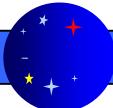
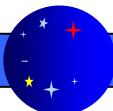


NEO Event: Fireball over Romania January 7, 2015, 1:05:57 UTC



Romania, January 7, 2015, 1:05 UTC

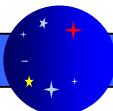
- Trail and flash for at least 3 seconds
- Testimonials (visual observations, sound)
- Security cameras (uncalibrated for astrometry & photometry)
- Information very quickly in mass-media and virtual space (newsgroups, facebook, etc.)



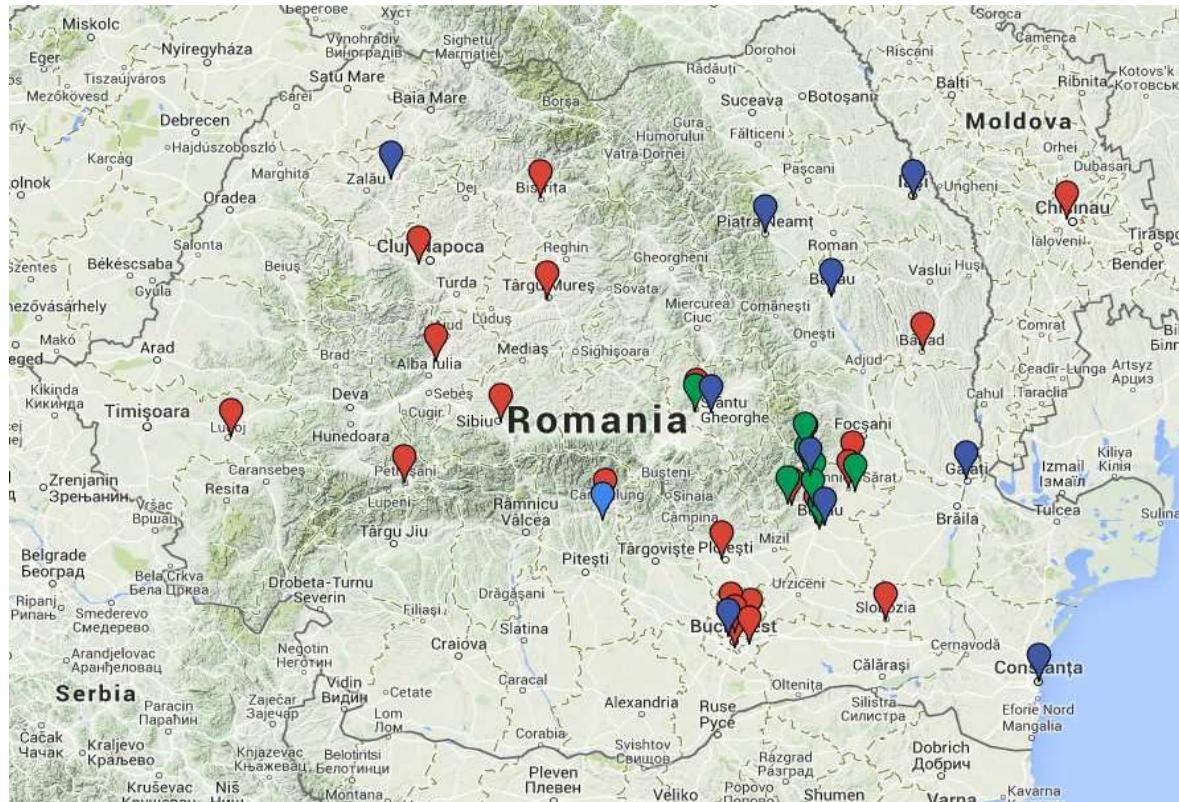
Romania, January 7, 2015, 1:05 UTC



Video record frames (SW→NE)



Romania, January 7, 2015, 1:05 UTC



**Non-Exhaustive list/places concerning video records(red),
testimonials (blue), and sound (green) / credit R. Truta (RoViM)**



Timing the flash of bolide

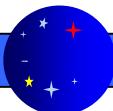
Search for records on Romanian National Seismic network

- All these stations are synchronized, with precise GPS time
- One video station synchronized together with the seismic detectors

