



United Nations/Austria/European Space Agency Symposium

on

Space Applications for Sustainable Development

**To Support the Plan of Implementation of the
World Summit on Sustainable Development**

"Water for the World: Space Solutions for Water Management"

13-16 September 2004

Graz, Austria

**Applying a Hydrological Balance Model to
Manage the Use of Surface and Ground Water
Resources in Chile**

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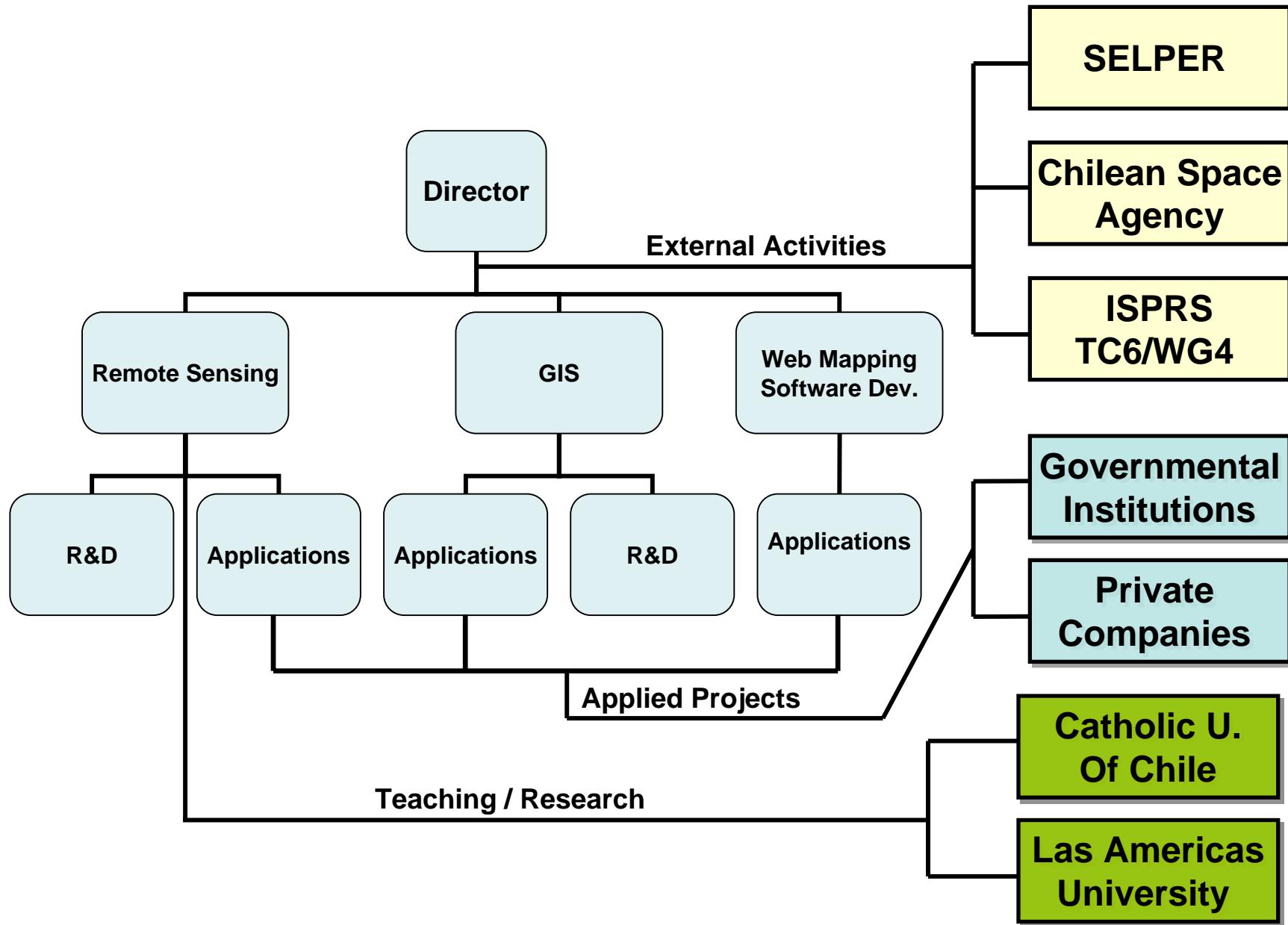


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OUR ORGANIZATION:





Responsibility of Water Resources Management in Chile

In Chile there are four Governmental Institutions that are relate to water resources management. They are:

- **General Directorate of Water (DGA)**, in charge of giving authorization for using surface and ground water resources, under the Ministry of Public Works.
- **National Irrigation Commission (CNR)**, in charge of studying water resources availability for irrigation purposes and its associated infrastructure, under the Ministry of Agriculture.
- **Hydrological Infrastructure Direction (DOH)**, in charge of the designing and building of irrigation dams, irrigation channels and civil infrastructure for flood prevention, under the Ministry of Public Works.
- **National Environmental Commission (CONAMA)**, seeks if the use of water resources can damage an ecological system.

Of these four institutions, **DGA** is directly involved in resolving water use conflicts and at the end, is who decides if an economic activity can or not be done.



Ecological Demands vs Economic Activities

Economic Activities vs Drinking Water Supply

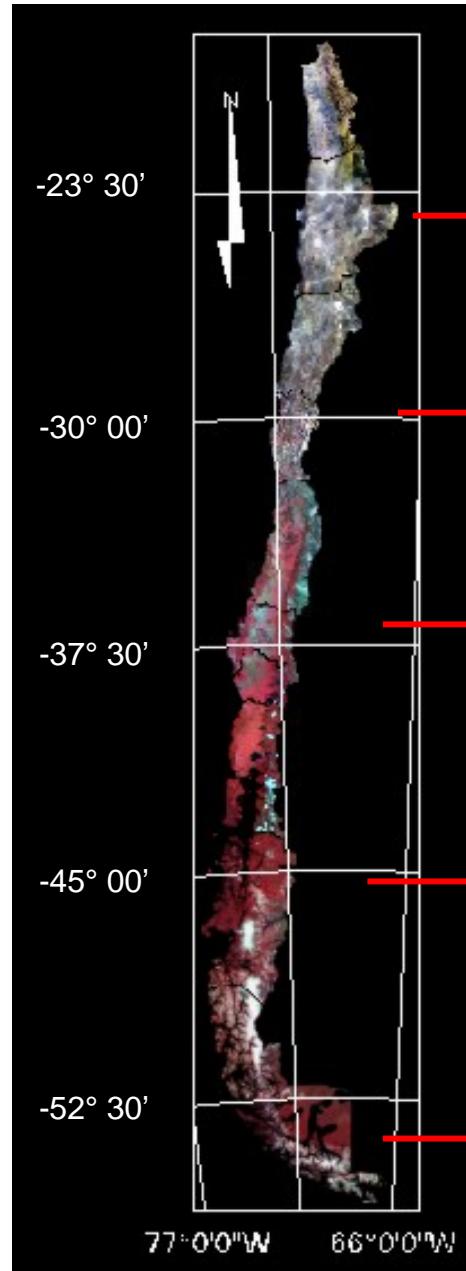
And within economics activities:

