

United Nations Workshop on GNSS and Related Space Technologies for Urban Sustainability Challenges



Dates: 18-23 November 2024 Online

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(*) Connection details are the same every day of the workshop



Programme at glance

Global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) technologies are now ubiquitous in everyday life: they are incorporated in electronic devices and are used by the public, surveyors, and geoscientists on a regular basis. In developing countries in particular, GNSS applications offer cost-effective solutions that make it possible to foster economic and social development without neglecting the need to preserve the environment, thus promoting sustainable development.

Current GNSS include the Global Positioning System (GPS), the Global Navigation Satellite System (GLONASS), the BeiDou Navigation Satellite System (BDS) and the European Satellite Navigation System (Galileo). There are also two regional systems, the Navigation with Indian Constellation (NavIC) system and the Quasi-Zenith Satellite System (QZSS), as well as various augmentation systems designed to improve one or more GNSS qualities, such as accuracy, robustness, and signal availability.

In addition to GNSS, other space technologies such as Earth Observation (EO) satellites or communication satellites play a pivotal role creating socioeconomic benefits. Earth Observation satellites enable continuous and detailed monitoring of Earth's surface, providing valuable data for environmental protection, resource management, and disaster response. These satellites assist in tracking deforestation, urban sprawl, and changes in agricultural lands, and offer crucial insights for managing water resources and mitigating climate change impacts. Communication satellites, on the other hand, facilitate global connectivity, bridging the digital divide by providing internet access to remote and underserved areas, thus supporting education, telemedicine, and economic development. These technologies, together with GNSS, create a comprehensive toolkit to address various challenges related to sustainable development, ensuring a coordinated and efficient approach towards achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

To address a wide array of GNSS and related technologies applications for socioeconomic benefits and to focus on initiating pilot projects and strengthening the networking of GNSS-related institutions, a Workshop on GNSS and related space technologies in support of urban sustainability challenges will be held online.

The main objectives of the workshop will be to reinforce the exchange of information between countries and scale up the capacity pursuing the application of GNSS and other space technology solutions; share information on national, regional, and global projects and initiatives, which could benefit regions; and enhance cross-fertilization among those projects and initiatives.

The specific objectives of the workshop will be to introduce GNSS-based technology and other space technologies in support of urban sustainability challenges; promote the greater exchange of actual experiences with specific applications; focus on appropriate GNSS applications projects at the national and/or regional levels; and define recommendations and findings to be forwarded as a contribution to the Office for Outer Space Affairs and the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems (ICG), particularly, in forging partnerships to strengthen and deliver capacity-building on satellite navigation science and related technologies. This workshop uses the challenges identified in the report entitled: <u>Contribution to the "Space2030" Agenda: EU Space Supporting a World of 8 Billion People</u>

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Morning	Opening Ceremony High Level Panel	Session 2 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Urban resilience and smart cities	Session 3 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Environmental and Climate Change	Session 4 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Food Security	Session 5 – Water Management
Afternoon	Session 1 - GNSS: update of GNSS systems, data and technologies	Session 2 (cont)	Session 3 (cont)	Session 4 (cont)	Review of the Recommendations Closing Ceremony



Agenda of the Workshop (all times are UTC+1)

