

The effects of simulated microgravity and PLacental-EXpanded (PLX-PAD) treatment on the behavior and correlation with cytokine profiles in female mice

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About me



- 21 years old
- Incoming senior at the **University of Colorado Boulder**
 - Major: Neuroscience Ο
 - Minors: Business and 0 Molecular Biology
- **Started space research in 2019** with the Colorado Space Grant **Consortium (COSGC)**
- **Interned for NASA Ames Space Life Sciences Training** Program (SLSTP) in summer 2020
- This summer, working as an **SLSTP** mentor

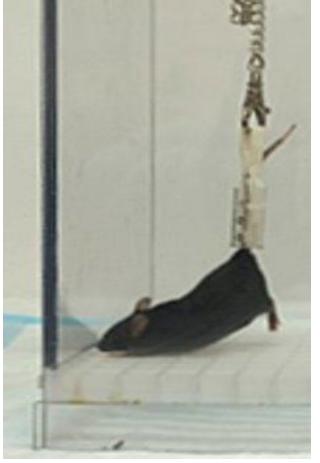


Background Information

The effects of simulated microgravity and PLacental-EXpanded (PLX-PAD) treatment on the behavior and correlation with cytokine profiles in female mice







Tahimic et al. 2019

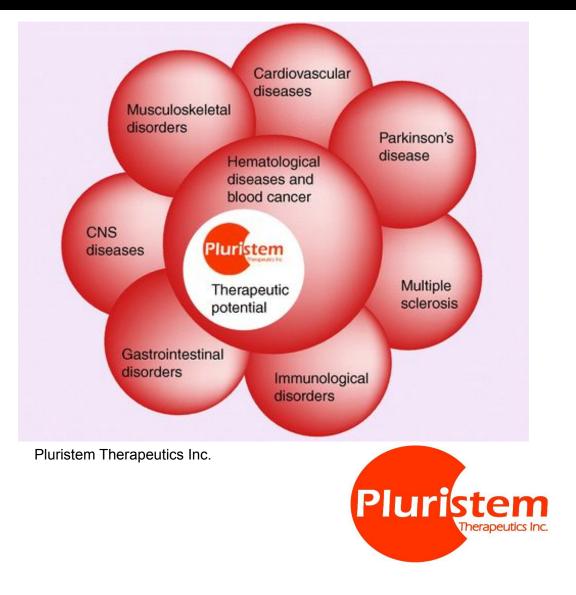
• Hindlimb Unloading (HU)

- Simulated microgravity
- Space flight and HU result in negative physiological consequences
- Currently, a lack of behavioral HU studies





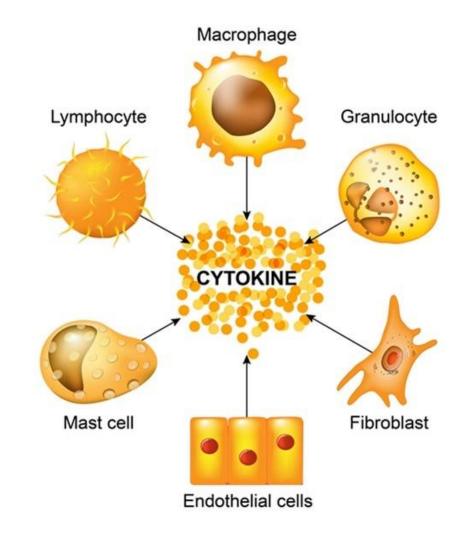
- PLacental eXpanded cells (PLX-PAD)
 - Stromal cell type derived from the maternal placenta (PLX-PAD)
 - \circ Therapeutic effects
 - Promising treatment used in many clinical trials¹ (image on right) and previous physiology studies with HU²
- Currently, no studies on how PLX-PAD affects behavior







