

# **MultiGNSS** tradeoffs for Consumers

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#### Who is CSR?

Health & Fitness,

PCs & Tablets.



- Global company headquartered in Cambridge, UK
- Approximately 1200 people worldwide
- Approximately \$800M annual revenue
- Location team acquired from SiRF in 2009



Voice &

Music

**Tablets** 

**PCs** 

**Imaging** 

Health &

**Fitness** 

### What do receiver manufacturers want from providers?

- Level playing field
  - Open ICD gives maximum ability to innovate and differentiate
- Stable plan
  - Once signals are commercially established, need to remain active for as long as possible
    - 10 year notice to terminate is a minimum
  - New signals committed in advance
    - Weak signal receivers need to know all possible sources of cross corrleation
- Notification and communication on status
  - Anomaly reporting
  - Priority help desk for addressing unexpected observations

# **Impact of Frequency Bands**

- Dual band receivers are now commonplace
  - L1 and GLONASS today
  - Expect most consumer receivers to retain dual band capability although bands themselves may change over time
- Benefit of multi-GNSS and improved immunity to jamming has been market proven
- Lower L-bands with more power and better penetration are attractive
- Wider bandwidths use more power and are more susceptible but provide better multipath
  - Tradeoff made depending on target market

# Impact of coding schemes

- Low rate codes are great for consumer needs
  - Sufficient accuracy and quick acquisition
- Longer codes create new tradeoffs
  - Exponential growth in memory (die size) to maintain acquisition
  - Improved cross correlation
- However, connected receivers becoming more common
  - Mitigates impact of acquisition
  - Greatly reduces need for data transmission

#### Conclusion

- Whatever you launch, we will use
- The more you communicate, with more notice and with less change the better the user experience