Mining vs Agriculture

Priorities:

- a) Ecological Demands (restriction for human settlements)
- b) Drinking Water Supply (restriction for economic Activities)
- c) Economic Activities (market driven, governmental regulation)

Climate Effect as seen with a LANDSAT Mosaic of Chile:



Arid Zone, Desert and Cold Desert
(high water conflict area)

Temperate Semi Arid Zone
(high water conflict area)

Temperate, Winter rains only

Rainy Temperate (Glaciers,
Channels and Fiords Zone)

Rainy Cold Temperate

PRESURE FOR GROUNDWATER RESOURCES USAGE

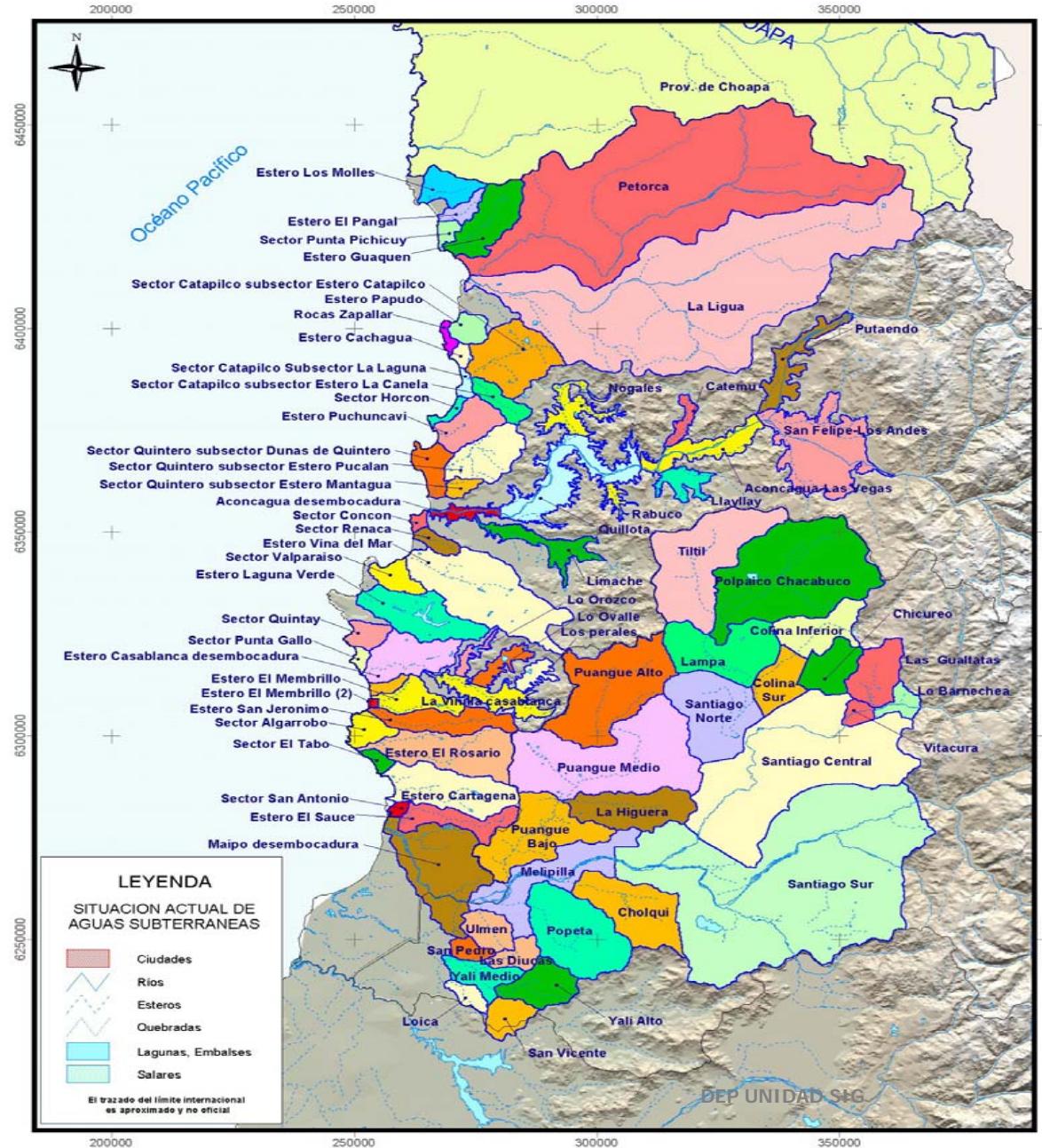


(in liters / second)

REGION	ACTUAL NEEDS (l/s)	AVAILABILITY (l/s)	LEGALLY ESTABLISHED	REJECTED (l/s)
I	11700	11669	6734	2511
II	13000	8028	6670	3559
III	18061	14511	14511	0
IV	26814	25667	16918	1137
V	70624	64008	43172	4634
M.R.	138935	10939	101023	28783

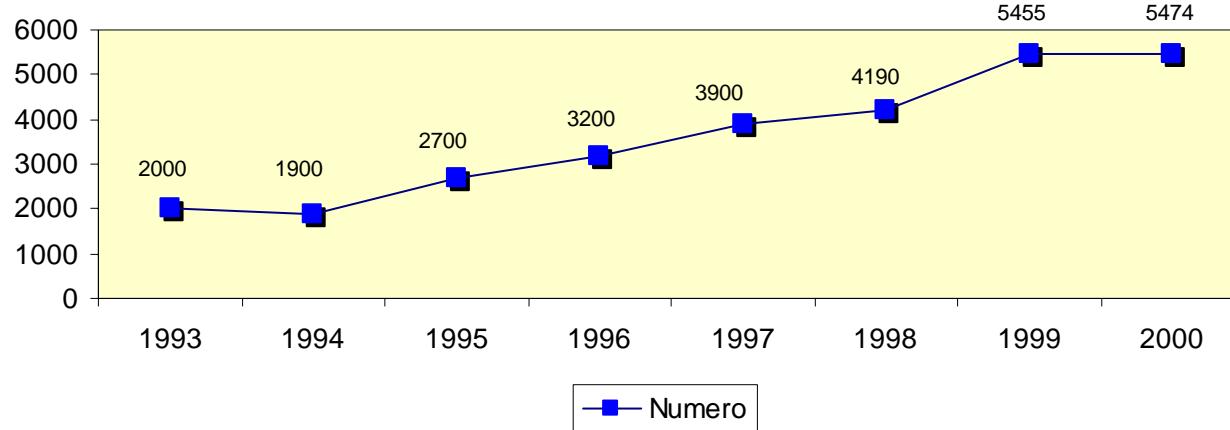
Source: DGA 2004.