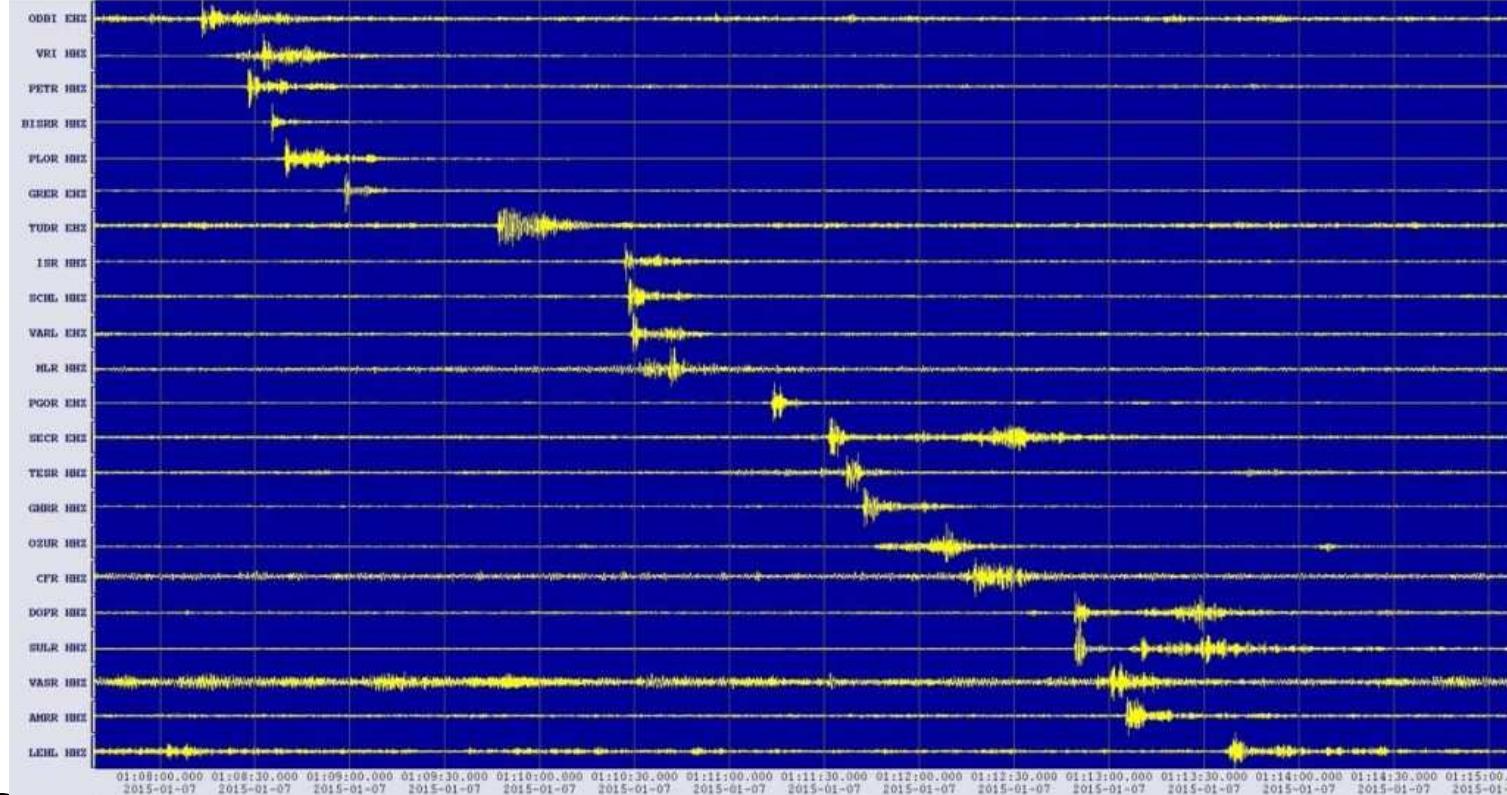
PRECISE TIME OF FLASH:

3h05m57s (Local time)

1h05m57s (Universal Time Coordinated)



