

On Indian Satellite based Navigation Systems and Implementation Status

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Satellite Navigation Program

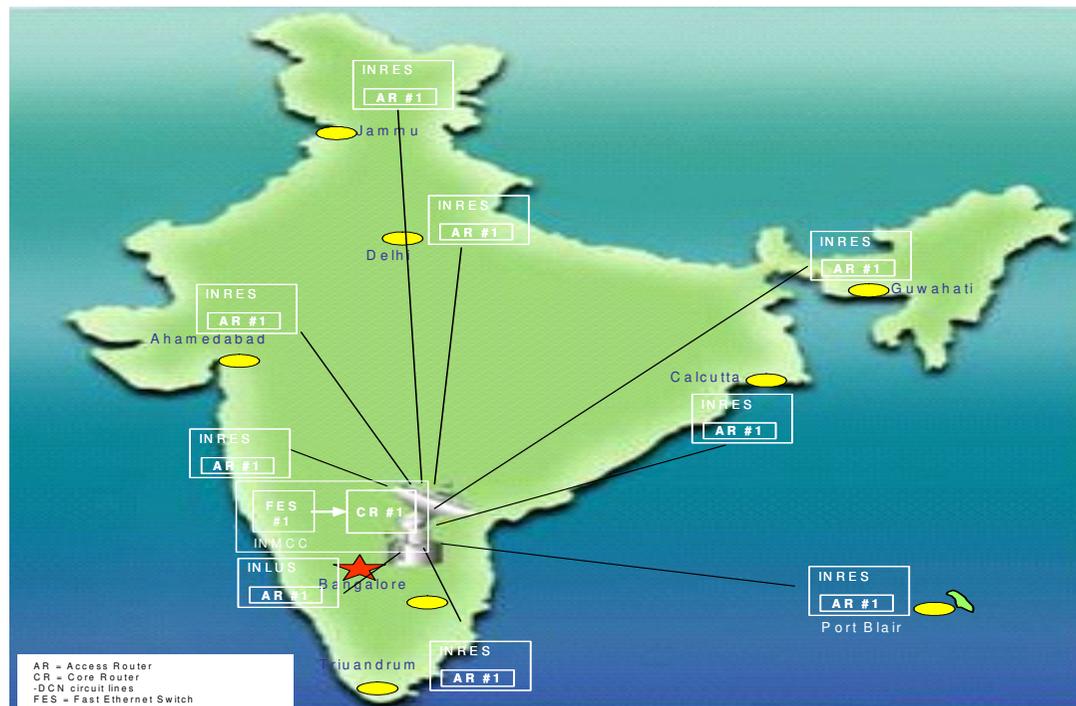




GAGAN: Indian SBAS

- **GAGAN - GPS Aided GEO Augmented Navigation**
 - Is an overlay system built around the GPS
 - Jointly Implemented by ISRO and AAI
- Executed in phases
 - GAGAN – TDS (Technology Demonstration System)
 - GAGAN – FOP (Final Operation Phase)

Configuration in TDS



Ground Segment

- 8 INRES: 2 INREEs
- 1 INMCC
- 1 INLUS
- 1 ring of OFC (7 INRES)
- 1 VSAT link (GPB)

