

Safety of Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) Applications and Joint Countermeasures

Dr. FANG Yufei

BDS/GNSS Policy and Regulation Research Center BEIHANG UNIVERSITY

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1 Development of BDS

2 Safety of GNSS Applications

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- 4 Joint Countermeasures

北斗三号全球卫星导航系统正式开通

The BeiDou Navigation Satellite System (BDS-3) Is Formally Commissioned





Development of BDS Operation of BDS



Development Roadmap: BeiDou Navigation Satellite System (BDS) has been developing following a "three-step" roadmap, from active to passive services, quickly possessed regional service capabilities, and then gradually extended to global services with unique features.

Step 1: 1994 ~ 2000, Regional active network service capability **Step 2:** 2004 ~ 2012, Regional passive network service capability **Step 3:** 2013 ~ 2020, Global passive network service capability

Development of BDS Operation of BDS



Service capability: Positioning, Navigation, Timing (PNT)





Industrial Chain: A complete industrial chain integrating chips, modules, boards, terminals, operations and services has been built.







Application Industries: BDS has been widely used in the fields of transportation, public safety, disaster relief, agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry, fishery and urban governance, serving national core infrastructure construction and generating significant economic and social value.





Mass Market: BDS has entered the fields of mass market, shared economy and people's livelihood. 79% smart phones sold in China in the 1st quarter of 2021 supported BDS-based positioning function.





Industrial Output Value:

China's satellite navigation and location-based service industry







International applications

- Confirmation of land right
- Precision agriculture
- Digital construction
- Vehicle supervision
- Smart port management





New Applications

- New Fields
- New Business Models
- New Technologies





GNSS is a vivid practice of peaceful use of outer space to serve all humankind



2 Safety of GNSS Applications

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Risks that threaten the safety of GNSS applications

- space debris
- crowded space environment
- natural and human interference
- abuse of positioning and navigation data

It is a common challenge faced by all countries using GNSS to prevent risks and realize safe applications of GNSS.









3 China's Institutional Measures to Ensure Safe Applications of GNSS



(1) Improving the legal system

(2) Enhancing management transparency

(4)

(3) Ratification by international standards

Strengthening law enforcement

3 China's Institutional Measures to Ensure Safe Applications of GNSS

(1) Improving the legal system



3 China's Institutional Measures to Ensure Safe Applications of GNSS



(2) Enhancing management transparency



White Paper on China's BeiDou Navigation Satellite System Explaining Chinese government's policy stance on protecting the use of satellite navigation spectrum and resolutely resisting harmful interference



Report on the Rule of Law of the BeiDou Navigation Satellite System Summarizing the experience and effects of the rule of law of BDS, and explaining Chinese government's practices in protecting safe applications of GNSS

3 China's Institutional Measures to Ensure Safe Applications of GNSS



(3) Ratification by international standards

 Promoting ratification by international organizations to ensure that BDS serves global applications in accordance with international rules.



3 China's Institutional Measures to Ensure Safe Applications of GNSS

(4) Strengthening law enforcement

- Prohibiting the production, sale, or use of satellite navigation interfering equipment
- Dealing with any malicious interference behaviors that affect the operation and service of GNSS













4 Joint Countermeasures



Outer Space Treaty provides basic principles for promoting safe and reliable provision of services for mankind by space systems, including GNSS.

- Article I The exploration and use of outer space, including the Moon and other celestial bodies, shall be carried out for the benefit and in the interests of all countries, irrespective of their degree of economic or scientific development, and shall be the province of all mankind.
- Article IX In the exploration and use of outer space, including the Moon and other celestial bodies, States Parties to the Treaty shall be guided by the principle of co-operation and mutual assistance and shall conduct all their activities in outer space, including the Moon and other celestial bodies, with due regard to the corresponding interests of all other States Parties to the Treaty.

4 Joint Countermeasures



Pay attention to the safety issues of GNSS applications



• Definition of safety of GNSS applications

 Safety risks of GNSS applications: types, causes, identification, standards, adverse consequences, solutions

• Goal: protecting the safety of GNSS applications

• **Countermeasures:** propelling the establishment of the regulations and laws on safe application of GNSS in varied countries.

Thank you