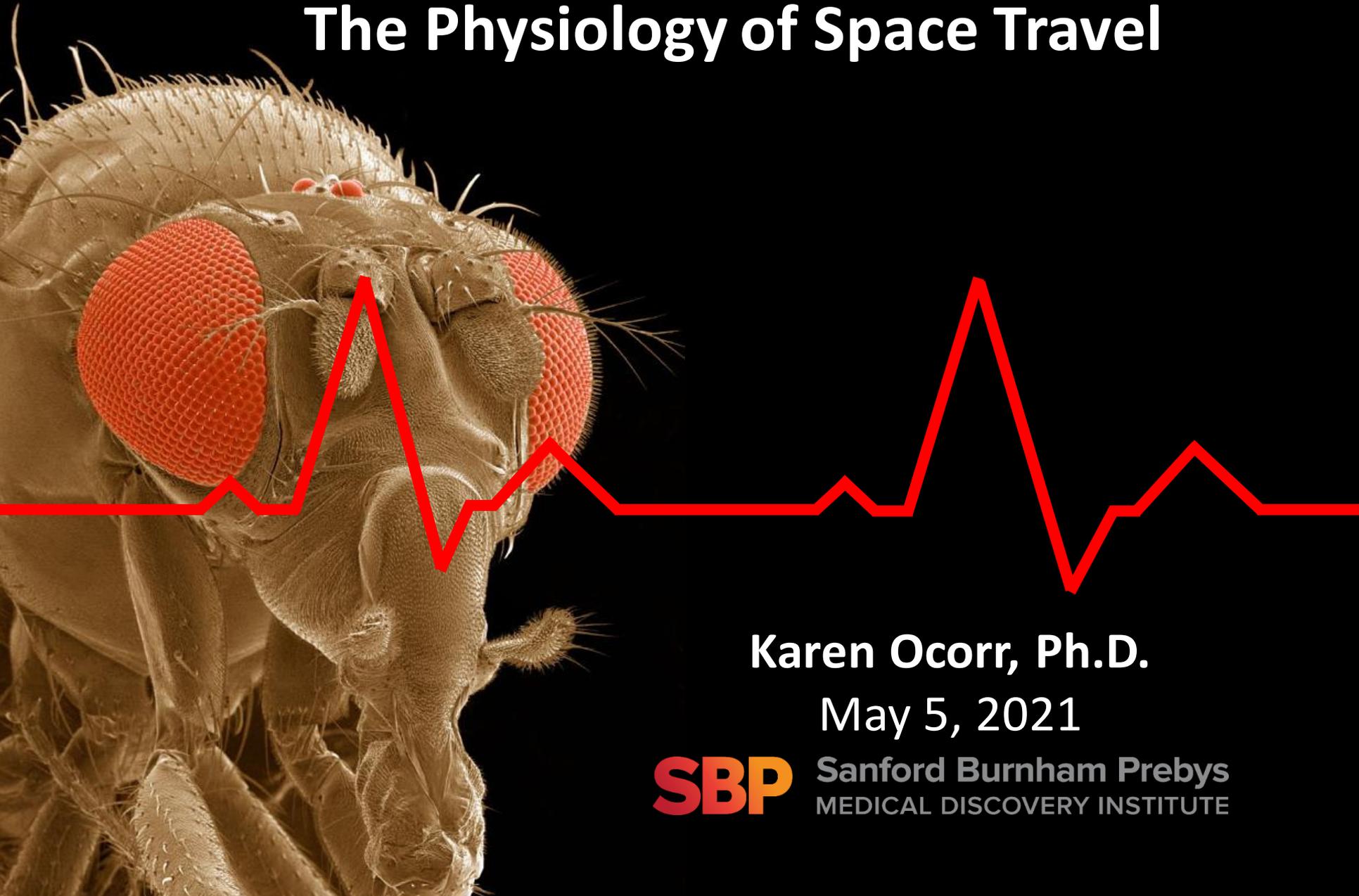


Flies in Space!

The Physiology of Space Travel



Karen Ocorr, Ph.D.

May 5, 2021



Sanford Burnham Prebys
MEDICAL DISCOVERY INSTITUTE

Why we use flies to study Human Heart Disease



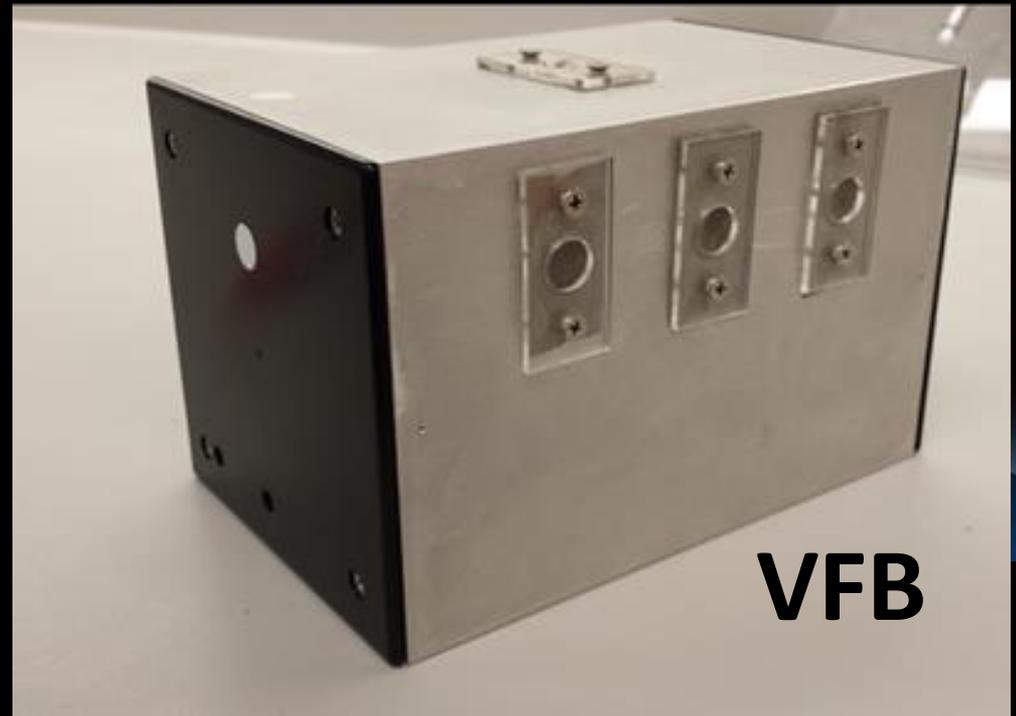
- Shares 75% of Human Genes
 - Muscle structural proteins
 - Ion Channels
- SMALL Size
- Short lifespan
 - Fly 1wk ~ Human 10yr
- LOADS of genetic tools

