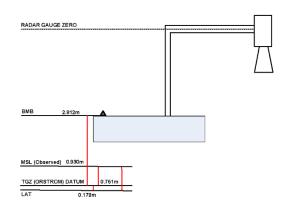


Country	Vertical Datum				
Cook Is	MSL	TSZ	(UoH)	LAT (93-94)	
Fiji	MSL (93)	TSZ	(NTFA)	LAT	
FSM	Arbitrary				
Kiribati	TGZ (SEAFRAME) 1992			TGZ (UoH) 1988	
Manus (PNG)	MSL	TSZ	(NTFA)	LAT	
Marshall Is	MSL (68-69)			LAT (93-94)	
Nauru	MSL (93-94)	NID (Local)		LAT (93-94)	
Niue	MSL (55)			LAT (93-94)	
Samoa	MSL (51-69)				
Solomons	MSL	TSZ			
Tonga	MSL (90)	CD			
Tuvalu	MSL (93-94)	CD	TSZ (UoH)	LAT (93-94)	
Vanuatu	MSL (73)	TGZ (Orstom)			

Wala Island Wiring Diagram

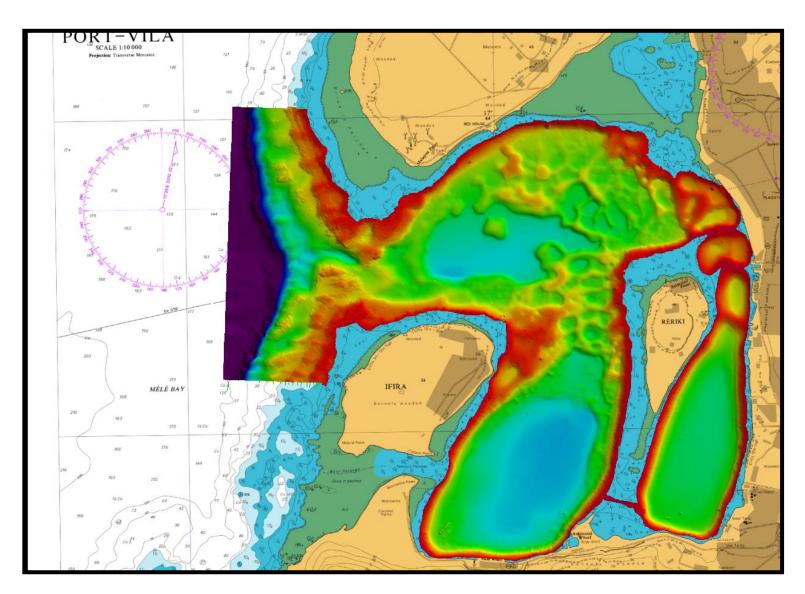


Santo Radar Gauge Wiring Diagram



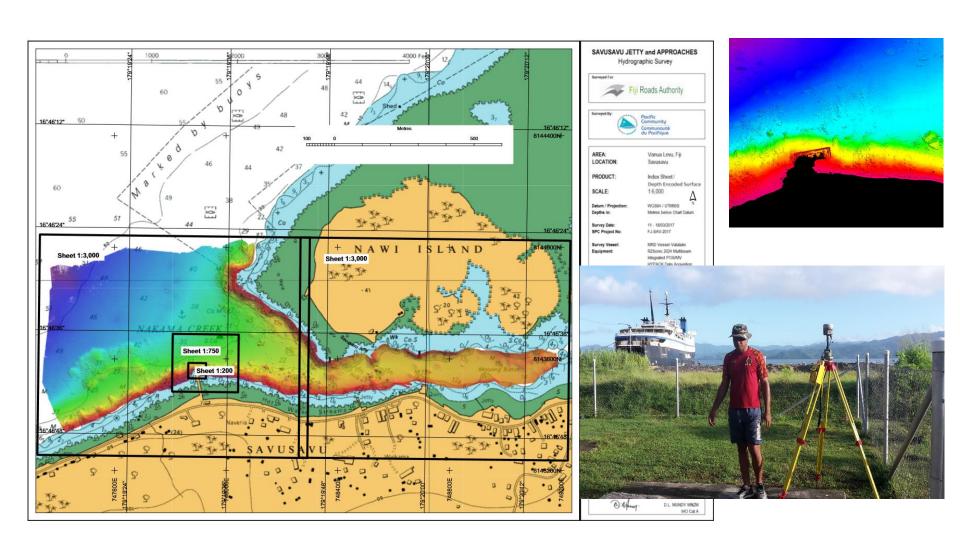
Hydrographic Surveys





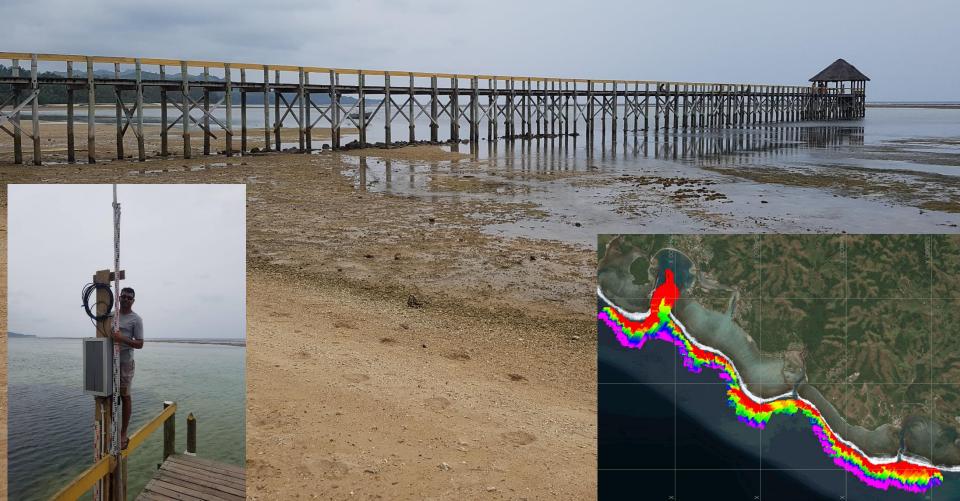
Hydrographic Survey of Savusavu Jetty and Approaches (March 2017)





Hydrographic Support to SPC Projects

- Coastal Inundation Forecasting Demonstration Project (CIFDP) in Fiji,
- SBES survey
- Tide Gauge installation
- RTK Survey
- Oceanographic instrument deployment



