# Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System – An Overview

Presentation at UN International Meeting on the Applications of GNSS

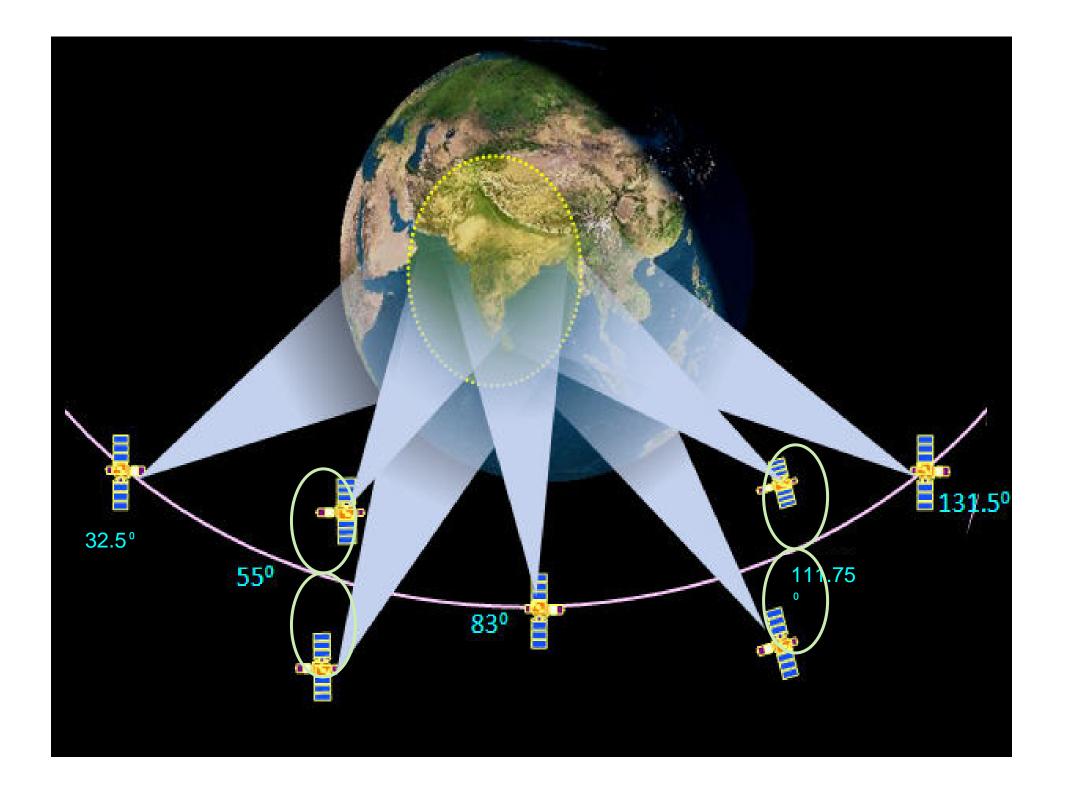
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# Satellite Navigation Program









## IRNSS Objective

- IRNSS Refers to Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System implemented by the Indian Space Research Organisation.
- IRNSS is an independent Navigation Satellite System providing Navigation services in the Indian Region.
- IRNSS system provides the user with a targeted position accuracy of better than 20m over India and the region extending to about 1500 km around India.

# IRNSS Signals

#### L5 Band

Service	Frequency Band	Centre Frequency (MHz)	Allocated Bandwidth (MHz)	Polarization	Modulation	Code rate (Mcps)
SPS	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz)	RHCP	BPSK(1)	1.023
RS data	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz )	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046
RS pilot	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz )	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046

#### **S** Band

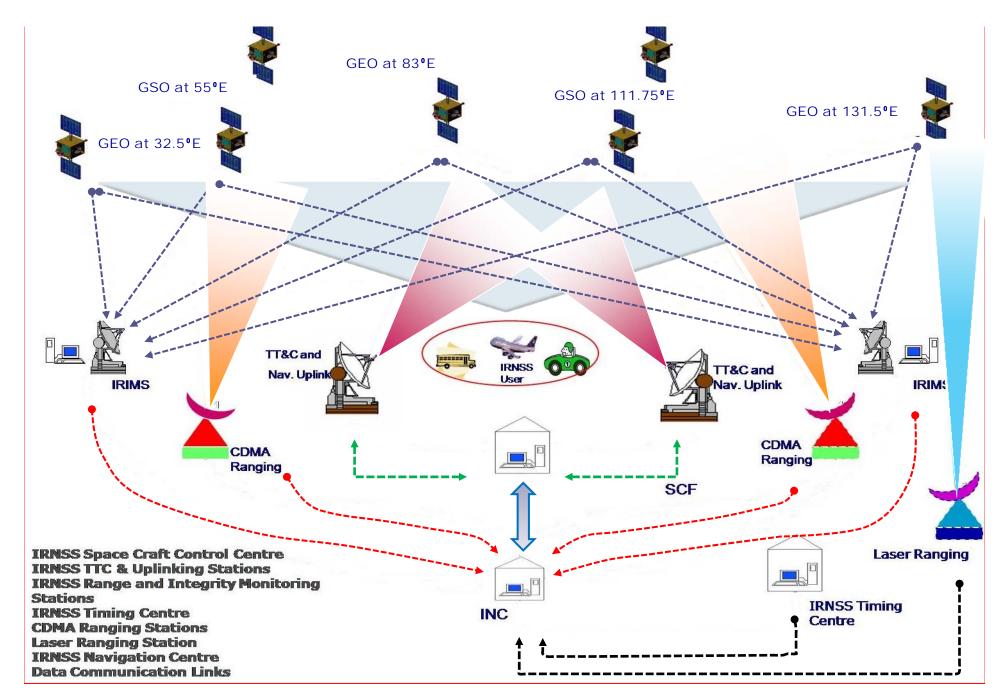
Service	Frequency Band	Centre Frequency (MHz)	Allocated Bandwidth (MHz)	Polarization	Modulation	Code rate (Mcps)
SPS	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BPSK(1)	1.023
RS data	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046
RS pilot	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046