Acquirers Location in V and Metropolitan Region:

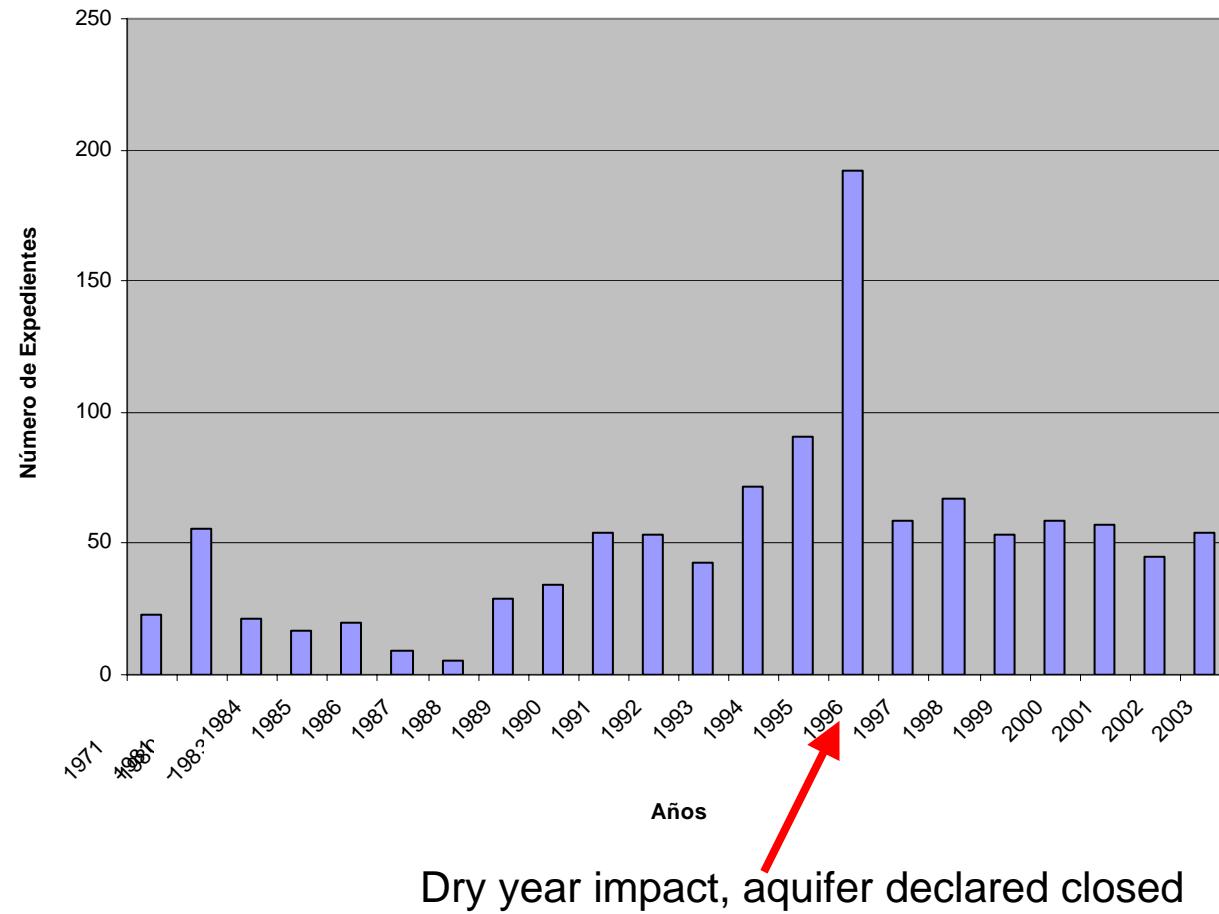


Source: DGA

Application Forms for Water Rights presented at DGA
In the Northern part of V Region.