RTK GNSS Surveys



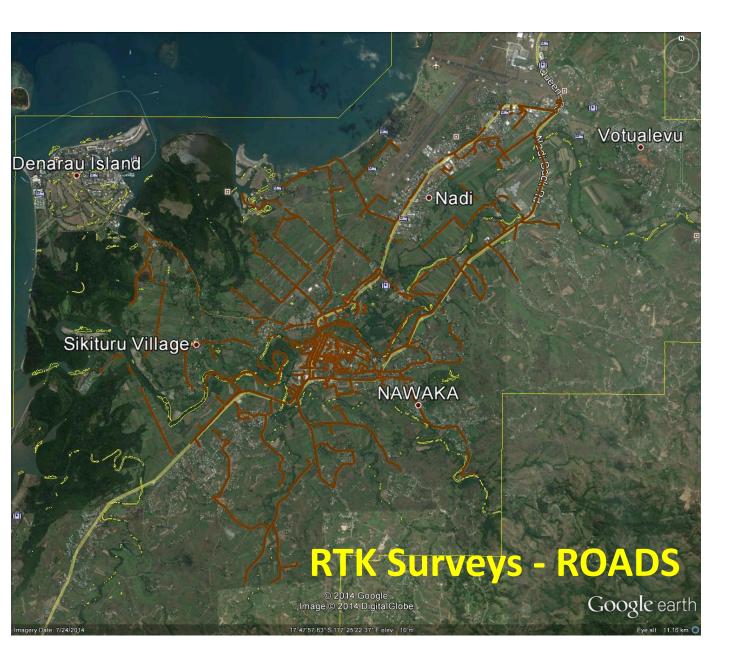


RTK Surveys –
 Base Station

 RTK Surveys – Rover on the Vehicle

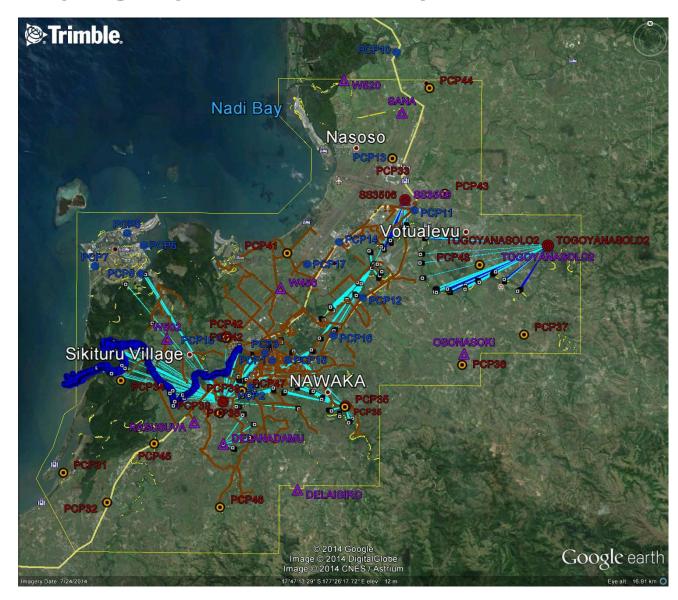
Topographical Surveys - GNSS





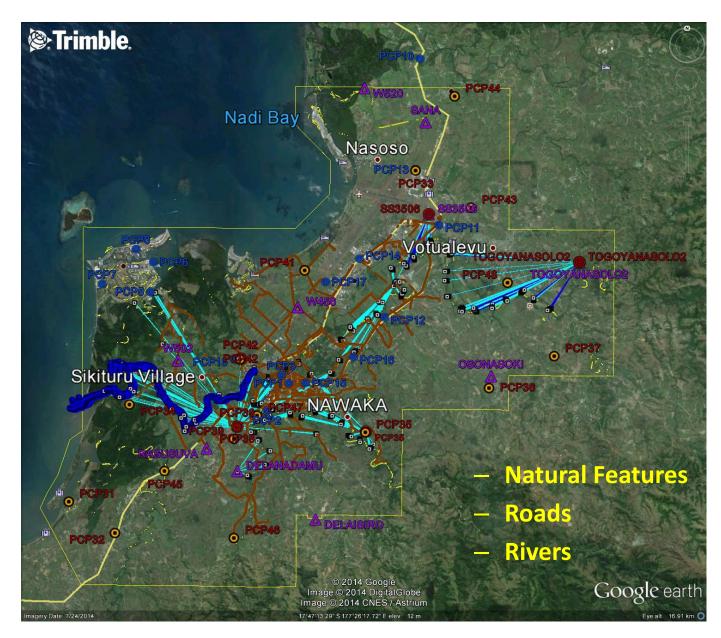
Topographical Surveys – RTK GNSS





GNSS Surveys - Projects





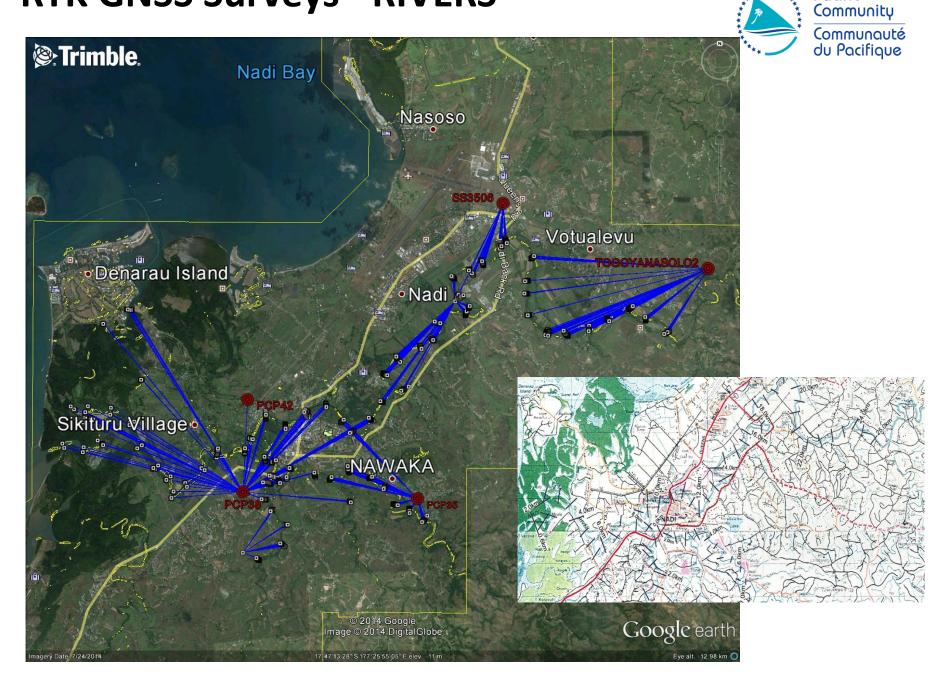
Nadi Survey Phase 3 – Disaster Risks Programme