Our Effort began with a Box

SPACE FLORIDA



Nanoracks



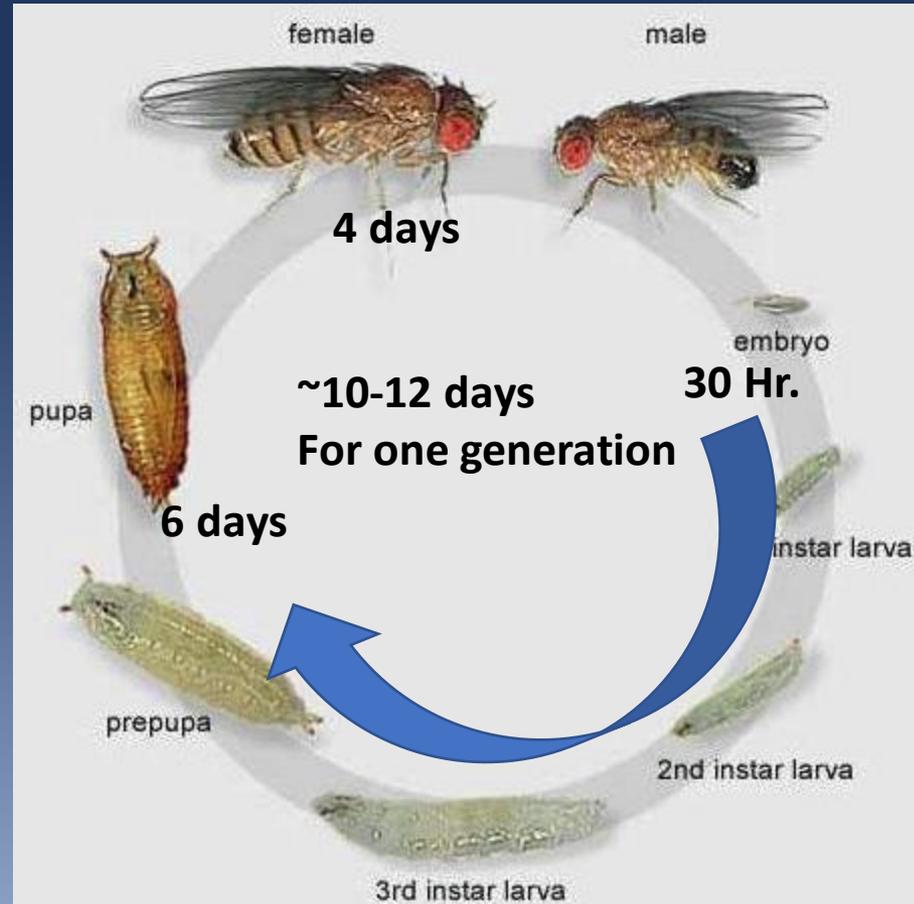
VFB

Prize was the cost to transport this box to the ISS for 30 days
COST - \$60,000

Vented Fly Boxes from Nanoracks and Cargo Transfer Bag



Flies in Space Protocol

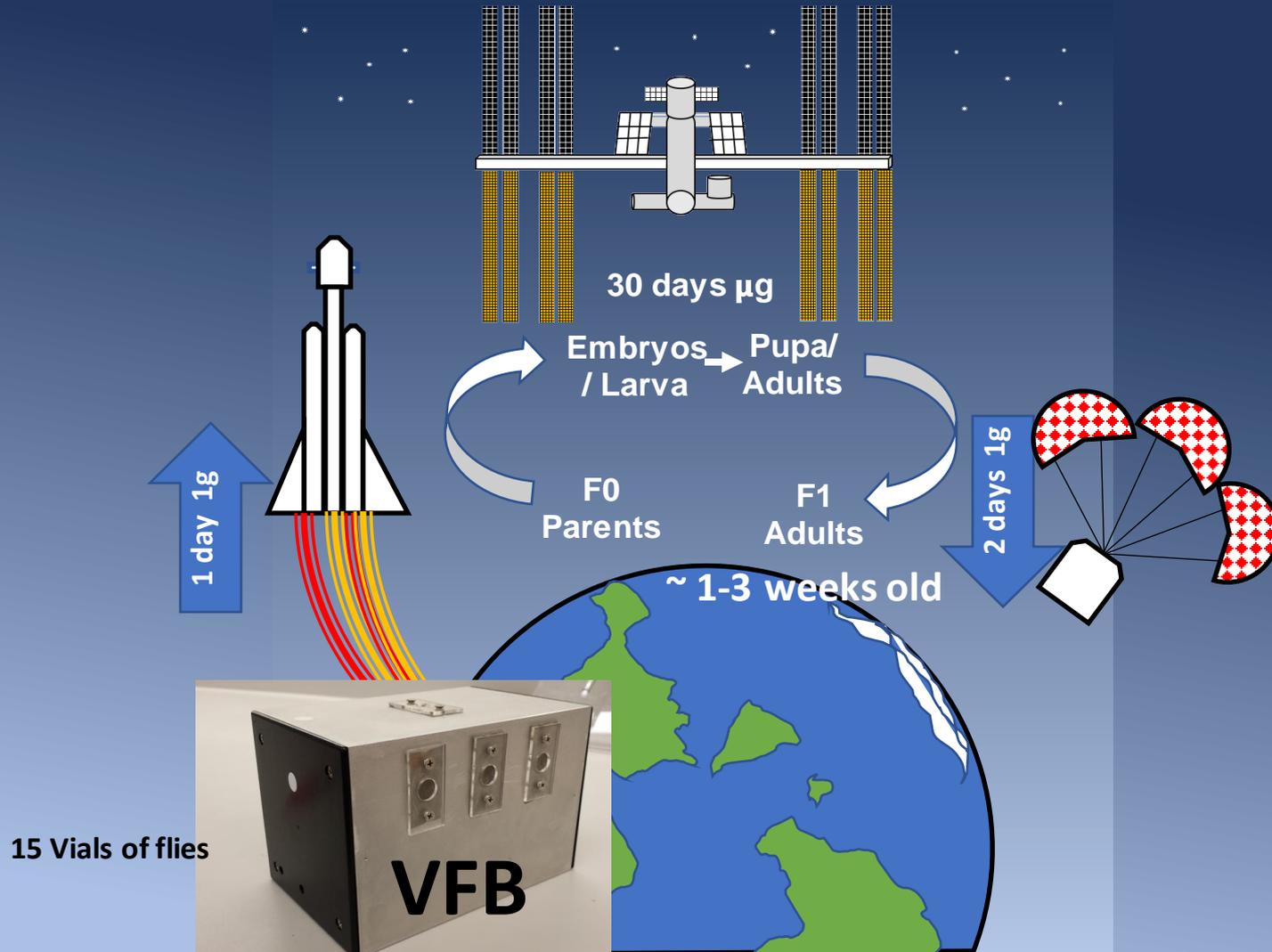


F₀ Parents



This program is delayed in Space

Flies in Space Protocol

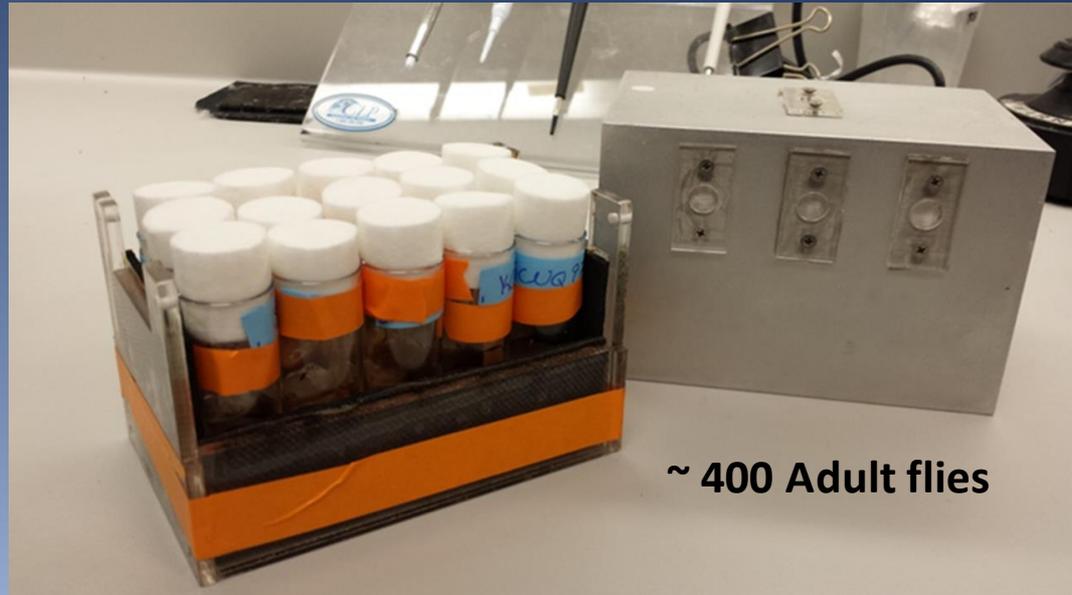


Flies in Space Protocol

~35 day
Mission



Multigenerational / Multi-Age Cohort
F0 + F1 + F2?



~ 400 Adult flies

Flies in Space Protocol



~35 day
Mission



Multigenerational / Multi-Age Cohort (0-3 wks)
F0? + F1 + F2?

24 hr Egg Lay



Remove
Parents
before
flight



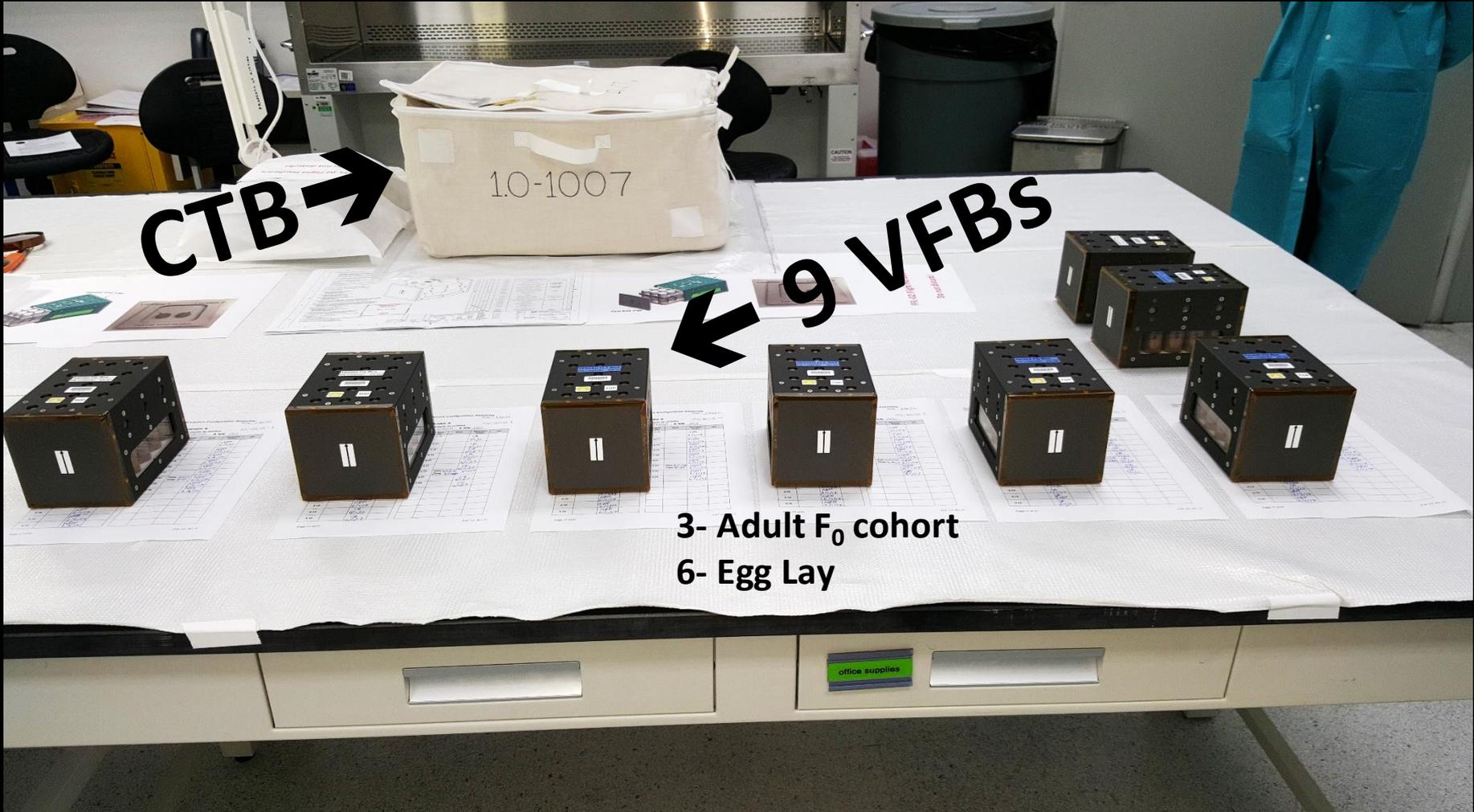
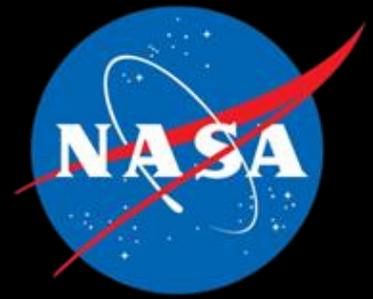
2.5 -3 week old F1 Cohort
F2 larva and a few adults,
often identifiable as “virgins”