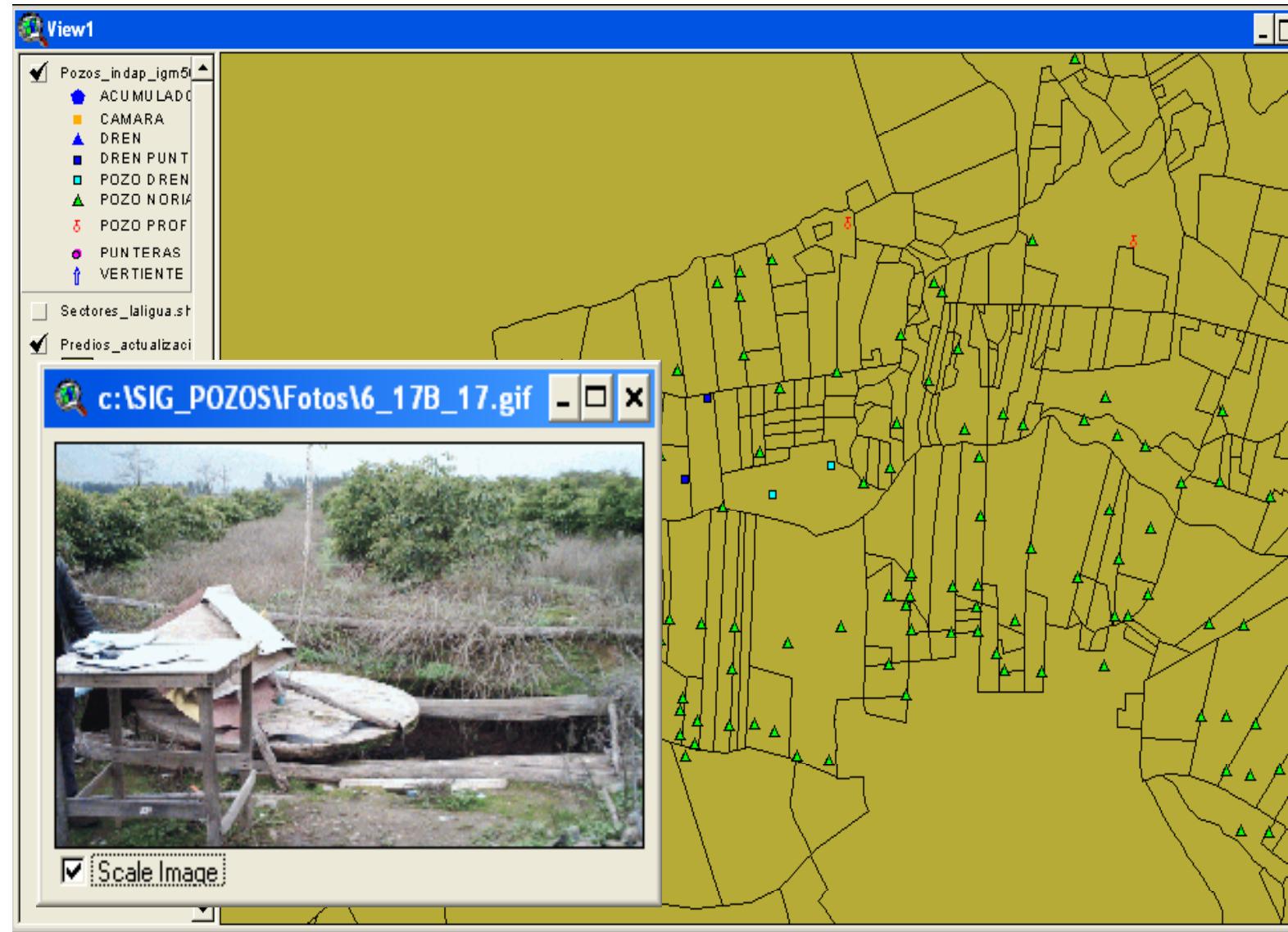
Application Forms for La Ligua Aquifer, V Region



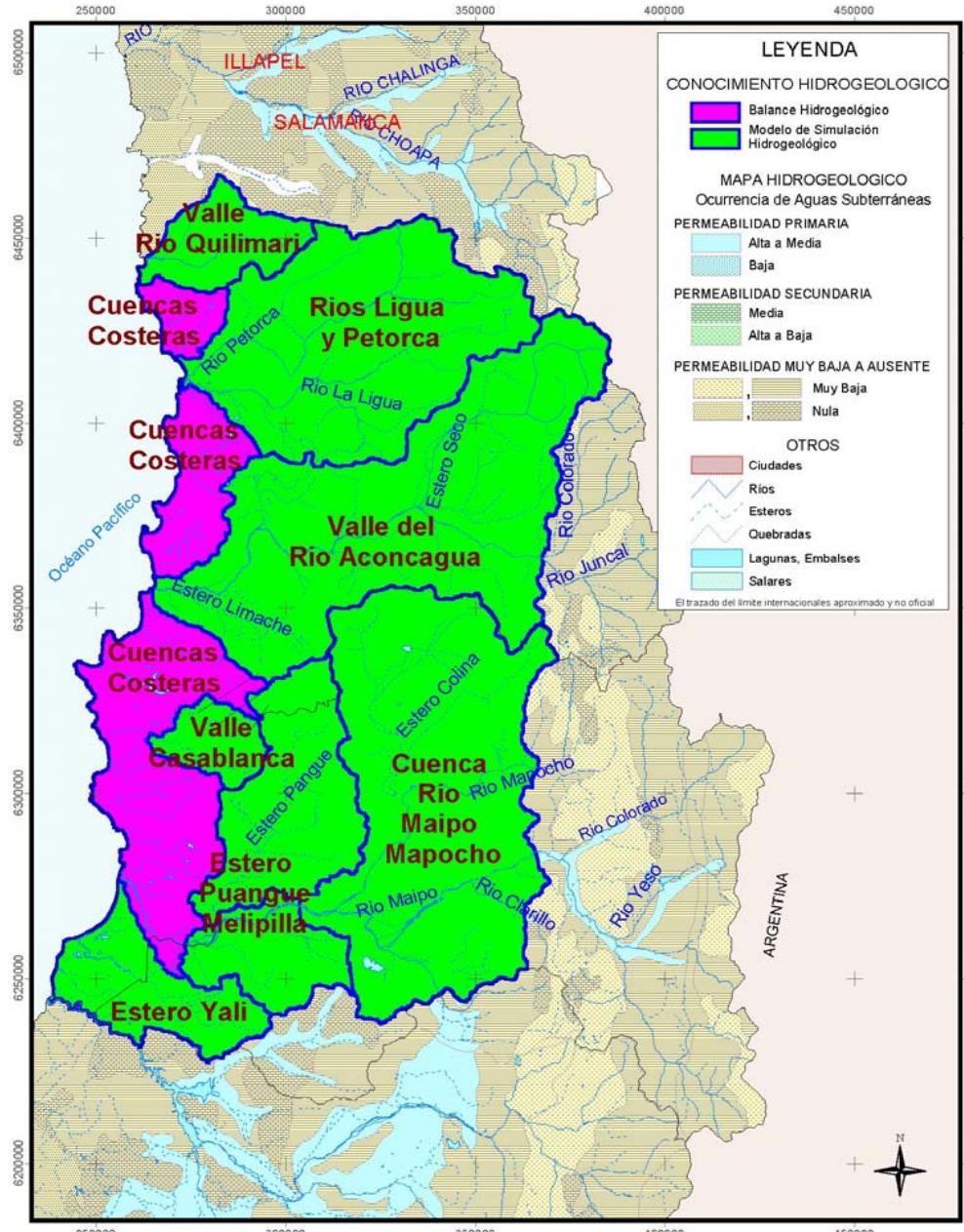
Source: INIA – CPR&SIG

Wells density in La Ligua Basin (V Region)

(mainly used for agriculture and drinking water)

