



The MADRIGAL Database

Anthea Coster_ (ajc@haystack.mit.edu)

Bill Rideout (brideout@haystack.mit.edu)

Nestor Aponte (aponen@mit.edu)

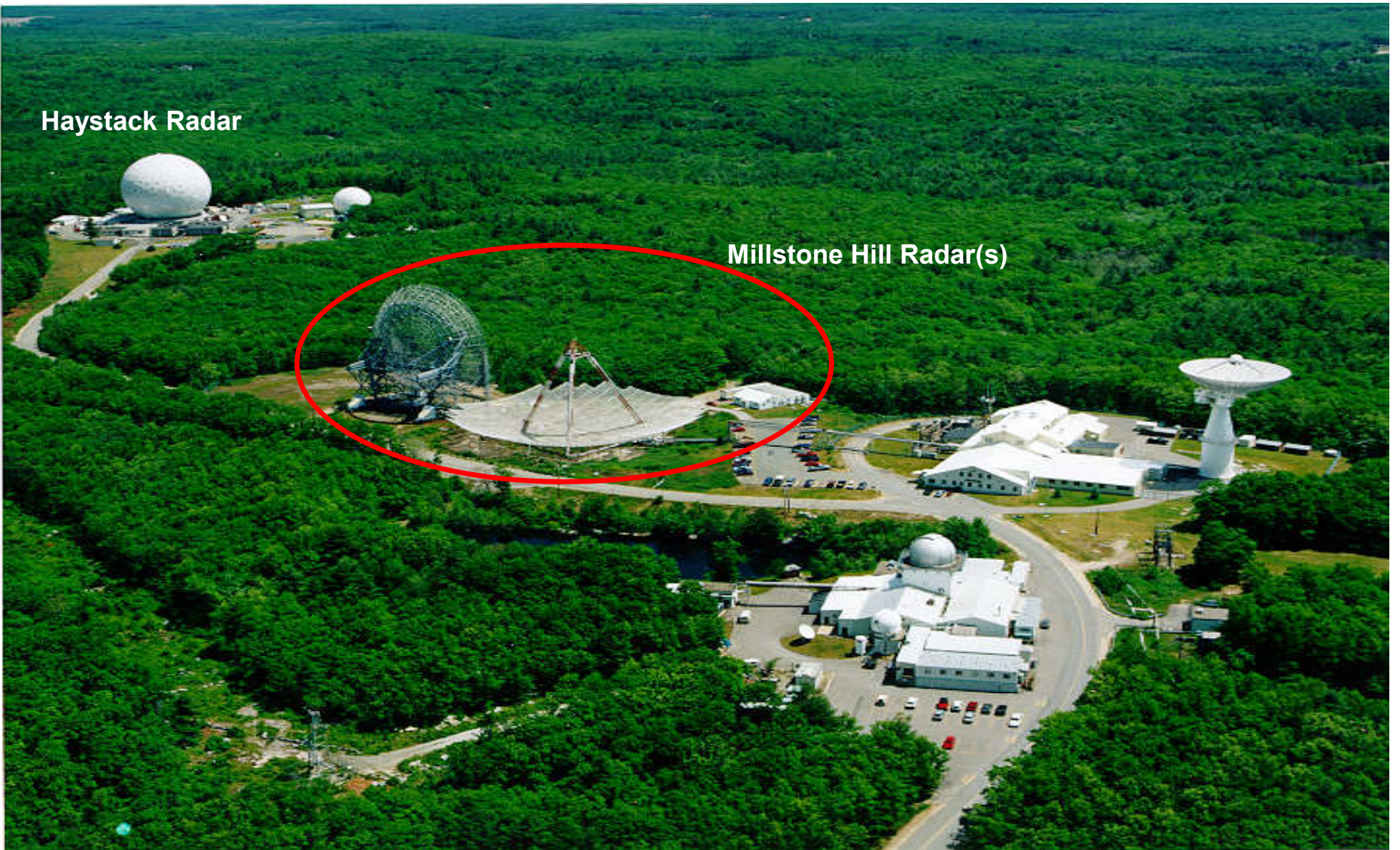
MIT Haystack Observatory

<http://cedar.openmadrigal.org/index.html/>

Madrigal is an upper atmospheric science database used by groups around the world. The US National Science Foundation supports it.