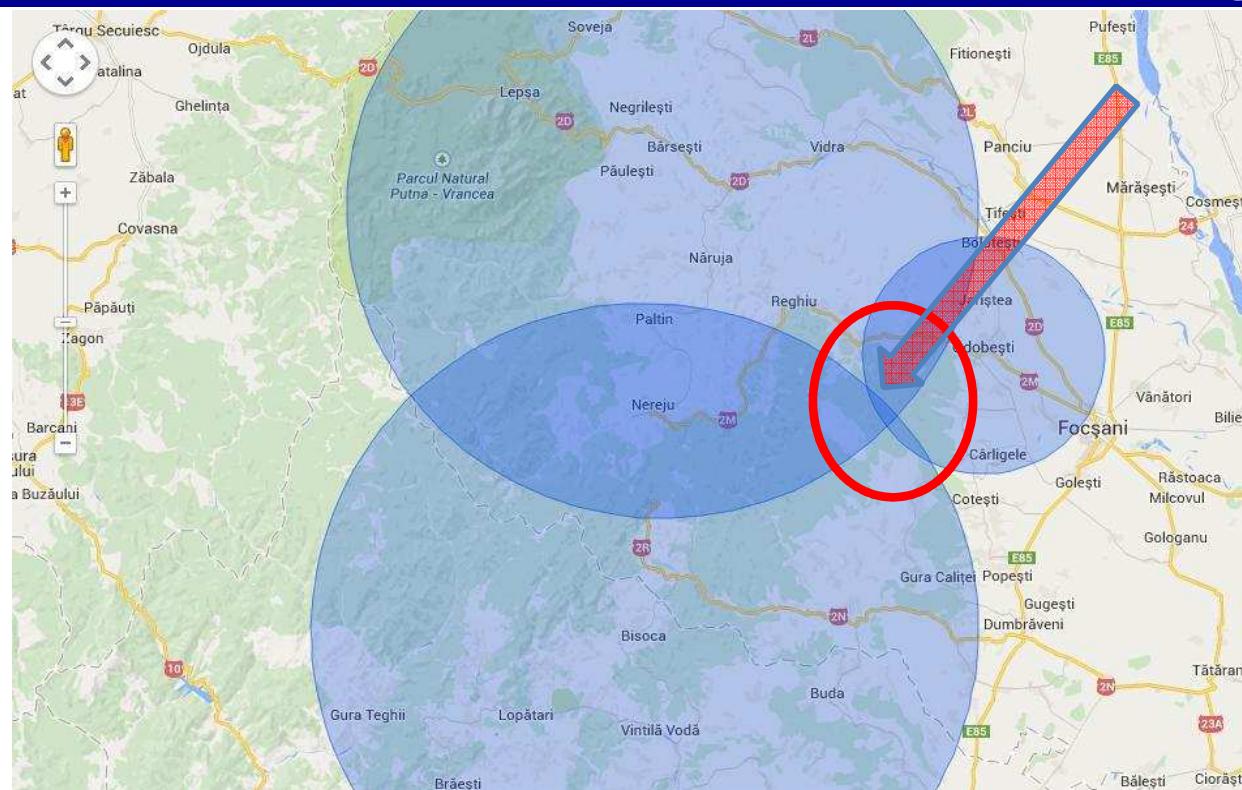
Precise records on seismic stations



Records of signals of synchronized seismic stations few minutes after the flash. The disintegration of bolide and the signal recorded is function of distance / credit INFP



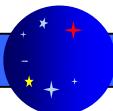
Triangulate the region of explosion (Odobesti vineyard region)



