



Update on GALILEO System Deployment Status and Recovery of Satellites in Non-Nominal Orbits

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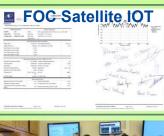
Major Milestones 2014/2015

















FOC-M3/SAT 9-10 Launched 11th September 2015

Galileo Constellation:

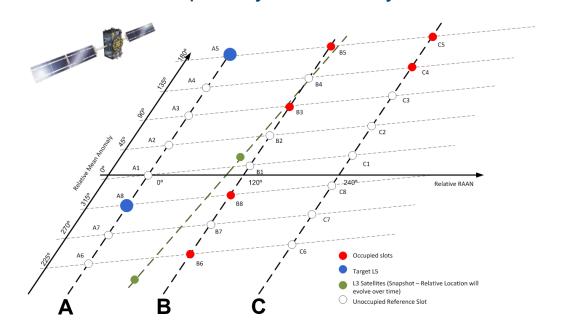
Semi-major axis:

Inclination:

Orbit Period:

Ground track repeat cycle:

Walker 24/3/1
29600.318 km
156 deg
14h 4m 42s
10 days / 17 orbits



All 3 planes of Galileo Walker 24/3/1 populated with satellites

10 Galileo Satellites in Orbit



Constellation Status

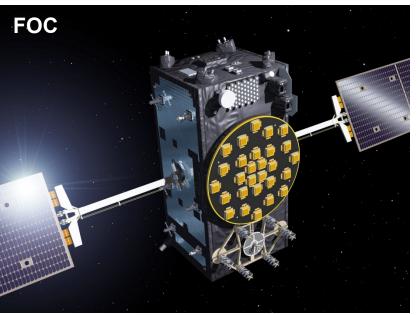


S/C Prime Contractor Astrium GmbH (now Airbus Defence & Space)

4 satellites – 4 In-Orbit

Mass at Launch
Power Consumption
Dimensions
Orbit Injection
Attitude Profile

700kg 1420W 2.7 x 1.6 x 14.5 m Direct into MEO orbit Yaw Steered



S/C Prime Contractor OHB Systems GmbH P/L Prime Contractor SSTL Ltd

22 satellites - 6 In-Orbit

Mass at Launch
Power Consumption
Dimensions
Orbit Injection
Attitude Profile

733kg 1900 W 2.5 x 1.1 x 14.7 m Direct into MEO orbit

Yaw Steered





IOV Constellation Status (23 October 2015)

	GSAT0101	GSAT0102	GSAT0103	GSAT0104
Launch Date	21 Oct. 2011	21 Oct. 2011	12 Oct. 2012	12 Oct. 2012
SV ID	11	12	19	20
Orbital Slot	B05	В06	C04	C05
Clock	PHM	RAFS	PHM	RAFS
Technical Status	Healthy	Healthy	Healthy	Unavailable from 2014-05-27 (NAGU 2014014)
EIRP	All bands aligned to Public OS SIS ICD	All bands aligned to Public OS SIS ICD	All bands in temporary back-off	E1 only E5+E6 permanently not available
SAR	N/A	N/A	Transponder ON	Transponder ON

5

FOC Constellation Status (23 October 2015)

	GSAT0201	GSAT0202	GSAT0203	GSAT0204	GSAT0205	GSAT0206
Launch Date	22 Aug. 2014	22 Aug. 2014	27 Mar. 2015	27 Mar. 2015	11 Sep. 2015	11 Sep. 2015
SV ID	18	14	26	22	24	30
Orbital Slot	N/A (eccentric orbit)	N/A (eccentric orbit)	B08	В03	A08	A05
Clock	РНМ	РНМ	РНМ	РНМ	OFF	OFF
Technical Status	In Orbit Testing: Transmission of dummy Nav Msg	In Orbit Testing: Transmission of dummy Nav Msg	In Orbit Testing: Transmission of valid Nav Msg	In Orbit Testing: Transmission of dummy Nav Msg	In Orbit Testing: Payload Keep Alive	In Orbit Testing: Payload Keep Alive
EIRP	All bands aligned to Public OS SIS ICD	Signal OFF	Signal OFF			
SAR	Transponder ON	Transponder OFF	Transponder OFF	Transponder OFF	Transponder OFF	Transponder OFF