Bathymetry Surveys

RTK GNSS Surveys - RIVERS

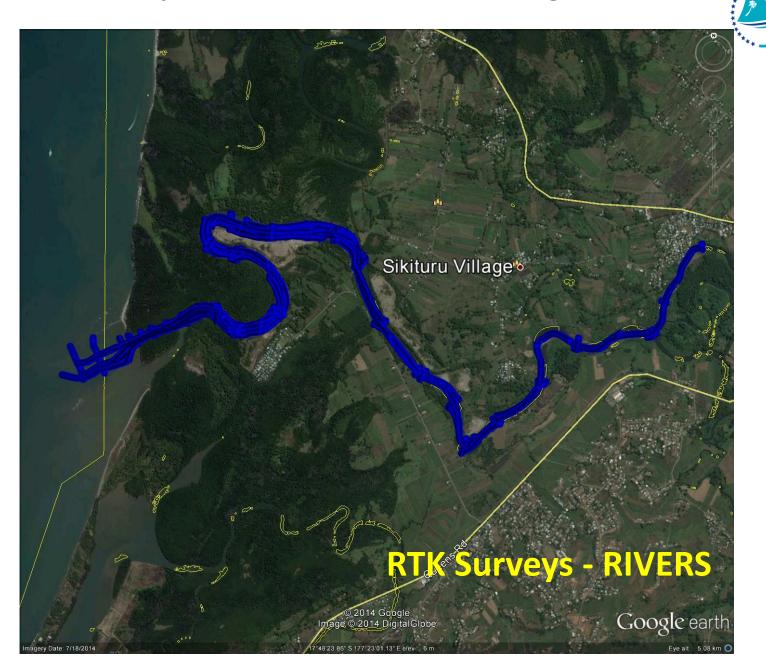


Pacific

Nadi Survey Phase 3 – Disaster Risks Programme

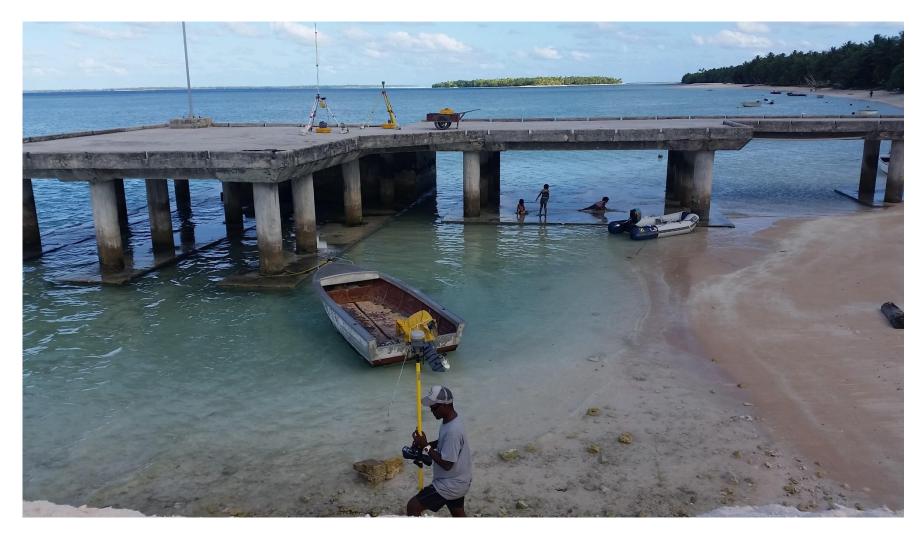
Pacific Community

Communauté du Pacifique



Coastal Inundation- RTK GNSS

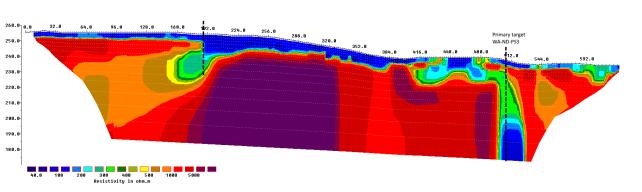




Groundwater resources assessment in Tanna, Vanuatu



- Purpose: Identification of fresh groundwater resources for potable water supply
- Tool: Electrical resistivity geophysics (ERT)
 for the identification of low-resistivity zones
 in volcanic deposits suggesting the presence
 of fractures and weathered zones with high
 freshwater potential
- PPK survey to adjust the modelled profiles for topography



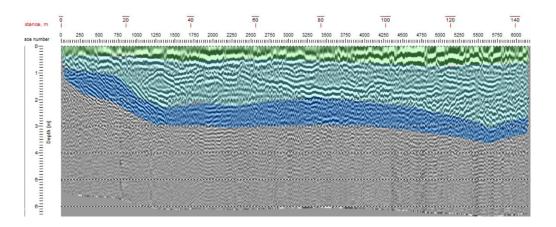




Assessing the potential for on-site greywater disposal in South Tarawa, Kiribati



- Purpose: Collecting data for the development of a groundwater model to simulate the migration of contaminants upon greywater disposal on the existing freshwater lenses
- Tool: Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) for the identification of groundwater table and fresh/saltwater interface to delineate the thickness of freshwater lenses
- RTK survey to adjust the modelled profiles for topography







Extreme events in the region



TC lan-2014



TC WINSTON-2016



TC PAM-2015

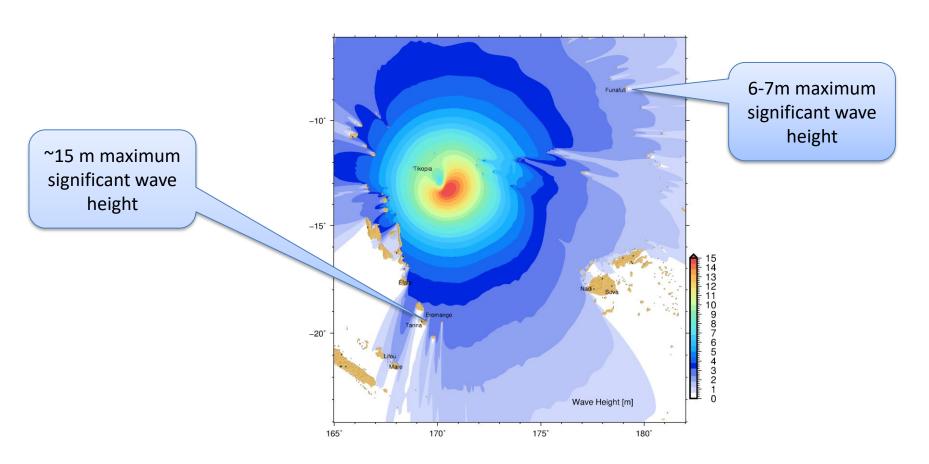


TC GITA-2018





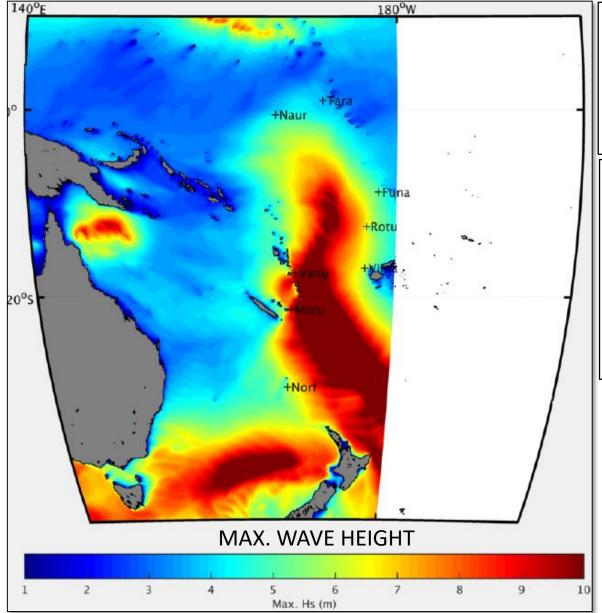
TC PAM 2015



March 2015 simulated wave heights

Tropical Cyclone PAM





Tuvalu:

