

This Presentation is made by KARI on behalf of Korea AeroSpace Administration(KASA) newly established on 27 May 2024.

Earth Observation in **Rep. of Korea** : focused on Low Earth Orbit Satellites

UN/Austria Climate Action Symposium

18 July 2024

Dr. (Catharina) Hyun-Ok Kim

Korea Aerospace Research Institute



Korea AeroSpace
Administration



National Space Program

Space Development Promotion Plan, 2023



National Space Program

Space Development Promotion Plan, 2023



Ministry of Science and ICT



Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI)

Government-funded R&D institution established in **1989**

Dedicated body for **national space development**

Supports national space policies and international cooperation

KASA as
Center of Korea's
AeroSpace Sector

since May 27, 2024



Korea AeroSpace
Administration



Mission

Accelerating economic growth and space technology innovation by fostering aerospace industry as a key national industry

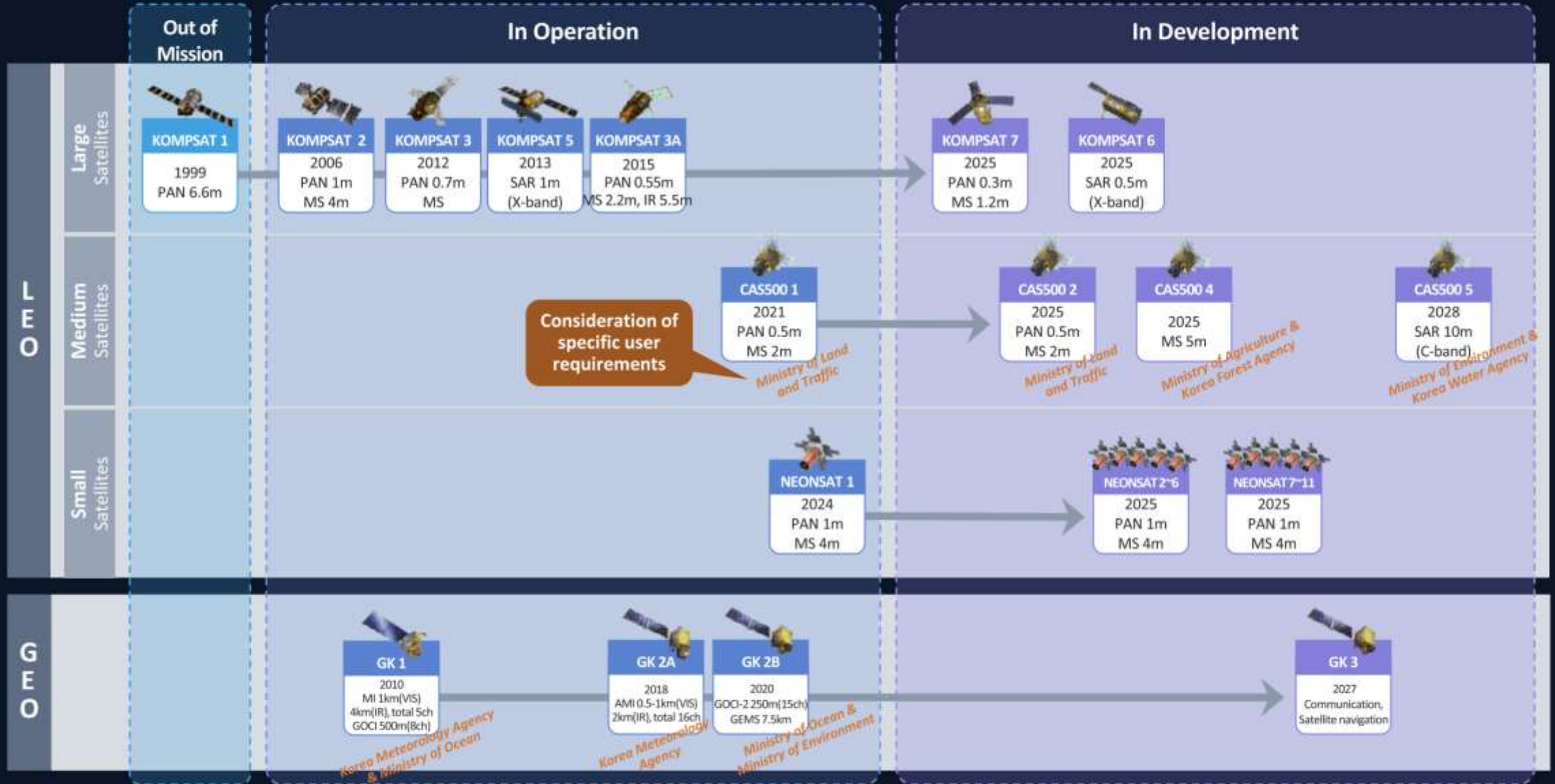
**National
Aerospace
policy**

**R&D for
core space
technology**

**International
cooperation**

**Aerospace
Industry
promotion**

National EO Satellite Development Program



National EO Satellite Operation and Application



Korea AeroSpace
Administration

National Satellite Operation Center

- Satellite Control and Operations
- Domestic and International Ground Segment Operations

Jeju / Korea

Antarctic King Sejong Station

Weno / Micronesia

Daejeon / Korea

Svalbard / Norway

Neustrelitz / Germany

- Satellite Data Processing and Distribution
- International Cooperation (e.g. Int'l Charter on Space and Major Disasters, GEO)



KARI
Korea AeroSpace
Research Institute

National Satellite Application Support Center

- R&D in Earth Observation Applications
- R&D in AI-based Geospatial Intelligence
- Industry advocacy and Capacity Building
- Support for National and International Cooperation

How does KASA supports the Earth Observation practices in Korea?

Supporting and Encouraging Government Users