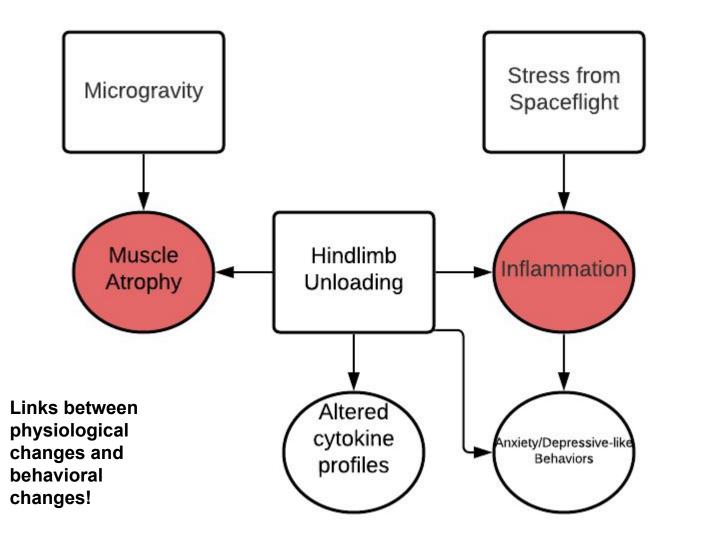
- Small proteins released by cells that are important for cell signaling and immune system function
 - Pro-inflammatory, anti-inflammatory, or participate in regulating activity of different immune cells



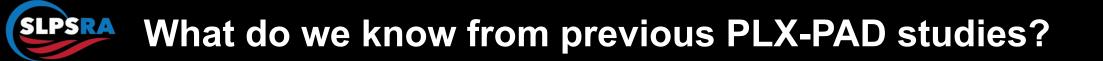
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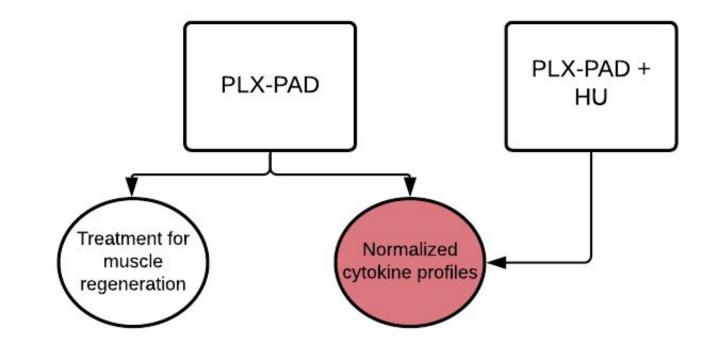
The physiological consequences caused by spaceflight/microgravity overlap with those caused by HU^{3,4,5}. Additionally, elevated levels of inflammation have been correlated to expression of anxiety and depressive-like behaviors in rodents^{2,6}





PLX-PAD mitigates some of the negative physiological consequences caused by HU^{1,2}

How might PLX-PAD treatment affect behavior and is there any correlation between behavior and cytokine profiles?

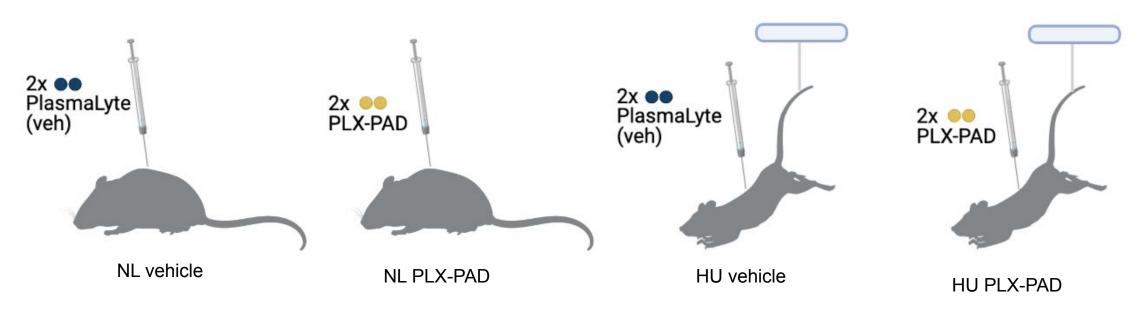








- 4 month old female mice
- n = 7 per group (N = 28)
- Single housed

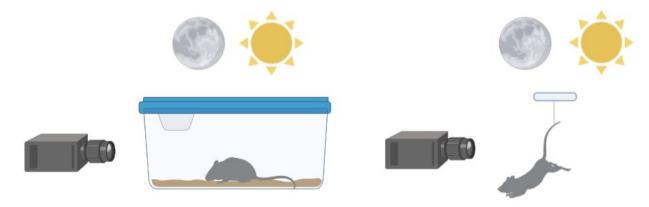


- **Behavioral Analysis:** scored videos of mice in the day and night (looked for 12 behaviors)
- **Cytokine Analysis:** Correlate different cytokines in the brain and plasma with behaviors seen in the mice