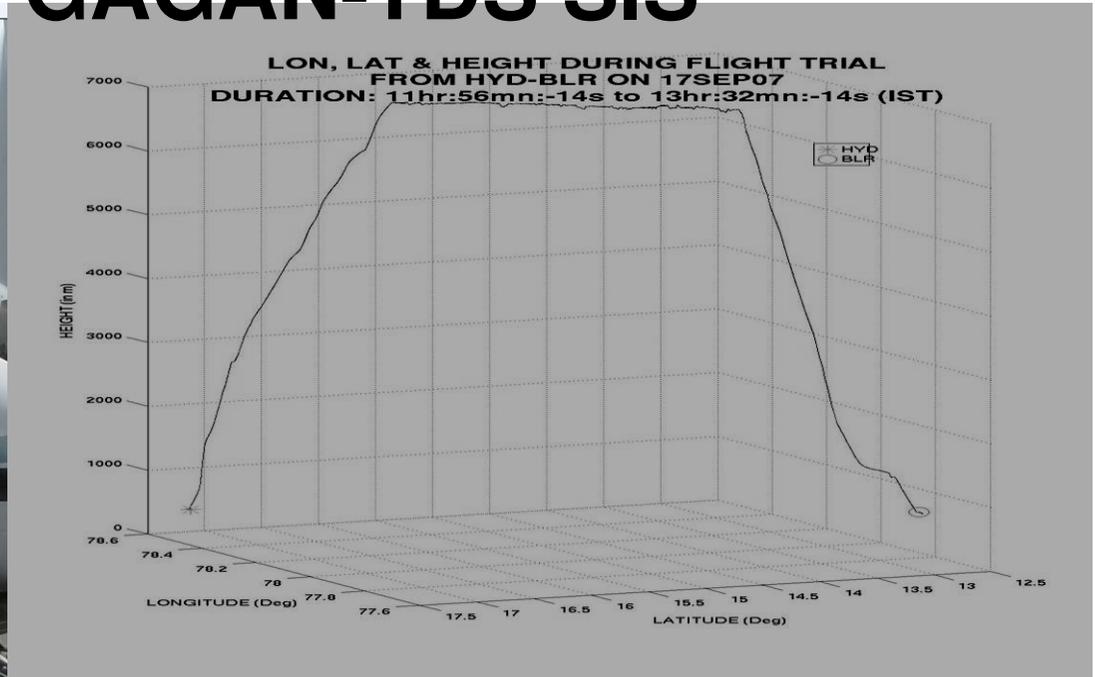
Space Segment

- INMARSAT-4F1