Active NAGUs (20th October 2015)

NAGU NUMBER	GSAT	NAGU TYPE	EVENT START (UTC)	EVENT DESCRIPTION
2013022 .	ALL	GENERAL	2013-12-02 00:00	DUE TO ON-GOING TESTS ON THE SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE, CHANGES ON FLAGS STATUS CAN BE OBSERVED. USERS ARE ADVISED TO DISREGARD THESE FLAGS TILL FURTHER NOTICE.
2014014	GSAT0104	UNP_UNUFN	2014-05-27 12:30	GALILEO SATELLITE GSAT0104 (ALL SIGNALS) IS UNAVAILABLE SINCE 2014-05-27 BEGINNING 12:30 UTC UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
2015009	GSAT0203 GSAT0204	GENERAL	2015-03-27 21:46	GALILEO SATELLITES GSAT0203 (SV_ID 26) AND GSAT0204 (SV_ID 22) WERE LAUNCHED ON 2015-03-27 AT 21:46:18 UTC. GSAT0203 AND GSAT0204 ARE PLANNED TO BE POSITIONED IN SLOTS B08 AND B03 OF THE CONSTELLATION. USERS WILL BE ADVISED OF AVAILABILITY OF SIGNALS FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF COMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES.

Active NAGUs (20th October 2015)

NAGU NUMBER	GSAT	NAGU TYPE	EVENT START (UTC)	EVENT DESCRIPTION
2015011	GSAT0205 GSAT0206	GENERAL	2015-09-11 02:08	GALILEO SATELLITES GSAT0205 (SV_ID 24) AND GSAT0206 (SV_ID 30) WERE LAUNCHED ON 2015-09-11 AT 02:08 UTC. GSAT0205 AND GSAT0206 ARE PLANNED TO BE POSITIONED IN SLOTS A08 AND A05 OF THE CONSTELLATION. USERS WILL BE ADVISED OF AVAILABILITY OF SIGNALS FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF COMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES.
2015013	GSAT0103	AVAILABLE	2015-10-08 22:11	GALILEO SATELLITE GSAT0103 (ALL SIGNALS) IS AVAILABLE SINCE/AS OF 2015-10-08 BEGINNING 22:11 UTC. PAYLOAD ON PHM CLOCK. GALILEO SATELLITE GSAT0103 (ALL SIGNALS) WAS UNAVAILABLE FROM 2015-10-07 BEGINNING 04:51 UTC.

NAGUs are published on the European GNSS Service Centre website (http://www.gsc-europa.eu)