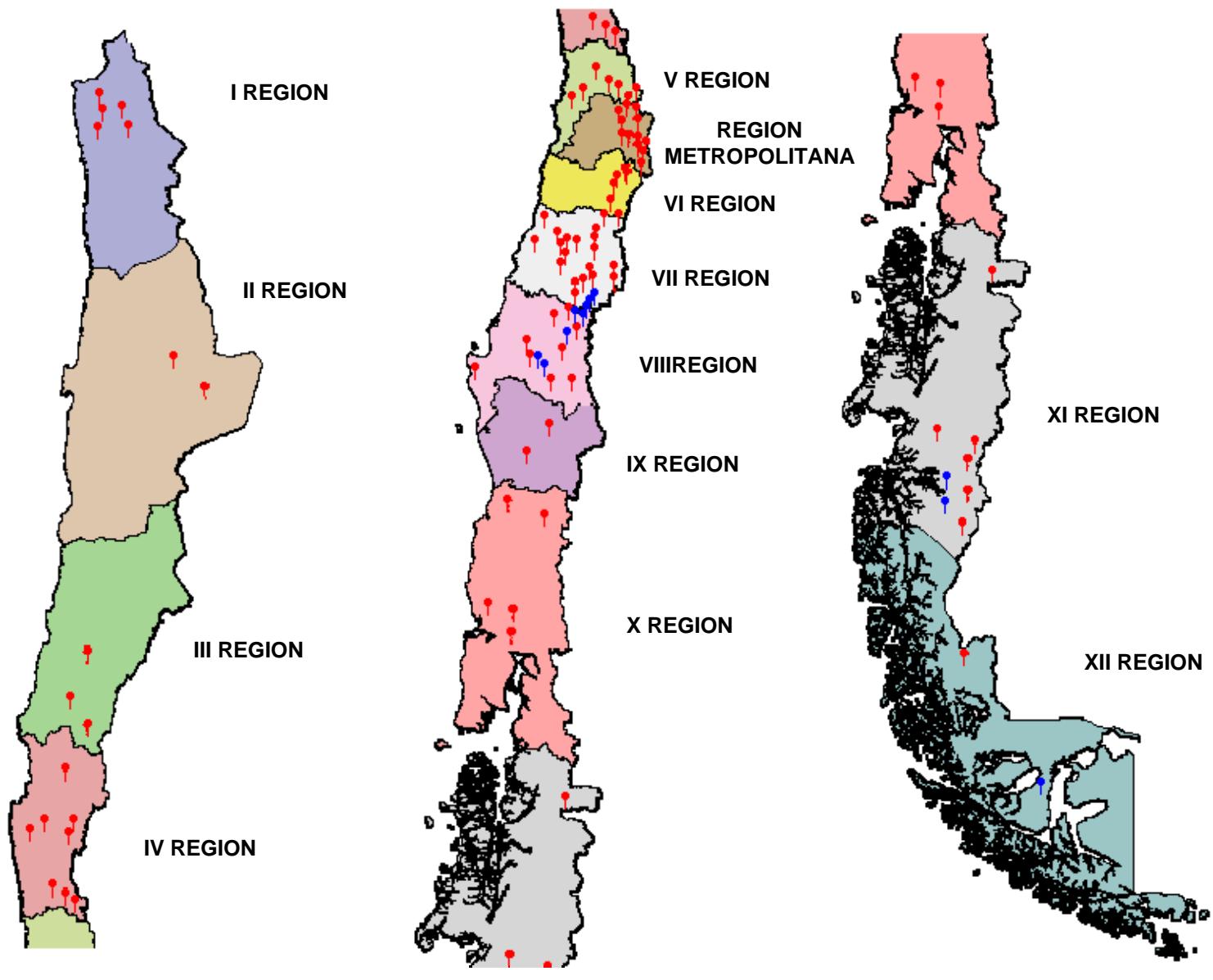


Use of Hydrologic Balance Models for Water Availability



SOURCE: DGA: DEP
UNIDAD SIG

Ground Truth: DGA - DCP Stations

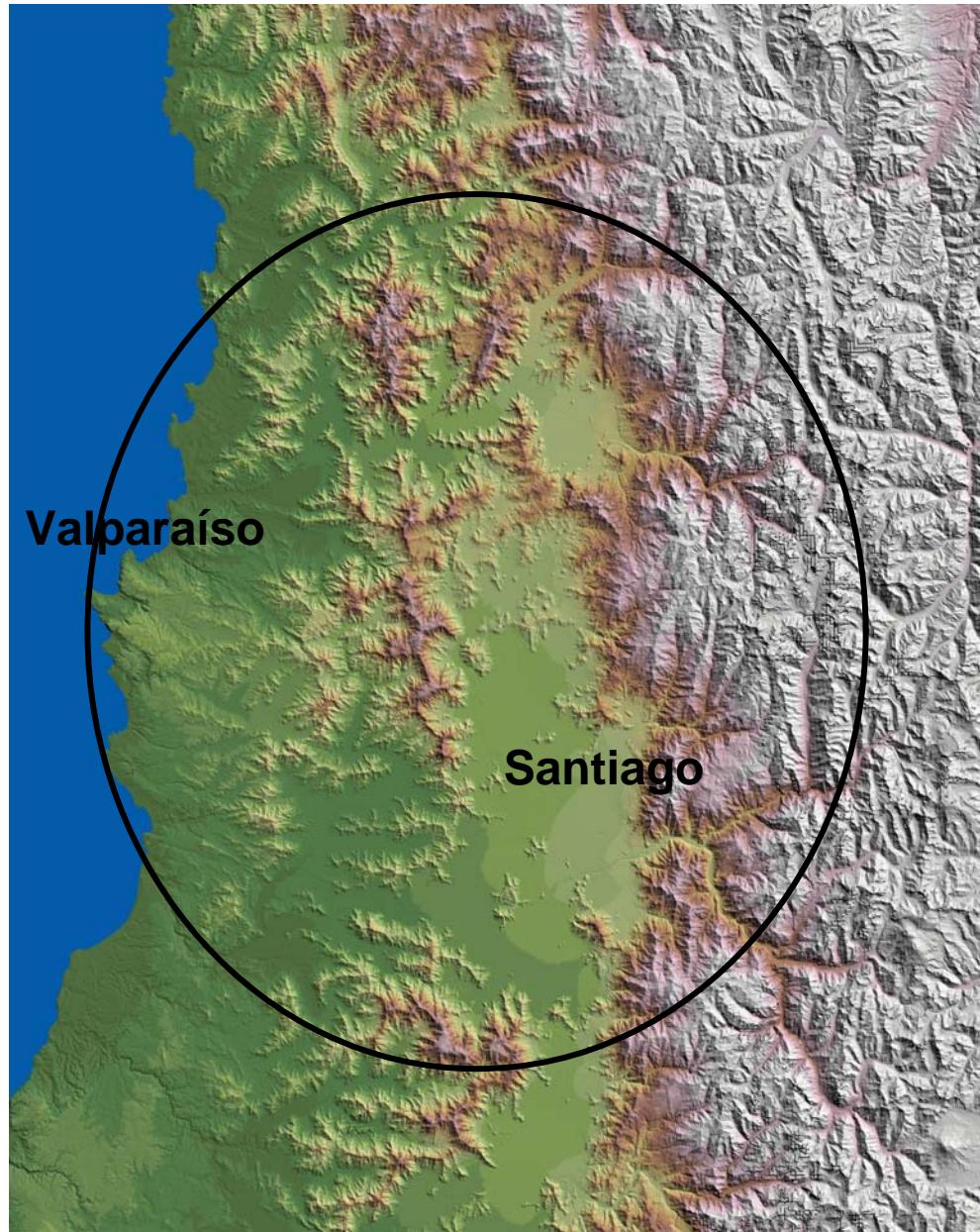


Stations installed and operated for DGA



transferred station from ENDESA to DGA

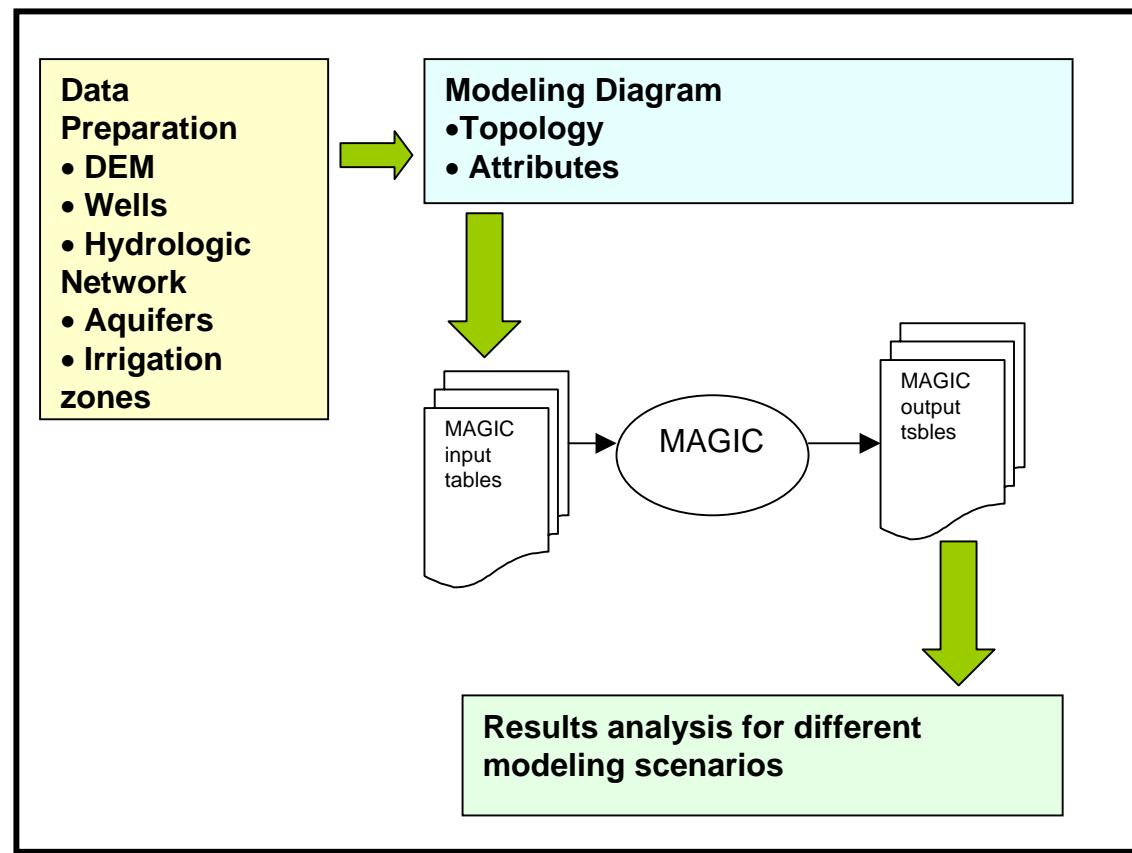