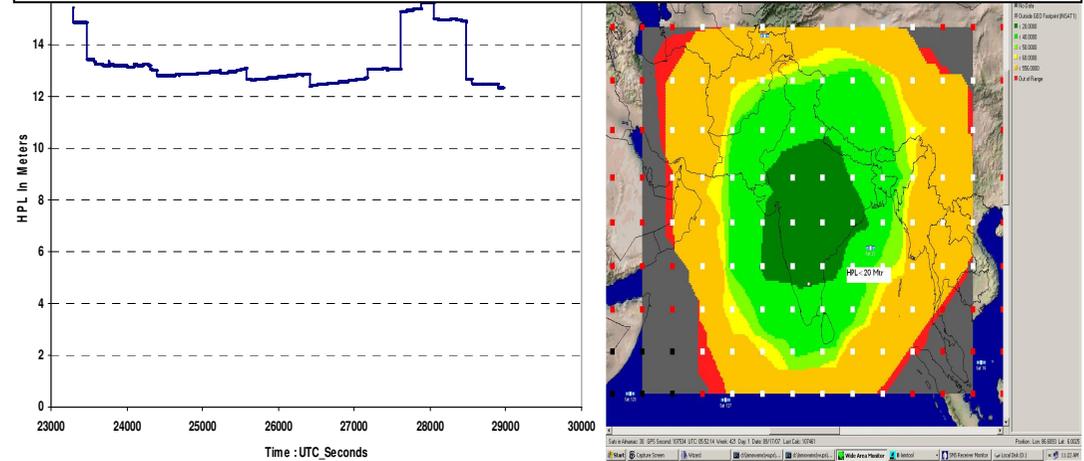
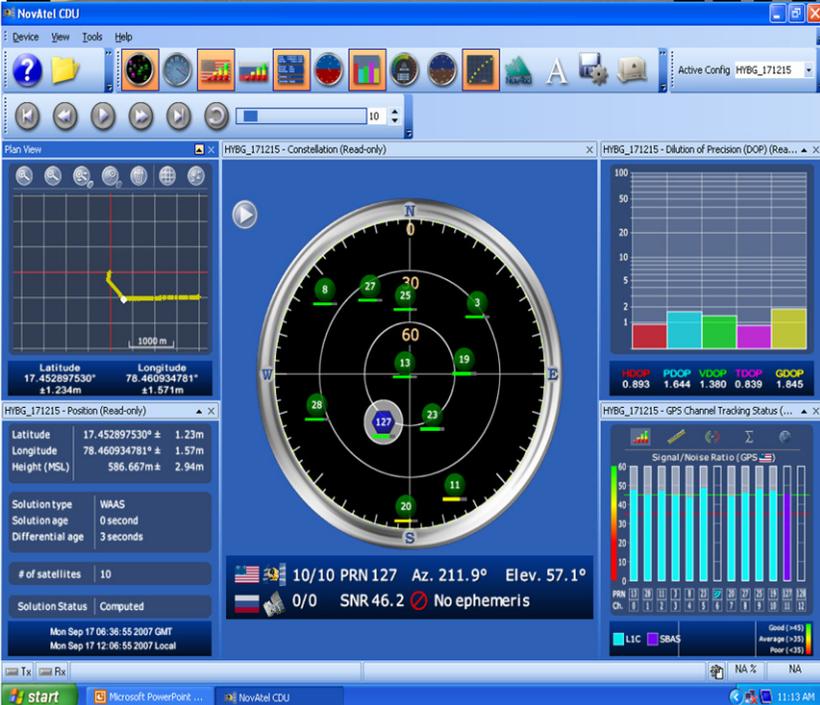
GAGAN Payload Characteristics