Cycle	Timepoint	Length of Video
Light	12 pm	10 minutes (600s)
Light	4 pm	10 minutes (600s)
Dark	12 am	10 minutes (600s)
Dark	4 am	10 minutes (600s)
		Total: 4 videos and 40 minutes content/mouse





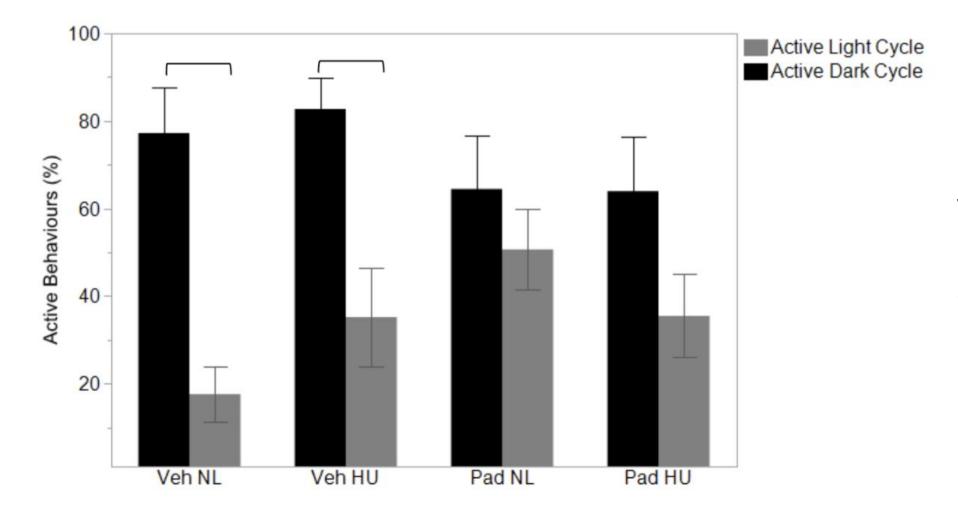


Active	Inactive	Exploratory
Exploratory	Inactive	Exploratory
Eating	Involuntary Movement During Resting State (twitches)	Burrowing
Climbing	Rest	Climbing
Drinking		
Sniffing		
NesLet Manipulation		
Self grooming		
Ambulation		
Burrowing		





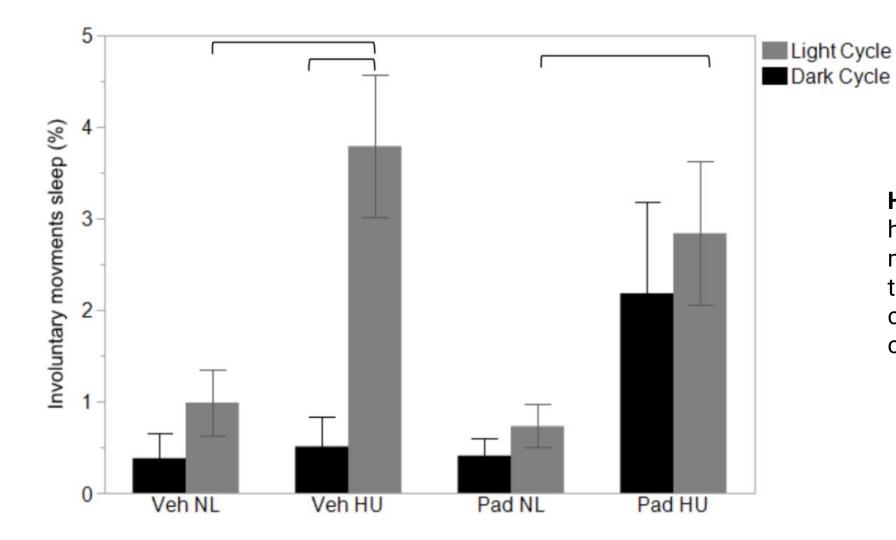




Vehicle mice: significantly higher % active behavior in the dark cycle than the light cycle