Study Area: Aconcagua an Maipo Rivers



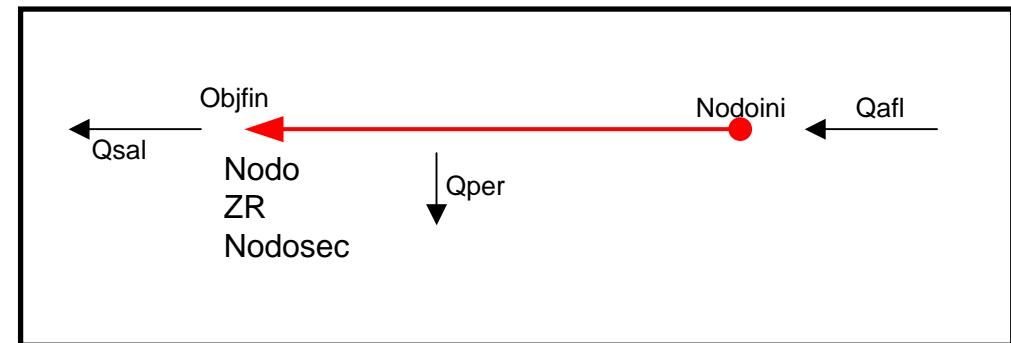
SRTM DEM

GIS Interface Concept

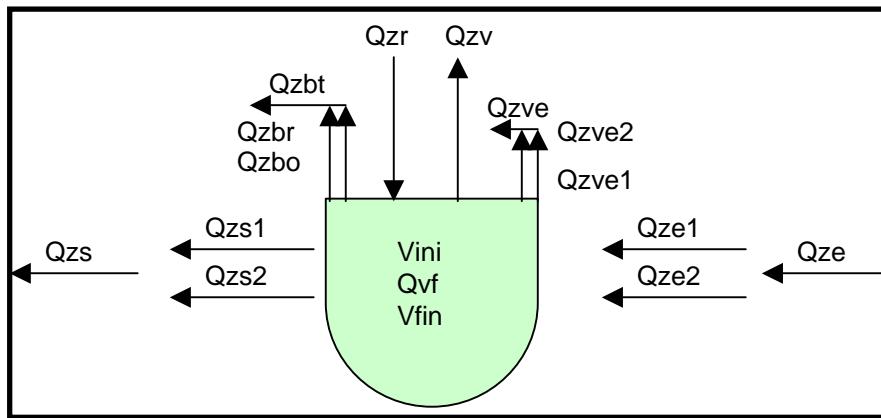
CPR&SIG has programmed a special interface for MAGIC, the hydrological model that DGA developed to better characterize Chilean basins.