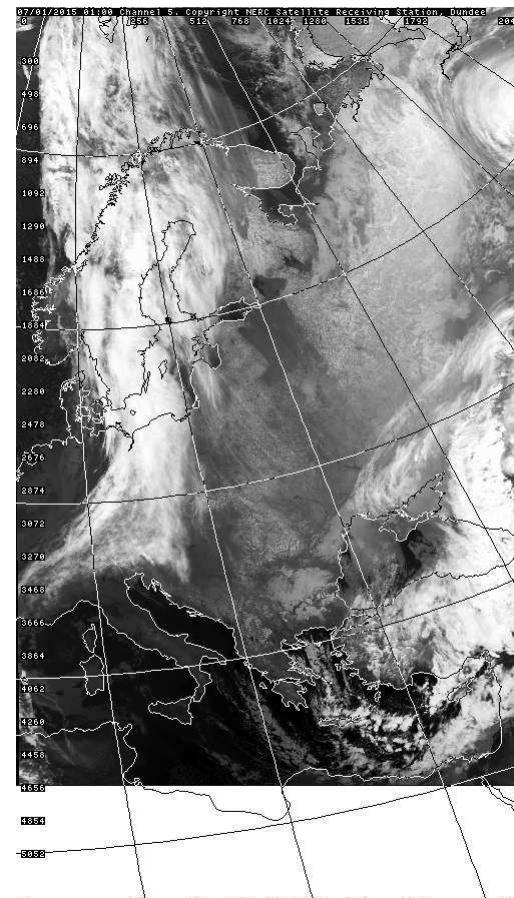
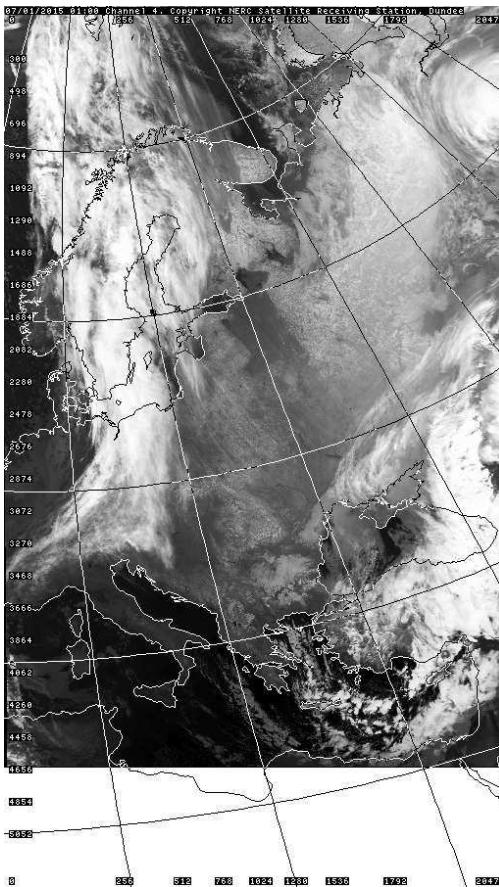
Flash light
Altitude 40 ± 3 km

Entry velocity:
 $\sim 18 \pm 2$ km/s
(assumed)

The coverage of triangulation for an explosion at 40km of altitude. Red circle contains the most probable area. (credit D. Selaru, ISS)



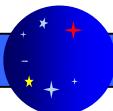
Negative results from space



**Negative detection in
Visible & Infrared**

**Mid-Infrared images
(AVHRR archive)**

Exp Time: 13min



How big? Mass estimation

Relation mass-visual luminosity
(magnitude)

- » Verniani (1973)
- » M_V – Visual magnitude
- » V – velocity
- » $m(g)$ – mass of meteoroid

This empirical law was calibrated using the Perseid meteor shower.

