

# UN Basic Space Technology Initiative

Objectives of the 2017 Symposium and Practical Arrangements 27.09.2017



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# **UNOOSA's Mission Statement**

The core business of the Office is to promote international cooperation in the use of outer space to achieve development goals

# **UNOOSA's Vision**

Bringing the benefits of space to humankind

Space technology helps address global challenges and supports the **2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development** 



SUSTAINABLE CITIES

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**3** GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

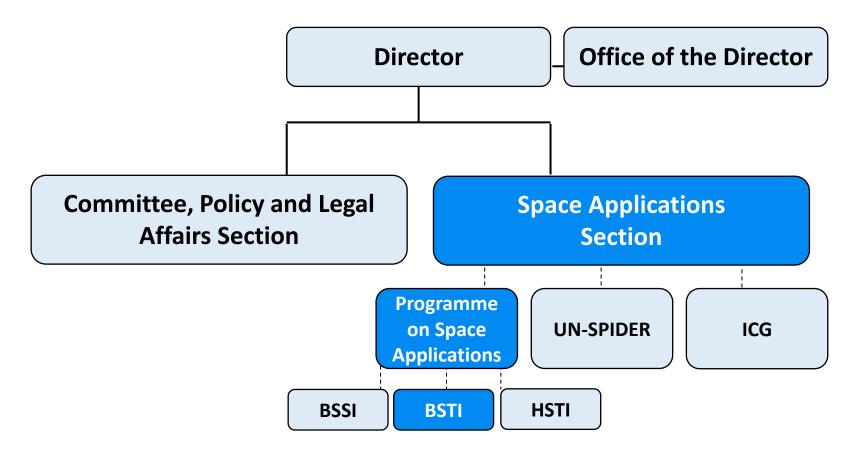
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

QUALITY EDUCATION

**9** INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



# **UNOOSA: Organization**





# **Roles of UNOOSA**



**CAPACITY-BUILDER:** UNOOSA brings the benefits of space to humankind by building space capacity of non-space-faring countries



**GLOBAL FACILITATOR:** UNOOSA plays a leading and facilitating role in the promotion of the peaceful uses of outer space



GATEWAY TO SPACE: UNOOSA is the main UN agency on space matters and facilitates the coordination of UN activities using space-related technology to improve the human condition globally.

### UNISPACE +50

# **UNISPACE+50: its Thematic Priorities**

2018 marks the **50<sup>th</sup> anniversary** of the first **UN Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNISPACE)**, held in Vienna in 1968.

- **1.** Global partnership in space exploration and innovation
- 2. Legal regime of outer space and global space governance: current and future perspectives → Session 5: Hedman, Okumura, Martinez...
- 3. Enhanced information exchange on space objects and events
- 4. International framework for space weather services
- 5. Strengthened space cooperation for global health
- 6. International cooperation towards low-emission and resilient societies
- 7. Capacity-building for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century.



# Benefits of Small Satellite Development

- Affordable approach to establish capacity for space technology development;
- Limited infrastructure and development cost;
- Train and educate engineers and project managers with transferable skills;
- Acquisition of technical capabilities, with potential spin-offs into other industrial sectors;
- Establishment of commercial businesses;
- > Opportunities for international space cooperation;
- > Stepping-stone in developing and enhancing a country's space capacity;
- > Benefits accruing from the actual operational use of small satellites.

# Basic Space Technology Initiative (BSTI)

I. Respond to the growing interest in establishing indigenous space technology development capacities

II. Support capacity-building in space technology development, in particular through small-satellite activities

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#### **Mission:**

Enhance access to space application tools for sustainable development through building capacity in basic space technology

III. Promote relevant standards and adherence to legal and regulatory frameworks IV. Promote international cooperation and information exchange



# **Basic Activities: UN/Austria/ESA**





- Series of three Symposiums held in Graz, Austria
- Co-sponsored by the Austrian Government and the European Space Agency
  - 2009: "Small Satellite Programmes for Sustainable Development" (A/AC.105/966)
  - **2010:** "Payloads for Small Satellite Programmes" (A/AC.105/983)
  - 2011: "Implementing Small Satellite Programmes - Technical, Managerial, Regulatory and Legal Issues" (A/AC.105/1005)

http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/psa/bsti/ events\_activities.html



# **Basic Activities: Technical Assistance**

Welcome to the 4th African Leadership Conference 2011 for Sustainable Development 26th - 28th September 2011, Mombasa, Kenya.