FOC Satellites Production & Qualification

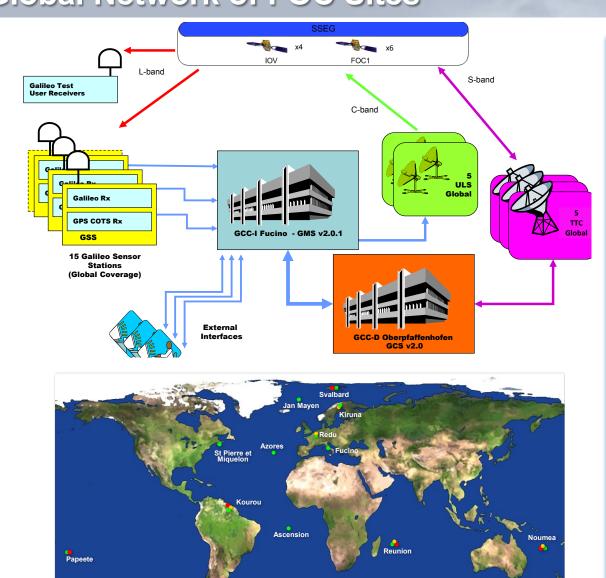


FOC Satellites Production

- FOC-M4 (Launch planned on 17/12/15 with Soyuz to orbital slots C02 & C07)
 - GSAT0208 waiting for delivery to CSG
 - GSAT0209 waiting for delivery to CSG
- FOC-M5 (Launch planned in Fall 2016 with Ariane-5)
 - GSAT0210 TVAC completed, under final Functional Testing
 - GSAT0211 TVAC completed, under final Functional Testing
 - GSAT0212 at IABG Munich, completing A5 Delta Qualification activities
 - GSAT0207 at OHB Bremen, TVAC planned in Dec. 2015
- FOC-M6 (Launch planned in Spring 2017 with Soyuz)
 - GSAT0213-14 at OHB Bremen, under integration
- FOC-M7 (Launch planned in Fall 2017 with Ariane-5)
 - GSAT0215-18 at OHB Bremen, under integration
- FOC-M8 (Launch planned in Spring 2018 with Ariane-5)
 - GSAT0219-22 at OHB Bremen, under integration



2015: Major Upgrade of Ground Infrastructure and Completion Global Network of FOC Sites



15 GSS

5 ULS5 TT&C

Expansion of the Galileo Ground Segment Capability

Main upgrades of latest version of GMS compared with previous IOV system configurations include:

- ✓ From one to two fully operational Galileo Control Centers: GCC-I Fucino (GMS) and GCC-D Oberpfaffenhofen (GCS)
- Four new Galileo Sensor Stations (GSS) located in St Pierre et Michelon, Kiruna, Ascension, and Azores were added to the operations chain, leading to a total of 15 operational GSSs.
- ✓ A total of 5 Mission Uplink

 Stations (ULS) with the inclusion of
 the Svalbard and Papeete uplink
 stations. 2 antenna at each ULS
- ✓ A total of 5 TTC stations, with the inclusion of Noumea and Reunion.

Improved navigation performance and robustness for all services

FOC New Operational Sites

Galileo Control Centre Fucino GCC-I





Galileo Control Centre Oberpfaffenhofen GCC-D

Launch & Early Ops Centre, ESOC D'stadt, D & **CNES TLS, F**

GSS Kiruna, S





IOT and TTC Station Redu, B





GSS Ascension, UK



GSS Azores, P



TTC Station Kiruna, S



TTC & Uplink Station Noumea, F



Station Kourou, F

Uplink Station

Svalbard, N



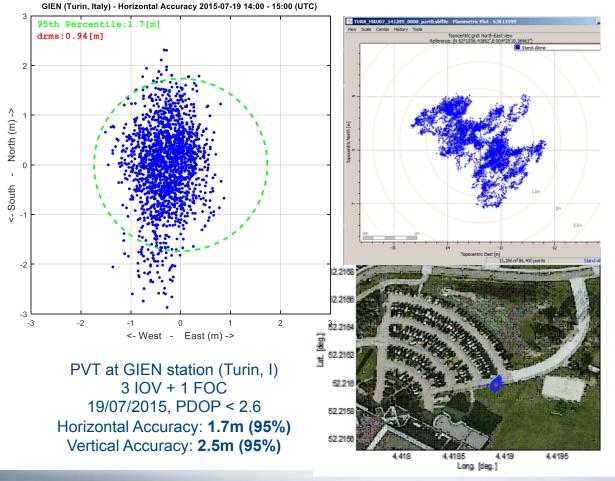
TTC & Uplink Station Reunion, F

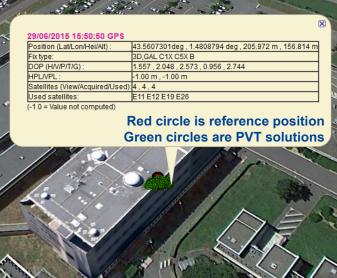


Uplink Station Papeete, F

PVT Field Tests with FOC Satellites

- ★ FOC Position Fix performed by both ESA and CNES based on broadcast of experimental Navigation Message
- ★ Achieved good performance with FOC satellites