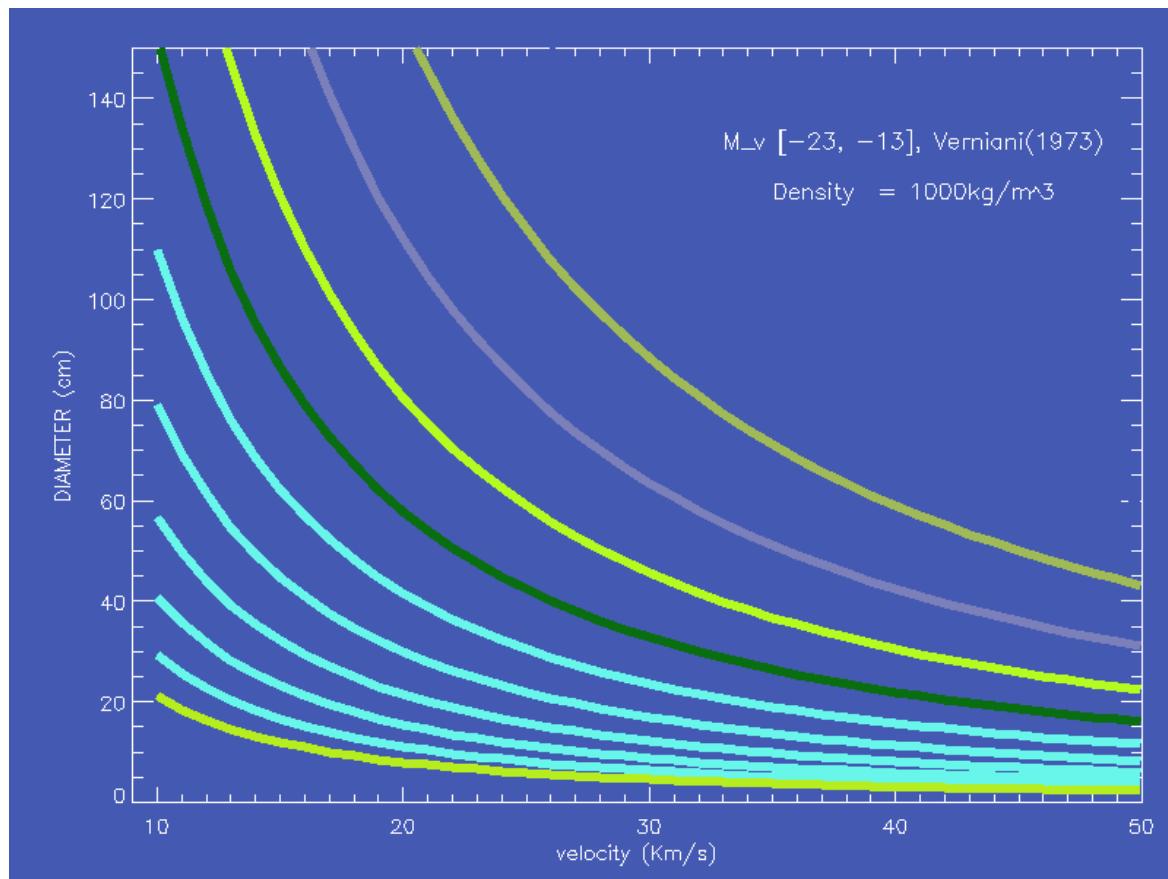


$$0.92 \log m(g) = 24.214 - 3.91 \log V(\text{cm s}^{-1}) - 0.4M_V$$



Mass estimation (Verniani, 1973) work in progress

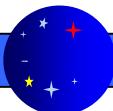
Excursions in velocity and diameter for a given density