- AU\$ ~14M
- 25% of TV 2013 GDP
- 41% population affected
- 90% damage on crops in 3 Islands, 30% damage on crops in 4 Islands

Vanuatu:

- **16** death
- 65,000 people displaced
- >50% population affected (166,000)
- 17,000 buildings affected
- AU\$ ~619M Damage and Loss
- **64.1%** of GDP
- Livelihood of more than 80% of rural population affected.

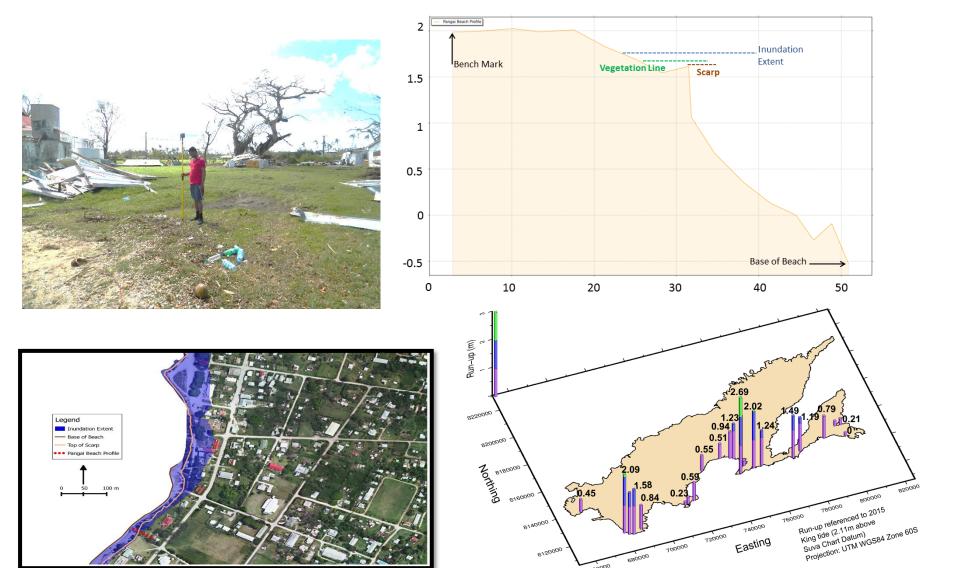
Other country affected: New Caledonia, Solomon Island, Kiribati, New-Zealand.

Source: Ron Hoeke, CSIRO, 2015

Post Disaster Rapid Assessments



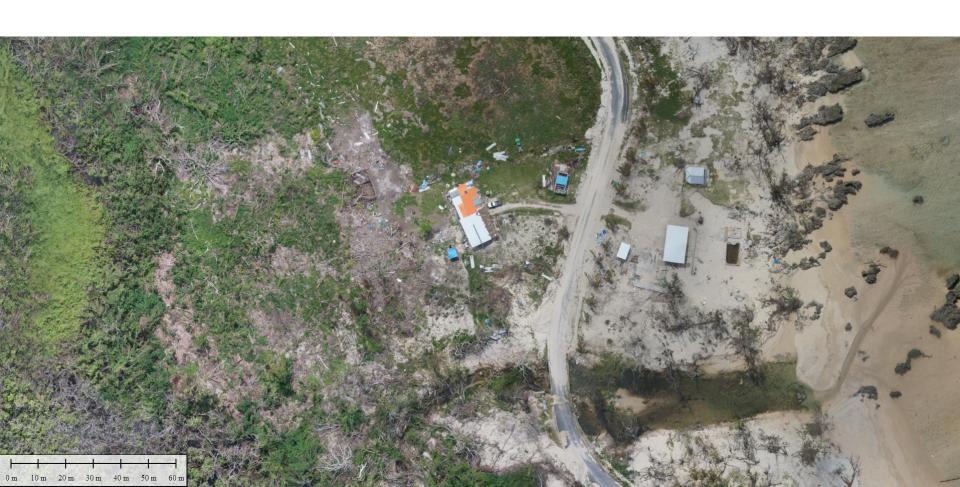
Easting





TC PAM: Before / After

using Aerial photograph taken during LiDAR campaign (2012)