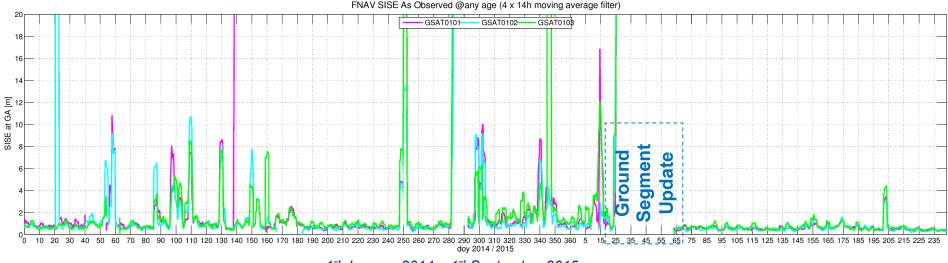
PVT at CNES Toulouse, F 3 IOV + 1 FOC 29/06/2015

Horizontal Accuracy: 3.2m (95%) Vertical Accuracy: 2.8 m (95%)





Signal In Space Ranging Accuracy (SISRE): Detailed Time Series



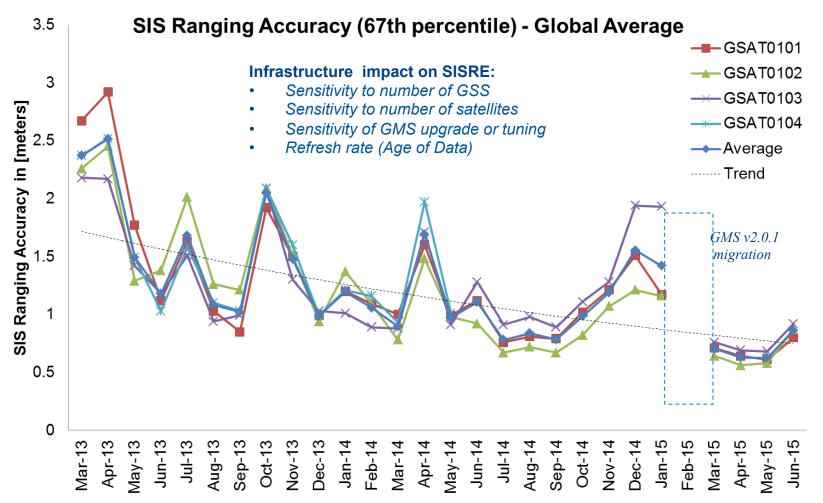
1st January 2014 –	1st September 2015
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Satellite	Ranging Accuracy 2014/15 67 th percentile	
GSAT0101	0.98 m	
GSAT0102	0.87 m	
GSAT0103	1.07 m	
GSAT0104	1.20 m	

- □ Ranging Performance improved by 30% since Ground Segment Upgrade
- □ Ranging Accuracy: ~1m -> 0.69m (67%) after upgrade
- → Age of Data ~100minutes (90%) in July 2015
- □ Refresh rate of ephemeris as low as 10 minutes thanks to 5 ULS in operations.