DAY 1 (10:00-17:30 UTC+1) Monday, 18 November 2024			
Time	Title of Presentation Speaker	Organisation	
11:00-12:00 0	pening Ceremony and High Level Panel		
	Chair: Driss El Hadani, Deputy Director UNOOSA		
	Nick Appleyard	Head of Applications and Solutions Department CIC-A, European Space Agency	
	Haitham Akah	Head of Space Systems Design & Development Sector, Egyptian Space Agency	
	Mohamed A. Ismail	Director of Space and Satellite, Ministry of Communications and Technology, Federal Republic of Somalia	
	Moderated discussion on needs, challenges and opportunities in the o	context of urban sustainability	
12:00-12:00			
12:05-14:00	Lunch Break		
14:00 - 15:00	Session 1 – GNSS: update of GNSS systems, data and technologies		
	Chair: UNOOSA		
14:00-14:20	Comparative Analysis of Multi-GNSS Signal Impact on Smartphone and Geodetic Receiver Performance	Devadas Kuna, TiHAN-IIT Hyderabad, India	
14:20-14:40	Novel Approach for Observation and Monitoring of GPS Trackers on Earth Utilizing Low Earth Orbit Satellites: Introducing the MRC-100 Satellite Model	Yasir Ahmed Idris Humad, Institute of Space Research and Aerospace (ISRA), Hungary	
14:40-15:00	NAVISP – An enabler to support European Competitiveness in the PNT sector	Sanja Bandau, European Space Agency	
15:00-15:30	Coffee Break		
15:30 - 17:30	Session 1 (cont)– GNSS: update of GNSS systems, data and technologies		
	Chair: UNOOSA		
15:30-15:50	Mapping the Total Electron Content (TEC) Over Ecuador: A Pioneering Study	Ericson D. Lopez, Quito Astronomical Observatory and Physics Department of National Polytechnic School of Ecuador	
15:50-16:10	Spanish GNSS Real Time Positioning Service (SPTR)	Jose Manuel Serna Puente, National Geographic Institute, Spain	
16:10-16:30	Characterising Total Electron Content Over Malawi Using High-Rate GPS Observations	Robert Galatiya Suya, Malawi University of Business and Applied Sciences	
16:30-16:50	Low-cost GNSS receiver's performance during the magnetic storm of May 10th, 2024, over Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire	Kouadio Olivier Obrou, Universite Felix Houphouet Boigny, Cote d'Ivoire	
16:50-17:10	Potential of Compact, Low-Cost GNSS Receiver Modules for PPP in Low Latitude Regions: A Case Study from Lautech GNSS Laboratory, Nigeria	Benjamin Gbenro Ayantunji, Obasanjo Space Centre, NASRDA, Nigeria	
17:10	END OF DAY 1		
END OF DAY 1			

DAY 2 (10:00-17:30 UTC+1) Tuesday, 19 November 2024			
10:00-10:30	Keynote		





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	EU Space: Supporting a World of 8 Billion People – Contribution to the Space2030 Agenda	Reinhard Blasi, European Union Agency for the Space Programme	
10:30 – 11:30 Session 2 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for urban resilience and smart cities			
10:30-11:30	Chair: UNOOSA		
10:30-10:50	GNSS for Gateless toll gate and dynamic road pricing	Dinesh Manandhar, University of Tokyo	
10:50-11:10	Potential of GNSS data for Sustainable Development Goals.	Ana Andries, University of Surrey, United Kingdom	
11:10-11:30	Space Geospatial and Indirect GNSS Applications for Sustainable	Norzailawati Mohd Noor, International Islamic	
	Urban and Rural Communities in Malaysia	University of Malaysia	
11:30-12:30	Coffee Break		
12:30 – 13:30 Se	ession 2 (cont)- GNSS and other space-based technologies for U	rban resilience and smart cities	
12:30-13:30	Chair: UNOOSA		
12:30 - 12:50	Bits & Pixels. Efficiency for a multi-planet society	Alison B Lowndes, NVIDIA	
12:50 - 13:10	Water Level Monitoring using GNSS Techniques	Luis Carlos Mabaquiao, University of the	
		Philippines	
13:10 - 13:30	Predictive Analysis of Urban Growth of Nakuru City	Claire Muhungi, Kenya Space Agency	
13:30 – 14:30 Lun	ich Break		
14:30 – 16:00 Se	ession 2 (cont) - GNSS and other space-based technologies for L	Jrban resilience and smart cities	
	Chair: UNOOSA		
14:30-14:50	Monsoon Flood Impact and Susceptibility Analysis of Nepal's Most Populous and Capital City Kathmandu	Alison Shilpakar, Antarikchya Pratisthan Nepal	
14:50-15:10	Optimal Tourist Capacity: A Balance between Growth and Sustainability	Javier Sergio Del Rio, Universidad de Malaga, Spain	
15:10-15:30	Monitoring SDG indicators using Earth Observation for sustainable	Shrijwal Adhikari, Amit Ghosh, Food and	
	urban agriculture and development	Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	
15:30-16:00	Keynote		
	Integrated Applications in the context of Urban Sustainability	Ana Raposo, European Space Agency	
16:00-16:30	Coffee Break		
16:30 - 17:30	Session 2 (cont) - GNSS and other space-based technologies for	r Urban resilience and smart cities	
16:30-17:30	Chair: UNOOSA		
16:30-16:50	Drone-Based GPS Object Localization for Urban and Agricultural Monitoring	Lilia Kiraskoyan, Center of advances software technologies, Russian-Armenian University, Armenia	
16:50-17:10	Convergence of GNSS-based trajectories into corridors advances	Renato Filjar, Krapina University of Applied	
	efficiency, operation and planning of the smart city transport infrastructure	Sciences, Croatia	
17:10-17:30	Geospatial Information Management in Cuba Through the Use of	Rebeca Parada Benavente, National Hydrography	
	GNSS for Sustainable Development	and Geodesy Office, Cuba	
17:30	END OF DAY 2		
END OF DAY 2			