### IRNSS Architecture

- Space Segment
  - Spacecraft Bus Elements & Navigation Payload
- Ground Segment
  - Range & Integrity Monitoring Stations, Navigation Centre, CDMA
    & Laser Ranging Stations, Satellite Control Centre & Uplink
    Stations, Data Communication Links, Network Timing Facility.

#### **User Segment**

Single & Dual Frequency Receivers for SPS and RS



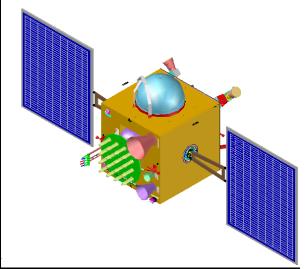
**IRNSS Architecture** 

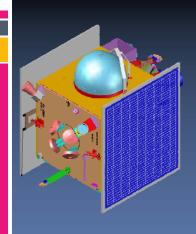
## Space Segment

- Space Segment consists of Seven satellites
- 3 Satellites in Geo-Stationary orbit at 32.5°, 83° and 131.5° East.
- 4 Satellites in GEO Synchronous orbit placed at inclination of 29° with Longitude crossing at 55° and 111.75° East.
- Two spare satellite are also planned.
- The Satellites are specially configured for the Navigation. Same configuration for GEO and GSO which is desirable for the production of the satellites. Production plan & schedule are worked out.
  - IRNSS Satellites are to be launched by the Indian launcher PSLV.
  - The first Satellite will be launched by Second Quarter of 2012. The subsequent launches are planned once in Six months. The full constellation will be operational by 2015.

### IRNSS Satellite

- IRNSS Satellites are designed around I-1K bus.
- Dry mass of around 600 kgs and lift off mass of 1425 kgs
- Power generation capability of 1600 W
- Navigation Payload Transmits SPS and RS signals in L5 and S Bands.





Payload utilizes highly stable Atomic Frequency Standards for generation of Navigation Signals.

## Ground Segment Subsystems

IRNSS Satellite Control Earth Stations

- 9 Nos

■ IRNSS Satellite Control Centre ( IRSCC )

- 2 Nos

• IRNSS Range and Integrity Monitoring Stations (IRIMS)-17 Nos

IRNSS Navigation Centre (INC)

IRNSS Network Time (IRNWT)

IRNSS CDMA Ranging Stations (IRCDR

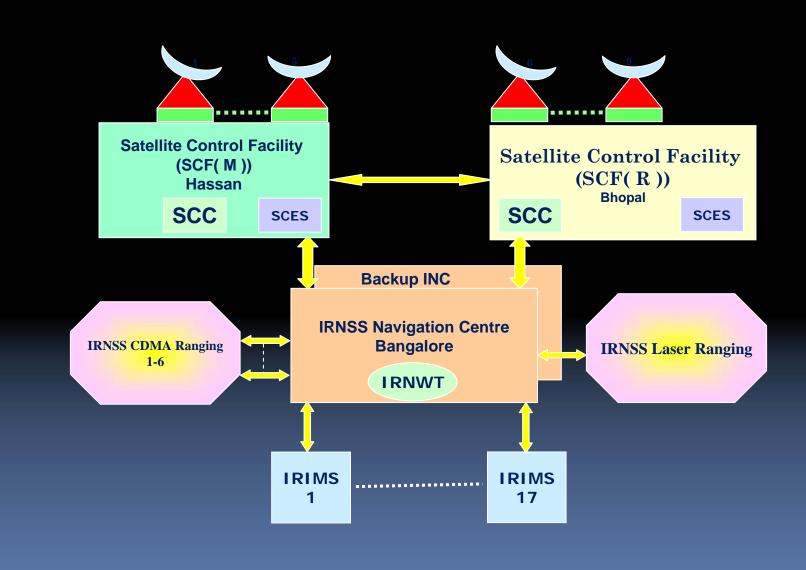
• IRNSS Data Communication Network (IRDCN)

- 2 Nos





# Ground Segment Architecture



## User Segment

- The user segment consists of IRNSS receivers operating in
  - Single Frequency (L5 or S band)
  - Dual Frequency (L5 and S band)

Single frequency and dual frequency receivers shall receive both SPS and RS signals. SPS is for civilian users. RS signal is an encrypted service for authorized users.

## Satellite Navigation Applications

- ➤ Avionic navigation and precise landing system
- > Mapping and GIS data capture
- > Automated logistics in factories, construction sites and mines
- > Vehicle tracking and fleet management.
- > Terrestrial navigation aid for hikers and travelers
- Visual and voice navigation for drivers
- ➤ Integration with mobile phones.