SBP

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Space X 11 Experiment



CTB →

1.0-1007

← **9 VFBS**

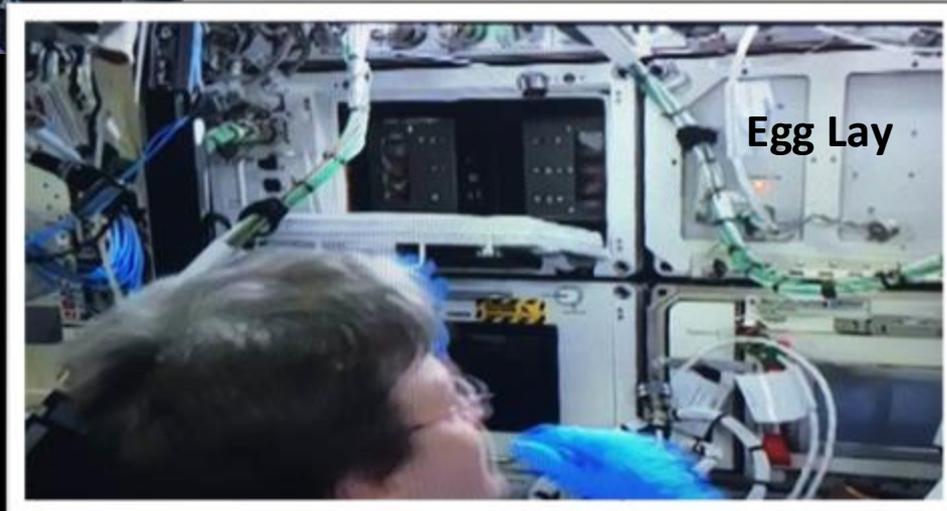
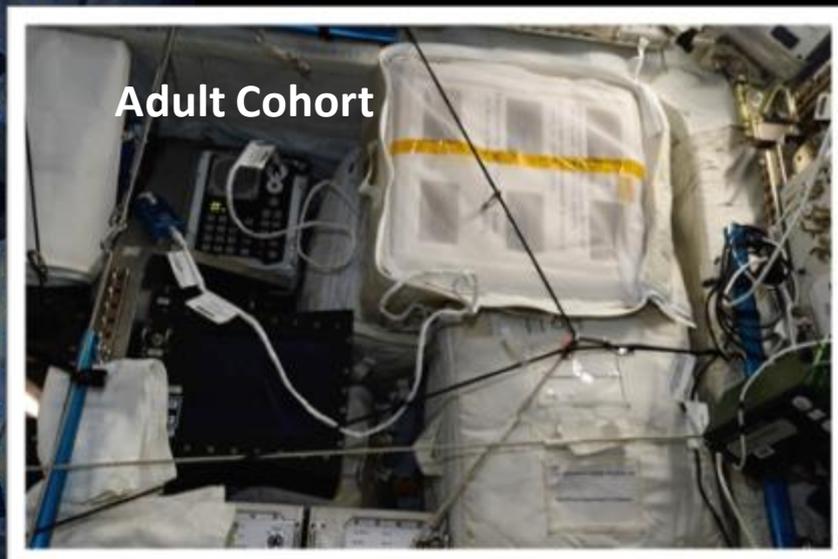
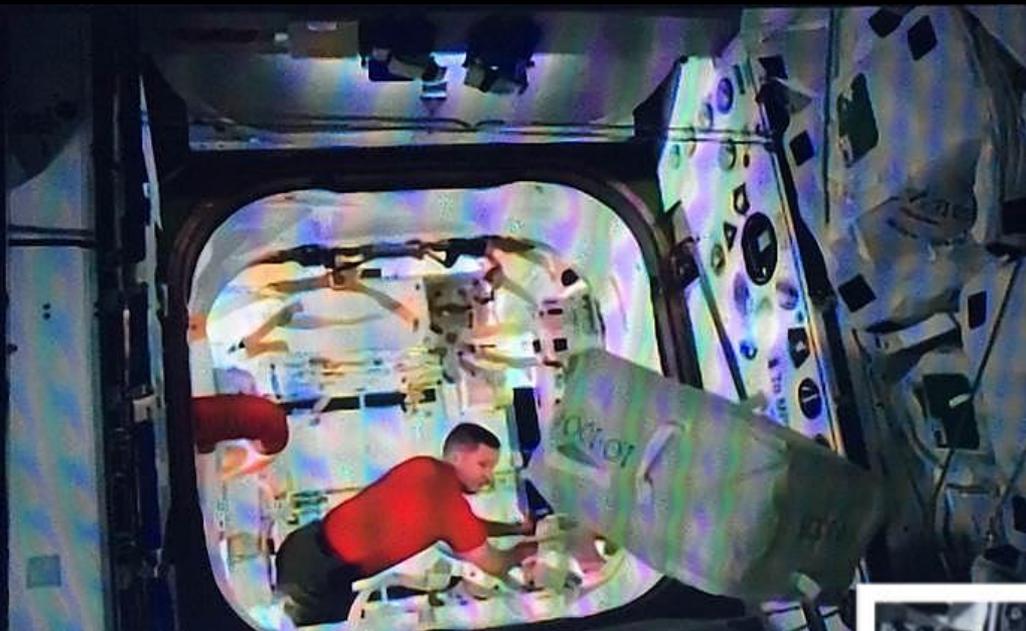
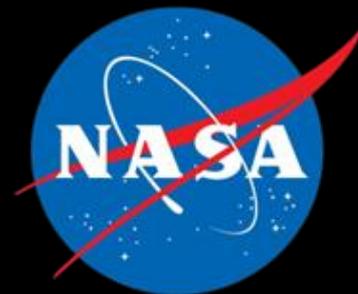
3- Adult F₀ cohort
6- Egg Lay

office supplies

SBP

SANFORD BURNHAM PREBYS

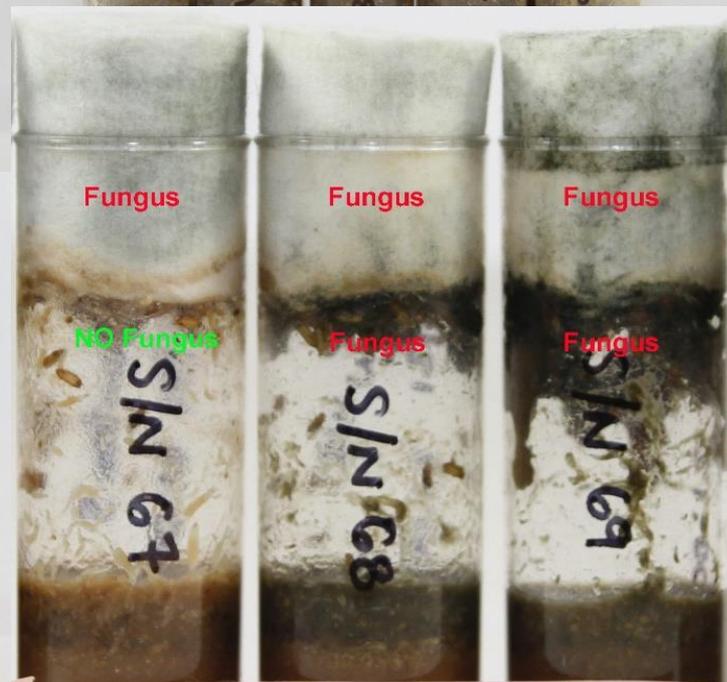
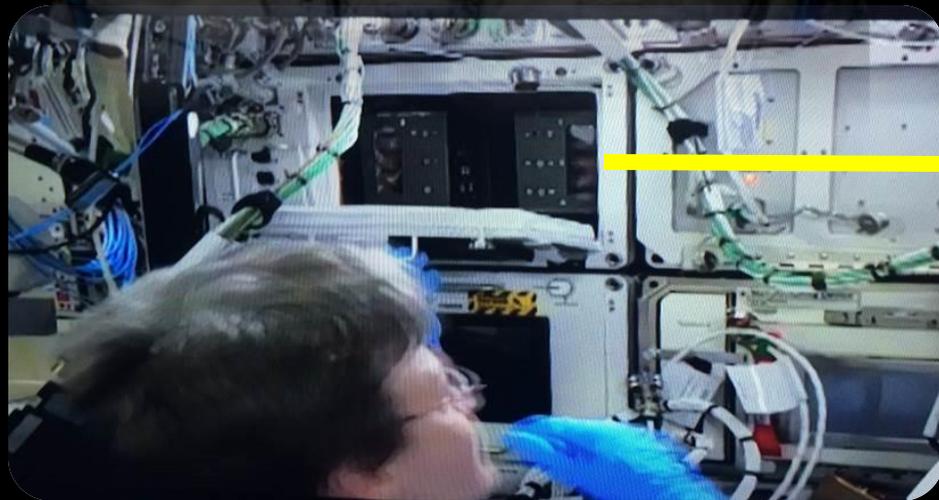
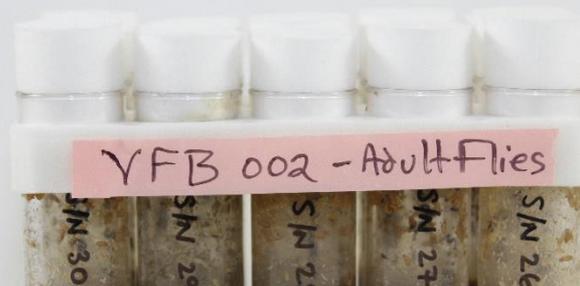
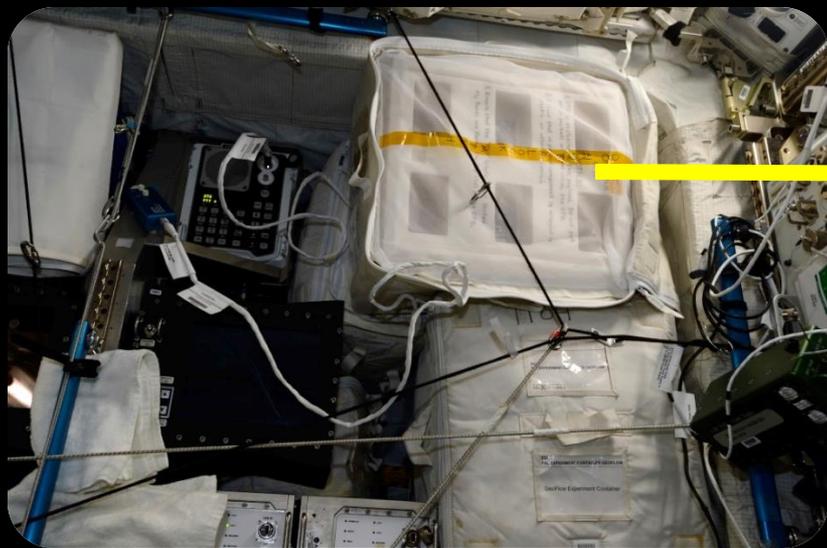
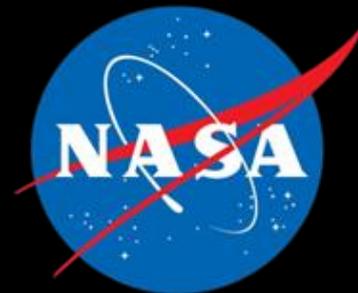
Space X 11 Experiment