DAY 3 (10:00-17:00 UTC+1) Wednesday, 20 November 2024





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10:00 – 11:00 Session 3 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Environmental and Climate Change				
10:00-11:00 Chair: UNOOSA				
10:00-10:20	The value of spaceborne observations for the IPCC	Robert Vautard, Co-Chair Working Group I,		
		International Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)		
10:40-11:00	Rapid Flood Mapping Using Open Access Earth Observation Data	Atijosan Abimbola, Cooperative Information		
	and Google Earth Engine	Network, NASRDA, Nigeria		
11:00-11:30	Coffee Break			
11:30 - 12:30 S	ession 3 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Environ	mental and Climate Change		
11:30-1230	Chair: UNOOSA			
11:30-11:50	UN-SPIDER	Lorant Czaran (TBC), United Nations Office for		
		Outer Space Affairs		
11:50-12:10	GEO Global Heat Resilience Service	Martyn Clark, GEO Secretariat		
12:10-12:30	Space for Climate Observatory	Markus Woltran, United Nations Office for Outer		
		Space Affairs		
12:30-12:50	Integrated applications for Environmental and Climate Change	Ana Raposo, European Space Agency		
12·50 - 14·20 Lur	ach Break			
12.30 - 14.30 Lui				
14:30 – 15:30 S	ession 3 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Environ	mental and Climate Change		
14:30-15:30	Chair: UNOOSA			
14:30-14:50	CEOS Working on Climate	Wenying Su, CEOS WG Climate/National		
		Aeronautics and Space Administration, United		
		States		
14:50-15:10	Drought Assessment and Prediction Using Time Series Models- Case	Nivin Hasan, Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre		
	Study Jordan	and Beihang University.		
15:10-15:30	Early Warnings for All (EW4ALL) Initiative: The Role of Space	Muhibuddin Usamah, World Meteorological		
	Technologies	Organization		
15:30-16:00	15:30-16:00 Coffee Break			
16:00 - 17:00	Session 3 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Enviro	nmental and Climate Change		
	Chair: UNOOSA			
16:00-16:20	The Copernicus Climate Change Service	Chris Stewart, European Center for Medium		
		Weather Forecast		
16:20-16:40	EOTEC DevNet: A community for fostering collaboration on EO	Fabiola Yepez-Rincon, Earth Observation Training,		
	capacity building and tools	Education and Development Network (EOTEC		
		DevNet)		
16:40-17:00	EUMETSAT's contribution to weather and climate monitoring, with a	Mark Higgins, European Organisation for the		
	focus on capacity building	Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites		
		(EUMETSAT)		
17:00	END OF DAY 3			
END OF DAY 3				

