

Indonesia, Item 12

Mr. Chair,

Indonesia takes notes the document A/AC.105/1230 entitle the report of the Secretary-General on coordination of space-related activities within the United Nations system: directions and anticipated results for the period 2020–2021 – megatrends and the Sustainable Development Goals. This report demonstrated that wider use of space technology has been done by bodies in the UN-system.

The UN system is essential for strengthening and developing cooperation and collaboration among countries with regard to scientific and space technology, and for maximizing space resources for the common prosperity, security and long-term sustainability of outer space activities. We are of the view that cooperation within the system should enhance information-sharing and technical cooperation among countries based on equal partnership.

LAPAN has joint-launch Geospatial Practices for Sustainable Development in Asia and the Pacific, 2020: A Compendium', with UNESCAP and GISTDA. It presents an overview of the regional status and progress in thematic areas such as disaster risk management, natural resource management, connectivity, social development, energy and climate change. The Compendium is the first in a series of ESCAP publications to assess progress implementing the Asia-Pacific Plan of Action on Space Applications for Sustainable Development (2018–2030). It is also the first-time national progress examples have been made available in one publication, thus providing a baseline for measuring future progress and initiatives in the region.

Indonesia also participated in the 25th Session of the Intergovernmental Consultative Committee (ICC) on the Regional Space Applications Program for Sustainable Development (RESAP) in Bangkok on 25-27 August 2021 by virtual meeting.

Furthermore, we would like to inform that in 2022 Indonesia will host the 4th Ministerial Conference on Space Applications for Sustainable Development in Asia and the Pacific, UNESCAP.

I thank you, Mr. Chair.