

Indian Satellite Navigation Programme: An Update





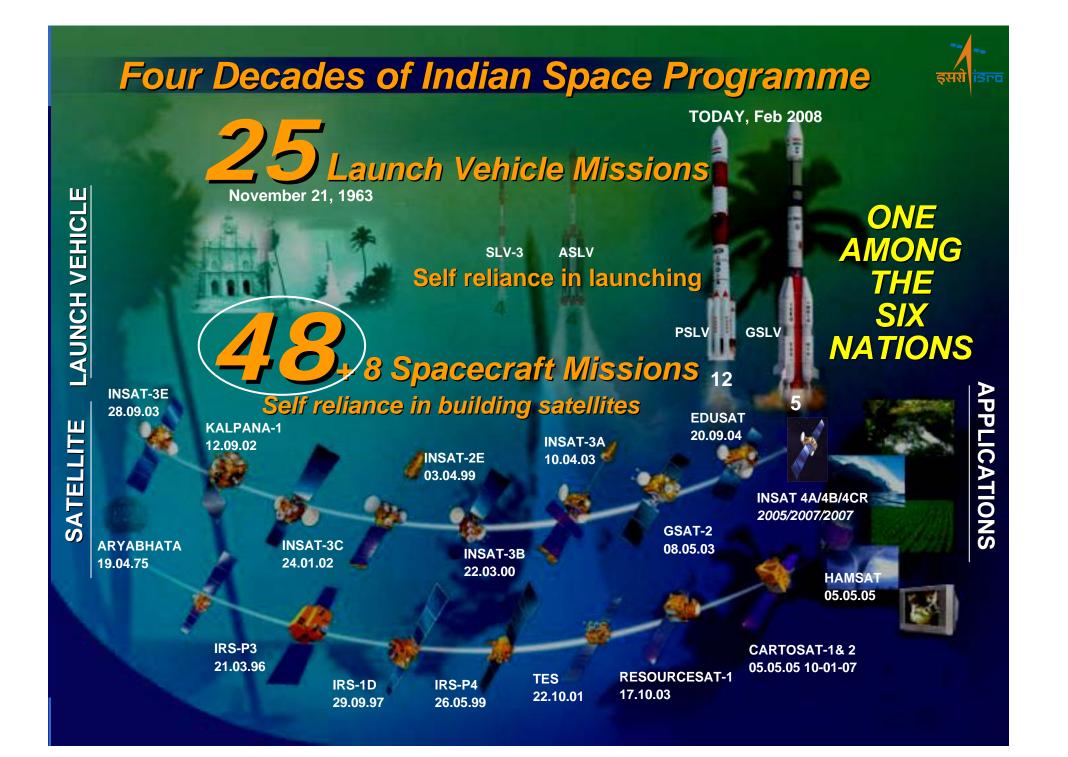
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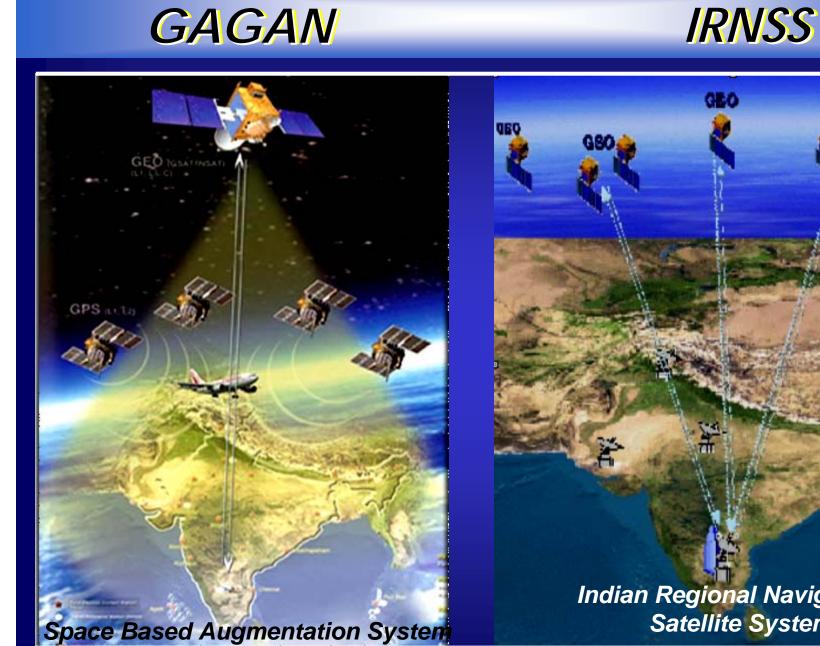
P. K. Jain ISRO HQ, India