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10:00 – 11:00 Session 4 - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Food Security				
10:00	Chair: UNOOSA			
10:00-10:20	GEOGLAM - EO based Global Agricultural Monitoring	Sven Gilliams, GEOGLAM		
10:20-10:40	Exploring Changes in Nepal's Chure: A Two-Decade Analysis of Land			
	Utilization Using Landsat Images	Sujan Tyata, Antarikchya Pratisthan Nepal		
10:40-11:00	Legal Framework for GNSS and Space-based Technologies in	Anwesha Pathak, LawSikho & Skill Arbitrage, India		
	Enhancing Food Security: International, National and Ethical			
	Dimensions			
11:00-11:30	Coffee Break			
11:30 - 12:30 5	ession 4 (cont) - GNSS and other space-based technologies for F	Food Security		
11:30-12:30	Chair: UNOOSA			
11:30-11:50	Applications of the PAZ radar satellite for emergency and security	Ainhoa Mendizabal, Hisdesat		
11:50-12:10	Leveraging GNSS Reflectometry for Sustainable Agriculture and	Hoda Awny, Egyptian Space Agency		
	Water Resources Management in Africa			
12:10-12:30	EO Colleague – Earth Observation for Sustainable Development	Robert Eckart, EO College, Friedrich-Schiller-		
		University Jena, Germany		
12:30 – 14:00 Lu	12:30 – 14:00 Lunch Break			
14:00 – 15:20 Session 4 (cont) - GNSS and other space-based technologies for Food Security				
14.00 10.200	ession 4 (cont) - GNSS and other space-based technologies for F	Food Security		
14.00 15.20 5	Chair: UNOOSA	-ood Security		
14:00-14:20	Chair: UNOOSA EnMAP's contributions to food security through hyperspectral Earth observation	Vera Krieger, German Space Agency at DLR		
14:00-14:20 14:20-14:40	Chair: UNOOSA EnMAP's contributions to food security through hyperspectral Earth observation Affordable precision farming technologies for small to mid-scale farmers in Tanzania using GNSS technology and EO data	Vera Krieger, German Space Agency at DLR Musa Mishamo, Rada 360 Limited		
14:00-14:20 14:20-14:40 14:40-15:00	Chair: UNOOSA EnMAP's contributions to food security through hyperspectral Earth observation Affordable precision farming technologies for small to mid-scale farmers in Tanzania using GNSS technology and EO data Rwanda's Progress and Initiatives in GNSS and Space-Based	Ood Security Vera Krieger, German Space Agency at DLR Musa Mishamo, Rada 360 Limited Lise Kabarere/Valentine Mukanyandwi, Rwanda		
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DAY 5 (10:00-17:00 UTC+1) Friday, 22 November 2024





United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs

10:00 – 11:00 Session 5 – GNSS and other space-based technologies for Water Management			
	Chair: UNOOSA		
10:00-10:20	Space4Water Project	Nina Kickinger, United Nations Office for Outer	
		Space Affairs	
10:20-10:40	Using InSAR Ground Movement Information to Improve	Carolina Guardiola Albert, Spanish Geological and	
	Hydrogeological Knowledge	Miner National Center	
11:00-11:30	Coffee Break		
11:30 – 12:30 S	ession 5 – GNSS and other space-based technologies for Water	Management (cont.)	
	Chair: UNOOSA		
11:30 - 11:50	Satellite monitoring to support sustainable agricultural water	Timothy Foster, University of Manchester	
	management		
11:50 - 12:10	The effect of Meteorological Drought on Crop Yield in the North of	Momodou J. A. Senghore, National Early Warning	
	Bank Region, Gambia	and Response Mechanism Coordinating Centre	
12:10 - 12:30	Flood Detection with SAR: A Review of Techniques and Datasets	Donato Amitrano, Italian Aerospace Research	
		Centre	
12:30 – 14:00 Lur	ich Break		
14:00 – 15:00 S	ession 5 – GNSS and other space-based technologies for Water	Management (cont.)	
	Chair: UNOOSA		
14:00-14:20	EU Space for water management	Chiara Solimini, European Union Agency for the	
		Space Programme	
14:20-14:40	GPS-Enhanced Drone Imaging: Stitching and Change Detection	Vahagn Melkoyan, Russian-Armenian University,	
	Analysis	Center of Advances Software Technologies	
14:40-15:00	Enhancing Climate Resilience in Ecuador: Integrating Satellite and	Carlos Eduardo Cardenas Fonseca, National	
	Sensor Data for Real-Time Hydrological Forecasting	Institute of Hydrology and Meteorology	
15:00-15:40	Coffee Break		
15:40 - 16:00	Session 5 – GNSS and other space-based technologies for Wate	r Management (cont.)	
	Chair: UNOOSA		
15:40-16:00	Lake and reservoir volume variations in South America from radar	Claudia Carabajal, SSAI., Inc. @ National	
	altimetry, ICESat/ICESat-2 laser altimetry, and GRACE/GRACE-FO	Aeronautics and Space Administration, Goddard	
	time-variable gravity	Space Flight Center, United States	
16:00-16:20	Space-time monitoring of water quality in a eutrophic reservoir	Alba German, Mario Gulich Institute, CONAE-UNC,	
	using SENTINEL-2 data - A case study of San Roque, Argentina	Argentina	
16:20-16:50	Solutions from space: supporting food security through Earth	Mary Mitkish, NASA Harvest Consortium, United	
	observations	States.	
16:50-17 :00	Workshop Wrap-Up		
17:00	End of the Workshop		