Post Disaster Rapid Assessments



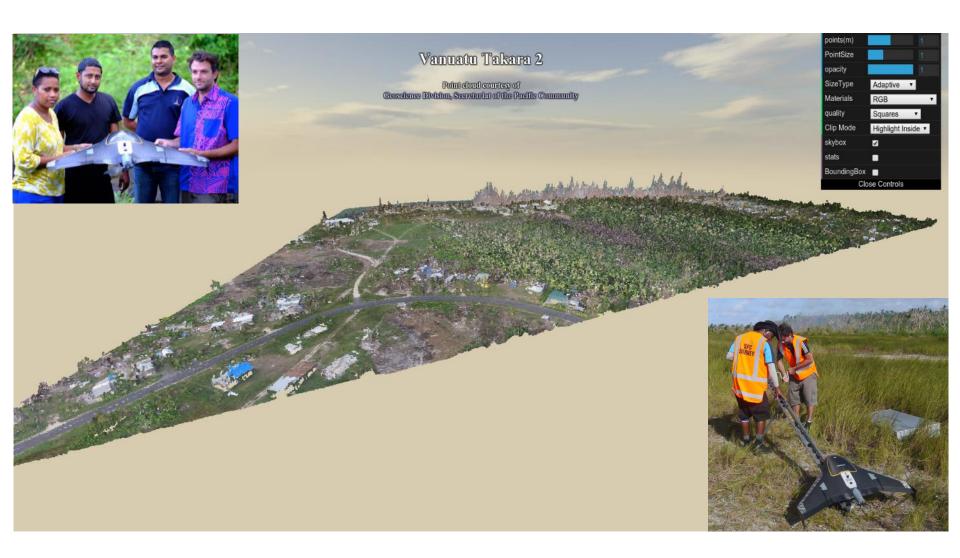






UAV Surveys – Pacific Community





Online Data Processing - GNSS AUSPOS





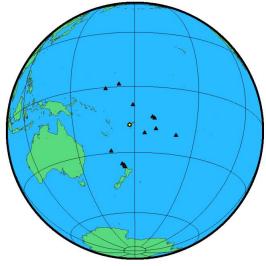


1 User Data

All antenna heights refer to the vertical distance from the Ground Mark to the Antenna Reference Point (ARP).

Station (s)	Submitted File	Antenna Type	Antenna Height (m)	Start Time	End Time
0947	09471090.180	TRMR10 NONE	1.700	2018/04/19 22:24:30	2018/04/20 01:39:00

2 Processing Summary



LAUT NAUR NIUM NIUT NORF

3.2 Geodetic, GRS80 Ellipsoid, ITRF2014

Geoid-ellipsoidal separations, in this section, are computed using a spherical harmonic synthesis of the global EGM2008 geoid. More information on the EGM2008 geoid can be found at http://earth-info.nga.mil/GandG/wgs84/gravitymod/egm2008/.

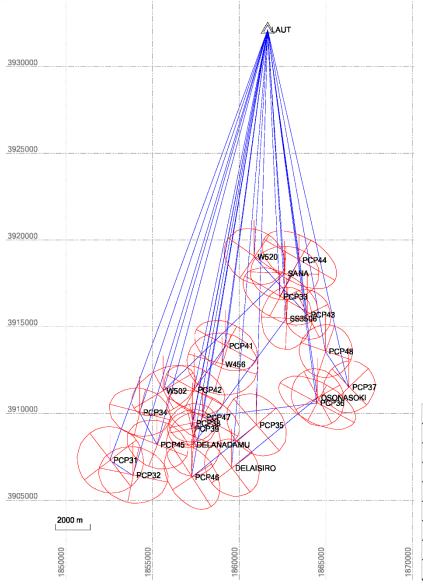
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Ellipsoidal	Derived Above
	(DMS)	(DMS)	<pre>Height(m)</pre>	Geoid Height(m)
BMO1	-17 32 14.59750	177 41 53.33896	92.305	34.895
ASPA	-14 19 33.92725	-170 43 20.78718	53.471	20.847
AUCK	-36 36 10.21650	174 50 03.79109	132.686	97.753
CKIS	-21 12 03.68258	-159 48 02.22564	18.397	5.776
KIRI	1 21 16.50799	172 55 22.39685	36.156	4.845
KOUC	-20 33 31.27495	164 17 14.42099	84.136	23.689
KTIA	-35 04 08.13341	173 16 23.19973	127.433	89.089
LAUT	-17 36 31.71548	177 26 47.69582	89.654	31.694
NAUR	-0 33 06.21820	166 55 31.95384	46.232	6.057
NIUM	-19 04 35.48544	-169 55 37.46285	89.693	59.074
NIUT	-19 03 10.79188	-169 55 14.35329	37.651	7.060
NORF	-29 02 36.03120	167 56 19.80154	159.004	112.159
NRMD	-22 13 41.95700	166 29 05.59331	160.321	100.010
PTVL	-17 44 57.95614	168 18 54.07726	86.466	22.648
SAMO	-13 50 57.14127	-171 44 18.34073	76.761	39.520
TONG	-21 08 40.96954	-175 10 45.15552	56.275	3.705

3.3 Positional Uncertainty (95% C.L.) - Geodetic, ITRF2014

Station	Longitude(East) (m)	Latitude(North) (m)	Ellipsoidal Height(Up) (m)
BM01	0.014	0.010	0.041

GNSS Survey Data Processing & Analysis





Horizontal Datum

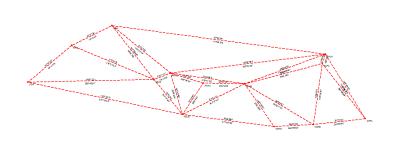
- ITRF2008
- FMG 1986
- Vertical Datum
 - Mean Sea Level