Haystack Radar

Millstone Hill Radar(s)



Outline

- Where to find Cedar Madrigal database/?
- What is Madrigal?
- How to get TEC data from Madrigal?
- Ask for handout! I will provide to group.

Welcome to Haystack

Radio science & technology research center

Pioneering radio astronomy



Geodesy: measuring Earth



Geospace from A to Z

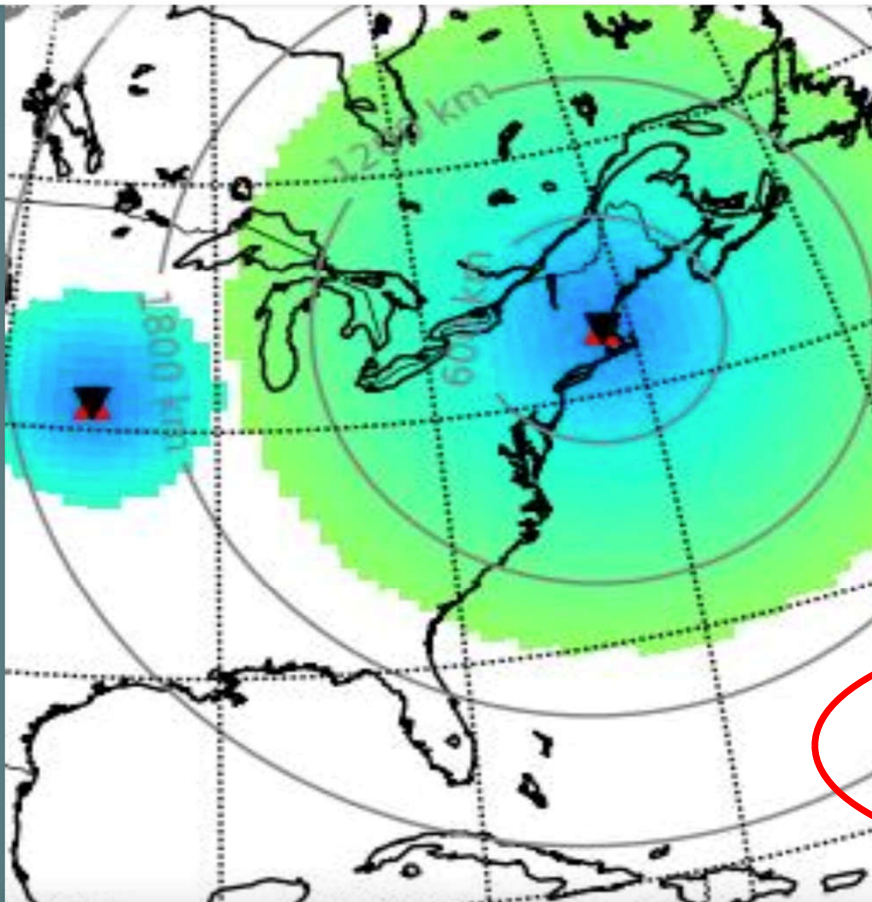




Geospace

Scroll down page until you find Madrigal database

About ▾ Our Researchers ▾ Astronomy ▾ Geodesy ▾ Geospace ▾ Space Technology ▾



Geospace Science

MILLSTONE HILL GEOSPACE FACILITY (MHGF)

The current centerpiece of the Millstone Hill Geospace Facility is its high-power, large-aperture incoherent scatter radar (IS radar) facility. MHGF comprises a scientific and technical team of people and a cluster of radio, radar, and distributed instruments.

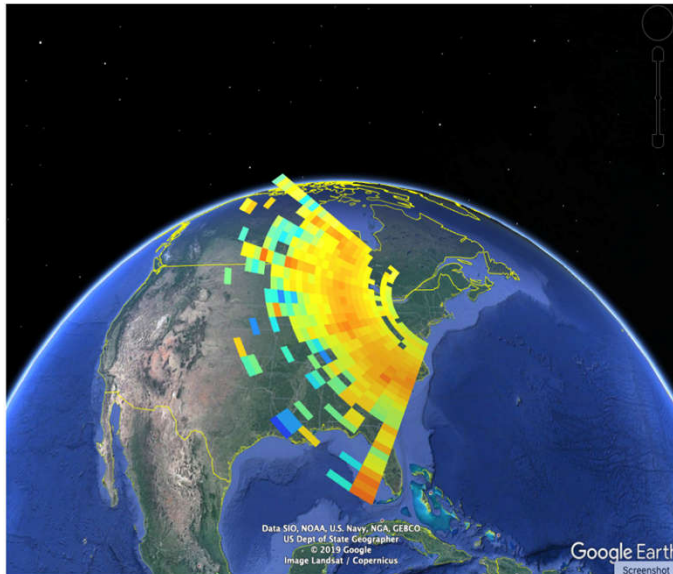
GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEM (GNSS)–BASED TOTAL ELECTRON CONTENT