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Vienna; Feb 11-22, 2008





Indian Regional Navigational Satellite System

GAGAN



(GPS Aided GEO Augmented Satellite Navigation)

An Overlay system built around the GPS

<u>Objective</u>

Satellite Based Augmentation System

To provide for ---

- Satellite-based Navigation services
- Air Traffic Management

over Indian Airspace



GAGAN GAGAN- Implementation Plan

GAGAN

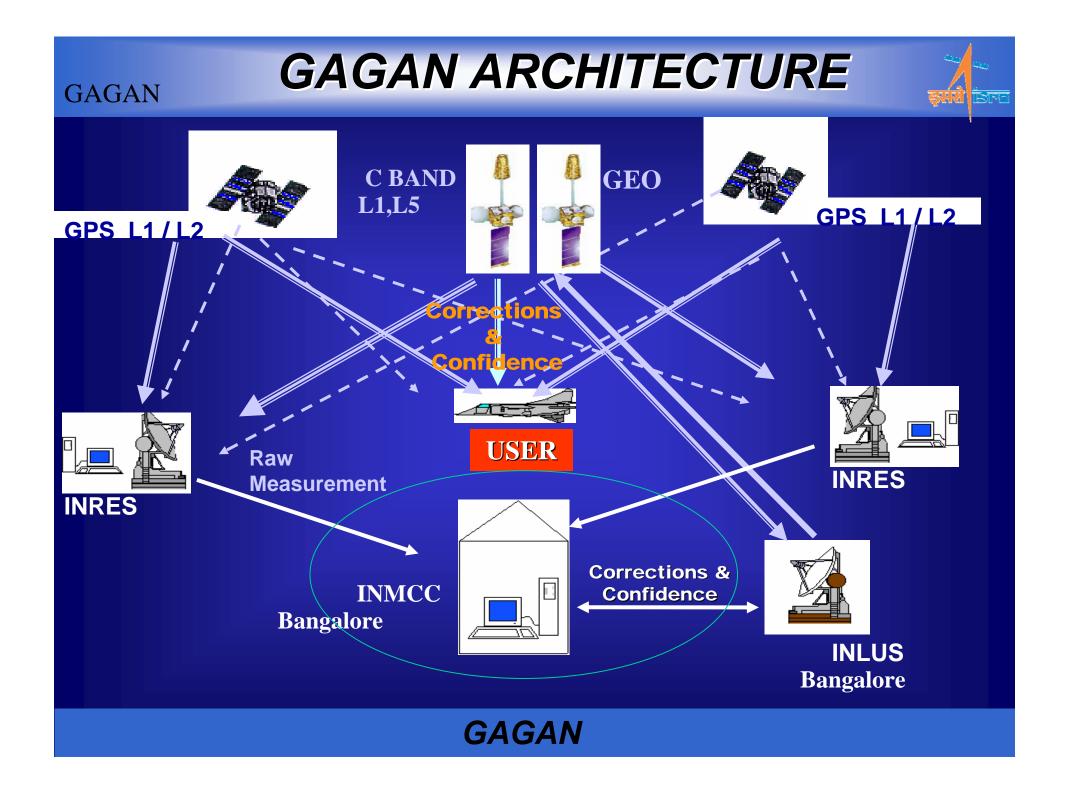


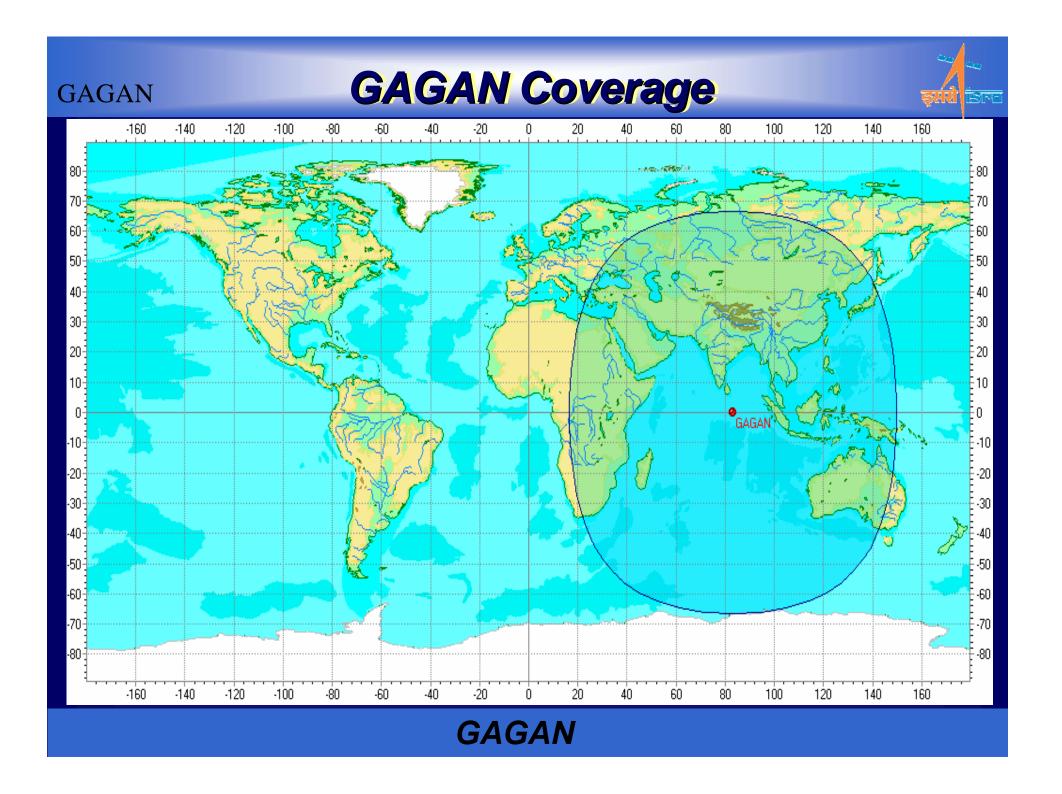
<u>Two Phases</u> GAGAN-TDS (Technology Demonstration System) GAGAN-FOP (Final Operational Phase)

GAGAN-TDS has recently been completed

GAGAN once implemented will offer required position accuracies with integrity which is important for civil aviation application







GAGAN-TDS CONFIGURATION

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Ground Segment

- 8 INRES
- 1 INMCC
- 1 INLUS
- OFC link (7 INRES)
- 1 VSAT link (GPB)

Space SegmentINMARSAT-4F1

Status: GAGAN-TDS

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• The GAGAN TDS ground system has been integrated with the INMARSAT 4F1 Navigation Transponder