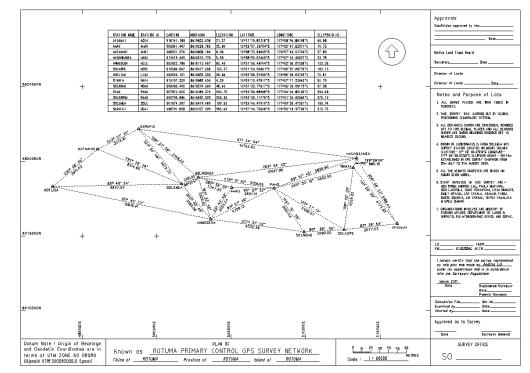
	GPS - ITRF2005@2008		FMG1986			Difference	
Point ID	Easting	Northing	Easting	Northing	Source	Easting	Northing
DELAISIRO	1859568.018	3906832.807	1859567.52	3906832.53	SO4242 Lands	0.50	0.28
DELANADAMU	1857337.157	3908177.427					
LAUT	1861654.67	3932152.668			GA/SOPAC		
OSONASOKI	1864531.073	3910904.769	1864530.72	3910904.9	Lands	0.35	-0.13
SANA	1862618.49	3918080.606	1862617.82	3918080.41	SO4242 Lands	0.67	0.20
SS3506	1862729.196	3915474.878	1862728.58	3915474.66	SO4242 Lands	0.62	0.22
TOGOYANASOLO2	1867008.881	3914145.559	1867008.3	3914145.46	SO4242 Lands	0.58	0.10