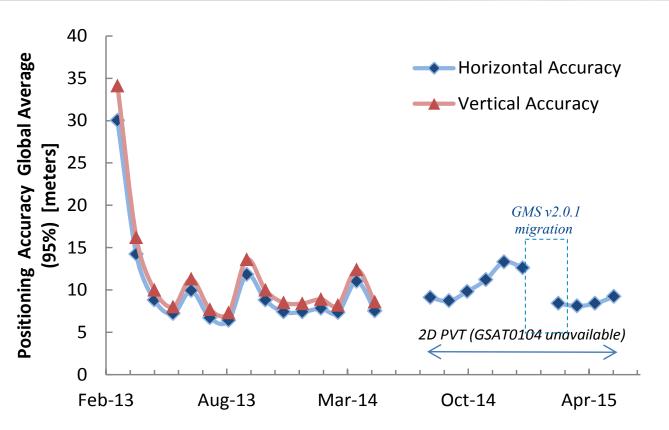


Signal In Space Ranging Accuracy (SISRE): Monthly Statistics



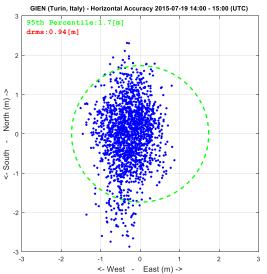
The long term analysis of SISRE show a decreasing trend over time since the IOV phase, even with a limited set of satellites in the ODTS processing. The performance will further improve as the FOC satellites will declared operational and inserted in the GMS processing.

Galileo Positioning Performance



Monthly DF Open Service horizontal and vertical accuracy – extrapolated global averages (PDOP≤6) obtained projecting the computed IOV satellites SISRE values onto a dense worldwide user grid. Since June 2015, due to GSAT0104 unavailability, only 3 healthy IOV satellites have been available. Assuming a zero elevation above Earth a 2D PVT (horizontal accuracy) was computed.

Example of real Galileo PVT with 3 IOV + 1 FOC satellites

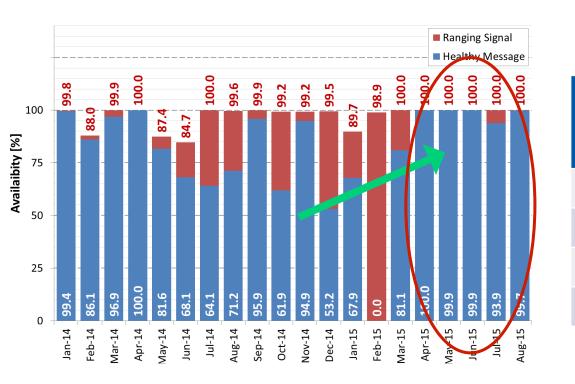


GIEN station (Turin, Italy) 2015-07-19 14:00-15:00h UTC, PDOP < 2.6

H: 1.7m (95%) V: 2.5m (95%)



Signal and Message Availability



	Availability 2014/15		
Satellite	Signal	Message	
GSAT0101	96.0%	65.6%	
GSAT0102	96.3%	80.0%	
GSAT0103	99.0%	85.7%	
GSAT0104*	28.5%	28.4%	

- Availability significantly improved by Ground Segment Upgrade
- Availability since Ground Segment upgrade (since April 2015):