HU mice: significantly higher % involuntary movement in the light cycle than the dark cycle compared to NL counterparts





	Brain	Plasma
Light	Exploratory: IL-3 Involuntary movements: IL-6,Mip-1b CD69+,CD3+/CD45+	Active: IP-10, EPO,Exodus2,IL-16,MCP-5, Mip-3b Exploratory: Eotaxin,MIG,Fractalkine,MCP-5,Mip-3b, Mip-2 Rest/Sleep: EPO,Exodus2, MCP-5, Mip-3b
Dark	Involuntary movements: IL-6, GCSF CD69+,CD3+/CD45+	Exploratory: IL-20,MCP-5, Mip-3b Rest/Sleep: MDC,EPO, MCP-5, Mip-3b

Blue – negative correlation Red – positive correlation





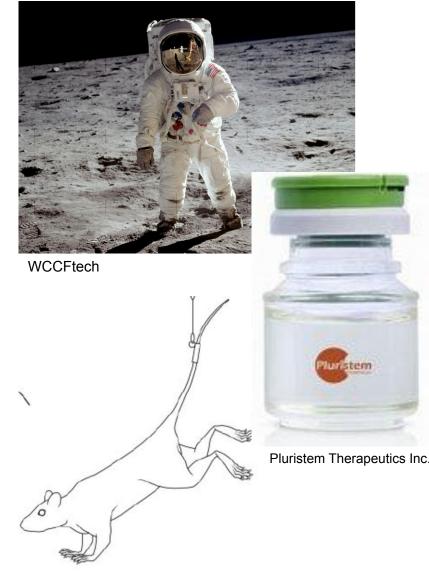
- PLX-PAD may alter circadian patterns/sleep patterns in mice
 - Based on no statistically significant differences between active behaviors in the light vs. dark cycle
- HU disrupts sleep
 - Sleep disruption has various negative physiological consequences
- Involuntary movement/sleep twitches negatively correlates with with REM sleep cytokines
 - \circ $\,$ Also indicative of sleep disruption in HU mice

Significance and Future Directions









- Important to acknowledge the physiological and behavioral effects of PLX-PAD
 - Gain understanding of mechanisms behind its effects
 - Make clinical trials safer
- Solidify HU as an analog that can address behavior and physiology
- Gather data to help introduce PLX-PAD as an effective treatment for astronauts

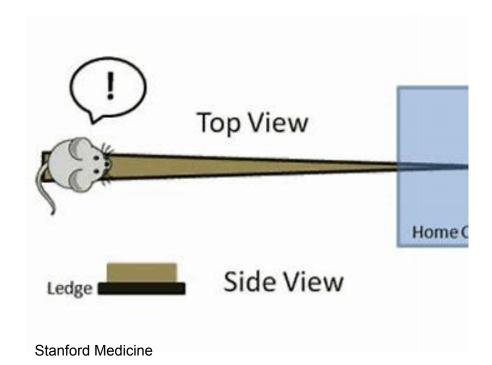




- Specific behavioral tests and sensorimotor tests for HU and PLX-PAD mice
- Monitor sleep in animals to investigate how PLX-PAD affects sleep
- Male and female mice (with a larger sample size)
- Implement PLX in actual space flight



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Additional Project





- Radiation Biology Research at an Elevated Altitude through Dosimetry
- Recipient of the 2020 Ames Research Innovation Award (ARIA)
- Collaboration with Swift Engineering Inc.
- Exploring the use of Swift's High Altitude Long Endurance Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (HALE UAV) (right) as a Mars analog and potential platform for conducting space biology experiments
- Implementing M42 dosimeter provided by the German Aerospace Center (DLR)
 - UV sensors?



Swift Engineering Inc.