Sl. No	System Characteristics	L1 Freq (1575.42 MHz)	L5 Freq (1176.45 MHz)
1	Transmitted EIRP (EOC)	30.2 dBW	29.2 dBW
2	Receive G/T	-2 dB/deg K	-2 dB/deg K
3	Bandwidth	20 MHz	24 MHz
4	Footprint	Global	Global
5	Feeder Link Frequency	C-band	C-band
6	Transmit Polarization	RHCP	RHCP
7	Type of Antenna	Helix	Helix
8	Antenna Gain	15.8 dB	15.8 dB
9	RF Power rating	40 W	40 W
10	Total Payload weight	50 kg	
11	Power DC	240 W	

Tests With GAGAN-TDS SIS



HPL computed for the flight path and HPL contour for the same duration from INMCC on 17th Sep.





GAGAN Final Operation Phase

- Realize a certified and operational SBAS to provide air navigation services of
 - RNP 0.1 en route navigation within Indian FIR
 - APV-1/1.5 precision approach over the landmass of Indian FIR

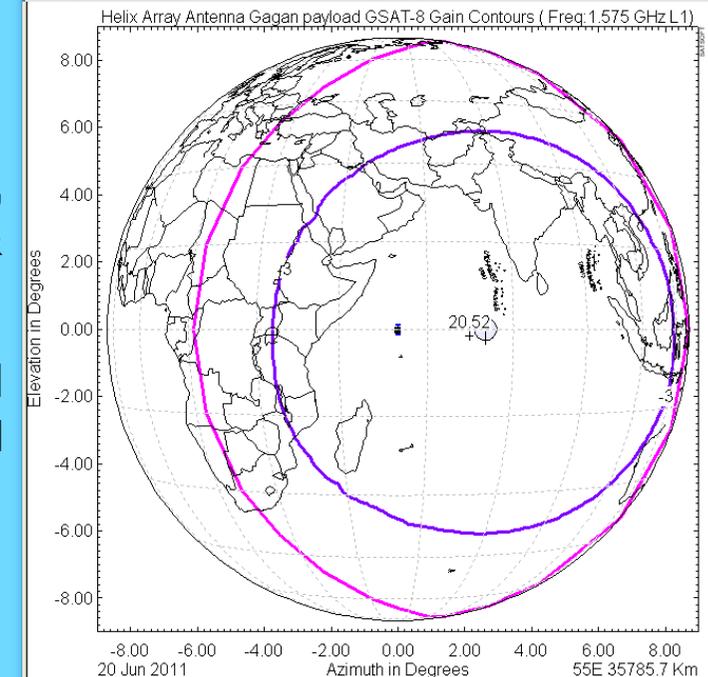
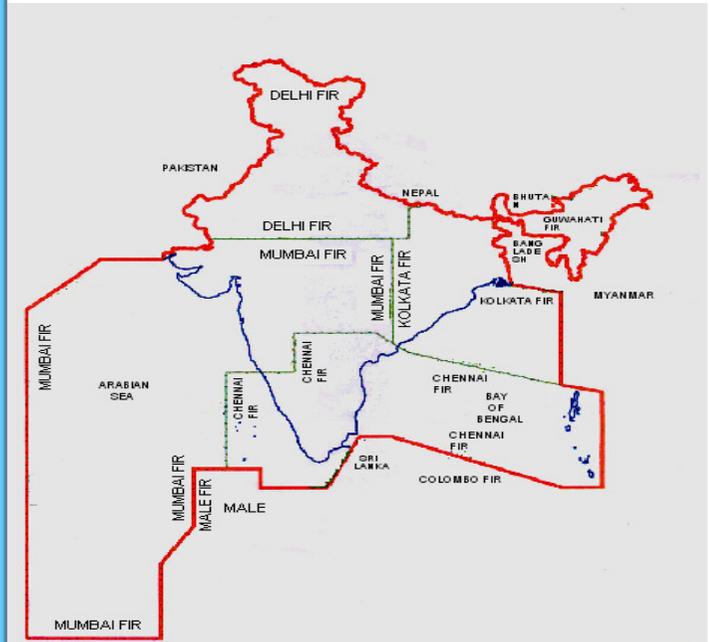
Key Elements:

- Integrity
- Availability
- Continuity
- Accuracy

Compatible and Interoperable with other SBAS

Provides Seamless navigation

- Common coverage of GAGAN GEO satellites (55, 82 & 83°) is beyond Indian FIR (GSAT-8, GSAT-10 & GSAT-8R)
- GSAT-8 launched on 21-May'11 and GAGAN payload In-Orbit Testing – Completed. GAGAN Space Segment uses SBAS PRN codes 127
- Signal-In-Space expected by end of 2011
- GAGAN certification by 3rd quarter of 2013