Legally based on: "Regulation on the Organization and Operation of the National Satellite Information Application Council" (by Ministry of Science and ICT)



How does KASA supports the Earth Observation practices in Korea?

Support for Disaster Response



International Charter on Space and Major Disasters

- **17 national agencies** (ESA, CNES, DLR, UKSA, EUMETSAT, USGS, NOAA, INPE, CONAE, JAXA, ISRO, CNSA, UAESA, ROSCOSMOS, ABAE, etc.)
- & **Private companies** (Planet, ICEYE, Satellogic, etc.)



Korea National Satellites

Member since 2011



National Satellite Application Support Center



Korea AeroSpace Administration

National Satellite Operation Center



Government User Group/Disaster WG

- K-Water
- Korea Forest Agency
- National Disaster Management Institute
- Others

Feedback

- Charter Activation Management
- Technical Support: e.g. Charter User Training

Request Data

Provide Data (incl. post processing)

Provide Data and Processing Service

Trigger Charter

Activation Result Report

Satellite Mission Planning
Data acquisition

- Disaster response on **local level**
- Disaster response on **national level**

How does KASA supports the Earth Observation practices in Korea?

Challenges and Opportunities

Korea is a rapidly developing and densely populated country, so there is a need for **high-resolution Earth observation** to respond rapidly to emergencies and to monitor infrastructure development and environmental changes.

High resolution KOMPSATs operate under the concept of user-request based image acquisition, so data availability for monitoring purposes is often limited.

(no data available where no order has been made)

The increasing uncertainty of climate conditions require a **short revisit period for data acquisition**.

NEONSAT

New-Space Earth Observation Satellite Constellation for National Safety

- 1st National satellite programme with constellation concept
- Composed of 11 very high-resolution optical microsatellites
- Scan-line strips along the pass over the Korean peninsula
- Improves the nation-wide data accumulation, short-period monitoring as well as emergency response capabilities