29th of September - Visit to San Marco Satellite and Launching Station Malindi



BSTI organized special sessions on Capacity-Building in Space Technology Development at the

- Fourth African Leadership Conference on Space Science and Technology for Sustainable Development Mombasa, Kenya, 26-28 September 2011
- VI Space Conference of the Americas, held in Pachuca, Mexico, 15-19 November 2010

BSTI is providing technical assistance to Member States on issues such as

- Registration of space objects → Session 5: Okumura
- Frequency coordination (in cooperation with International Telecommunications Union)

 $\rightarrow$  Session 5: Loo



# **Fellowship Programmes**

United Nations/Japan Long-term Fellowship Programme on Nano-Satellite Technologies Hosted by Kyushu Institute of Technology,Japan

Doctorate in Nano-Satellite Technologies



- United Nations/Japan Long-term Fellowship Programme, hosted by the Kyushu Institute of Technology at its Center for Nanosatellite Testing
- Post-graduate study on Nano-Satellite Technologies (PNST)
- 3-year PhD and 2-years Masters programme, up to 6 students/year
- > All cost (tuition, living cost, travel) covered
- More information on: <u>http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/psa/bsti/fellowships.html</u>

> 5 year PNST Symposium: 4-5 Dec 2017

→ YASE Panel and Session 7: Tejumola

# Space Law and Policy for Engineers

United Nations/Japan Long-term Fellowship Programme on Nano-Satellite Technologies Hosted by Kyushu Institute of Technology,Japan

Doctorate in Nano-Satellite Technologies



Small Satellite developers require a basic understanding of space law and policy

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- To meet this capacity building need, a course on "The International Dimension of Space Activities: Space Law and Policy for Engineers" was developed, with support from UNOOSA
- 2-credit course (16x90 minutes), including practical exercises on developing and drafting national space law and policy
- Taught to 38 MSc and PhD Students participating in the UN/Japan PNST longterm fellowship programme and in Kyutech's Space Engineering International Course (SEIC)
- Course will be further developed and offered at Kyutech

# **Course Syllabus**

#	Lecture Content
1	Introduction – why space engineers need to know about space law and policy.
2	History of space activities – how space activities evolved in the context of space law and policy.
3	Importance of space activities – why they are essential for humankind.
4	United Nations and space activities – the role of the United Nations and other international organizations.
5	Essentials of international space law, Part I – fundamentals of international law, outer space treaty.
6	Essentials of international space law, Part II – space objects, liability and registration, Moon treaty.
7	Long-term sustainability of outer space activities – space debris, frequency coordination, orbital positions.
8	Developing a national space policy and strategy for your country – team exercise.
9	National space law – importance of developing and implementing national space law.
10	International space cooperation – why and how to cooperate, space cooperation examples.
11	Developing national space law for your country – team exercise.
12	Space in support of sustainable development – how space activities contribute to Agenda 2030 implementation.

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**13 Future of space governance –** UNISPACE conferences, UNISPACE+50 and Space 2030.



## Hand-on Workshops







#### **HEPTA Workshop**

- Organized by Nihon University and UNISEC-Global, hosted by Stellenbosch University
- Back to back with current Symposium:
   9-10 December
- > 18 participants: 9 international + 9 local
- Kits displayed at exhibition
- $\rightarrow$  Session 4: Yamazaki
- $\rightarrow$  Session 7: Kawashima

Pilot extended to future Symposiums??