GAGAN Ionosphere Model Development

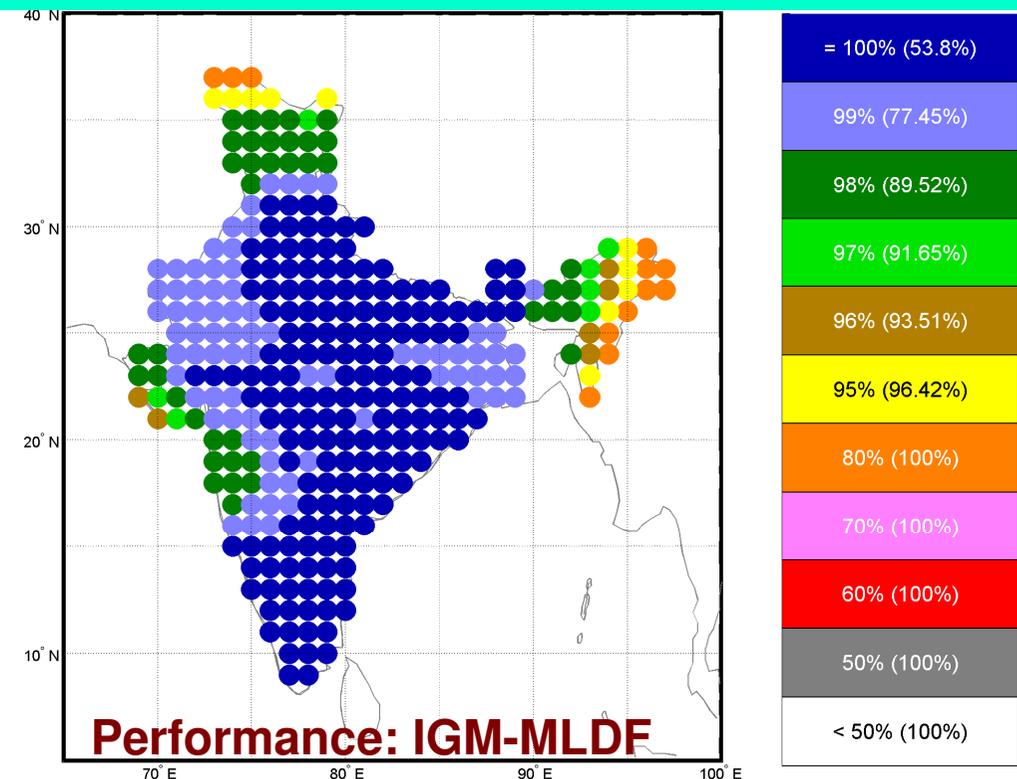
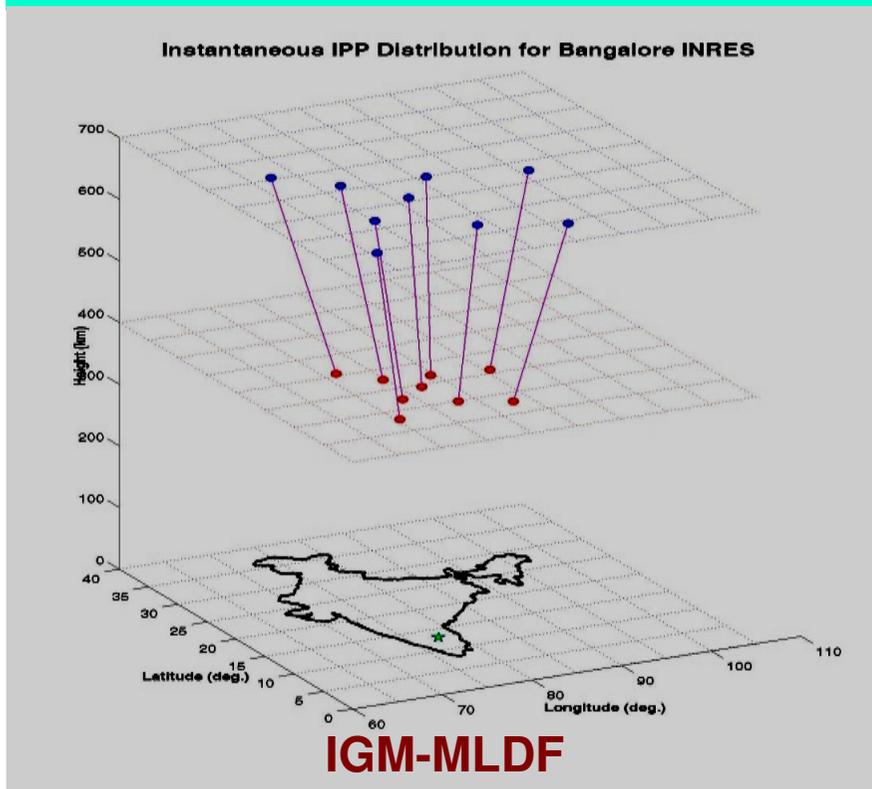
Iono. Model



Approach Category	Flight Phase	Accuracy	Time to Alert	HAL	VAL	Expected Date of Completion
RNP 0.1	En-route	85 m	N/A	185 m	N/A	June 2011
APV 1.5	Precision Approach	7.6 m	6 sec	40 m	50 m	June 2013

