DATA NEEDS FOR MONITORING ENERGY USE AND ITS IMPACT ON AIR POLLUTION

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

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INTRODUCTION

- Energy is a central to our economy, lifestyles and health
- Energy production and consumption have serious negative impacts on local, regional and global environment
- Using energy more efficiently offers the best way to reduce these environmental problems

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT FROM USING ENERGY

- Burning fossil fuel releases carbon dioxide, associated with global climate change
- Mining coal and extracting oil can damage ecosystems and water supplies
- Nuclear power generates waste disposal problems and poses the risk of a catastrophic accident
- Hydroelectric power can damage ecosystems alongs waterways
- Burning biomass and fossil fuels still emits some pollution particulary nitrogen oxides (Nox)

Oil and air pollutions

- Oil is used mostly for transportation or home heating purpose
- A small pecentage is used for electricity generation
- Burning oil produces higher greenhouse gas emission

Coal and air pollution

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- sulfur dioxide (SO2)
- small airborne particles,
- nitrogen oxide (NOx.
- carbon monoxide (CO

Coal and air pollution

- hydrocarbons, volatile organic compounds (VOC)
- mercur
- arsenic,
- lead, cadmium, other toxic heavy metals, and trace amounts of uranium

Biomass and air pollution

- The majority of household in developing countries burn biomass fuel in open fireplaces
- In most cases, combustion is incomplete and produces very high levels of indoor pollution
- Women's exposure is much higher than men's

Data needs for monitoring energy use and its impact on air pollution

- Improvement of air pollutant emissions data base by adopting comparable techniques and methods of measuring emissions inventories
- Continuous monitoring of air pollutant emissions
- Transfer between countries of available technologies and methods to reduce air pollution
- International cooperation on research and development to encrease the effectiveness and to reduce the costs of controlling emissions, particurarly for retrofitting existing installations.

Recommendations

- Local Authorities should give an important contribution to save energy and prevents its negative impacts on air quality
- Prepairing Energy plans based on the analysis of local energy supply and demand trends, in relation to social and economic conditions
- Related greenhouse gas emissions are also considered

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