GNSS systems for precision location yield as a by-product measurements of the total electron content (TEC) of the ionosphere. MIT makes this popular data available to the geospace community.

MADRIGAL DATABASE

Madrigal is an upper-atmospheric science database used by groups throughout the world—it's a robust, web-based system capable of managing and serving archival and real-time data, in a variety of formats, from a wide range of upper-atmospheric science instruments.

Madrigal Geospace Database



Madrigal data on a globe showing the range of the Millstone antenna to the southwest

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The main [CEDAR Madrigal site](#) contains a backup of all data at all site. All other sites can also be found from that page.

Millstone Hill has actively pursued the development of the Madrigal distributed data system to address the needs of staff and community scientists. A standard in the upper atmospheric community, Madrigal was

created and launched at MIT Haystack in the early 1980s prior to being adopted as the basis for the CEDAR database. In 2012, the main CEDAR database moved to a modernized version of the Madrigal platform hosted by MIT. As of 2019, there was data from 159 instruments in the CEDAR Madrigal database, totaling over 27 TB of data, with rapid growth each year.

The Madrigal database stores data from a wide variety of upper atmosphere research instruments

Incoherent Scatter Radar



TEC via GPS



MF Radar



Examples of number of instruments in Madrigal:

- Incoherent scatter radars: 22
- MST radars: 3
- MF radars: 16
- Meteor radars: 11
- FPI: 32
- Michelson Interferometers: 6
- Lidars: 9
- Photometers: 7

Other examples:

- GPS TEC
- DMSP

Madrigal is open-source

[CEDAR Home](#) [Access data](#) [Access metadata](#) [Run models](#) [Documentation](#) [Other Madrigal sites](#) [OpenMadrigal](#)

Welcome to the Madrigal3 CEDAR Database

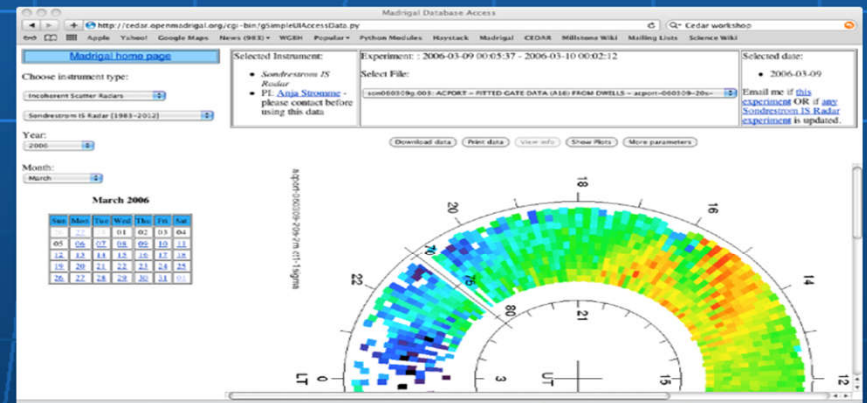
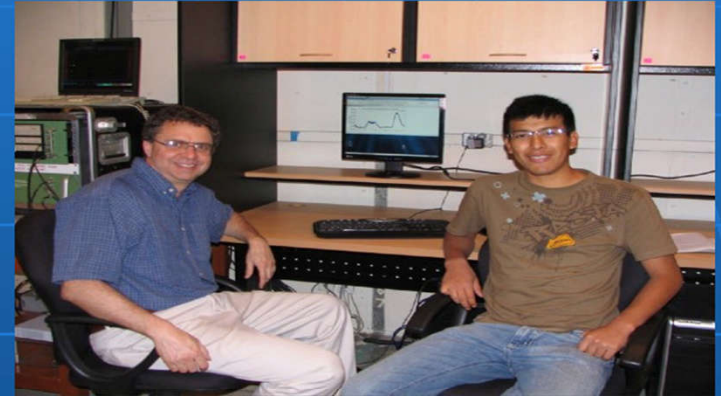
Madrigal is an upper atmospheric science database used by groups throughout the world. Madrigal is a robust, World Wide Web based system capable of managing and serving archival and real-time data, in a variety of formats, from a wide range of upper atmospheric science instruments. Data at each Madrigal site is locally controlled and can be updated at any time, but shared metadata between Madrigal sites allow searching of all Madrigal sites at once from any Madrigal site.