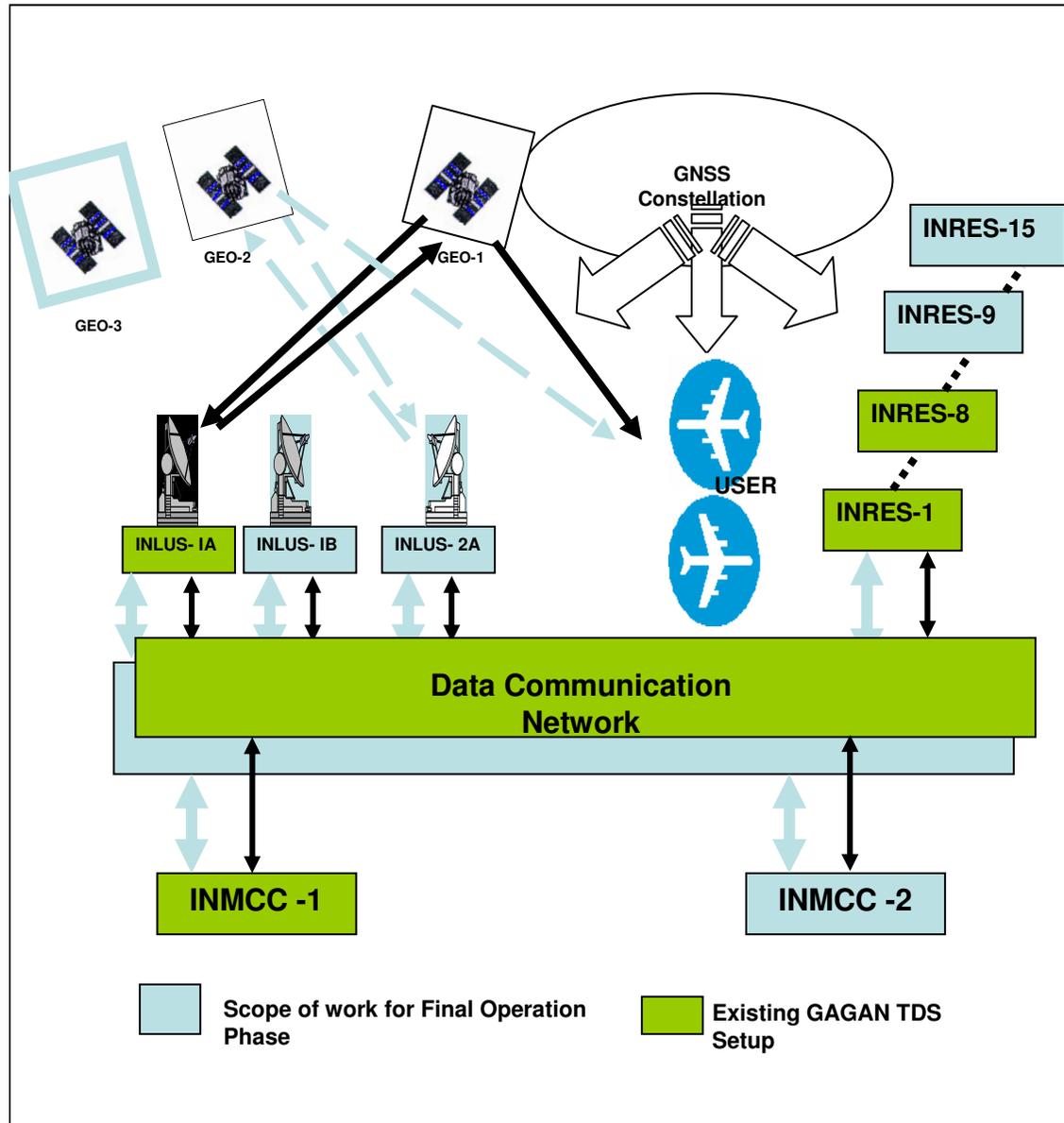
IGM-MLDF (ISRO GIVE Model - Multi Layer Data Fusion):