Availability of Signal broadcast: 100%

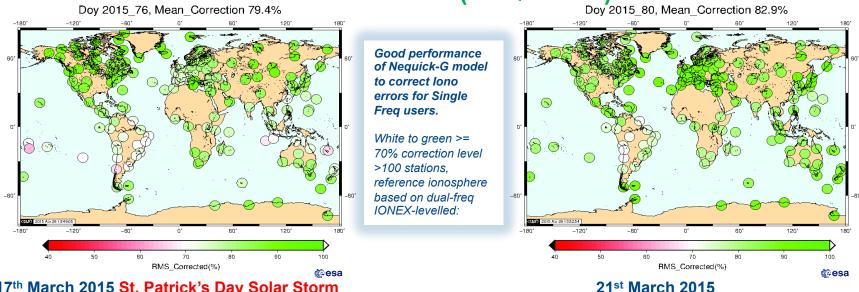
Availability of Healthy Messages: 98.5%



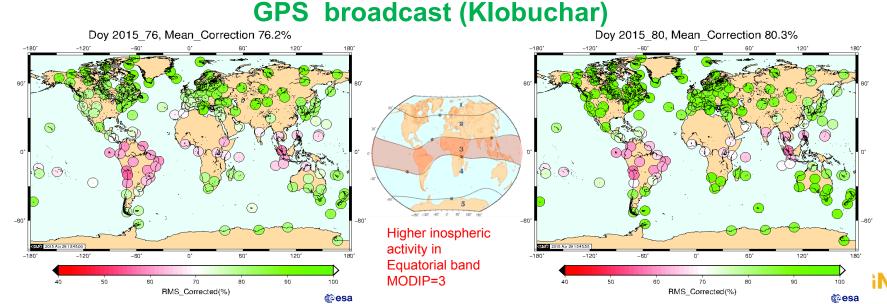


Galileo Nequick-G Ionospheric Correction Performnace

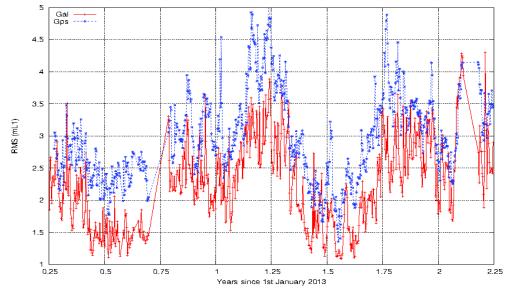




17th March 2015 St. Patrick's Day Solar Storm

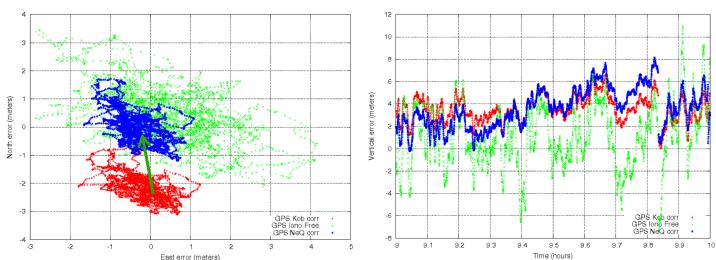


Residual IONO RMS error (meters_{L1}): Daily Evolution 2013-2015



Broadcast NeQuick G performance **very good** despite the low (3-4) number of satellites used to drive the model.

On average ~1m error reduction with NeQuick compared to Klobuchar.

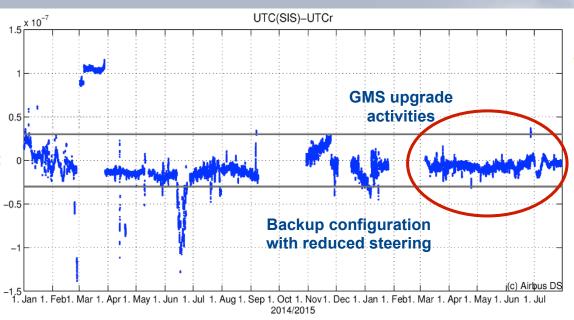


Horiz. (left) and Vert. (right) GPS positioning error on L1 and single-frequency NeQuick G correction (blue), L1 and GPS ICA (red) and dual-frequency ionospheric-free (green) for low-latitude station Malindi (doy 172, 2013)

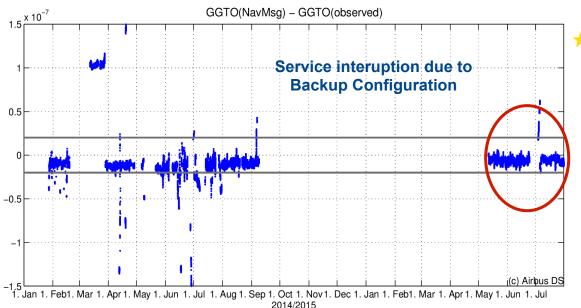




UTC Dissemination & GGTO Performance



Measured UTC Dissemination
Performance: < 10ns (95%)
since Ground Segment Upgrade



Measured GGTO Performance:

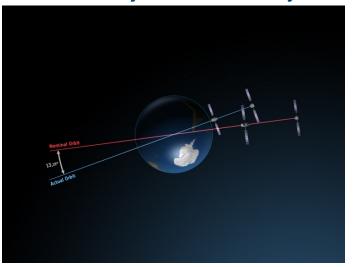
< 9.6 ns (95%) since Ground Segment Upgrade; GGTO dissemination resumed on 11/05/2015