To see a list of all Madrigal sites, use the *Other Madrigal sites* pull down menu. Data can also be accessed directly, using APIs which are available for several popular programming languages (Matlab, python, and IDL). A Subversion archive of all Madrigal software and documentation is available from the [Open Madrigal Web site](#). The latest version of Madrigal and the remote API may also be downloaded from there.

Use of the Madrigal Database is generally subject to the CEDAR Rules-of-the-Road. Prior permission to access the data is not required. However, the user is required to establish early contact with any organization whose data are involved in the project to discuss the intended usage. Data are often subject to limitations which are not immediately evident to new users. Before they are formally submitted, draft copies of all reports and publications must be sent to the contact person. Data are available for non-commercial use only. Data are not to be sold or otherwise distributed. Any other use of this data may be declined. The user must not attempt to modify the data in any way. If you have any questions about appropriate use of these data, contact brideout@haystack.mt.edu.

If you want to use the old Madrigal 2 version of the CEDAR Madrigal database, it is still temporarily available at <http://madrigal.haystack.mt.edu>. If you are using the old version because of a problem with Madrigal3, please contact brideout@haystack.mt.edu to describe the issue.

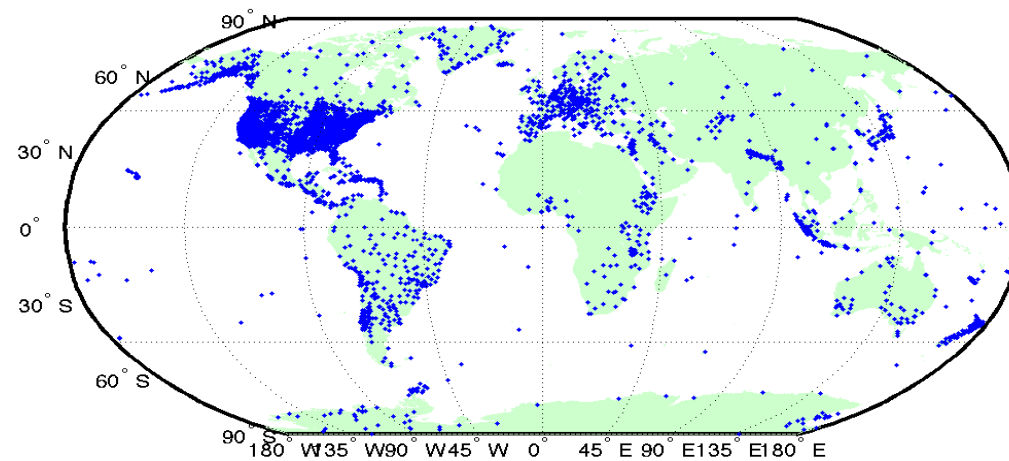
Link to Subversion (source code)



www.openmadrigal.org

→ What is now available through
CEDAR Madrigal Web
<http://cedar.openmadrigal.org/>

Map of GPS receivers



Standard binned TEC Data in Madrigal available since 2000

- 1. Provided in 1 degree by 1 degree bins**
- 2. Provided every 5 minutes**
- 3. Vertical TEC data estimates and Errors on these estimates**
- 4. Geographic Lat and Long**
- 5. Only provides data where observations are available. Does not attempt to model TEC where data is not available. Uses all GNSS data available.**
- 6. New TEC products are on the horizon ...i.e. GLONASS observations**

Line of Site TEC Data in Madrigal available now

- 1. Provided for every receiver**
- 2. Provided every 20 second**
- 3. Satellite and Receiver ID**
- 4. Geographic Lat and Long of Receiver**
- 5. Pierce Point: Altitude, Lat and Long**
- 6. Azimuth and Elevation to Satellite**
- 7. Files are LARGE**
- 8. HDF5 format**