- Algorithm for computing the ionosphere corrections at pre-defined grid points
- Fuses the delays and confidences at different layers





GAGAN-FOP Configuration



System / Activity	TDS	FOP
INRES	8 (2 chains)	15 (3 chains)
INMCC	1	2
INLUS-SG	1	3 (2 in BLR & 1 in DEL)
O&M	1	2
Iono Model (Equatorial)	WAAS model	IGM-MLDF
Certification	NA	yes
GEO	1	3 (GSAT)
INLUS-RF	1	3 (2 in BLR & 1 in DEL)
COM Links	1	2

Major Activities

Preliminary System Acceptance Test – Dec' 2010

Launch of GSAT-8 –May' 2011

GEO integration & SIS availability - Oct/Nov' 2011

GSAT-10 Launch – Mar' 2012

Final System Acceptance Test – Jun/Jul' 2012

Stability Run & HMI data collection and analysis

Final Certification – Jun/Jul' 2013

Satellite Navigation Program





IRNSS Objective

- **IRNSS Refers to Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System implemented by the Indian Space Research Organisation.**
- **IRNSS is an independent Navigation Satellite System providing Navigation services in the Indian Region.**
- **IRNSS system provides the user with a targeted position accuracy of better than 20m over India and the region extending to about 1500 km around India.**





IRNSS Architecture

Space Segment

- ❑ Spacecraft Bus Elements & Navigation Payload

Ground Segment

- ❑ Range & Integrity Monitoring Stations, Navigation Centre, CDMA & Laser Ranging Stations, Satellite Control Centre & Uplink Stations, Data Communication Links, Network Timing Facility.

User Segment

- ❑ Single & Dual Frequency Receivers for SPS and RS

Frequency Band	SPS	RS
L5 band (1176.45 MHz)	BPSK	BOC (5,2)
S band (2492.028 MHz)	BPSK	BOC(5,2)

IRNSS Signals

L5 Band

Service	Frequency Band	Centre Frequency (MHz)	Allocated Bandwidth (MHz)	Polarization	Modulation	Code rate (Mcps)
SPS	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz)	RHCP	BPSK(1)	1.023
RS data	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046
RS pilot	L5-band	1176.45	24 MHz (1164.45 - 1188.45 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046

S Band

Service	Frequency Band	Centre Frequency (MHz)	Allocated Bandwidth (MHz)	Polarization	Modulation	Code rate (Mcps)
SPS	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BPSK(1)	1.023
RS data	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046
RS pilot	S-band	2492.028	16.5 MHz (2483.778 - 2500.278 MHz)	RHCP	BOC(5,2)	2.046

