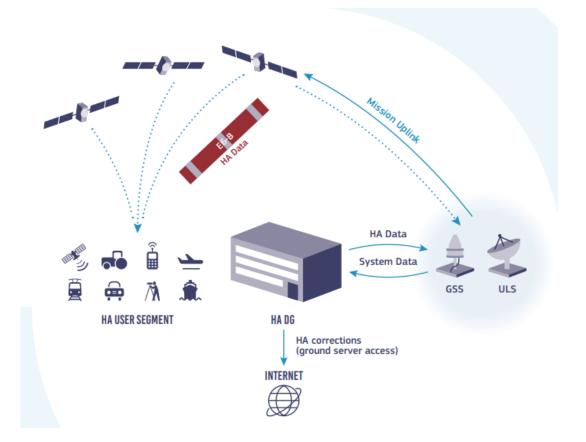


- What is Galileo HAS
- Current status
- Performance
- Next steps

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Overview of Galileo High Accuracy Service (HAS)

- Galileo HAS is a Galileo service aimed at providing precise corrections, allowing PPP positioning worldwide and for free
- Galileo HAS provides orbit, clock, code and phase biases for Galileo and GPS (I/NAV & CNAV iono-free and Galileo E1, E5a,E5b, E6B/C and GPS L1C/A, L2C, L2P signals)
- SIS dissemination through E6B (1278.75 MHz) and ground dissemination channel through a real-time connection in RTCMlike format



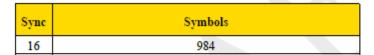
European Union Agency for the Space Program (EUSPA), "Information Note on Galileo High Accuracy Service," 2020. [Online]. Available: https://www.gsc-europa.eu/sites/default/files/sites/all/files/Galileo HAS Info Note.pdf.

Galileo HAS infrastructure



Galileo HAS Phase 1 architecture. The 14 GSS (Galileo Sensor Stations) are depicted with a single antenna, and the five ULS (Up-Link stations) are depicted with four antennas

HAS SIS ICD message structure



| Total |
|-----------|
| (symbols) |
| 1000 |

Total (bits)

| | C/NAV Page | | |
|----------|------------|-----|------|
| Reserved | HAS Page | CRC | Tail |
| 14 | 448 | 24 | 6 |

492

Table 3: C/NAV Page Layout

| | HAS Page |
|--------------------|-------------|
| HAS Page Header | HAS Message |
| 24 | 424 |

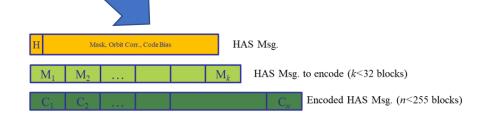
| Total (bits) | |
|--------------|---|
| 448 |] |

Table 5: HAS Page Layout

Galileo HAS fields (Phase 1)

| Correction | Range | Scale factor | Unit | Size (bits) |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------|-------------|
| Orbit: delta radial | ±10.2375 | 0.0025 | m | 13 |
| Orbit: delta in- track | ±16.376 | 0.0080 | m | 12 |
| Orbit: delta cross- track | ±16.376 | 0.0080 | m | 12 |
| Delta clock | - 10.2375 to + 10.2350 | 0.0025 | m | 13 |
| Code bias | ± 20.46 | 0.02 | m | 11 |
| Phase bias | ± 10.23 | 0.01 | cycles | 11 |

HPVRS encoding/decoding



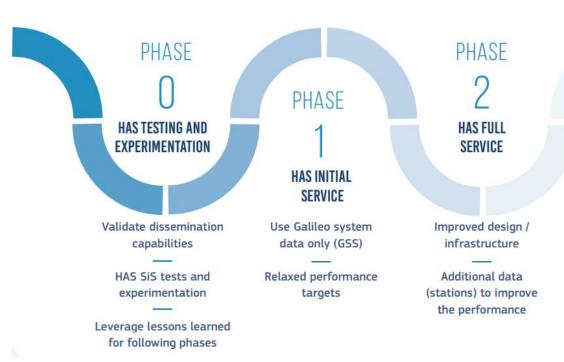
Galileo HAS phases and performance targets