Goals and Advice





- Inspire people to pursue space-related research
- Attend grad school
 - PhD or masters in STEM
- Work in the STEM industry doing my own research or project management
 Preferably space related, of course (:
- Eventually, start a biotech and biology research company that is focused on commercializing and industrializing space biology





- Space isn't just for scientists and engineers
 - Anyone can contribute!
- Be creative and open minded
 - There is no idea that is too crazy when it comes to space research or new technology!
- Accept that we don't even know some of the challenges we will face when it comes to microgravity research
- Be excited!
 - Space is fun and new and the opportunities for discovery really are endless





Acknowledgements

Dr. Ruth Globus PI on PLX grant Dr. April Ronca PI of lab

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- Hami Ray, Sigrid Reinsch, Desi Bridges, and the SLSTP Team
- Sophie Orr, Cassidy Brand, Mary Hanson, and the COSGC team
- Family and friends (:

Questions?

Thank you, everyone!





- ¹Pluristem Therapeutics, Inc
- ²Rubinstein et al. (in progress)
- ³Crucian 2014
- ⁴Vogelzangs et al 2012
- ⁵Kohman and Rhodes 2012
- ⁶Zhai et al. 2018



NASA

- Tahimic et al. 2019
- Pluristem Therapeutics Inc.
- News Medical
- WCCFtech
- Research Gate
- Boston.com
- Stanford Medicine
- Swift Engineering Inc.

Supplementary Slides

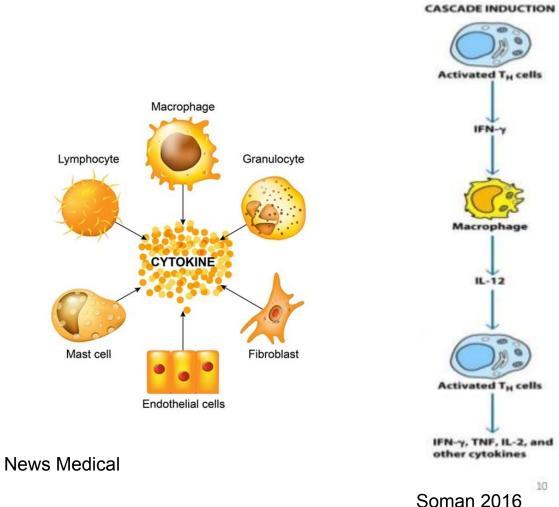




- HU, spaceflight, and microgravity = negative physiological consequences
- HU = known to increase anxiety and depressive like behaviors
- PLX-PAD = mitigates physiological consequences caused by HU
- How might PLX-PAD affect behavior and is there any correlation between behavior and cytokine profiles?



- Stress from spaceflight and microgravity alters immune cell responses, inflammation, and gene expression of inflammatory markers (Crucian 2014)
- Behavioral studies on earth: links between elevated levels of inflammation and depressive like behaviors and inability to learn new behaviors (Vogelzangs et al. 2012; Kohman and Rhodes 2012)
 - HU Behavioral Studies: similar results
- **HU alone:** alters cytokine profiles in the brain and plasma and immune cell concentration in the plasma (Rubinstein, in press)
- HU in combination with PLX: normalized levels of cytokines in the brain and immune cell concentrations in plasma (Rubinstein, in preparation)



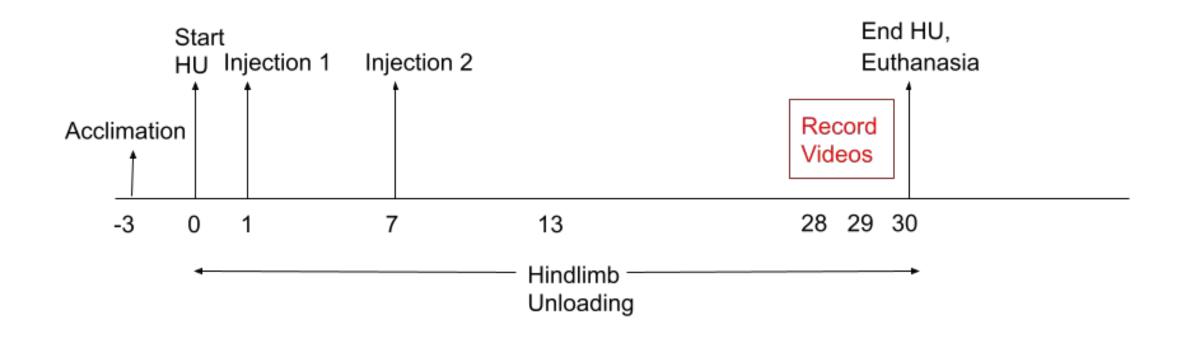




- •After 4 weeks of HU, HU animals will exhibit different behavioral patterns than normally loaded (NL) animals
- In HU animals, PLX will mitigate some of the differences in behavioral patterns