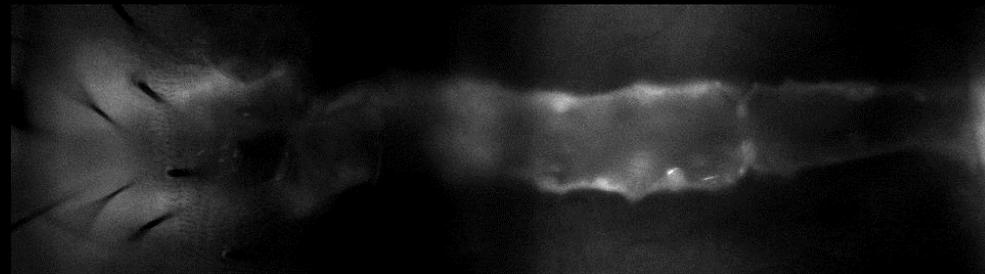
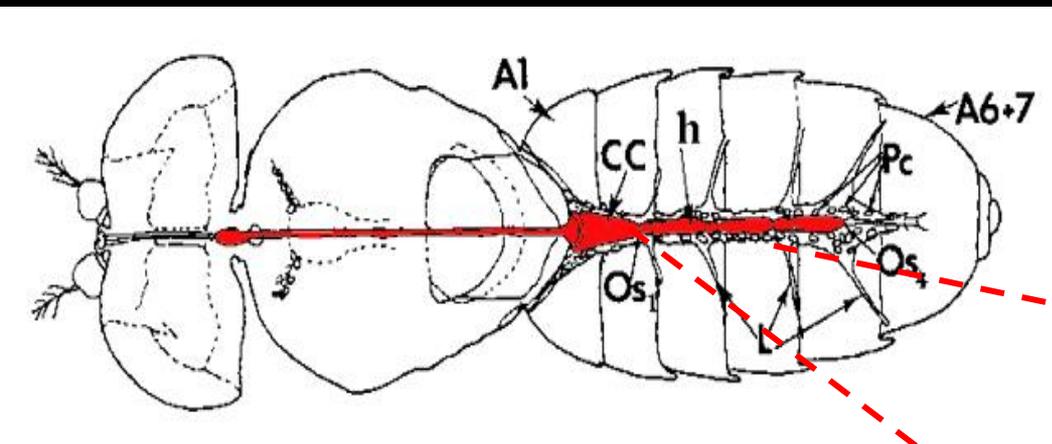
SBP

SANFORD BURNHAM PREBYS

Space X 11 Experiment



- Effects on Heart Function



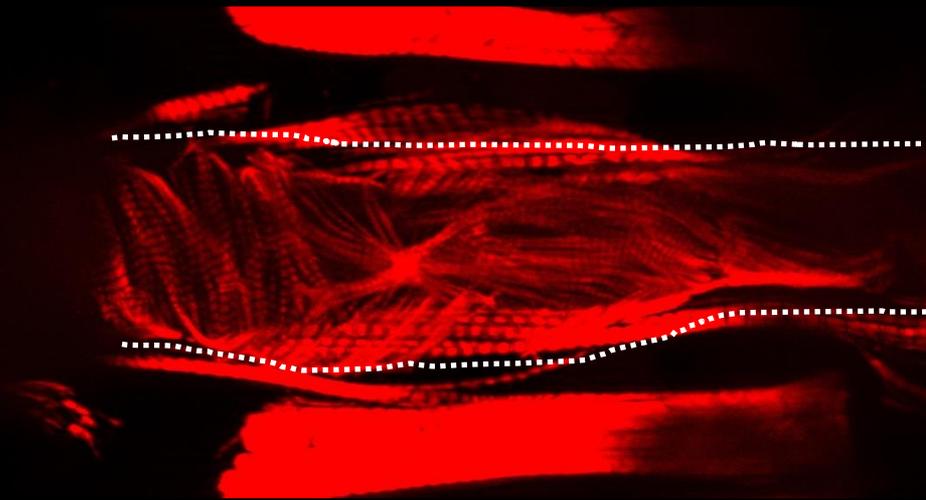
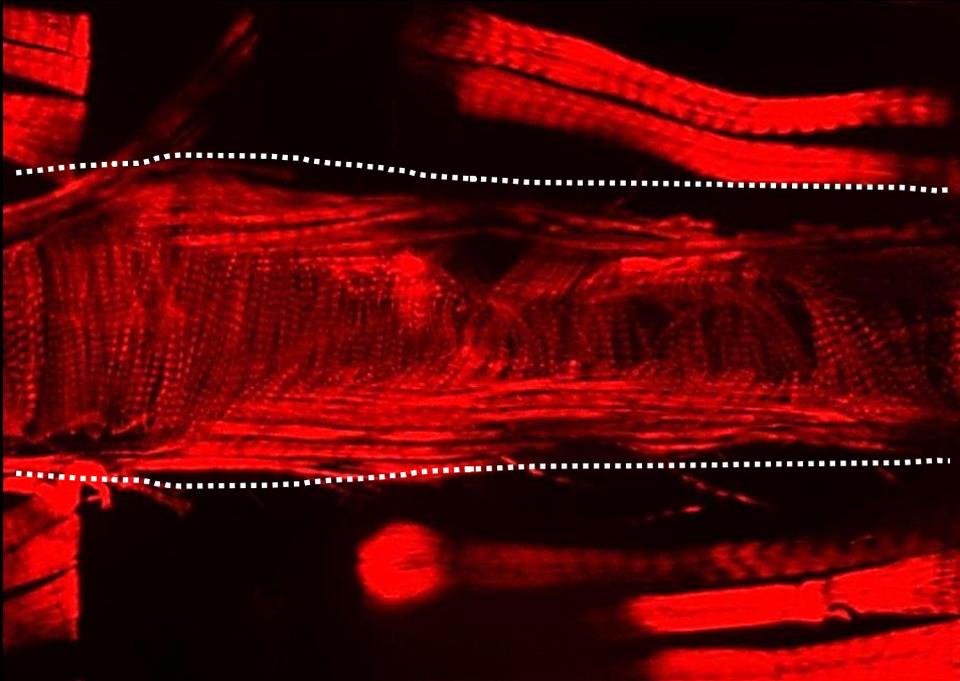
- Effects on Cardiac Structure

