PRESTO Predictability of the variable Solar-Terrestrial Coupling

The new SCOSTEP 5-year program in 2020-2024

Kazuo Shiokawa (SCOSTEP President)

SCOSTEP Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics

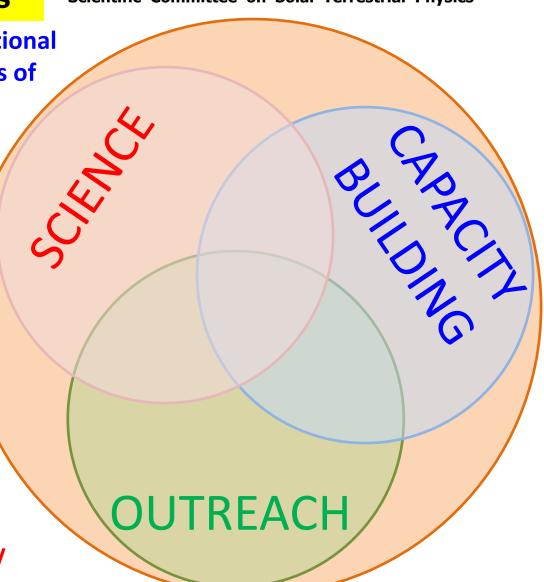
Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics

Runs long-term (4-5 years) international interdisciplinary scientific programs of solar terrestrial physics since 1966

Interacts with national and international programs involving solar terrestrial physics elements

Engages in Capacity Building activities such as the annual Space Science Schools with ISWI

Disseminates new knowledge on the Sun-Earth System and how the Sun affects life and society as outreach activities