Density 1,000 kg/m³
Diameter 2- 6 m
Velocity 20 km/s
Magnitude 20 – 23

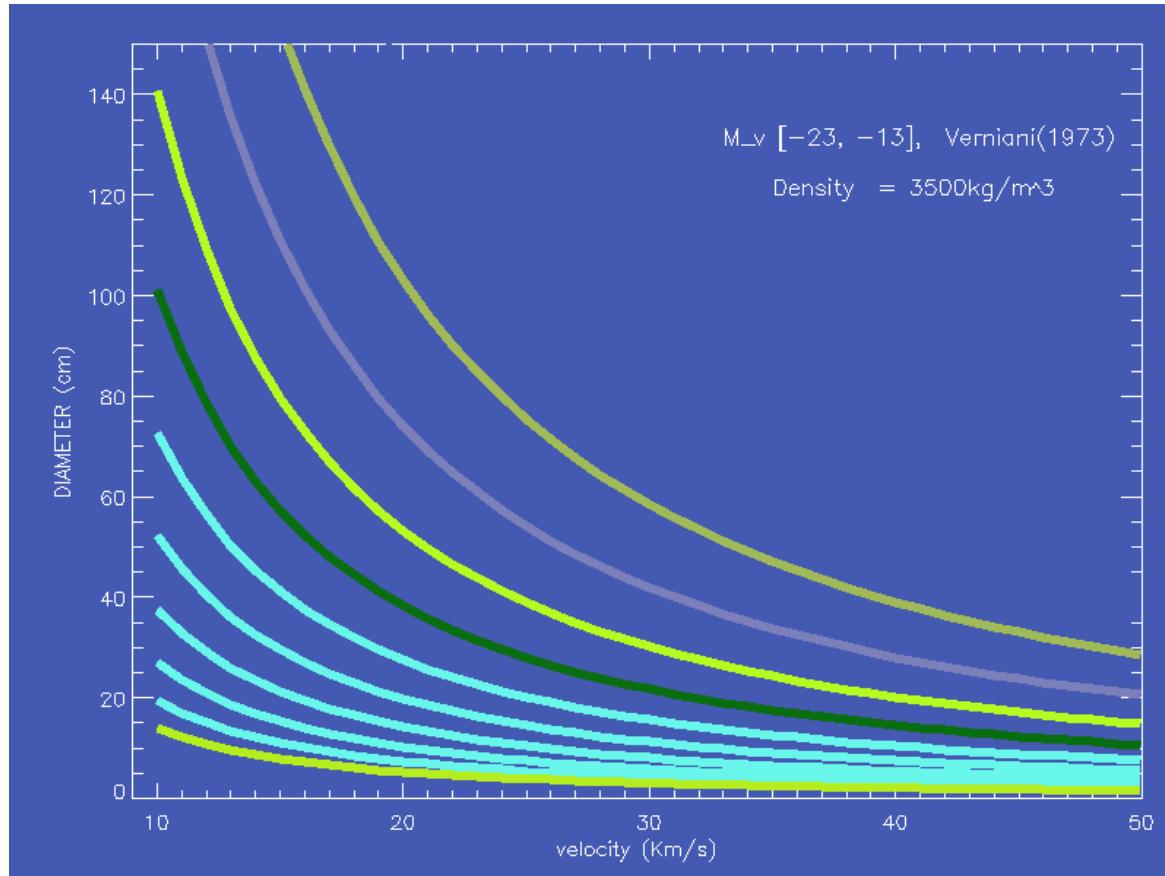
Mass: $1,500^{+3,500}_{-500}$ kg

Credit: M. Birlan, IMCCE & AIRA



Mass estimation (in progress)

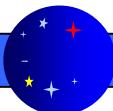
Excursions in velocity and diameter for a given density



Density 3,500 kg/m³
Diameter 1.5 - 3.5 m
velocity 20 km/s
Magnitude 20 – 23

Mass: $2,400^{+2,500}_{-400}$ kg

Good correlation with
Benesov & Kosice
bolides
(Spurny et al, A&A 2014)



How big? Mass estimation

Margins: solution for covering all testimonials:

