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Key Legal Challenges arising from Natural Resource Extraction of Celestial Bodies

United Nations/Chile Conference on Space Law and Policy:

Governance and Legal Perspectives on Space Activities in Earth Orbit and Beyond



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Space Resource Activities will involve many complex issues and challenges

- Key issues:
 - Legal and Governance but also
 - Sustainability
 - Avoiding Conflict
 - Technological / Scientific
 - Environmental / Cultural / Economic / Geopolitical / Humanistic
 - Stewardship
 - O How do we regard space? / How do we interact with space?
- We need to understand the *questions* before we can begin to consider the *answers*...



What is at Stake?

- Available resources?
 - Moon: Rare Earth minerals? Helium 3? and most significantly water
 - Asteroids: Volatile, Platinum, Nickel, etc; \$\$\$\$\$?
- Resources could be used / utilised in situ (ISRU) or (later?) sent to Earth (but does the business case make sense for the latter?)
- Proponents argue that 'space mining' can add to and redistribute wealth worldwide
- Others fear that it could instead lead to a 'land grab', 'gold rush' and ultimately conflict?



Legal and Governance considerations will include:

- UN Treaty Regime:
 - Outer Space Treaty / Moon Agreement etc

- Other UNCOPUOS Instruments:
 - Space Debris Mitigation Guidelines / Long Term Sustainability Guidelines etc

- Are there lessons to be learnt from other governance structures for resources Beyond National Jurisdiction?
 - ITU? ISBA? etc



Use of Space Resources: 1967 Outer Space Treaty

- Art. I OST: Freedom of Exploration and Use
 - For the benefit of and in the interests of all countries
 - Province of all mankind
 - In accordance with international law
 - Free access to all areas of celestial bodies
 - → Is commercial use of resources in line with Art. I?



- Art. II OST: Non-appropriation
 - Outer space is not subject to national appropriation
 - Are exploitation and utilization of space resources covered by this principle?
 - → Artemis Accords? Correct reflection of the legal position?
- Art. IV OST: Use for peaceful purposes
 - No nuclear weapons/ weapons of mass destruction anywhere
 - Moon (+ celestial bodies): exclusively peaceful purposes
 - → How to avoid conflict in competition for resources?



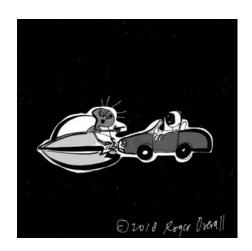


Use of Space Resources: 1967 Outer Space Treaty

- Art. VI: International Responsibility
 - International responsibility for national activities (including on celestial bodies)
 - Non-governmental entities: authorization and continuing supervision by the appropriate State
 - Assure compliance with Treaty provisions
 - → Do resource activities fall within scope of the Treaty law?



- Art. VII: International Liability for damage
 - Launching State(s)
 - Launch/ procure/ territory/ facility
 - Damage
 - On Earth or to aircraft (absolute) / in space (fault)
 - To another State Party or its natural /juridical persons
 - By a space object or its component parts
 - 1967 Outer Space Treaty / 1972 Liability Convention applicable?
 - → How do States / corporations protect themselves?

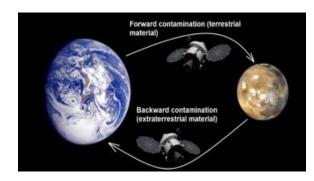




Use of Space Resources: 1967 Outer Space Treaty

- Art. IX: No Harmful Interference
 - Due regard, consultation
 - No harmful contamination of space
 - No adverse changes in Earth environment
 - → How to monitor resource activities?

- Art. XI-XII: Cooperation
 - Promote international co-operation
 - Inform UN, public, international scientific community
 - Visits to stations, installations, vehicles in space
 - Reciprocity, reasonable advance notice
 - → Can States make non-governmental stakeholders comply with these rules?