<http://cedar.openmadrigal.org/index.html/>

← → ↻

Not Secure | cedar.openmadrigal.org/index.html/

📄 ☆ 📱 A Update ⋮

Index of /muri/sha... Google Calendar -... Log Out

CEDAR Home

Access data ▾

Access metadata ▾

Run models ▾

Documentation

Other Madrigal sites ▾

OpenMadrigal

Welcome to the CEDAR Madrigal Database

Madrigal is an upper atmospheric science database used by groups throughout the world. Madrigal is a robust, World Wide Web based system capable of managing and serving archival and real-time data, in a variety of formats, from a wide range of upper atmospheric science instruments. Data at each Madrigal site is locally controlled and can be updated at any time, but shared metadata between Madrigal sites allow searching of all Madrigal sites at once from any Madrigal site.

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The CEDAR Madrigal database architecture and implementation [meets and exceeds FAIR guiding principles](#) in all aspects.

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CEDAR Home

Access data ▾

Access metadata ▾

Run models ▾

Documentation

Other Madrigal sites ▾

OpenMadrigal

List experiments

Select single experiment

Create a command to download multiple exps

FTP-like access

Welcome to the Madrigal3 CEDAR Database

Madrigal is an upper atmosphere data repository throughout the world. Madrigal is a robust, World Wide Web based system capable of managing and serving archival and real-time atmospheric science instruments. Data at each Madrigal site is locally controlled and can be updated at any time, but shared metadata between Madrigal sites allow searching of all Madrigal sites and data.

To see a list of all Madrigal sites, use the *Other Madrigal sites* pull down menu. Data can also be accessed directly, using [APIs](#) which are available for several popular programming languages (Matlab, Python, etc.). Software and documentation is available from the [Open Madrigal](#) Web site. The latest version of Madrigal and the remote API's may also be downloaded from there.

Use of the Madrigal Database is generally subject to the CEDAR Rules-of-the-Road . Prior permission to access the data is not required. However, the user is required to establish early contact with any co-authorship to scientists who have provided data. This offer may be declined. The Database and the organizations that contributed data must be acknowledged in all reports and publications, and the user must acknowledge the use of the data. If you have any questions about appropriate use of these data, contact brideout@haystack.mit.edu

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[CEDAR Home](#)[Access data ▾](#)[Access metadata ▾](#)[Run models ▾](#)[Documentation](#)[Other Madrigal sites ▾](#)[OpenMadrigal](#)

List Madrigal experiments

Use all Madrigal sites: ☒

Show only default files: ☒

Choose instrument category(s):

Coherent Scatter Radars
Individual Ground Based Satellite Receivers
Distributed Ground Based Satellite Receivers
Photometers

Start date

2017-09-01

00:00:00

End date

2017-09-17

23:59:59

Choose instrument(s) *(Year range shows data available):*

World-wide GPS Receiver Network [1998-2018]

List experiments

List of selected Madrigal experiments

Madrigal site	Instrument name	Start	End	Experiment name
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2021-12-31 00:00:00	2022-01-01 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-01 00:00:00	2022-01-02 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-02 00:00:00	2022-01-03 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-03 00:00:00	2022-01-04 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-04 00:00:00	2022-01-05 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-05 00:00:00	2022-01-06 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-06 00:00:00	2022-01-07 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-07 00:00:00	2022-01-08 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-08 00:00:00	2022-01-09 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-09 00:00:00	2022-01-10 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-10 00:00:00	2022-01-11 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-11 00:00:00	2022-01-12 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-12 00:00:00	2022-01-13 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-13 00:00:00	2022-01-14 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-14 00:00:00	2022-01-15 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-15 00:00:00	2022-01-16 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-16 00:00:00	2022-01-17 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-17 00:00:00	2022-01-18 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-18 00:00:00	2022-01-19 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-19 00:00:00	2022-01-20 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS
CEDAR	World-wide GNSS Receiver Network	2022-01-20 00:00:00	2022-01-21 00:00:00	World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS

World-wide TEC from GPS/GLONASS: 2022-01-18 00:00:00-2022-01-19 00:00:00

PI: [Anthea Coster](#) - please contact before using this data

Email me if [this experiment](#) OR if any [World-wide GNSS Receiver Network experiment](#) is updated.