Actin – muscle protein

Ground Control

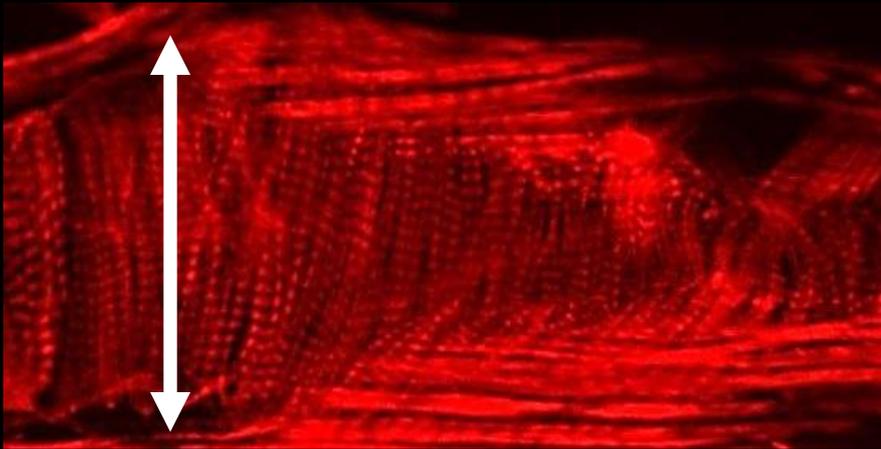
Space Flown

Reduced Size

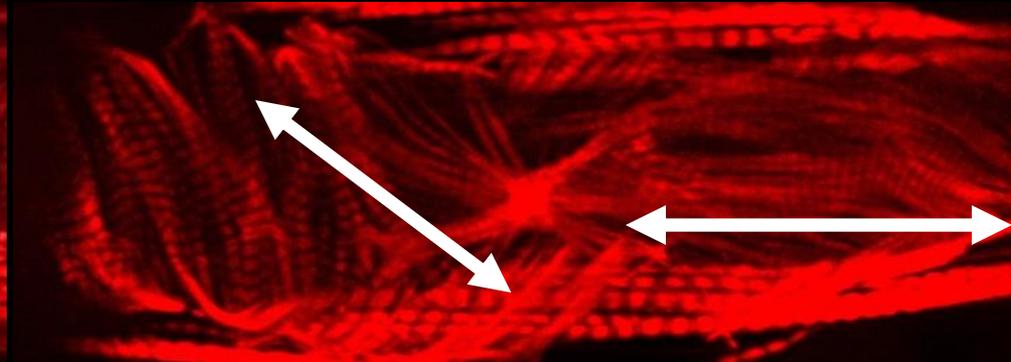


- Effects on Cardiac Structure

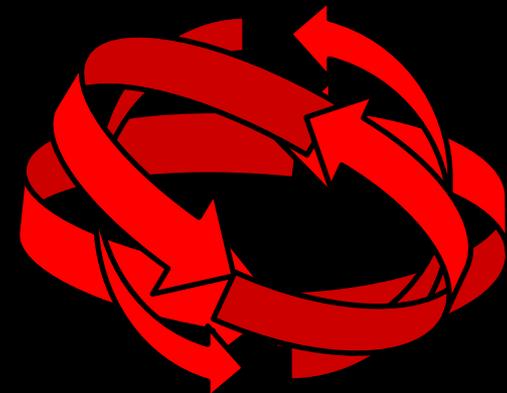
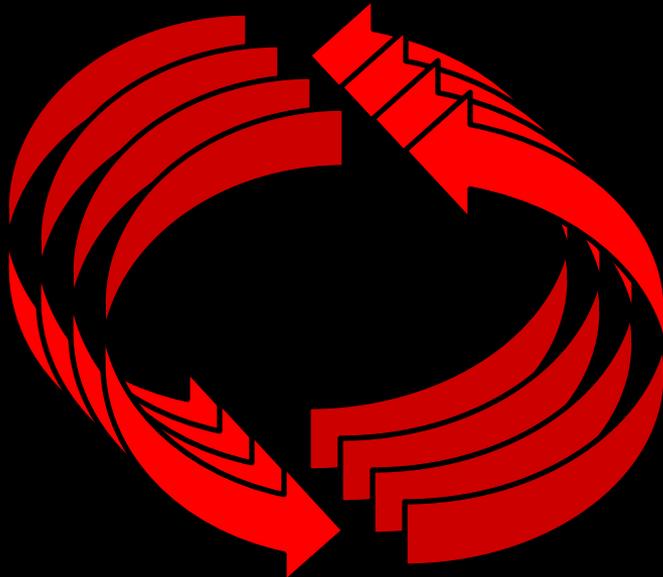
Actin – muscle protein



Ground Control



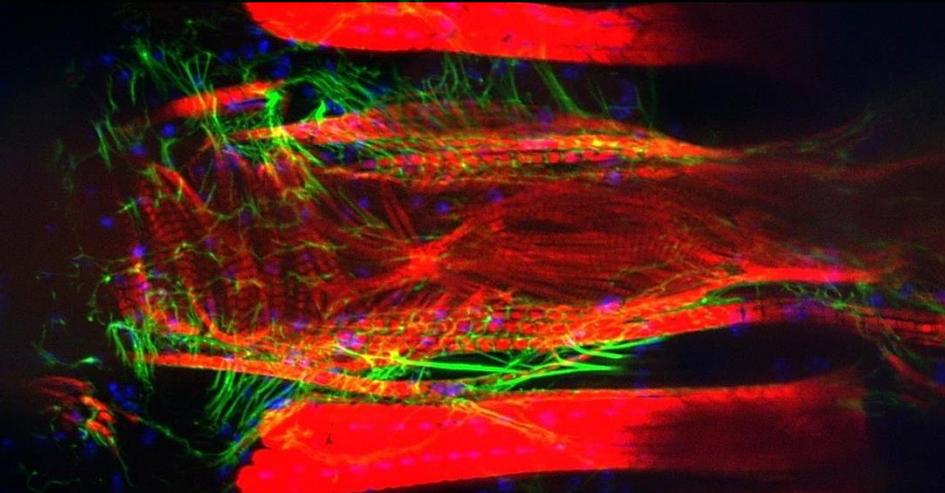
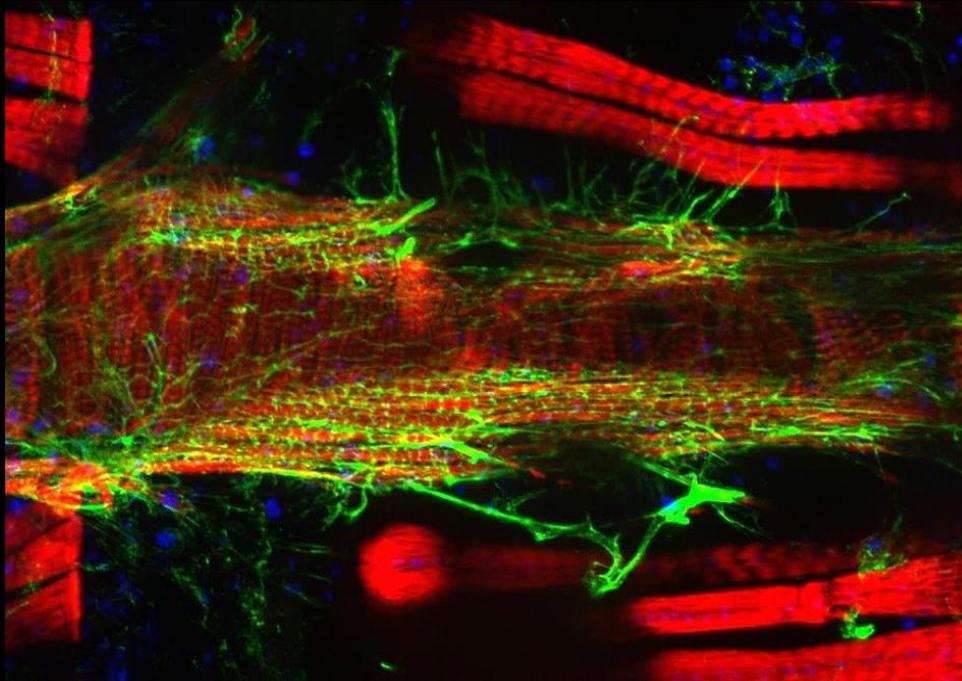
Space Flown



- Effects on Cardiac Structure

Ground Control

Space Flown



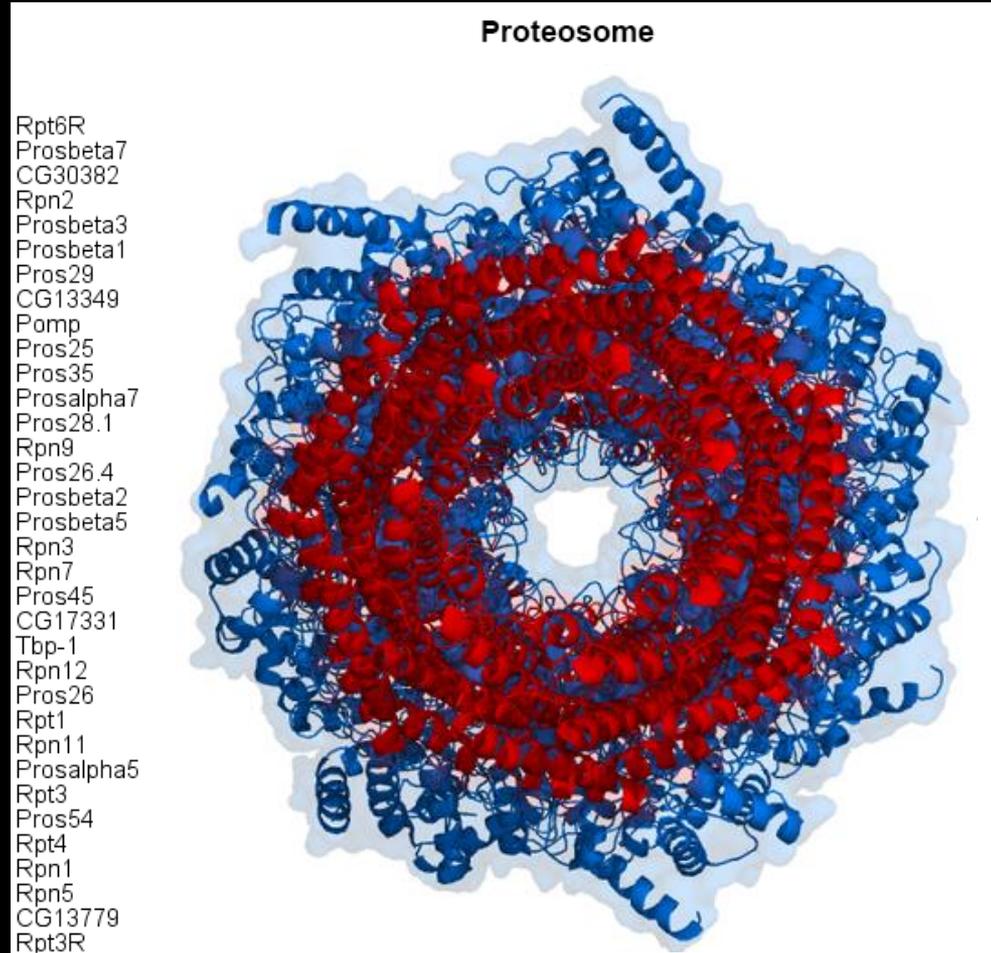
RNA Seq showed significant DOWN regulation of muscle proteins and Collagens