GNSS Survey Data Processing & Product









GNSS Survey Points - Documentation



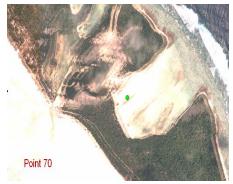






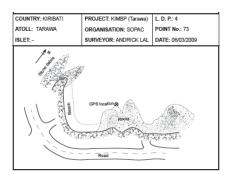


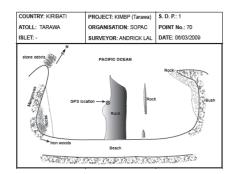


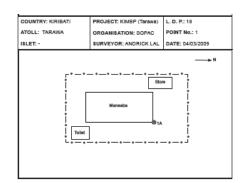


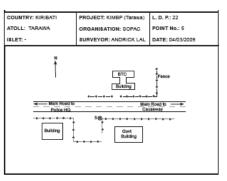






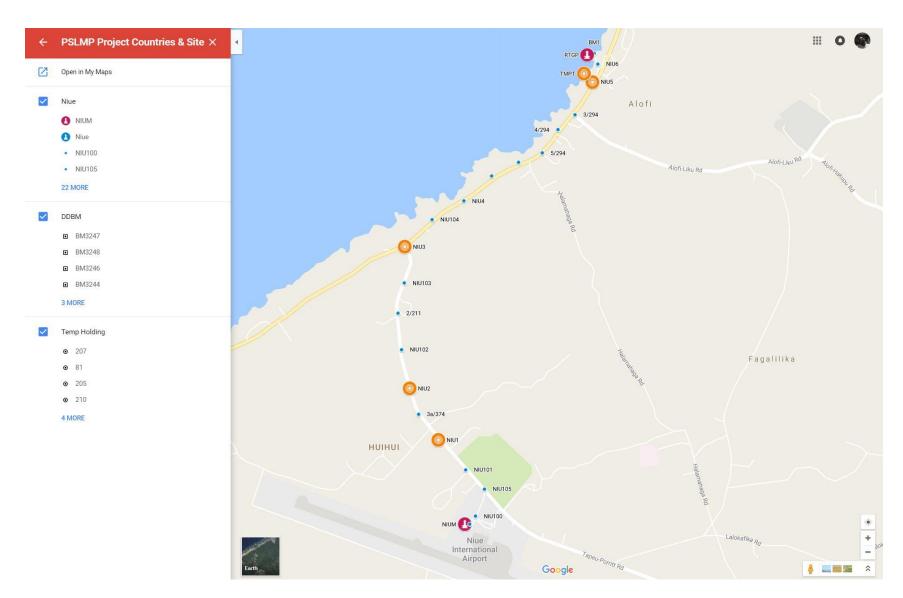






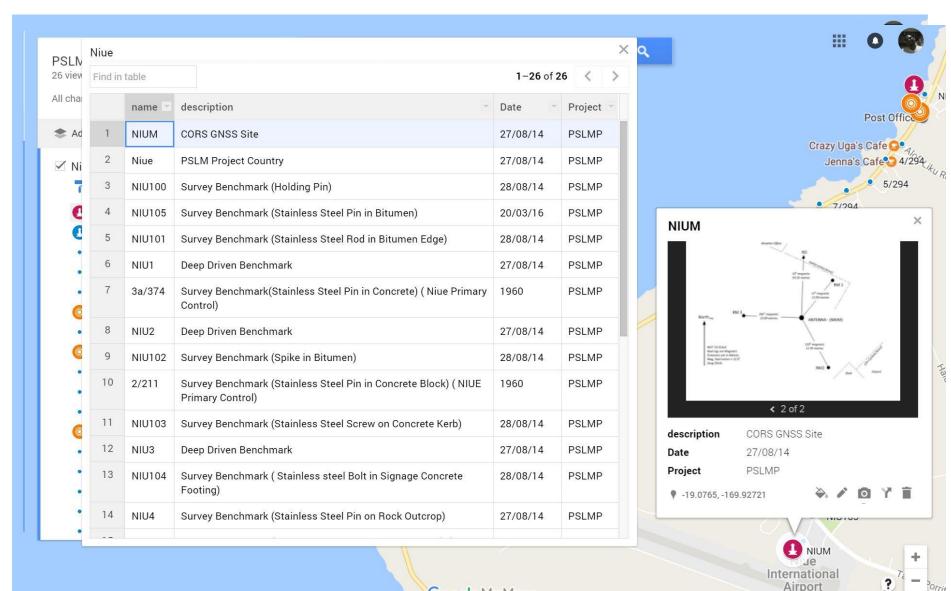
PSLGMP Survey Benchmarks





PSLGMP Survey Benchmarks





Building Capacity & Resilience



- Survey Visits
- Freight & Logistics
- Field Survey Operations
 - Planning
 - Geodetic Surveys
 - Survey Data Processing & Analysis
 - Reporting
- Survey Guidelines (Standards & Specifications)
- Review and Maintenance of Geodetic Infrastructure
- Improve Geodetic Capacity

Capacity Building – Pacific Islands



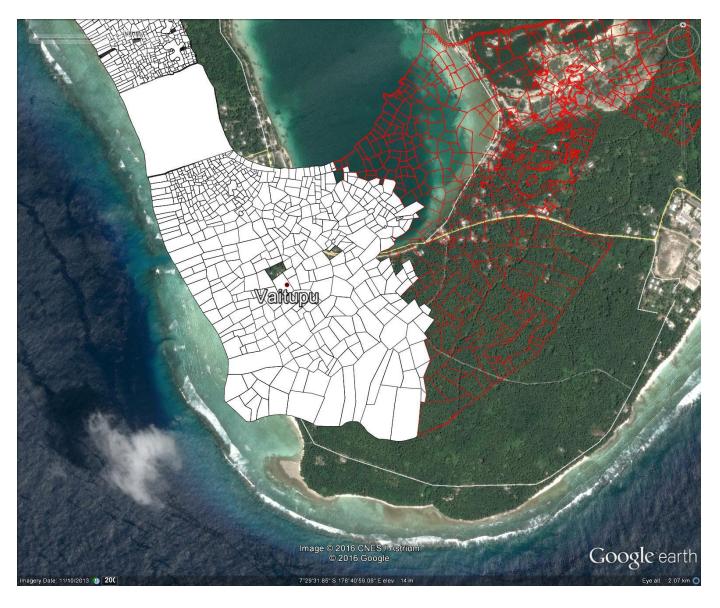
Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Niue, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu