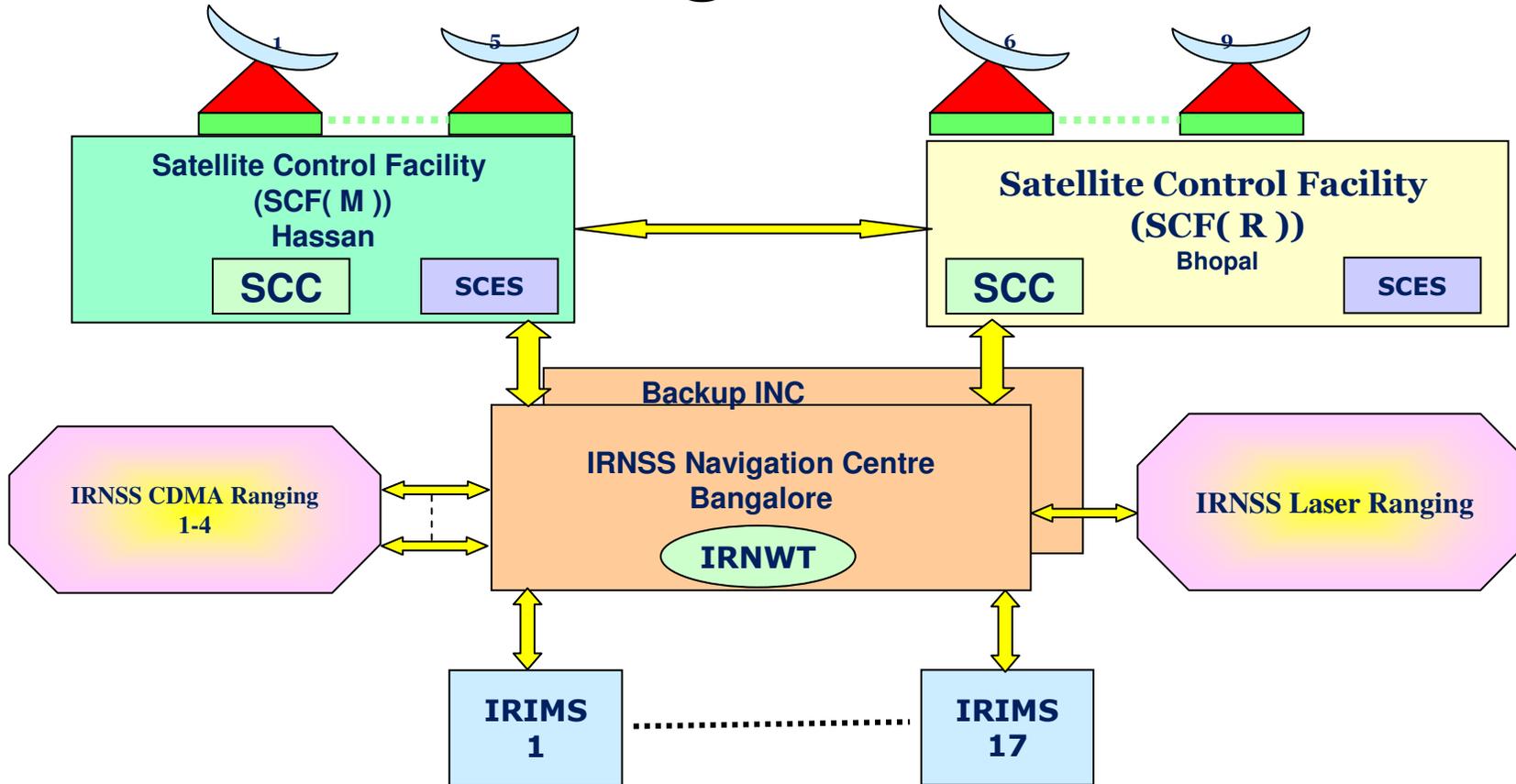


Space Segment

- Consists of 7 Satellites, 3 in Geo-Stationary orbit at 32.5° , 83° and 131.5° East.
- 4 Satellites in GEO Synchronous orbit at inclination of 29° with Longitude crossing at 55° and 111.75° East.
- IRNSS Satellites are to be launched by the Indian launcher PSLV.
- The first Satellite will be launched by Second Quarter of 2012.
- The full constellation will be operational by 2015.

Indian Regional Navigational Satellite System

Ground Segment Architecture



- ❑ IRNSS Satellite Control Earth Stations (SECS) - 9 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS Satellite Control Centre (SCC) - 2 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS Range & Integrity Monitoring Stations (IRIMS) - 17 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS Navigation Centre (INC) - 2 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS Network Time (IRNWT) - 2 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS CDMA Ranging Stations (IRCDR) - 4 Nos
- ❑ IRNSS Data Communication Network (IRDCN) - 2 Nos



User Segment

- **The user segment consists of IRNSS receivers operating in**
 - **Single Frequency (L5 or S band)**
 - **Dual Frequency (L5 and S band)**
- **Single frequency and dual frequency receivers shall receive both SPS and RS signals. SPS is for civilian users.**



THANK YOU