- Effects on Protein Homeostasis

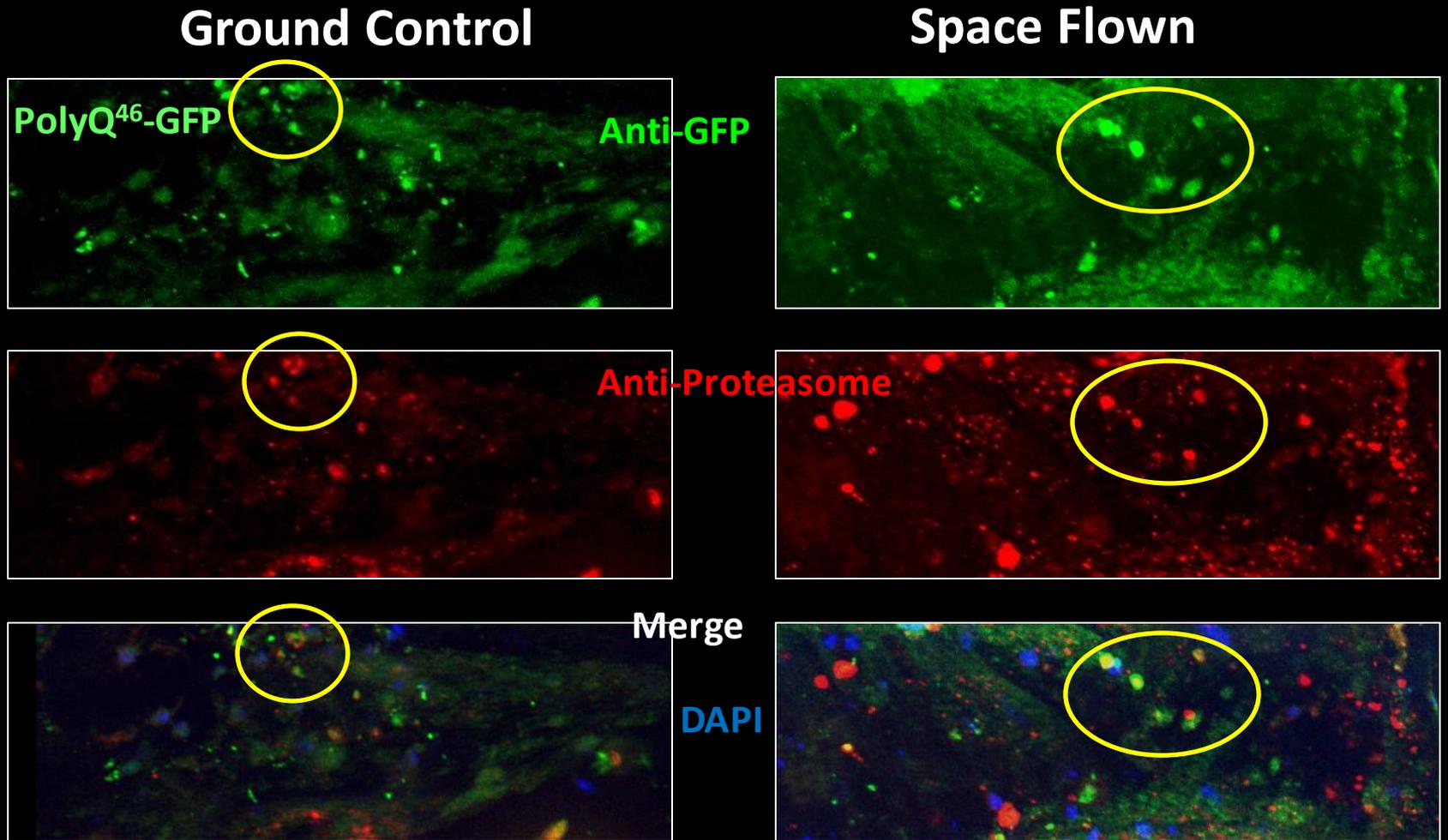
Proteasome / Garbage Disposer

↑ Increased
Gene
Expression

↓ Reduced
Gene
Expression



Prolonged Weightlessness Increases Proteasome Number and Protein Plaques



The image shows a high-angle view of the International Space Station (ISS) in orbit above the Earth. The station's complex structure, including multiple modules and large solar panel arrays, is clearly visible against the bright blue and white of the planet's atmosphere and clouds. The background is a deep black space.

Multi-organ Effects of Weightlessness

- Decreased Cardiac Size & Contractility
- Reductions in Cardiac Fibrosis
- Decreased Gene Expression of Muscle Proteins
- Defects in Protein Recycling in nerves and muscle
- Clues to prevent muscle loss in space

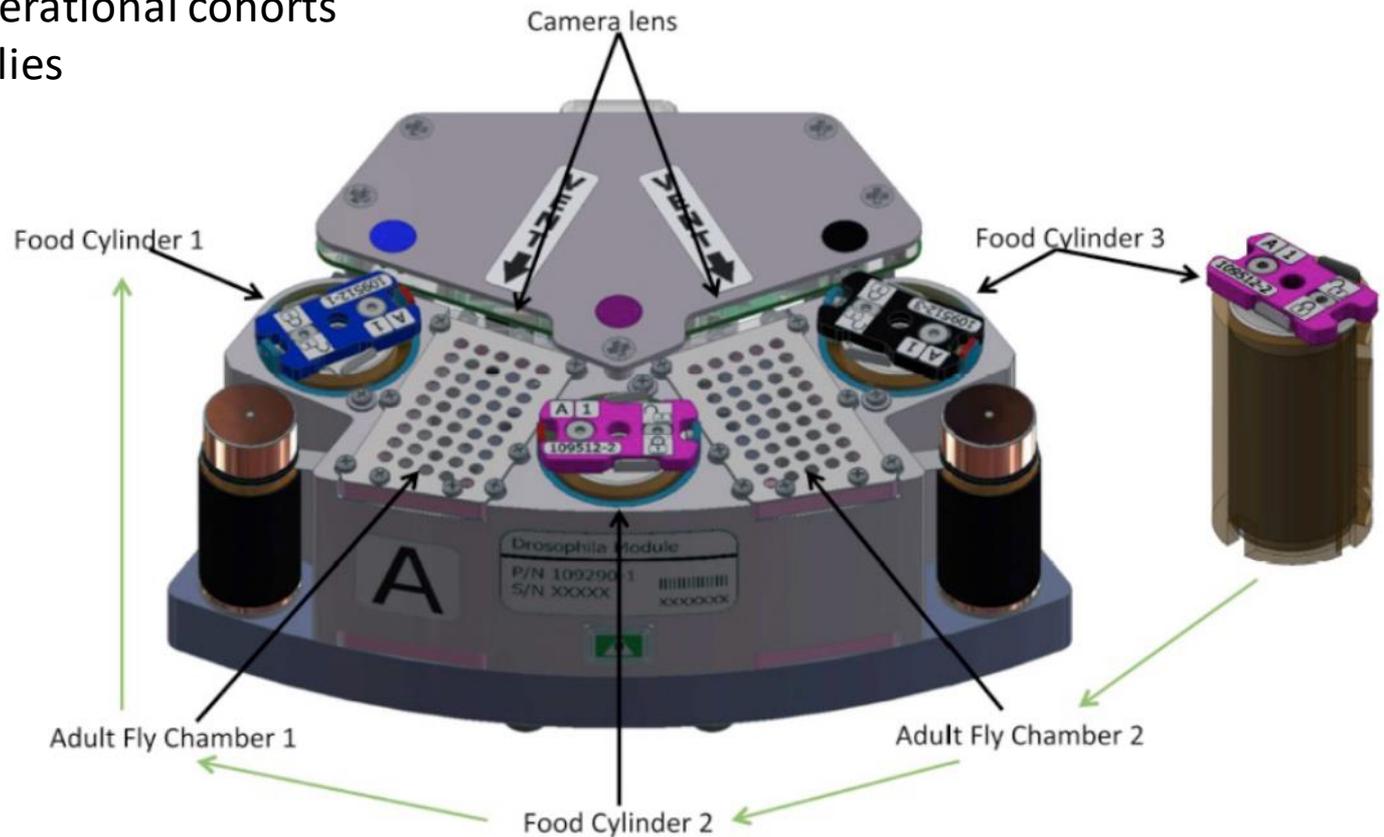
Does altered gravity elicit an All or None response?

- **NASA is going back to the Moon – Artemis Program**
- **Base planned for the Moon's south pole**
- **Missions to Mars in the 2030's**
- **Need to assess**
 - **Micro g**
 - **Lunar g (0.17 g)**
 - **Mars g (0.38 g)**