Water Flow Diagrams for some Modelling Objects:

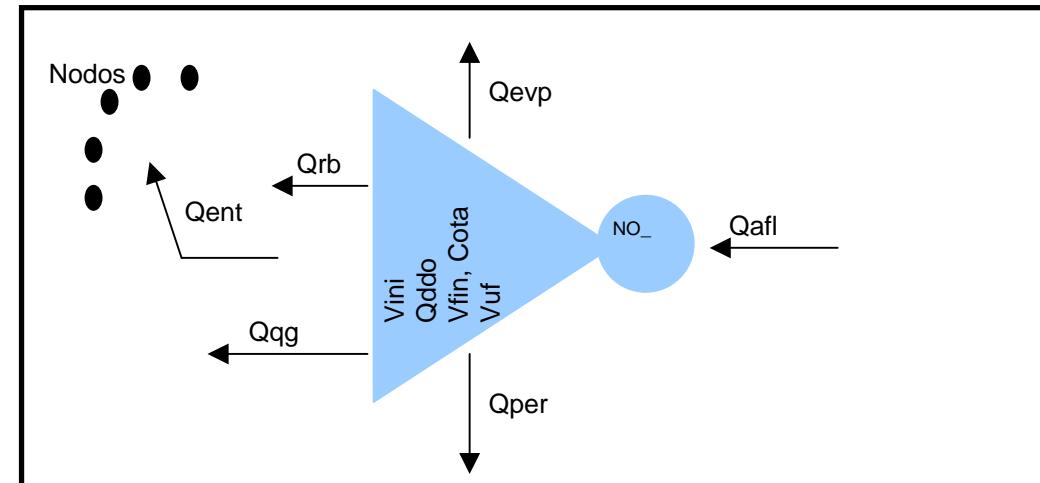


Channels



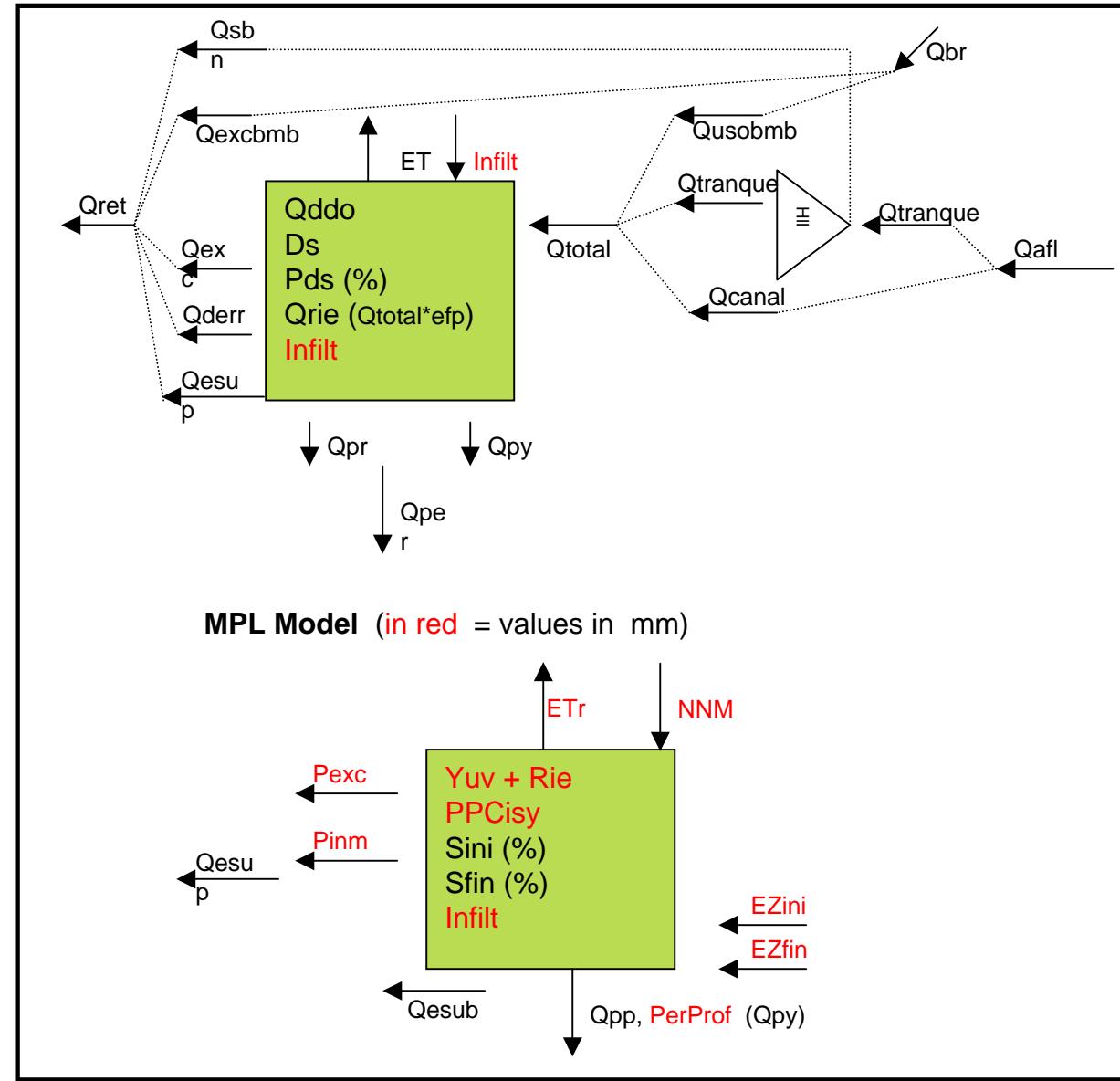
Dams

Aquifers



Water Flow Diagram for Agriculture Areas

Irrigated Zone





GIS Interface for MAGIC: Water Modelling Program

CNR-DGA: INTERFAZ MODELO MAGIC

Archivo Escenarios Funciones Especiales Window Ayuda

Escala 1: 1011211

MAGIC: Cartografía Base

R5_HIDROLOGIA_WGS:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6

USO_SUELDO (GRUPO)

- Perenne
- Maíz
- Alfalfa
- Chacra
- Cereales
- Caduco
- Uva
- Nogal
- Palto
- Cítrico
- Almendro
- Carozos
- Pomácea
- Cítrico
- Tunas
- Flores
- Membrillo

PAINTMDE.JPG (Imag.)