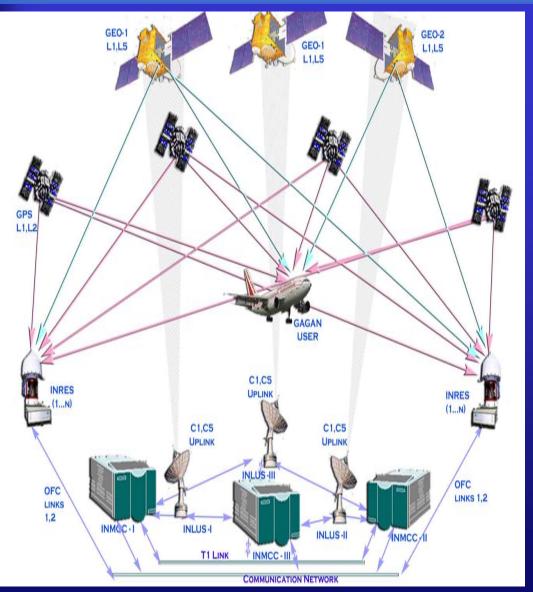
• Results Achieved:

- 7.6 meter vertical and horizontal accuracy 95% of the time within the perimeter of the GAGAN-TDS INRES stations
- Demonstrated time to alarm not to exceed 6.2 seconds.





GAGAN FOP CONFIGURATION



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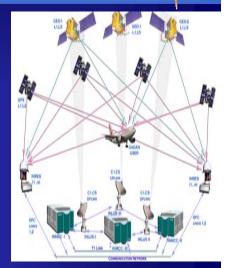
- Additional Indian Reference Stations (INRES)
- Redundant Indian Master Control Centre (INMCC)
- Additional Indian Navigation Land Uplink Station (INLUS)
- Two operational Navigation Payloads on Indian GEOs and one on-orbit spare
- Additional Communication links

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GAGAN APPROACH TO GAGAN-FOP

- Installation of the FOP system
- Development of User Receiver
- Certification

FOP: EXPECTED BY EARLY 2010



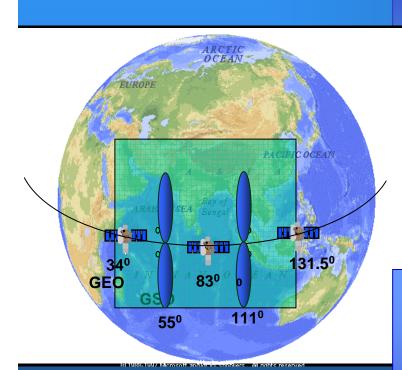
FUTURE SCOPE OF GAGAN

- Interoperability with other GPS Augmented Systems in the World
- To provide SBAS service beyond the Indian FIR (within GEO coverage)
 - Deploying few INRES stations outside the country