Show non-default files: ☐

Select file:

✓ Select file

gps220118g.002.hdf5: TEC binned 1 degree by 1 degree by 5 min - final

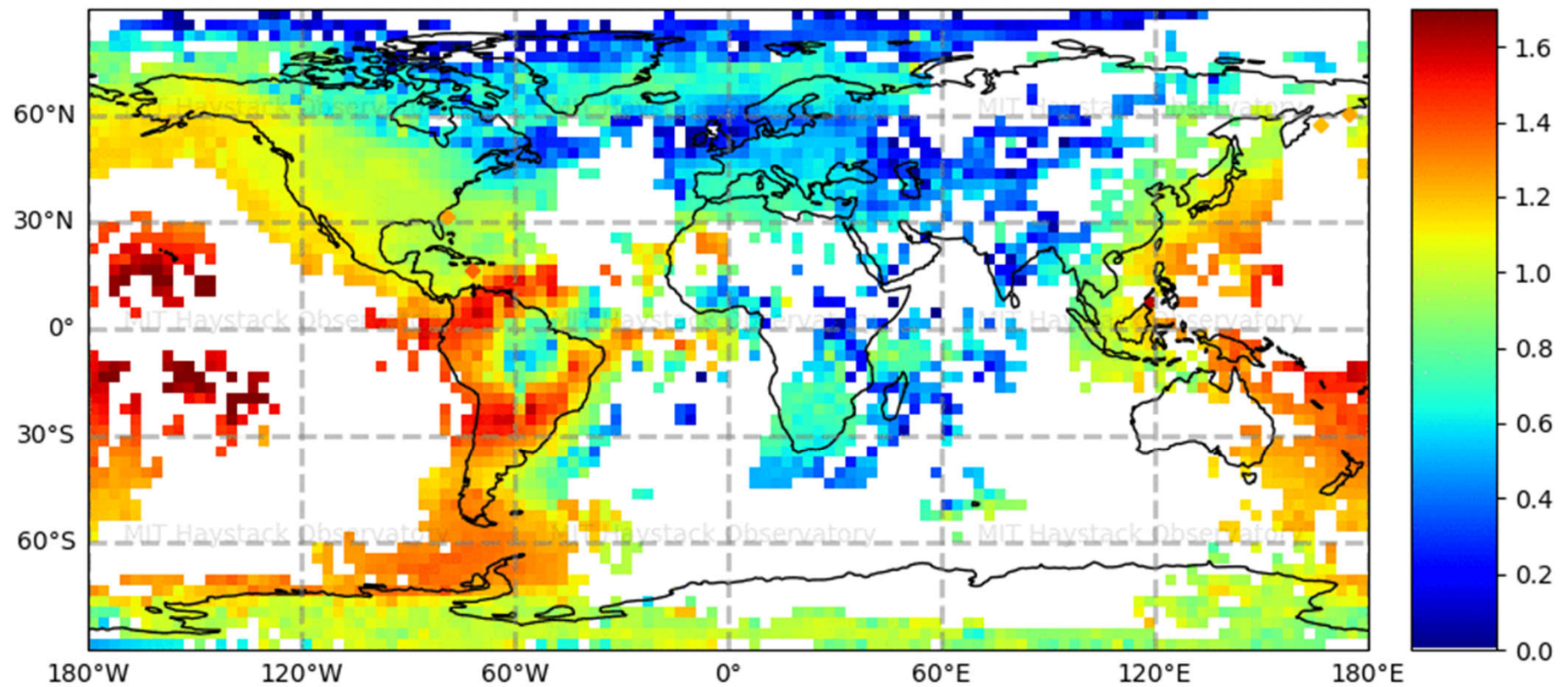
los_20220118.001.h5: Line of sight TEC data - Final

site_20220118.001.h5: List of sites used in daily TEC data - Final

Gridded TEC Product

VEC from 2022-01-18 00:00:00 to 2022-01-18 00:20:00 - \diamond : Jason/Topex TEC

Log10(TECU)



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World-wide Total Electron Content: 2017-09-07 00:00:00-2017-09-08 00:00:00

PI: [Anthea Coster](#) - please contact before using this data

Email me if [this experiment](#) OR if any [World-wide GPS Receiver Network experiment](#) is updated.