Use of Space Resources: 1979 Moon Agreement

- The only UN Space Treaty to specifically address exploitation of space resources
- Art. 11(1): Moon and its natural resources are the 'Common Heritage of (Hu)Mankind'
- Art. 11(5): Undertaking to establish International regime and procedures 'as such exploitation is about to become feasible'
- Art. 11(7): purposes of the regime:
 - Orderly and safe development
 - Rational management
 - Expansion of opportunities in use
 - Equitable sharing in the benefits, with special consideration for:
 - Interests and needs of developing countries,
 - Efforts of countries which contributed directly or indirectly
- Only 18 ratifications including Chile
- → Rights and Obligations of States Parties





Other relevant issues

- Waste on celestial bodies
 - 2007 UN Debris mitigation guidelines? Only address orbital debris
 - O Lunar waste management?
 - O Rehabilitation of extraction sites?
 - 2019 UN Long-term sustainability guidelines? Only mention celestial bodies in Guideline
 D.1 on promoting and supporting research
- Protection of heritage sites?
- Protection of operations?
- Avoid interference with other activities?
- Others?



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Other Considerations: National / Bilateral and Civil Society Initiatives

- National Legislative Initiatives (include...)
 - o USA (2015)
 - Luxembourg (2017)
 - o UAE (2019)
 - Japan (2021) (in force 2022)
- Bilateral Initiatives (include...)
 - o USA et al (2020)
 - Artemis Accords bilateral (political) agreements
 - China / Russia MOU (2021)
 - Establishing a Lunar base (International Lunar Research Station)
- Non-governmental / Civil Society Initiatives (include....)
 - IISL Position Paper (2015)
 - The Hague Space Resources Governance Working Group (2015-2019) Building Blocks / Commentary
 - Other work by Civil Society
 - Industry initiatives



Artemis Accords (2020)

A series of bilateral non-binding (political) agreements between NASA and the Space Agencies of a number of countries – centrality around the 1967 Outer Space Treaty and recognising multilateral discussions at UNCOPUOS

Deals with inter alia:

Peaceful Purposes

Transparency

Interoperability

Emergency Assistance

Registration of Space Objects

Release of Scientific Data

Preserving Outer Space Heritage

Space Resources

Deconfliction of Space Activities

Orbital Debris



Initial Information Gathering for WG – How to Understand the Issues

- The type of space resources that fall within the mandate and scope of the Working Group
- The **type of activities** that fall within the mandate and scope of the Working Group
- The type of information to be collected by the Working Group in accordance with its mandate
- The views of States members regarding the existing legal framework for space resource activities
- The current practices and challenges in the **implementation of the existing legal framework** for such activities
- The benefits and challenges of development of a framework for such activities
- The relevant factors for the development of a set of initial recommended principles for such activities
- The format, agenda, topics and other details of the **dedicated conference** (currently) scheduled for 2024
- Any other background or information paper, or any other views, that Member States may wish to share



The (Potential) Risk



Will UNCOPUOS Member States agree on a Multilateral Framework for such activities through the Working Group?

If so, on what basis?

What fundamental principles will apply?



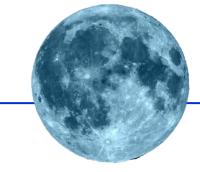
Impact of national regulation in the *absence* of a Multilateral Framework based on consensus?



Worst case scenario - a potential challenge to the rationale underlying non-appropriation in its original and fundamental sense?



Crystal Ball Gazing: An Optimist's View



The world has changed significantly since 1979

Now the 'faintly possible' may become 'highly probable'

Avoiding the potential for any conflict in space

→ Multilateral cooperation involving States / UNCOPUOS will be key to ensure the interests of every stakeholder

→ Establishment of
Working Group is
fundamental political
decision to explore
benefits of a new widely
agreed multilateral
framework that allows for
cooperative partnerships

Fundamental issues:

- * how do we view space?
 - * how *should* we view space?





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Thank you!

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