| | Phase 0 SIS Testing | Phase 1 Initial Service | Phase 2 Full Service |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Coverage | EU+ | EU+ | Global |
| Clock biases | Υ | Υ | Υ |
| Phase biases | N | Υ | Υ |
| Galileo corrected signals | E1, E5a, E5b, E6 | E1, E5a, E5b, E6 | E1, E5a, E5b, E5, E6 |
| GPS corrected signals | L1, L2P | L1, L2P, L2C | L1, L2C, L5 |
| Horizontal accuracy requirement 95% | N/A | <20 cm TBC | <20 cm |
| Vertical accuracy requirement 95% | N/A | <40 cm TBC | <40 cm |
| Availability | N/A | 99% TBC | 99% |
| Convergence time requirement Global, no ionosphere (SL1) | N/A | <300 s TBC | <300 s |
| EU, Ionosphere corrections (SL2) | N/A | N/A | <100 s |
| Ground channel | N | Y | Υ |
| Authentication | N | N | Υ |
| Start | 2020 | 2022-23 | 2024+ |

- What is Galileo HAS
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HAS current status

- •Three phases:
 - Phase 0 (testing)
 - Phase 1 (initial service)
 - Phase 2 (full service)
- •Current status: Finishing Phase 0
 - HAS SIS ICD available since May 22*
 - SIS readily available worldwide (HAS Status flag = 'test' mode)
- Initial Service declaration by end2022/early2023





- What is Galileo HAS
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HAS Target Performance

| HAS | SERVICE LEVEL 1 | SERVICE LEVEL 2 |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| COVERAGE | Global | European Coverage Area (ECA) |
| TYPE OF CORRECTIONS | PPP - orbit, clock, biases (code and phase) | PPP - orbit, clock, biases (code and phase) incl. atmospheric corrections |
| FORMAT OF CORRECTIONS | Open format similar to Compact-SSR (CSSR) | Open format similar to Compact-SSR (CSSR) |
| DISSEMINATION OF CORRECTIONS | Galileo E6B using 448 bits per satellite per second / terrestrial (internet) | Galileo E6B using 448 bits per satellite per second / terrestrial (internet) |
| SUPPORTED CONSTELLATIONS | Galileo, GPS | Galileo, GPS |
| SUPPORTED FREQUENCIES | E1/E5a/E5b/E6; E5 AltBOC L1/L5; L2C | E1/E5a/E5b/E6; E5 AltBOC L1/L5; L2C |
| HORIZONTAL ACCURACY 95% | <20 cm | <20 cm |
| VERTICAL ACCURACY 95% | <40 cm | <40 cm |
| CONVERGENCE TIME | <300 s | <100 s |
| AVAILABILITY | 99% | 99% |
| USER HELPDESK | 24/7 | 24/7 |

Time To Receive Data (HAS message)

| | Mean [s] | Mode [s] | Median [s] | 95% Quantile [s] | Max [s] | Min [s] | |
|---------|----------|----------|------------|---------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| FEB 27A | 8.46 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 33 | 6 | |
| FEB 27B | 8.71 | 7 | 7 | 17 | 65 | 4 | |
| FEB 28A | 11.16 | 7 | 8 | 32 | 152 | 4 |) V |
| FEB 28B | 7.61 | 6 | 6 | 14 | 36 | 5 | |
| | | | | | | | |



