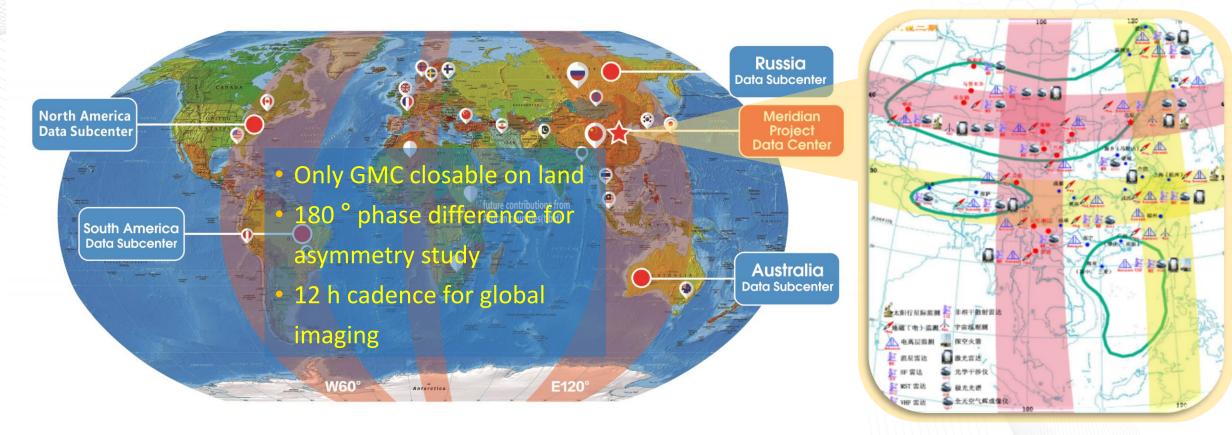
1. International Meridian Circle Program (IMCP)





- Integrate ground-based observatories along the 120° E and 60° W Great Meridian Circle
- Take mass and energy inputs from the Sun and Earth as a whole, providing a global picture about how these inputs couple to give rise dynamic variability in Earth's space weather, climate and weathers.

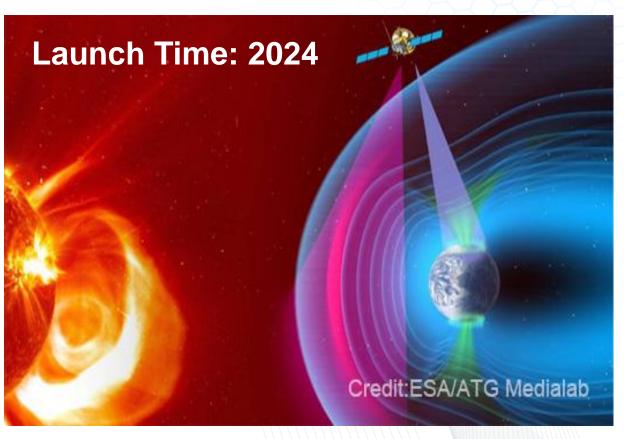
2. Space Weather Satellites

Advanced Space-based Solar Observatory (ASO-S)



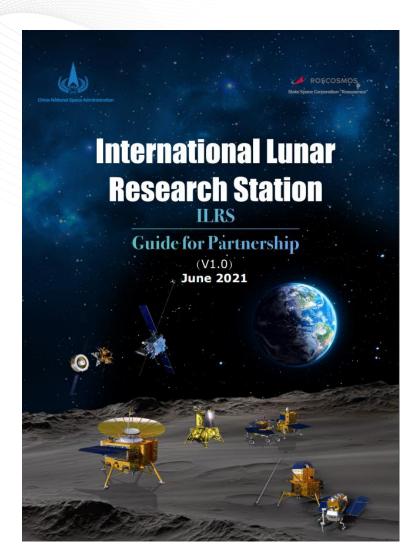
To reveal connections among the solar magnetic field, solar flares, and CMEs.

Solar wind Magnetosphere Ionosphere Link Explorer(SMILE, China-ESA)



To study the interaction between the solar wind and Earth's magnetosphere

3. International Lunar Research Station – Earth-moon Space Environment Detection





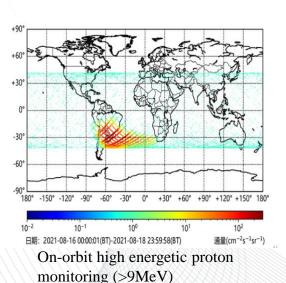
4. Space Weather Services for China Space Station(CSS)

- Space weather services covering the whole process of CSS construction: long-term SEE numeric evaluation during design period, Mid-term and short-term forecast for launch window, daily nowcast and forecast for in-orbit period.
- Analyze the space radiation conditions on the orbit and evaluate the radiation dose inside/outside the space station core module Tianhe.
- Space weather forecast for astronauts spacewalk: space weather event prediction, time periods and energy spectrum flux prediction when CSS crosses the SAA.
- Atmosphere density forecast for orbit prediction.
- On-orbit monitoring data processing and evaluation: high energetic particles, X-ray, atmosphere density



CSS inside radiation conditions evaluation

Atomosphere density prediction



CSS crossing SAA