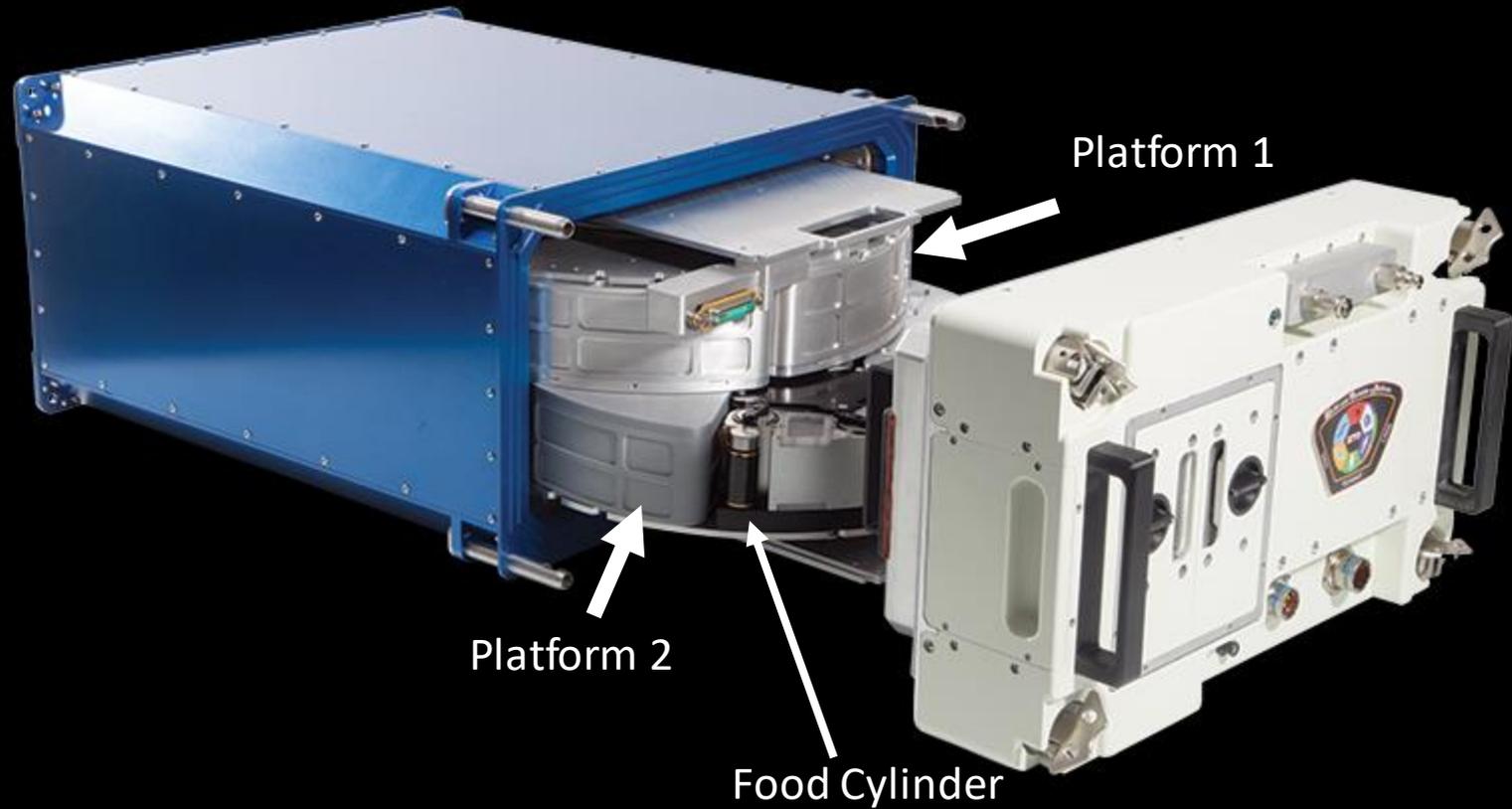


Allows for separation of generations

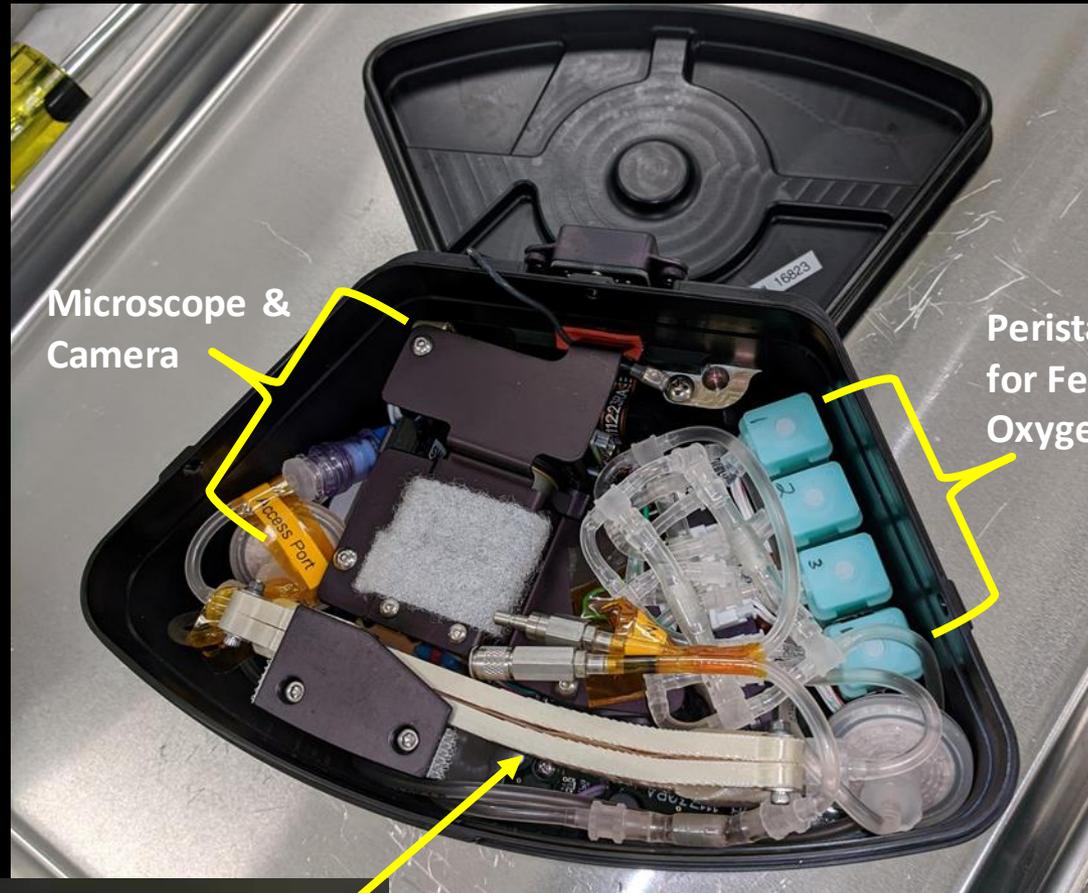
- Light cycle control
- Filming for behavior assessment
- Fixation of generational cohorts
- Return of live flies