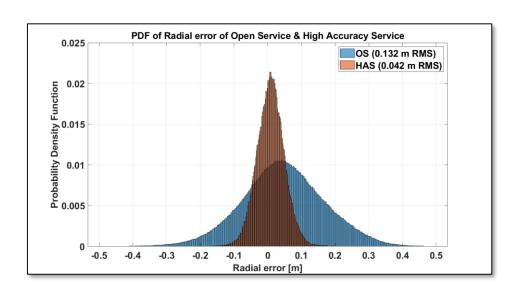


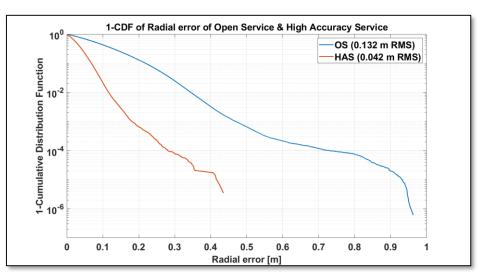


Galileo orbit&clock accuracy with HAS live signals

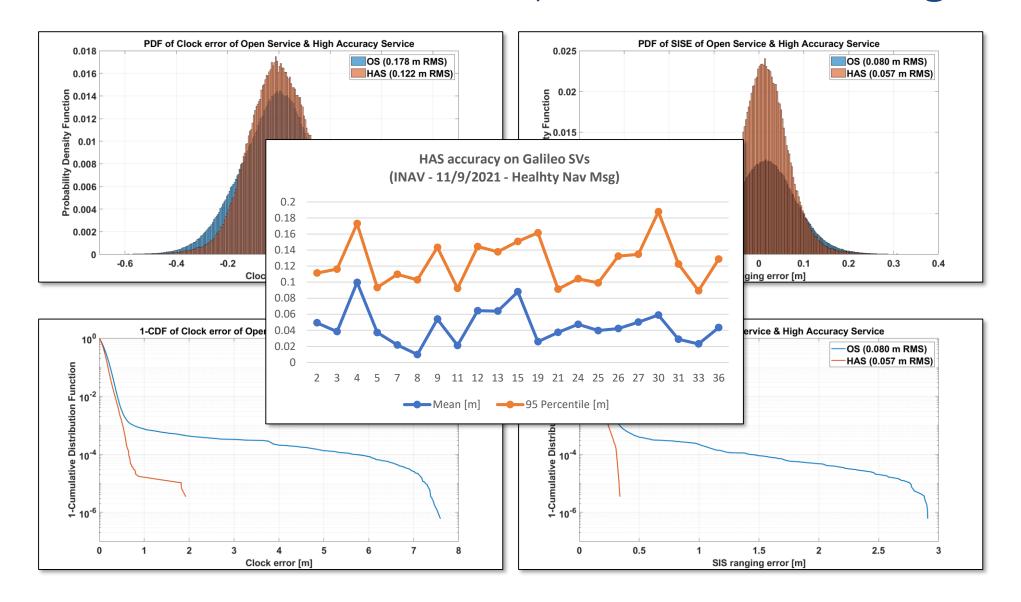
- HAS Orbit and Clock with live signals between May 2021 and June 2022
- Septentrio PolaRx5S rx with Trimble Zephyr
 2 antenna @JRC EC (Italy)
- HAS broadcast test signals and performance might not be representative of final service ones







Galileo orbit&clock accuracy with HAS live signals



Initial considerations:

- Monitoring stations are a subset of GMV's GGRN (Global GNSS Reference Network)
- Open sky conditions for all the stations (see picture)
- Punctual local or receiver effects also contribute to error statistics
- Performance measured in stationary mode after convergence
- PPP configuration used:
 - Multiconstellation GAL+GPS
 - Double frequency E1-E5a and L1C/A-L2CL (Iono-free + ionospheric estimation)
 - PPP float
- RMS and 95th percentile of errors from the 6 days of scenarios have been obtained for all the stations





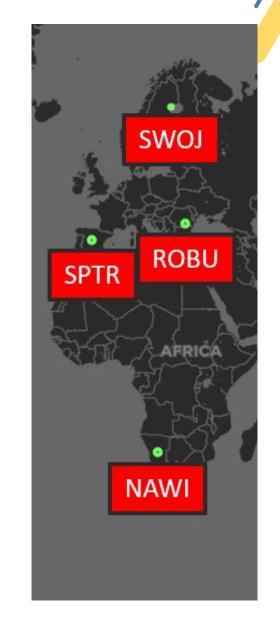


Positioning error performance for Europe and Africa

- Best performance expected for Europe due to the GSS network distribution
- Performance of the station in Africa is similar to performance of stations in Europe

| Europe & | Errors RMS (cm) | | | |
|----------|-----------------|--------|------|--|
| Africa | North | Height | | |
| SPTR | 4.5 | 6.6 | 13.8 | |
| ROBU | 5.7 6.6 | | 14.0 | |
| SWOJ | 6.5 | 6.1 | 14.6 | |
| NAWI | 4.0 | 5.3 | 14.4 | |

| Europe & | Errors p95 (cm) | | |
|----------|---------------------|------|--|
| Africa | Horizontal Vertical | | |
| SPTR | 19.5 | 26.5 | |
| ROBU | 17.3 | 26.8 | |
| SWOJ | 13.5 | 28.3 | |
| NAWI | 18.1 | 25.3 | |