# **UNOOSA & Access to Space**



**High Schools Research Centres / Institutions** Universities and Academics

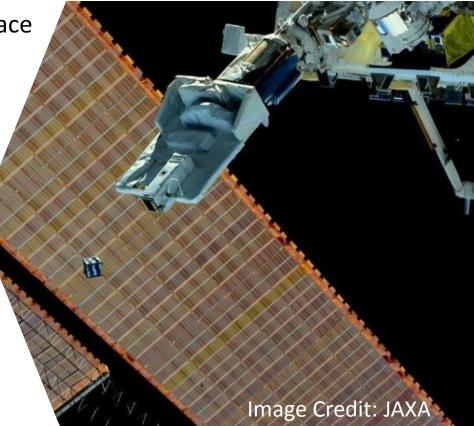
**Space Agencies** 

Governments and IGOs



# **BSTI and HSTI: KiboCUBE**

- OOSA and JAXA provide access to space to non space fairing member states
   → Session 7: Tsuji
- One free deployment per year of a 1U Cubesat from the Japanese ISS Kibo module
- ► First round: University of Nairobi, Kenya → Session 1: Mwangi
- Second round: The Universidad del Valle de Guatemala, Guatemala



# **HSTI – Sierra Nevada Corporation**



Complements HSTI efforts, strategy and timeline Provides further access to LEO Experiments on DreamChaser Planned two-week free-flyer flight for 2021

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- Call for Interest Nov 2017
  - 150 responses received
- Briefing (online/in person)
   January 2018
- Announcement of Opportunity tentatively March 2018
- Configuration based on final user requirements





# International Space Technology Symposiums

- Symposiums are being held in the regions that correspond to the United Nations Economic Commissions:
  - Africa
  - Asia and the Pacific
  - □ Latin America and the Caribbean
  - Western Asia
- Symposium Objectives:
  - Address international and regional aspects of small satellite programmes and capacity-building in basic space technology
  - (Develop a United Nations Space Technology Education Curriculum in cooperation with educators and experts)
  - Launch and implement BSTI Projects
- The Symposiums build on the recommendations of the UN/Austria/ESA series of Symposiums 2009-2011



# International Space Technology Symposiums



2014 United Nations/Mexico Symposium on Basic Space Technology

20-24 October 2014 Ensenada, Baja California, Mexico <u>Report A/AC.105/1086</u>



2013 United Nations/United Arab Emirates Symposium on Basic Space Technology

20-23 October 2013 Dubai, United Arab Emirates Report A/AC.105/1052



2012 United Nations/Japan Nano-Satellite Symposium

10-13 October 2012 Nagoya, Japan <u>Report A/AC.105/1032</u>

## International Space Technology Symposiums: South Africa

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<u>United Nations/South Africa Symposium on Basic Space Technology</u> 10-14 December 2017 Stellenbosch, South Africa

## **UN/South Africa Symposium on BSTI**

Small Satellite Missions for Scientific and Technological Advancement

Objectives:

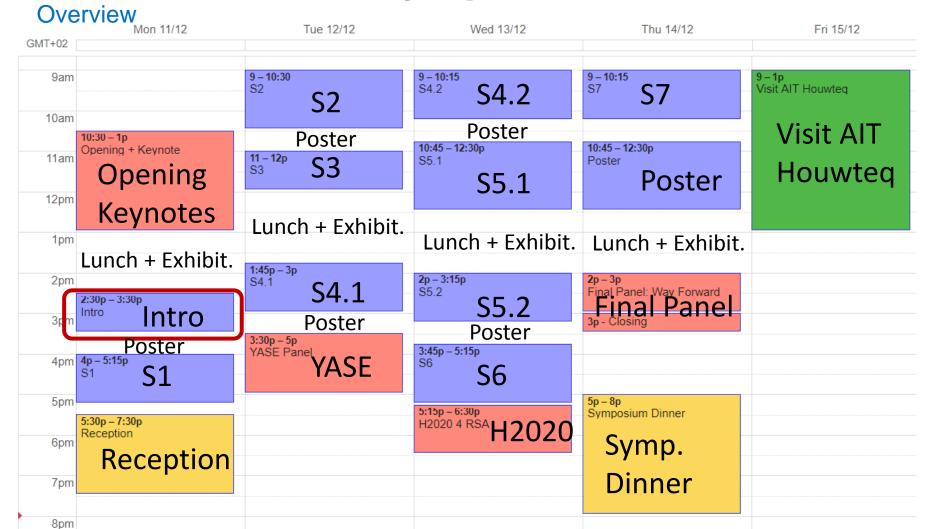
1. Review the status of capacity-building in basic space technology for small satellites including lessons learned from the past and on-going development activities with a focus on regional and international collaboration opportunities, in particular for countries in Africa;