GAGAN

Co-operation with other countries

Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System



(IRNSS)

 An independent regional navigation system covering an area of about 1500 km around India

> rovides fairly good accuracy and e whole constellation is seen all e time

tegrity & ionospheric correction essages to user

Constellation Design Considerations

- Minimizing the Max DOP
- Min satellite constellation
- Orbital slots for India

IRNSS

IRNSS CONSTELLATION

3 GEO satellites at 34°, 83°, and 131.5° East

4 GSO satellites at 29^o inclination with Longitude Crossing at 55^o and 111^o



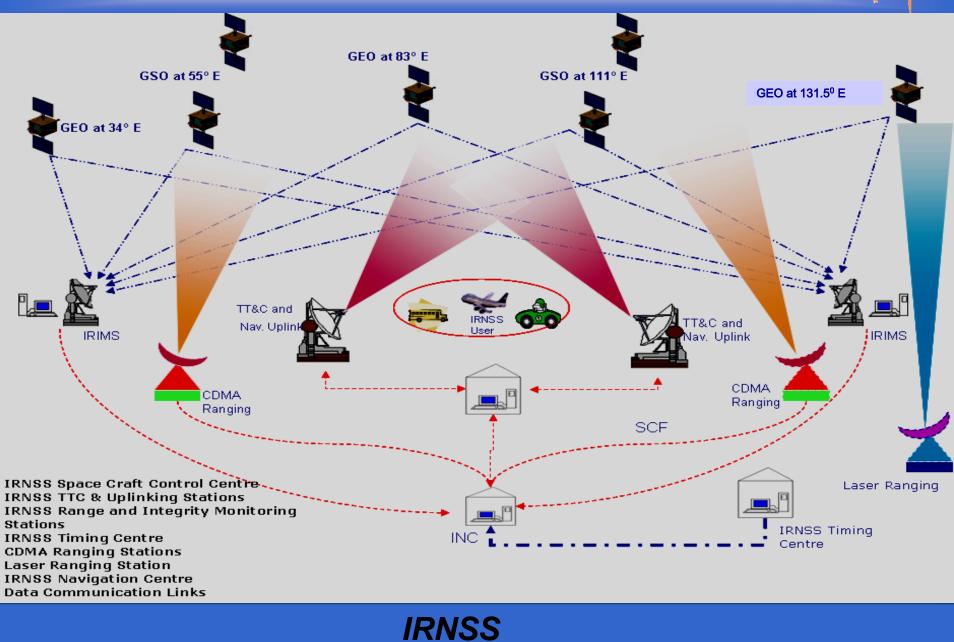
To be launched by Indian PSLV

First satellite by second half of 2009

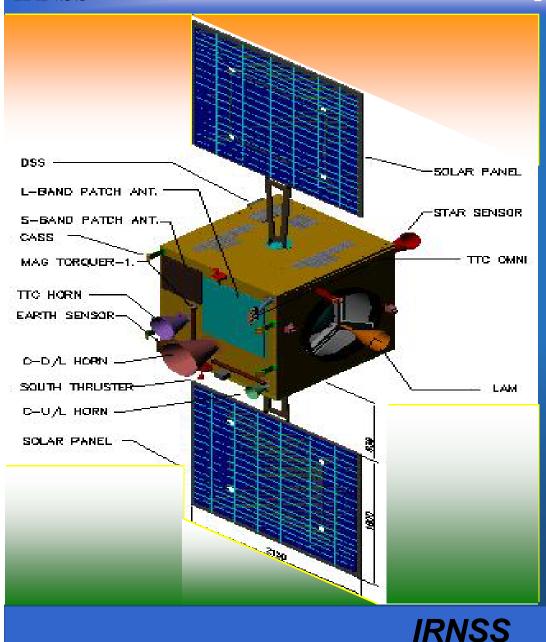
Entire constellation by 2011

IRNSS Configuration





IRNSS Spacecraft



IRNSS

• Satellite mass: 1425 Kg (PSLV Launch)

 Navigation Payload in L1, L5 and S-Bands.

 Navigational data uploaded through TTC link in C-band

USER Segment

IRNSS



• Dual frequency receiver

IRNSS

- Single frequency receivers with capability to receive ionospheric corrections
- User receiver to receive other constellations in addition to IRNSS
- All the seven IRNSS satellites to be continuously tracked by the user receiver
- The user receiver will have minimum G/T of -27 dB/K