Multi-use Variable-g Platform MVP



C. Elegans Hardware Overview



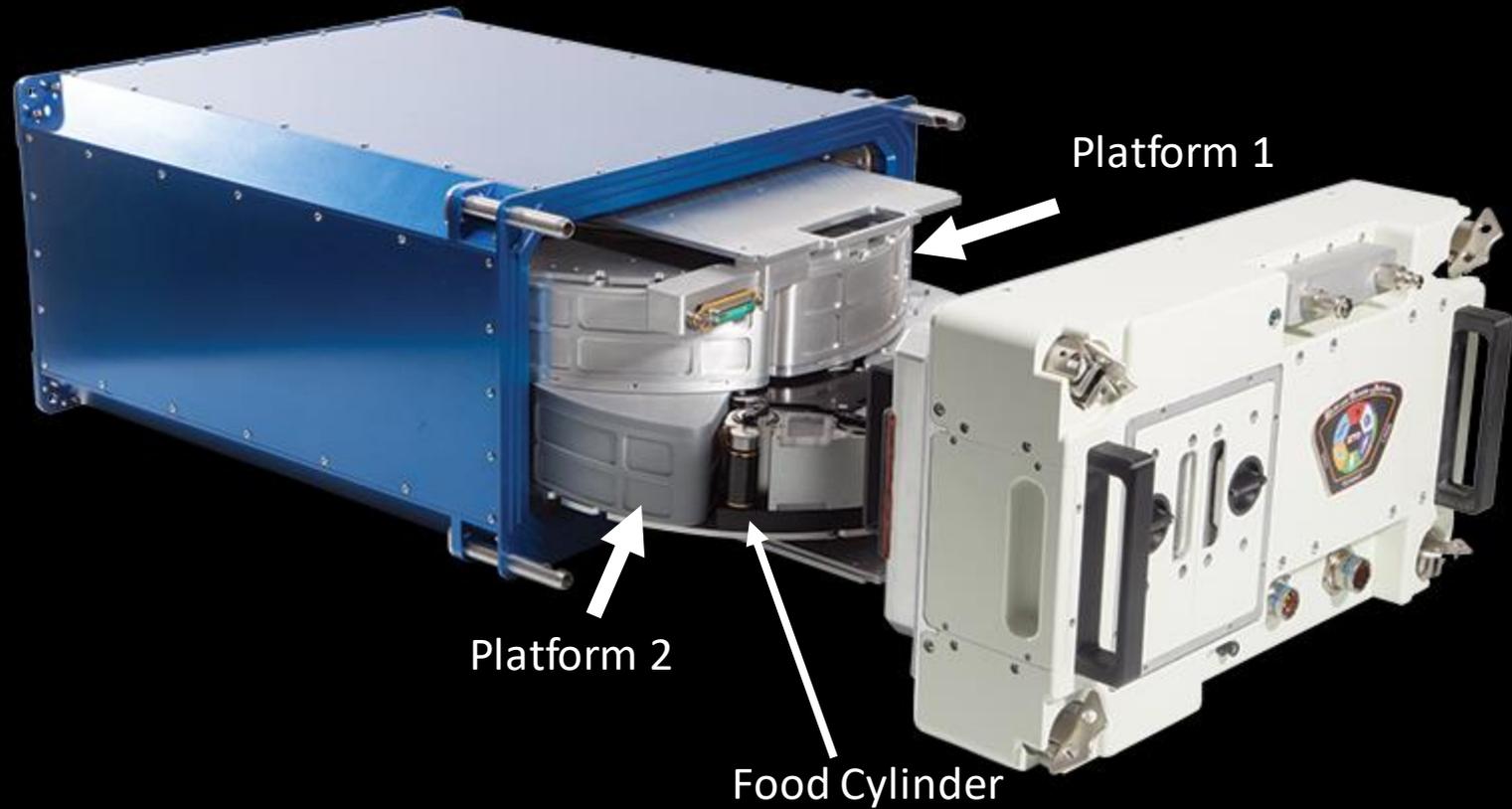
Microscope &
Camera

Peristaltic Pumps
for Feed / Waste &
Oxygenation

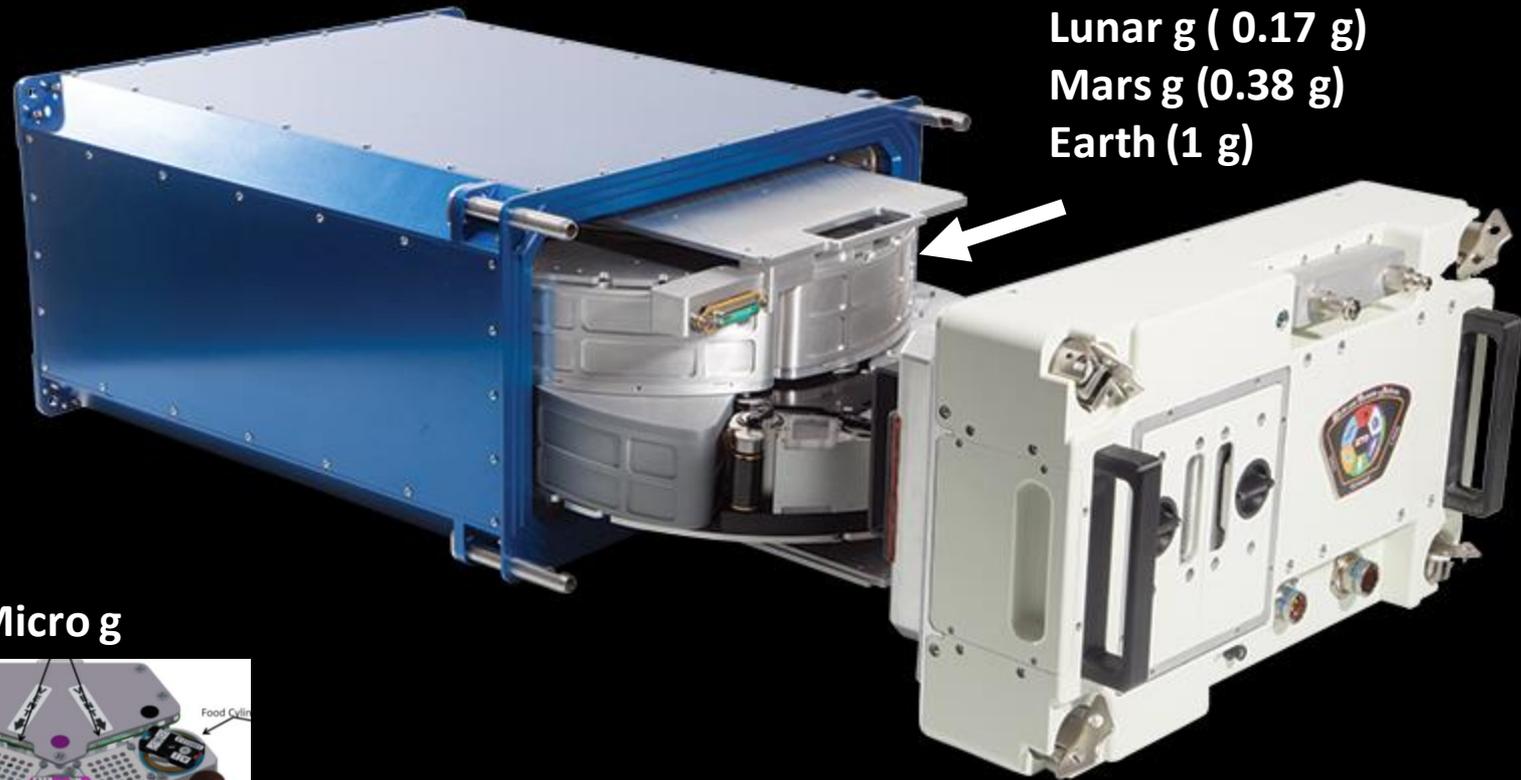
Culture Bag in
imaging
frame



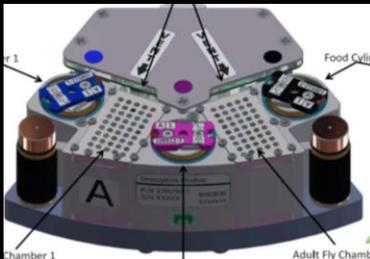
Multi-use Variable-g Platform MVP



Multi-gravity effects on muscle & nervous tissue in worms and flies



Micro g

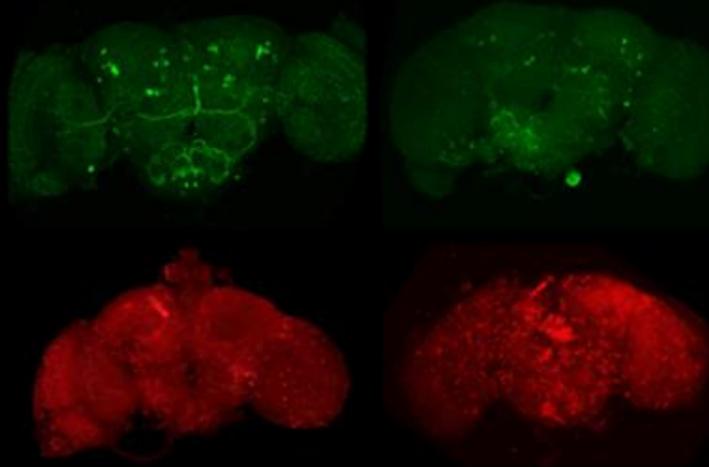


Comparison of gravity effects

1g

μ g

Fly
Brain



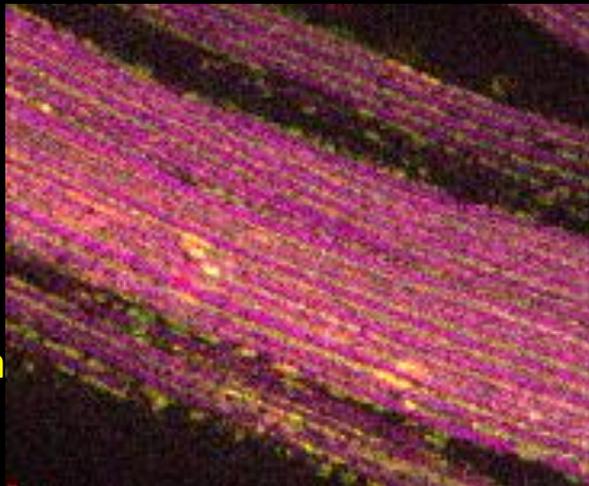
Dopaminergic Neuron Number
-Tyrosine Hydroxylase

Apoptosis - Cleaved Caspase 3

Janani Iyer, Siddhita Mhatre & Sharmila Bhattacharya – NASA, Ames

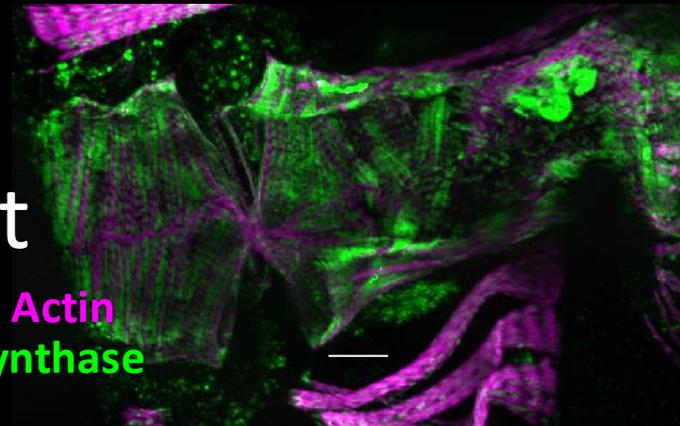
Fly
Muscle

Muscle Actin
Mitochondria



Fly
Heart

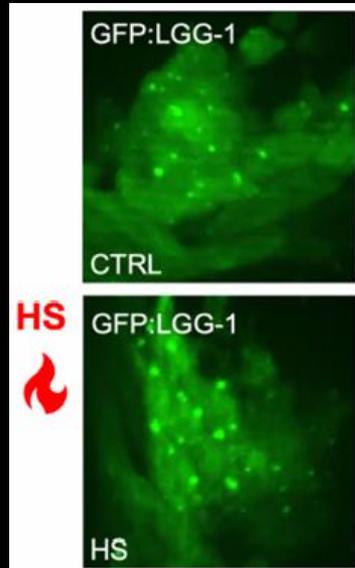
Muscle Actin
ATP Synthase



Katja Birker & Rolf Bodmer – SBP Medical Discovery Institute

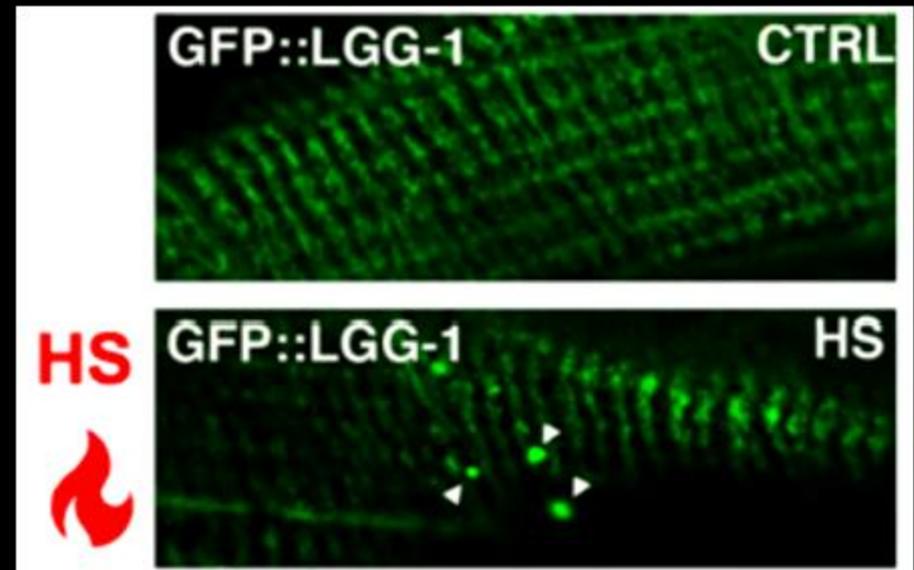
Comparison of gravity effects

Worm
Brain



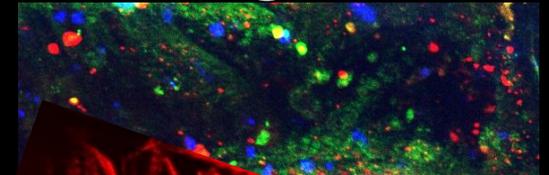
Apoptosis Marker - **Lgg1/Atg8 GFP**

Worm
Body Wall
Muscle



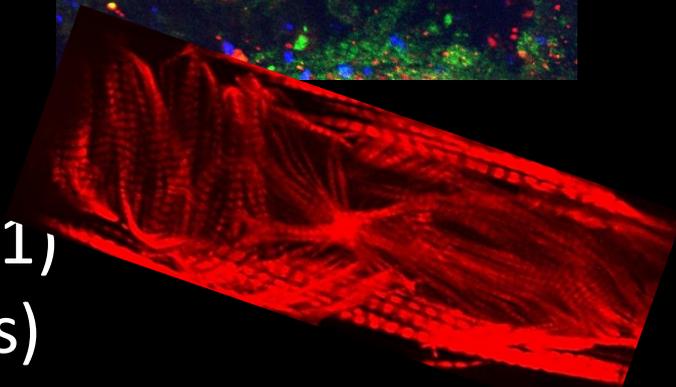
Comparison of gravity effects on ISS

Question: What keeps organisms from losing muscle mass in space and with disuse?



Simultaneously Test:

- 4 gravities ($\sim 0, 0.17, 0.38, 1$)
- 2 organisms (flies & worms)
- 2 distinct tissues (nervous tissue & muscle)



What are the Similar (conserved) Outcomes:

- Changes in apoptosis?
- Changes in mitochondrial form and function?
- Changes in gene expression?
- Tissue-specific?
- Dose dependent?

Acknowledgements

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Siddhita Mhatre, PhD

Janani Iyer, PhD

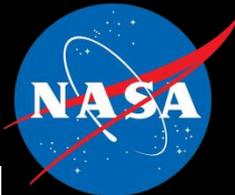
Ohio University

Nathanial Szewczyk Lab

Funding:



American
Heart
Association



Nanoracks

SPACE FLORIDA