Mouse ID #10

 $\frac{Time \ spent \ performing \ a \ behavior}{Total \ time \ of \ light \ or \ dark \ cycle \ videos} x \ 100\% = \% \ of \ time \ performing \ behavior$

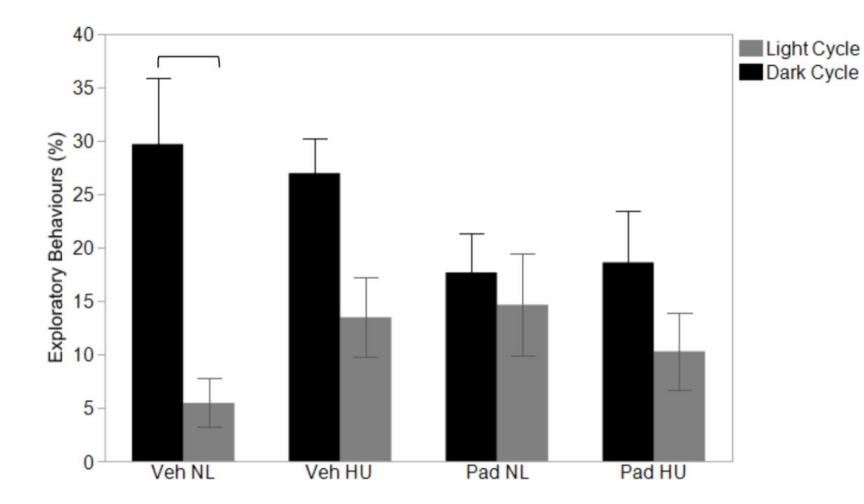
 $\frac{200 \text{ seconds sleeping in light cycle}}{1200 \text{ total seconds of light cycle videos}} x 100\%$

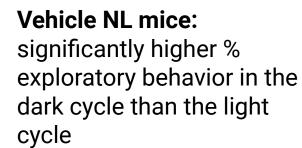
= 16.67% of time in the light cycle spent sleeping

Repeat this for every behavior/behavioral category for every animal and then take the mean percentages of each group



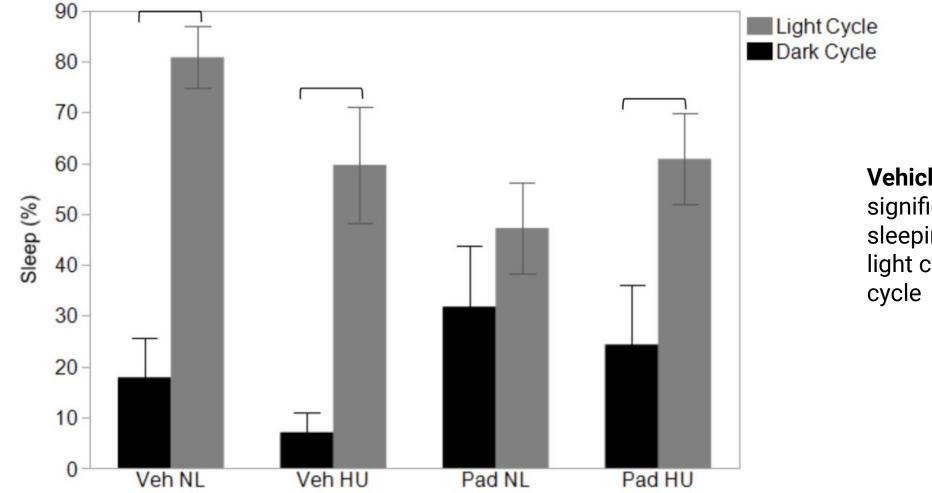














significantly higher % sleeping behavior in the light cycle than the dark cycle





• Pilot study

 \circ HU single and pair-housed study should be done in the future

- Video quality during the night cycle was not always good
- Ideal experimental design: film before and after HU and injections
- Only basic in-cage behavior studied
- Only females
- Need more animals to decrease standard deviations