Paradigm Shift: **New Space**



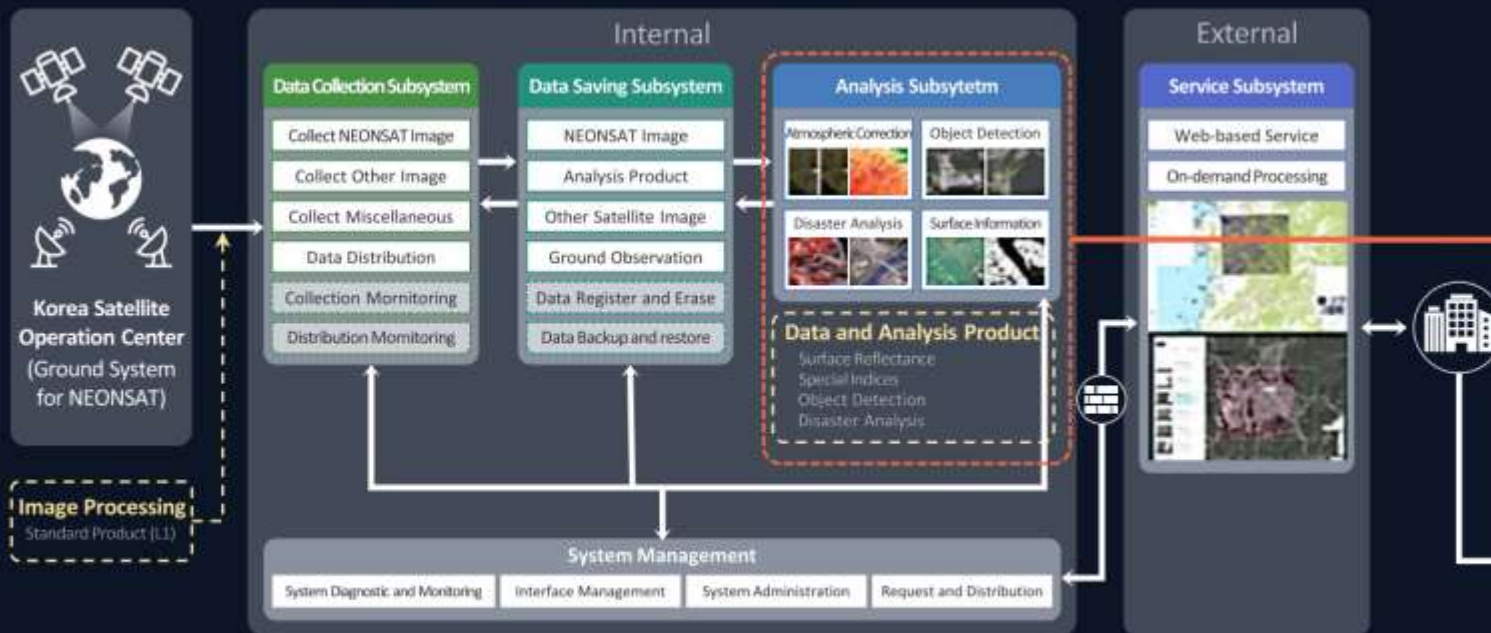
How does KASA supports the Earth Observation practices in Korea?

NEONSAT-based Earth Observation Data and Analysis Service

Capabilities and Challenges of NEONSAT	User Expectation (surveys, expert advisory group)	Concept of User Support
▪ Nation-wide data accumulation ▪ Short period monitoring ▪ Increase of data volume	▪ Easy to use data product ▪ Easy to use analysis support ▪ Openly accessible system	▪ Analysis Ready Data ▪ Web-based online platform ▪ Data processing and analysis algorithm integration



NEONSAT-based Application Support System



Technology Development for User Support

- Atmospheric correction for analysis ready data
- Value-added products such as spectral indices (NDVI, EVI, SAV, NDWI, etc.)
- Image processing for large area time-series analysis (gap filling, image fusion, etc.)
- AI-based object detection and segmentation

nation-wide short-period MONITORING
(Climate Change, SDGs, Disaster Reduction)

How does KASA supports the Earth Observation practices in Korea?

Solving social problems with Earth observation



THANK YOU!



Korea AeroSpace
Administration



Dr. (Catharina) Hyun-Ok Kim

hokim@kari.re.kr

Image: Earth taken by Danuri, S. Korea's lunar orbiter, 2023