SCOSTEP Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics



Current Member Countries and Geographical Regions of SCOSTEP

Australia Germany Norway

Austria Hungary Russia

Brazil India South Korea

Bulgaria Indonesia Slovakia

Canada Israel South Africa

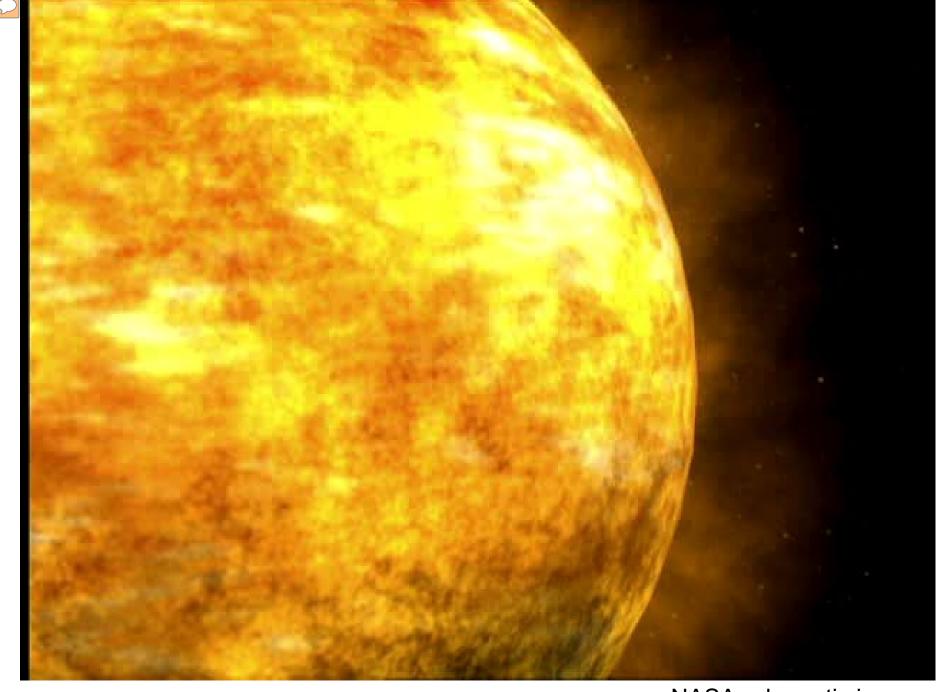
China Japan Switzerland

Czech Republic Kenya Taiwan

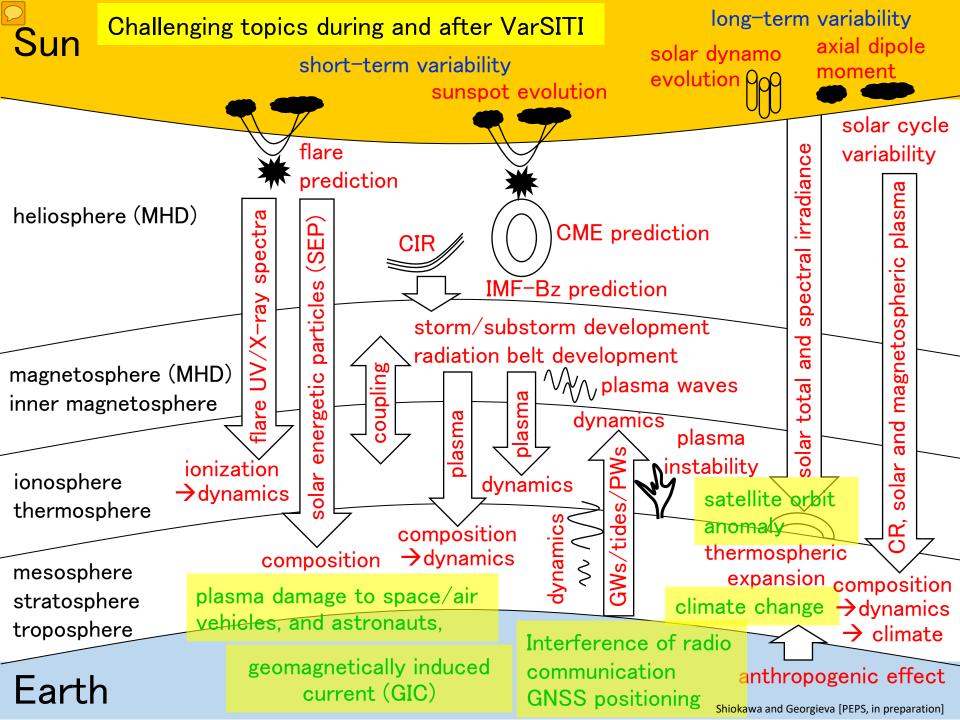
Finland Mexico United Kingdom

France New Zealand USA

Georgia Nigeria



NASA schematic images







International interdisciplinary programs in solar-terrestrial physics operated by SCOSTEP

1976-1979: IMS (International Magnetosphere Study)

1979-1981: SMY (Solar Maximum Year)

1982-1985: MAP (Middle Atmosphere Program)

1990-1997: STEP (Solar-Terrestrial Energy Program)

1998-2002: Post-STEP (S-RAMP, PSMOS, EPIC, and ISCS)

2004-2008: CAWSES (Climate and Weather of the Sun-Earth System)

2009-2013: CAWSES-II (Climate and Weather of the Sun-Earth System-II)

2014-2018: VarSITI (Variability of the Sun and Its Terrestrial Impact)

2020-2024: PRESTO (Predictability of the variable Solar-Terrestrial

Coupling)

SCOSTEP Next Scientific Program (NSP) committee, chaired by I. Daglis (Greece)



Figure 6: Group picture of the participants of the Forum in 2018.

ISSI forum in Beijing, China in 2018.

SCOSTEP Next Scientific Program (NSP) committee, chaired by I. Daglis (Greece)



Figure 7: Group picture of the participants of the Forum in 2019.

ISSI forum in Bern Switzerland in 2019.