Show non-default files:

☐

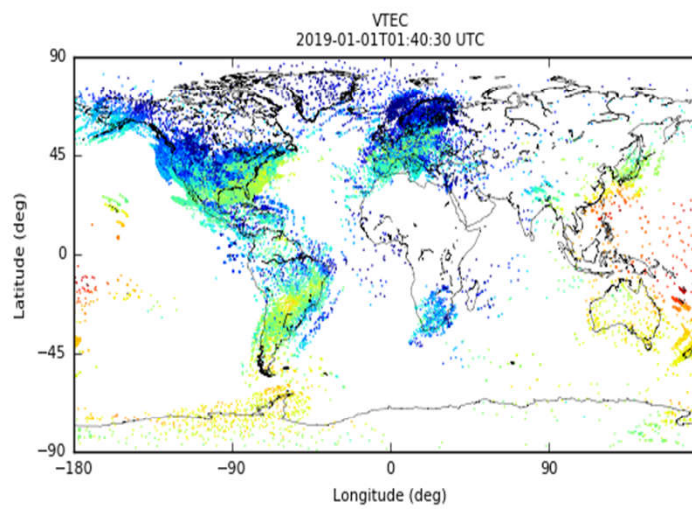
Select file:

los_20170907.001.h5: Line of sight TEC data - Final ▾

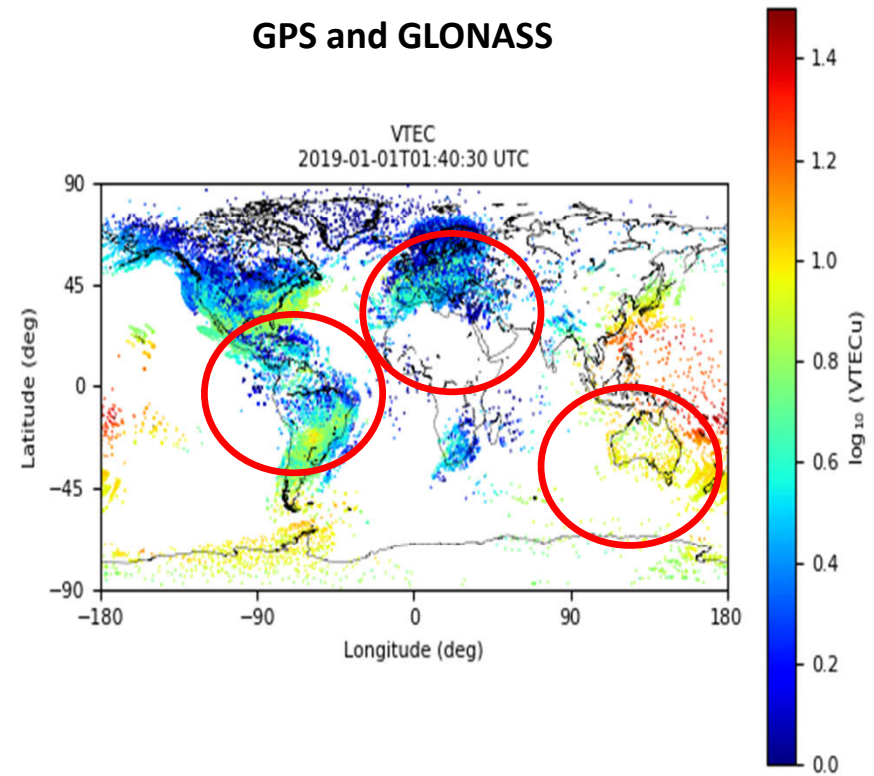
[Show plots](#)[Download file ▾](#)[Print file ▾](#)[View file info](#)[Cite this file](#)

- [Data source list for TEC processing](#)
- [Papers describing processing algorithms used](#)
- [Python programming tips for reading line-of-site TEC files](#)
- [Create interactive TEC/SuperDARN plots](#)
- [Click here for plots of raw LOS converted to vertical TEC for 2017-09-07](#)
- [Click here for TEC maps for 2017-09-07](#)

GPS ONLY



GPS and GLONASS



Summary

Exercise 1: Install hdfview

<https://www.hdfgroup.org/downloads/hdfview/>

- Download Madrigal file and Look at Hdf file

Follow my simple TEC instructions to download or look at on web