Escala 1 : 1011211 X:400928.47 Y:6423959.28

Tool Tip

12:59 a.m.

CNR_DGA: Hoyas Intermedias

Estación Pluviométrica de Referencia: EST-32

Vector de Evapotranspiración

Cantidad de Años: 49

PARAMETROS: Sini 0.01 EZini 0.001

A: 0.911 B: 0.850 FC: 6.00 K: 38

ALFA: 62.0 SCC: 0.974 SMIN: 0.230

SCRIT: 0.805 HMAX: 295.0 PMIN: 0.09

Precipitación Media (A)

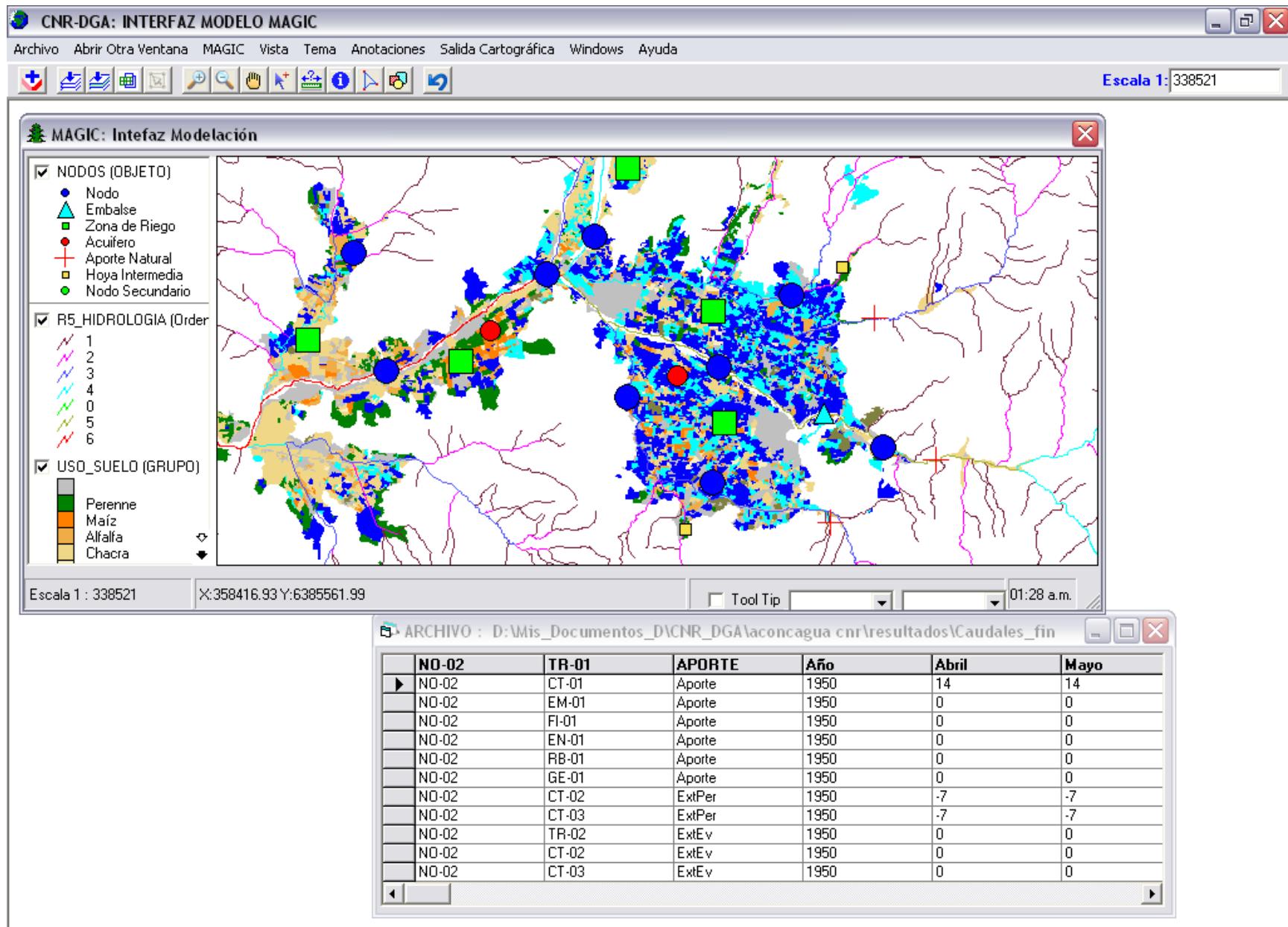
Detector Cuenca Dibujar Cuenca

Superficie (Km²) X: 312981.664
Y: 6364521.225

Calcular Estadística GRABAR

Año	Abri	Mayo	Junio	Julio	Agosto	Septiembre	Octubre
1983.	.048	.52	1.531	.986	1.11	.18	.
1984.	.	.751	.326	3.937	.676	.263	.081
1985.	.009	.345	.35	.993	.	.25	.
1986.	.168	1.483	.912	.039	.841	.028	.161
1987.	.015	.685	.274	4.438	2.372	.246	.567
1988.	.	.	.525	.53	.846	.142	.
1989.	.071	.165	.161	1.07	.832	.	.033
1990.	.	.049	.01	.676	.232	.229	.036
1991.	.046	.446	2.229	.995	.119	1.031	.298
1992.	.468	1.875	2.656	.058	1.219	.48	.
1993.	.936	.589	.595	.527	.449	.019	.019
1994.	.205	.100	.500	.224	.157	.010	.010

Water Flow Output for each Modelled Object





Future Actions:

Having a user friendly tool as interface for MAGIC Hydrologic Model, that allows a better data preparation and result analysis, DGA jointly with CNR and CONAMA will reanalyze water availability for all the basins that were declared closed in past years.

At the same time, DGA, CNR and CONAMA are implementing Web Mapping systems and Internet connected Data Bases that will allow rapid crosschecking of information that decision managers needs for conceding water rights that has been petitioned.

The end