PRESTO:

Predictability of the variable Solar-Terrestrial Coupling (2020-2024)

Detailed documentation is available at:

http://www.issibj.ac.cn/Publications/Forum_Reports/201404/W020190620592906717714.pdf

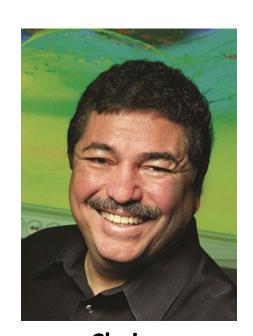
The mission of PRESTO is to identify predictability of the variable solar-terrestrial coupling performance metrics through modeling, measurements, and data analysis and to strengthen the communication between scientists and users.



PRESTO chair and co-chairs



Co-chair
Katja Matthes
Germany



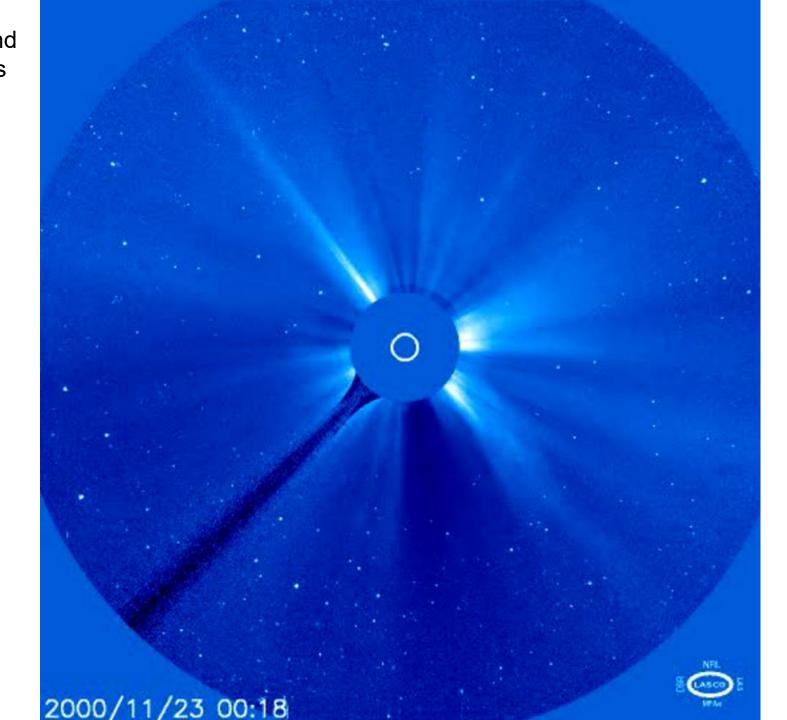
Chair Ramon E. Lopez USA



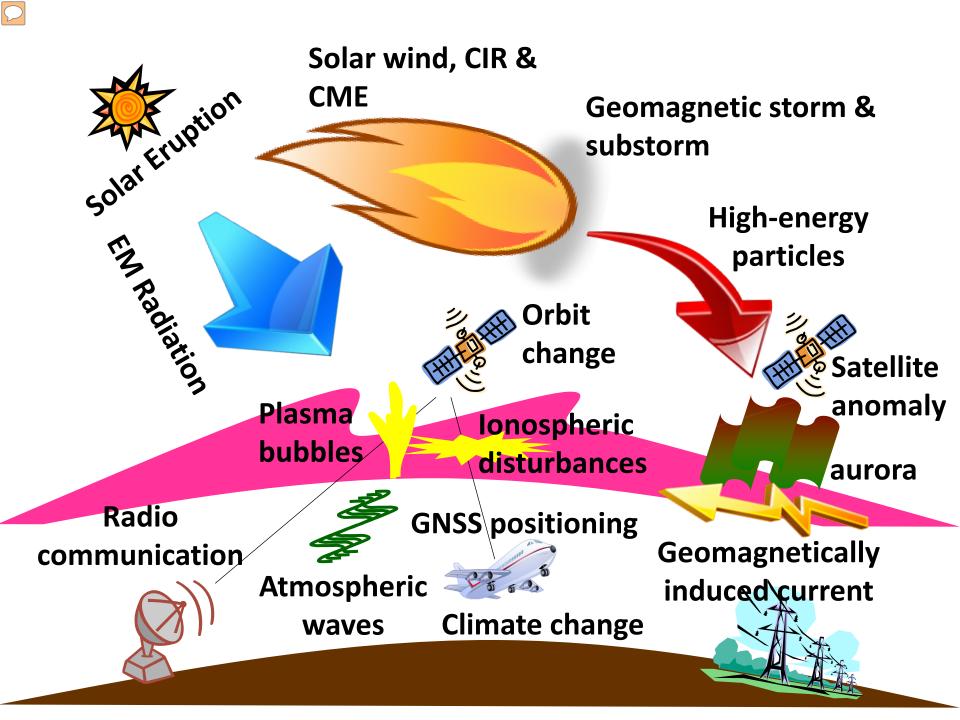
Co-chair Jie Zhang USA