Sustainable capacity - GNSS Surveys

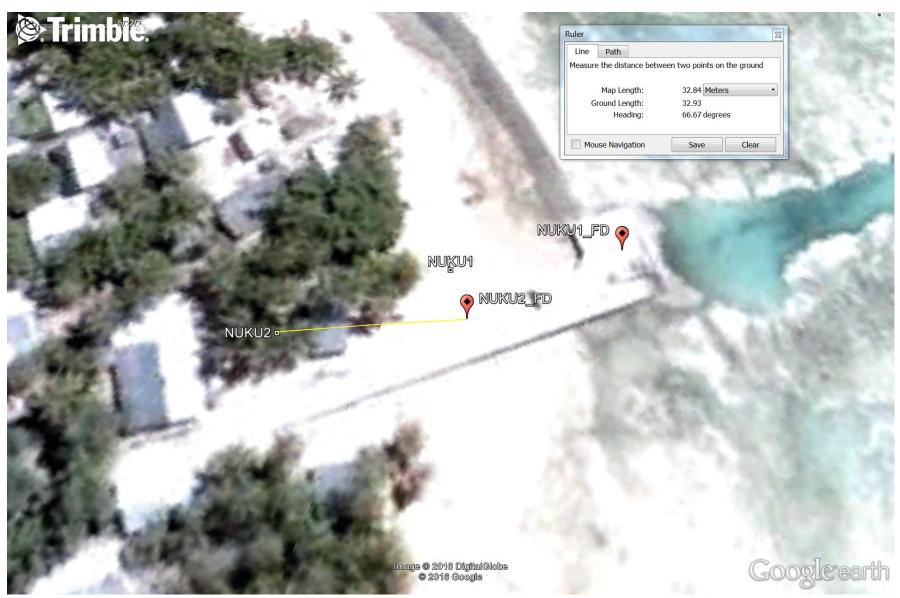
Cadastre and Satellite Imagery





GNSS Surveys & Satellite Imagery





Challenges



- Lack of technical capacity for surveying in the region
- Financial support of the Procurement and the Maintenance of the survey equipment and surveying software in SPC and for PICs.
- Freight logistics
- Sustainable development of surveying capacity in the region.
- Implementation of the PGSC Strategy; 10 year regional plan
 - Leadership and Visibility
 - Standards and Technology
 - Sustainability
 - Capacity Building
- Articulate the emphasis of the development PGSC Strategy and its impact for the Socio & Economic growth regionally and internationally.
- Attract women surveyors
- Surveying Equipment including transportation
- Survey Legislation and Geospatial Policy

Vinaka Vakalevu



