Scientific and Technical Subcommittee: 2022

Integrated Application of Earth Observations for Disaster Risk Reduction

The international cooperation project and how it supports

the SFDRR monitoring

National Disaster Reduction Center of China Liu longfei CONTENTS



Objectives

S Expected outcome

Approach

6 Work basis

Background-Demand

Natural disasters are a common challenge facing all countries in the world. Asia is the most serious affected region of high risk of disasters and heavy losses.

In China, according to statistics, natural disasters affected 94.9 million people, 792 people are missing or lost life in the

past three quarters of 2021. (Source: website of Ministry of Emergency Management, PRC)

UMBER OF FATALITIES NUMBER OF PEOPLE AFFECTED Asia-Pacific region Asia-Pacific region Rest of the world Rest of the world 25 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 7.0 8.0 2.0 15 10 NUMBER OF PEOPLE, MILLIONS NUMBER OF PEOPLE, BILLIONS loods Storms Earthquakes Drough Other

FIGURE 1-1 Number of fatalities and people affected in the Asia-Pacific region and the rest of the world, 1970–2020





Source: Data from EM-DAT - The International Disaster Database. Available at https://www.emdat.be/ (accessed on 4 May 2021).

Background-Demand

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 was endorsed by member countries of UN as one of the most important global frameworks, and disaster reduction becoming a priority area for international cooperation.



Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015 - 2030





Source: Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 | UNDRR

Background-Capacity of Space-based technology

Space-based technology play an important role in supporting disaster risk reduction, response and relief efforts. At present, EO data acquisition, processing, product development, and related service mechanism have been developed and operational to support the entire process of disaster management.



黑龙江省黑河市爱辉区上马厂乡洪涝灾害监测图



Background-Cooperation basis

Chinese EO satellites and the main parameters for Charter

Satellite	Sensor	Resolution
CBERS-02B	CCD	20m
	Wide field imager(WFI)	258m
SJ-9A	Multi-spectural camera	2.5m(Pan)
		10m(Multi-spectual)
GF-1	Multi-spectural camera(PMS)	2m(Pan)
		8m(Multi-spectual)
	Multi-spectural camera(WFV)	16m
GF-2	Multi-spectural camera(PMS)	0.8m(Pan)
		3.2m(Multi-spectual)
GF-3	SAR	1-500m
GF-4	Multi-spectural camera	50m(VNIR)
	camera(Geostationary Orbit)	400m(MWIR)

Disaster Monitoring Satellite 2A and 2B Multi-spectral CCD(16m), hyper-spectral imager and infrared camera

Objectives

Project : Integrated Application of Earth Observations for Disaster Risk Reduction (Collaborate with UN-SPIDER, Funded by MOST, PRC)

Form an index system of using earth observation to support Sendai framework Form an approach of index monitoring

Strengthen capacity of institutional capacity at national level



- > An index system
- > An technical system
- Application platform
- Demonstration application in 3 countries

Expected outcome

An index system

- > 3 types of disaster, flood, typhoon and earthquake
- 5 target indexes, dead and missing persons, people affected by disasters, direct economic losses, damage to infrastructure, and evaluation on disaster risk monitoring and early warning application

An technical system

- element extraction based on artificial intelligence
- Assessment of loss indicators for disaster reduction

Application platform

- > 12 types of data collection and 5 integrated methods
- > 2/3 dimensional display and comprehensive analysis

Demonstration application in 3 countries

Laos, Sri Lanka and Nepal

Approach

Project:

Integrated Application of EO technology for Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction



Approach



(1) Demand and capacity analysis

(2) Index optimization

- (3) Element extraction using AI technology
- (4) Comprehensive analysis using big data
- (5) Deduction for incomplete data

(6) Data aggregation and model integration

(7) Application system development

(8) Flood risk and loss index monitoring(Laos)(9) Typhoon risk and loss index monitoring (Sri Lanka)

(10) Earthquake loss index monitoring (Nepal)

Work basis

-- Data: EO data; other open source data



Disaster Monitoring Satellite 2A and 2B Multi-spectral CCD(16m), hyper-spectral imager and infrared camera



Work basis

--EO technology for SFDRR **Index analysis:** available EO resources; form an index system of using EO to support Sendai framework

Index sequence	Name of Index	Typho on	Earthq uake	Flood	Support	Remark
B-3a	Number of damaged dwellings attributed to disasters	\checkmark	1	1	Yes(Direct)	
B-3	Number of people whose damaged dwellings attributed to disasters	\checkmark	1	1	Yes(Indirect)	B3=B3a*AOH, AOH=Pop/No.Family
Е	Countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategies by 2020				No	

Work basis

--Elements: Extraction of 10 elements using AI from EO images for

damage and loss assessment --E 1: Structures

- --E 2: Vegetable greenhouse
- --E 3: Farmland
- --**E 4:** Forest
- --E 5: Oil tank
- --E 6: Coal-fired power plant
- --E 7: Outdoor track-and-field ground
- --E 8: Airport
- --**E 9:** Bridge
- --E 10: Hydropower station





--Prototype: Design for service platform





Collaborate with UN-SPIDER to leverage Integrated Application of Earth Observations for Disaster Risk Reduction and support SFDRR indexes monitoring

