

GNSS Interference Detection from Low Earth Orbit

APRIL 15, 2024 Iain Goodridge Sr. Dr. RFGL Products, Spire Global



Introductions



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Spire Global, Inc.

(NYSE: SPIR) is a US Company headquartered in Northern Virginia with over 400 employees

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Agenda

Spire Overview

Geolocation of Terrestrial GNSS Jammers from Low Earth Orbit

Accessing the Data and Q&A

The Spire Constellation

The largest multipurpose constellation in the world

- The Low Earth Multi-Use Receiver (LEMUR) is Spire's 3U through 16U CubeSat platform used to track maritime, aviation, and weather activity from space
- We operate the world's largest RF sensing fleet and are the largest producer of radio occultation (RO) data
- Our data provides a global view with coverage in remote regions like over oceans and at the poles
- We are continuously launching improved sensors and upgrading them in-orbit
- We turn ideas into live data feeds from space in as little as 6-12 months



Global Ground Station Footprint

We own and operate the most geographically dispersed and largest network for ground stations, which allows us to repatriate our satellite-generated data at record speed



Spire Market Sectors & Product Verticals



Maritime

Leveraging the International Maritime Organization AIS standard, Spire provides constantly-refreshed information on the state of the global waterways



Aviation

Sensing the ICAO-backed ADS-B standard, Spire is able to generate near real-time information on the movements of all civilian aircrafts across continents and oceans for a long suite of regulatory and operations applications

Critical Weather Data

Spire generates global space-based weather data at various vertical levels, with critical implications for severe weather events forecast, preparation and management



Weather Modeling

Spire generates unique data sets of Earth's surface and atmospheric layers using GNSS remote sensing techniques such as radio occultation and reflectometry



Soil Moisture

With our reflectometry data, Spire's satellites provide precision agriculture users with a quickly-refreshed database on the soil moisture level of their fields, enabling smart yield-critical decisions



lonosphere

Spire constantly generates data on the local states of the Earth's ionosphere, the outermost atmospheric layer before outer space, with critical applications for telecoms, mobility and defense entities



Space Services

Spire offers access to its proven LEMUR platform for a wide range of sensing or telecom applications in a variety of all-inclusive packages



Radio Frequency Geospatial Intelligence

Spire offers provide comprehensive insights into global RF activity. Leveraging a vast network of satellite-based sensors and advanced analytics



Spire Frequency Collection Bands

Frequency range	Signal	Illustrative use case
VHF (30-300MHz)	AIS	Detection of vessels breaching international sanctions
L1/L2/L5 - band (1.1-1.5GHz)	GNSS	Localization of GNSS jammers & spoofers in contested areas
L - band (1-2GHz)	ADS-B, Satellite phones	Detection and geolocation of potential criminal activities
S - band (2-4GHz)	Sat. Comm, WiFi, wireless cellular	Tracking of vessels with their AIS transmitters turned off and of illegal activities in remote areas
X / S - band (3 and 9.4 GHz)	Maritime radar	
Ku - band (12-18GHz)	Sat. Comm. (D/L), broadcast, Starlink	Spectrum usage and coverage
Ka - band (27-40GHz)	Sat. Comm., military radar, P2P wireless	Identification and geolocation of military assets

Active/on-orbit

Under development

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Spire GNSS Monitoring



Extracted from ADS-B

Extracted from GNSS-R Noise



Automated RFGL TCPED Engine

Tasking of Spire Satellites using web-based console or API to acquire Raw IF/IQ



Raw IQ downlinked to cloud infrastructure, processed, & geolocated within 24 hours



Space-based GNSS interference monitoring has the potential to offer continuous global situational awareness and interference characterization.



Example Dual-Satellite Capture

Simultaneous collections of raw IF samples centered at GPS L1 and L2 can be performed. These raw samples along with the onboard navigation solution are used for geolocation.



Ground tracks of the satellites during two 60-second simultaneous captures from April 2022.





There is composite wideband interference on both GPS L1 and L2. There are powerful chirp **Aspire** jammers on L1. In addition to GNSS jammers, long range radars are visible on L2.

Direct Geolocation over Syria



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Direct Geolocation over Syria on L2







Outside of Mosul, Iraq











Tartus Port, Syria











Sarmin, Syria







Takeaways

Deliberate persistent unauthorized wide-area GNSS interference is ongoing in multiple areas of the globe.

Time-synchronized LEO-based receivers provide unprecedented levels of GNSS interference detection and geolocation.

An emitter transmitting any arbitrary waveform can be geolocated with **sub-km accuracy**.

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Data Access Options

Archived daily collects / Custom AOI / Dedicated Constellations



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- IF Collections: Using our existing assets.
- Geolocation Reports: Using our existing assets to then provide Geolocation reports.
- Space Services RF Constellations: These are large-scale end-to-end design, build, deploy, maintain of dedicated RF intelligence constellations spanning multiple years.
- Persistent RF Surveillance: GNSS band and eventually spanning to others RF bands.



Thank you