<http://www.purdue.edu/impactearth/>

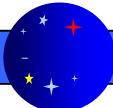
Diameter – 6m

Density – 3,000 kg/m³

Velocity – 35 km/s

Altitude: 39 km

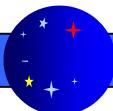
Mass 325 tons



Movie



13/04/2014 13:01:36



agentia spațială română - romanian space agency

13

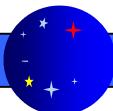
Additional Slides



Movie



Bucharest



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Movie

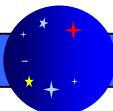


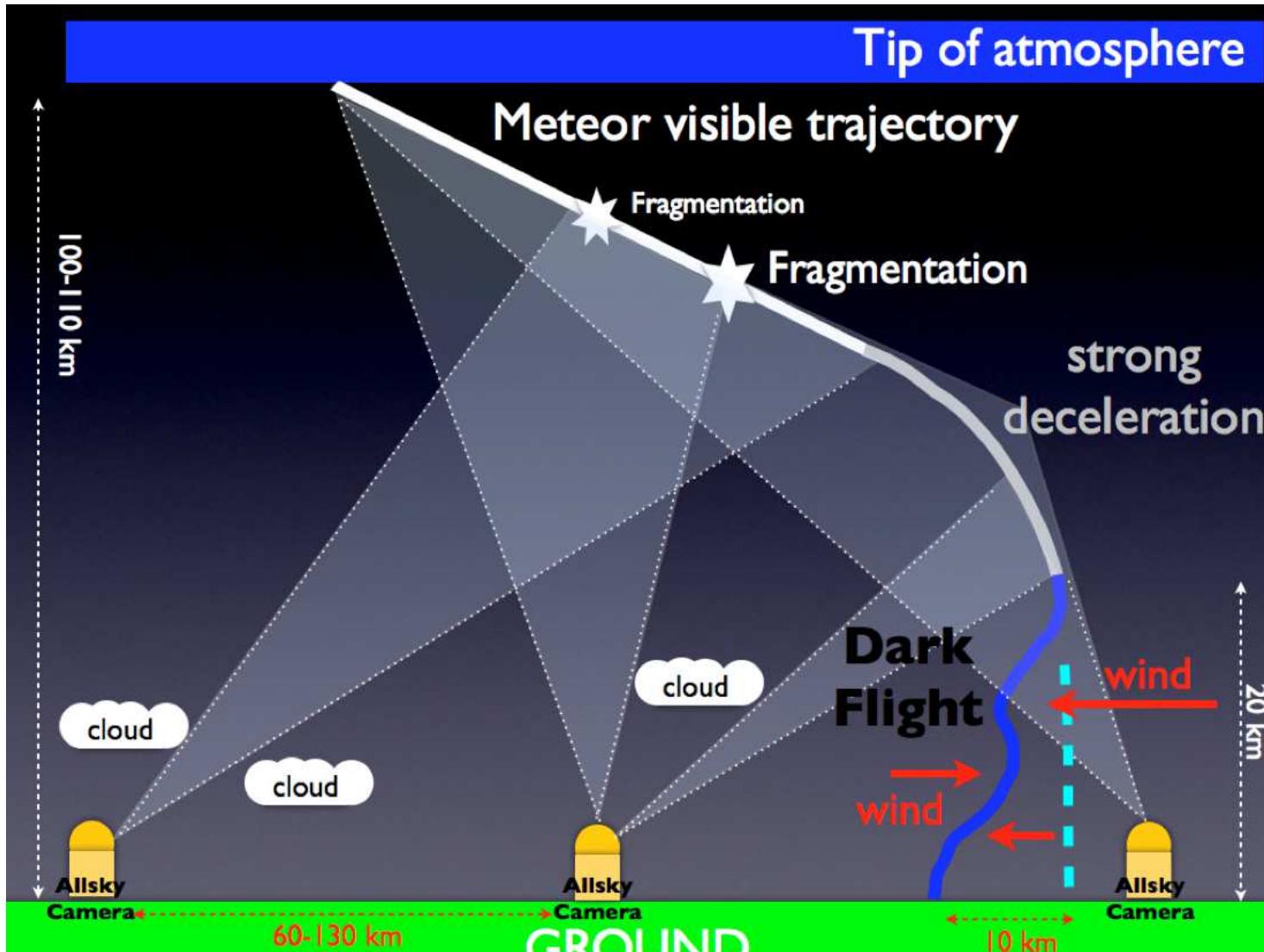
Carpathians



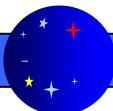
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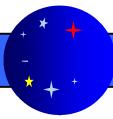
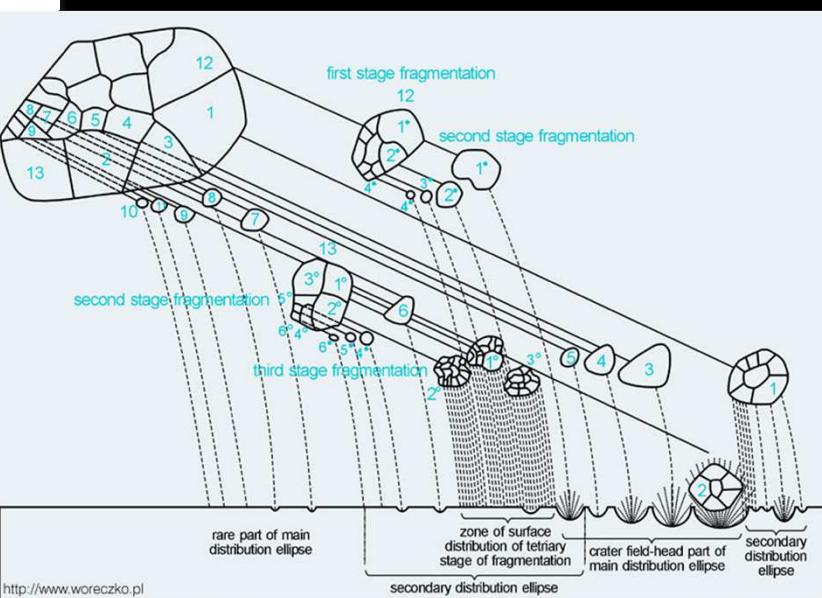
Split after flash





Credit: FRIPON
www.fripo.fr





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Astronomical Institute Romanian Academy
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