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- 2. Examine issues relevant to the implementation of small satellite programmes, such as organizational capacity-building, development and testing infrastructure and launch opportunities;
- 3. Review state-of-the-art scientific applications of small satellite programmes and their associated supporting technological developments, in particular with focus on applications for agriculture, environment and city monitoring, and education to promote a sustainable growth, in line with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development;
- 4. Elaborate on regulatory issues of space technology development programmes, such as frequency allocation and space debris mitigation measures for enhancing the long-term sustainability of outer space activities as well as import/export controls;
- 5. Elaborate on legal issues and responsibilities related to space technology development programmes, such as those that are raised from the relevant provisions in international space law;
- 6. Discuss the way forward for the Basic Space Technology Initiative (BSTI), and its capacity-building and international cooperation activities in preparation of UNISPACE+50.

# **UN/South Africa Symposium on BSTI**

UNISPAC





# **Organizational Issues**

#### Sessions, Panel Discussions

- Sessions are chaired by a chairperson, supported by rapporteurs. Panel discussions are moderated by a moderator
- Speakers are recommended to meet with their chairperson/moderator prior to their session/panel
- Chairpersons/rapporteurs will summarize the findings of their sessions (input for UN report)
- Time for presentations is indicated in the programme and includes time for questions and answers. Q&A time at the end of the session might be used for further questions
- Please ensure that your presentation file is uploaded to the presentation computer
- >All presentation materials will be made available online



### Organizational Issues Poster Session

Posters will be displayed from Monday afternoon now

Dedicated poster session on Thursday

### Exhibition

Lunch and breaks, interact with exhibitors
Internet (Wireless): Stias2 Stellenbosch2016!

Updates to the participants / speakers list

Notify organizers, make sure presentation uploaded Announcements to be made at the end of each session

# **Closing Remarks**

- >Use opportunities to get to know each others work
- Symposium CRP is a unique opportunity to convey a message to decision makers in your own country > Session 2: Durão
- >2018 Symposium to be held in Brazil → Session 6: Prado, Souto
  → Session 8: Mafra de Carvalho

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We are looking for host countries for the BSTI Symposiums 2019 and beyond

Wishing us all a productive Symposium and a good time in Stellenbosch.

Thank you for your participation and contributions!



# THANK YOU



UNITED NATIONS Office for Outer Space Affairs

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# **Backup Slides**

# **CRP for STSC on the Symposium**

	General Assembly	Distr.: General 28 November 2011
		Original: English
Committee Uses of Ou	e on the Peaceful ter Space	
	Report on the third United Natior Agency Symposium on Small Sate Sustainable Development: "Imple programmes: technical, manageri issues"	ellite Programmes for menting small satellite
	(Graz, Austria, 13-16 September 2011	0
I.	Introduction	
	I. The third in a series of three United Nat yrapholiums on multi-asciller groupmans: for yrapholiums on multi-asciller groupmans; for simuli satellite programmes; technical, amange series of symposiums is part of the Basic Spa- cerried out in the framework of the Unit Applications that is aimed at supporting technology and promoting the use of space the peaceful uses of outer space and in (see www.moosc.grous.cm/SAPNsbinindext.)	sustainable development was held in focusing on the thme "Implementing rial, regulatory and legal issues". The ce Technology Initiative, an initiative ted Nations Programme on Space capacity-building in basic technology and its applications for support of sustainable development
	2. The Office for Outer Space Affairs of Austria and the European Space Agency (ESA on space science and technology and their a symposiums have addressed a broad range of social benefits of space activities for develop space industry with developing countries, ent space activities and space applications for sust all the symposiums is available on the website (www.unoosa.org/oosa/SAP/gazinde.html).	) have jointly organized symposiums pplications in Graz since 1994. The themes, including the economic and ing countries, the cooperation of the hancing the participation of youth in ainable development. Information on
	<ol> <li>The most recent Symposium was the eigh by the Government of Austria and co-spon</li> </ol>	
	5) 161211 191211	

Prepared by UNOOSA with the help of the session chairs/rapporteurs

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Report will reflect discussions and include observations and recommendations made by participants