The mission of PRESTO is to identify predictability of the variable solar-terrestrial coupling performance metrics through modeling, measurements, and data analysis and to strengthen the communication between scientists and users.

Solar wind and Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs) observed by the SOHO satellite



NASA SOHO LASCO





Pillar 1. Sun, interplanetary space and geospace

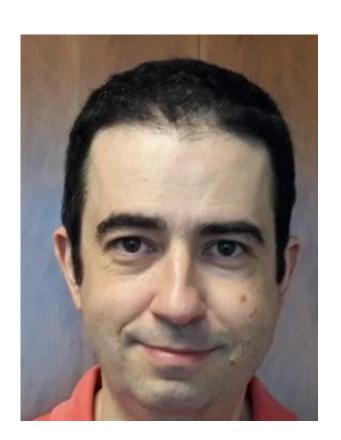
Co-leaders of Pillar 1



Allison Jaynes (USA)



Emilia Kilpua (Finland)



Spiros Patsourakos (Greece)

Pillar 2. Space weather and the Earth's atmosphere

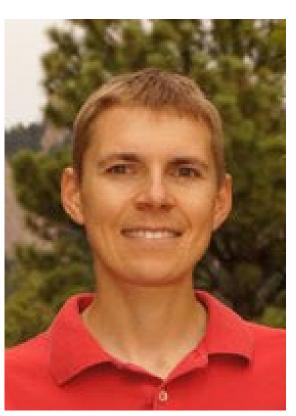
Co-leaders of Pillar 2



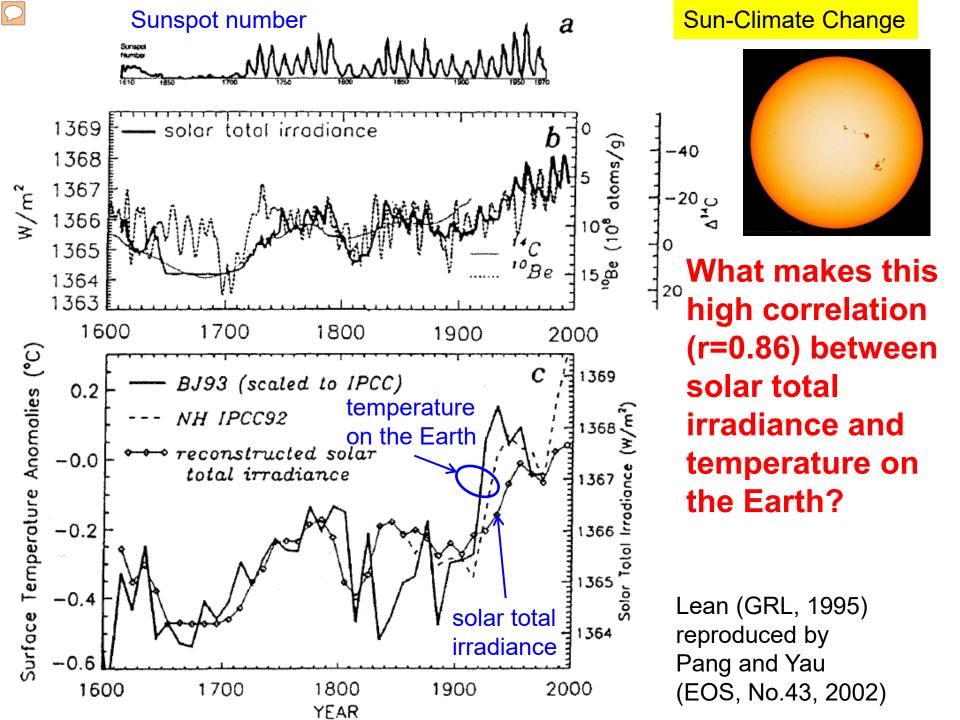
Loren C. Chang (Taiwan)