Positioning error performance for America

• Slight difference in accuracy between North America and South America/Pacific

| Amarica | Errors RMS (cm) | | | |
|---------|-----------------|------|--------|--|
| America | North | East | Height | |
| USNA | 6.0 | 8.3 | 17.5 | |
| CABU | 6.1 | 9.0 | 21.9 | |
| CHSA | 8.8 | 13.7 | 24.0 | |
| FRTA | 9.1 | 9.7 | 24.2 | |

| A ma a mi a a | Errors p95 (cm) | | |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| America | Horizontal | Vertical | |
| USNA | 19.8 | 32.9 | |
| CABU | 21.4 | 38.1 | |
| CHSA | 26.5 | 36.1 | |
| FRTA | 27.0 | 40.7 | |





Positioning error performance for Asia

- Some degradation starts to appear for most eastern stations
- 95th percentile affected by punctual reconvergences due to lower corrections availability
- However, accuracy is similar to other regions when sufficient corrected satellites are available (reflected in RMS)

| Asia | Errors RMS (cm) | | |
|------|-----------------|------|--------|
| | North | East | Height |
| INKO | 5.8 | 8.7 | 21.8 |
| TATA | 8.6 | 15.9 | 27.0 |

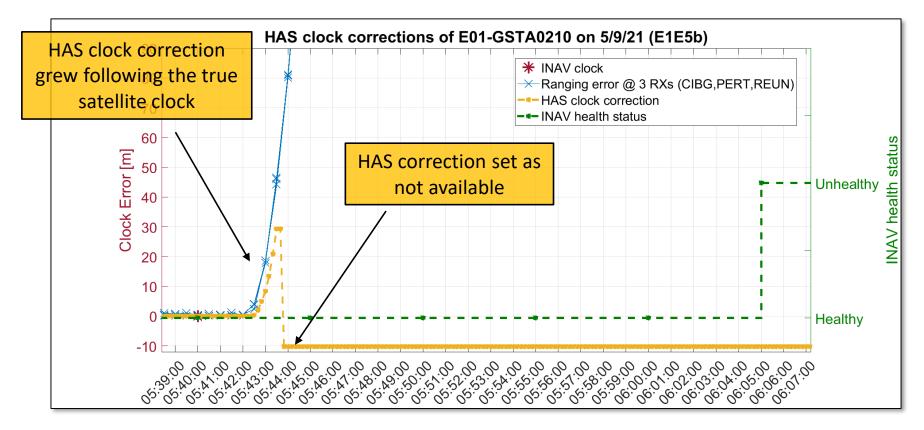
| Asia | Errors p95 (cm) | | |
|------|-----------------|----------|--|
| Asia | Horizontal | Vertical | |
| INKO | 19.1 | 35.7 | |
| TATA | 33.1 | 52.2 | |





HAS and fault detection

- If the HAS correction value grows and shows a degradation of the orbit and/or clock error, the user excludes the satellite to avoid impact on the position performance
- In addition, the HAS message informs the user that the satellite shall not be used



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Next steps

Short term:

- Finish Validation phase
- Declare HAS Initial Service
- Open ground correction channel
- Develop user segment
 - More E6 receivers
 - EUSPA R&D actions
 - HASlib

Mid-long term:

- Add authentication and error characterization to HAS message
- Complete infrastructure with more stations
- Add ionosphere correction message in Europe



Validate dissemination capabilities

> HAS SiS tests and experimentation

Leverage lessons learned for following phases

PHASE PHASE HAS INITIAL SERVICE

Use Galileo system data only (GSS)

Relaxed performance targets

Improved design / infrastructure

HAS FULL SERVICE

Additional data (stations) to improve the performance