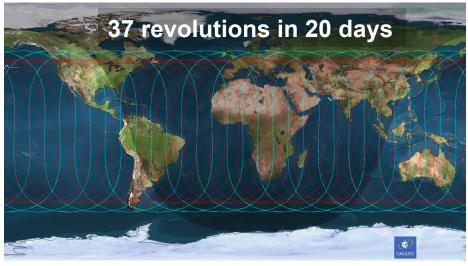




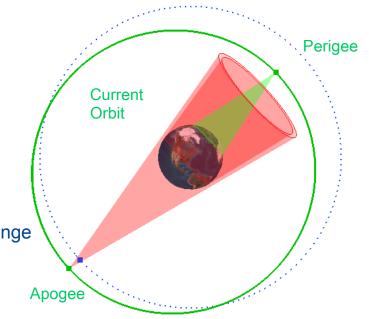
GSAT0201/0202 Orbit Recovery

★ VS09 Orbit injection anomaly left GSAT0201/0202 in eccentric orbits





- ★ Both spacecraft safely raised to higher orbit
- Satellites currently transmitting Dummy Navigation Message
 - ✓ Perigee raised from **13700** to **17200** km
 - ✓ Eccentricity reduced from 0.23 to 0.15
 - ✓ Above Van Allen belts & Earth Sensors in operational range



GSAT0201/0202 Recovery

Recovery of GSAT0201/0202 is achieved through following steps:

- ★ Orbit Raising to allow for nominal operation of satellites
- Receiver tracking demonstrated during field test campaigns
- Planned update of the Ground Segment to broadcast Navigation Message and Dummy Almanac
 - ★ Short term: Update of Orbit and Clock processing to generate Navigation information and uplink once per orbit
 - Medium term: Update of dissemination infrastructure to allow for nominal dissemination of the Navigation information
 - ★ Validation campaign confirming the quality of the Navigation products before full introduction in processing Q4/2016
- Planned Usage for SAR Forward Link Service
 - ★ Orbit Information generated by Time and Geodesy Validation Facility for GSAT0201/0202 and 0104
 - ★ Made available to SAR users by European GNSS Service Centre

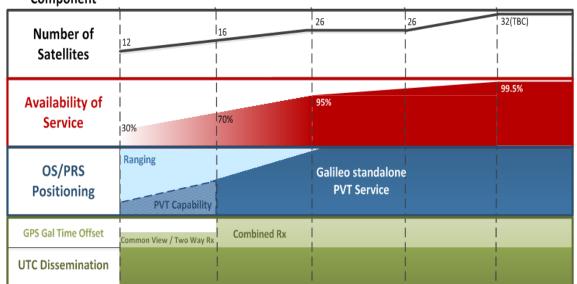




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Future System Upgrades & Deployment





Continuous improvement of System
Performance with the on-going deployment of
the Space and Ground infrastructure

System Upgrades will improve performance and robustness for all services up to FOC Targets.

- ✓ Completion of the Satellite Constellation
- Ground Segment upgrade roll out with minimum impact on broadcast SIS availability
- ✓ Further improve the robustness and operability of the system
- Expand the capabilities of the ground segment to the full extent for FOC
- ✓ Gradually introduce system flags
- ✓ Introduce GSAT0201/0202 navigation processing upon successful testing





Conclusions

- ★ VS12 successfully deployed GSAT0205/0206 on 11 Sep. 2015
- ★ VS11 successfully deployed GSAT0203/0204 on 27 Mar. 2015
- → Orbit Recovery achieved for GSAT0201/0202
- ★ 10 Galileo Satellites in Orbit one third of the constellation
- Successful Upgrade of Ground Segment with major improvements on product quality and availability. Expansion of global network of stations.
- ★ System Deployment will continue to improve navigation message performance, availability and robustness.
- ★ OBJECTIVE to reach stable and continuous availability of Galileo Signal-in-Space to users