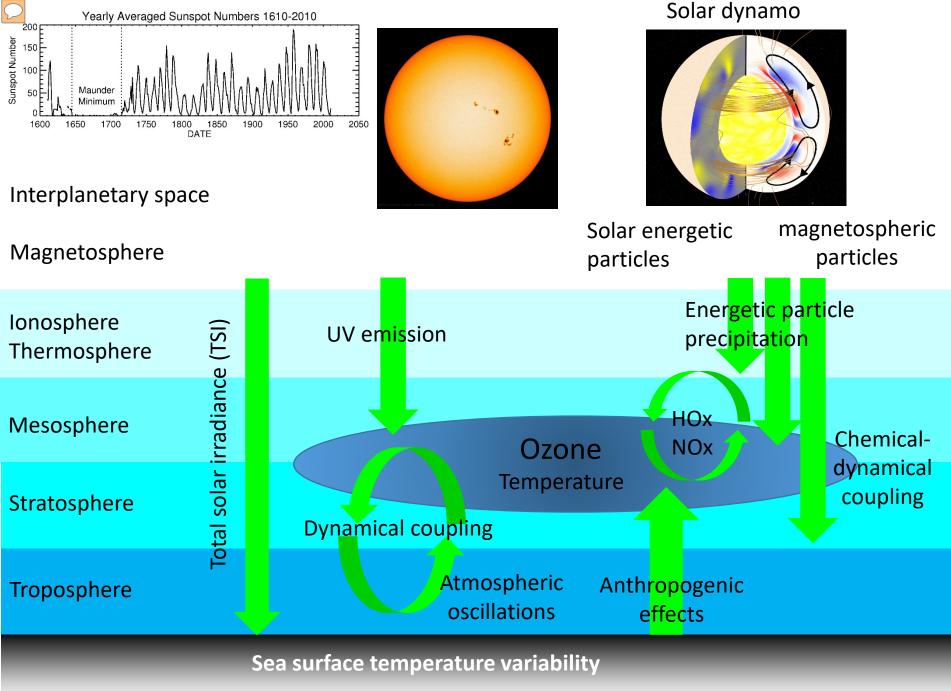


Duggirala Pallamraju (India)



Nick M. Pedatella (USA)





Modified from Gray et al. (2010)

Pillar 3. Solar activity and its influence on the climate of the Earth System

Co-leaders of Pillar 3



Odele Coddington (USA)



Jie Jiang (China)



Eugene Rozanov (Switzerland)



Summary

- PRESTO is the new SCOSTEP scientific program to run during 2020-2024
- Scientists from all over the world will participate in the PRESTO program to understand predictability of space weather and solar effect on climate.
- Solar terrestrial science will reach as many developing countries as possible via SCOSTEP's capacity building and outreach activities

PRESTO: Predictability of the variable Solar-Terrestrial Coupling

SCOSTEP: Scientific Committee on Solar-Terrestrial Physics