

The contribution of the EMBRACE Brazilian Space Weather Monitoring Program to GNSS services

Presenter:
André João Rypl
Head of the International Cooperation Office
Brazilian Space Agency – AEB (www.aeb.gov.br)
andre.rypl@aeb.gov.br

- Overview
- Website information
- Examples of reports
 - Android app
- Other GNSS-related initiatives

**PROGRAMA DE
ESTUDO E
MONITORAMENTO
BRA
SILEIRO DO
CLIMA
ESPACIAL**



**(Brazilian Space Weather
Survey and Monitoring
Program)**

EMBRACE





Program was set up in 2007, operational in 2008

AIMS:

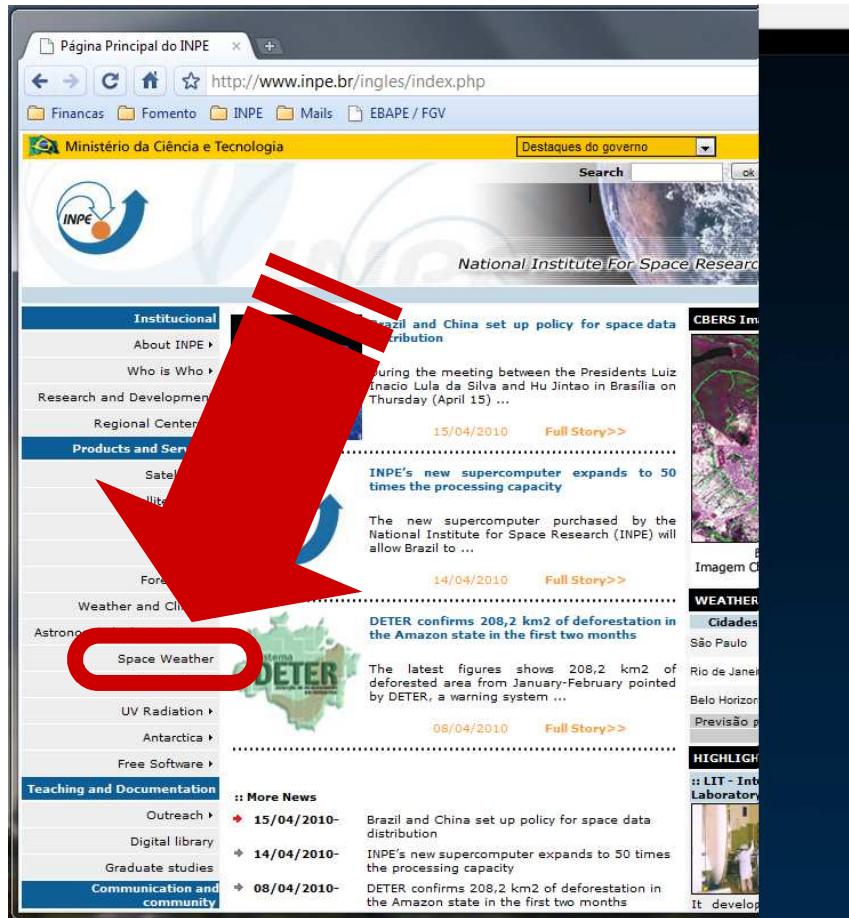
- **Monitor and model space weather phenomena**
- **Raise awareness of space weather effects**
- **Provide real-time information / forecasts**
- **Anticipate and estimate space weather impacts on space- and land-based systems**
- **EMBRACE operates as a Regional Warning and Alert Center for Space Weather**
- **Member of International Space Environment Services (ISES)**



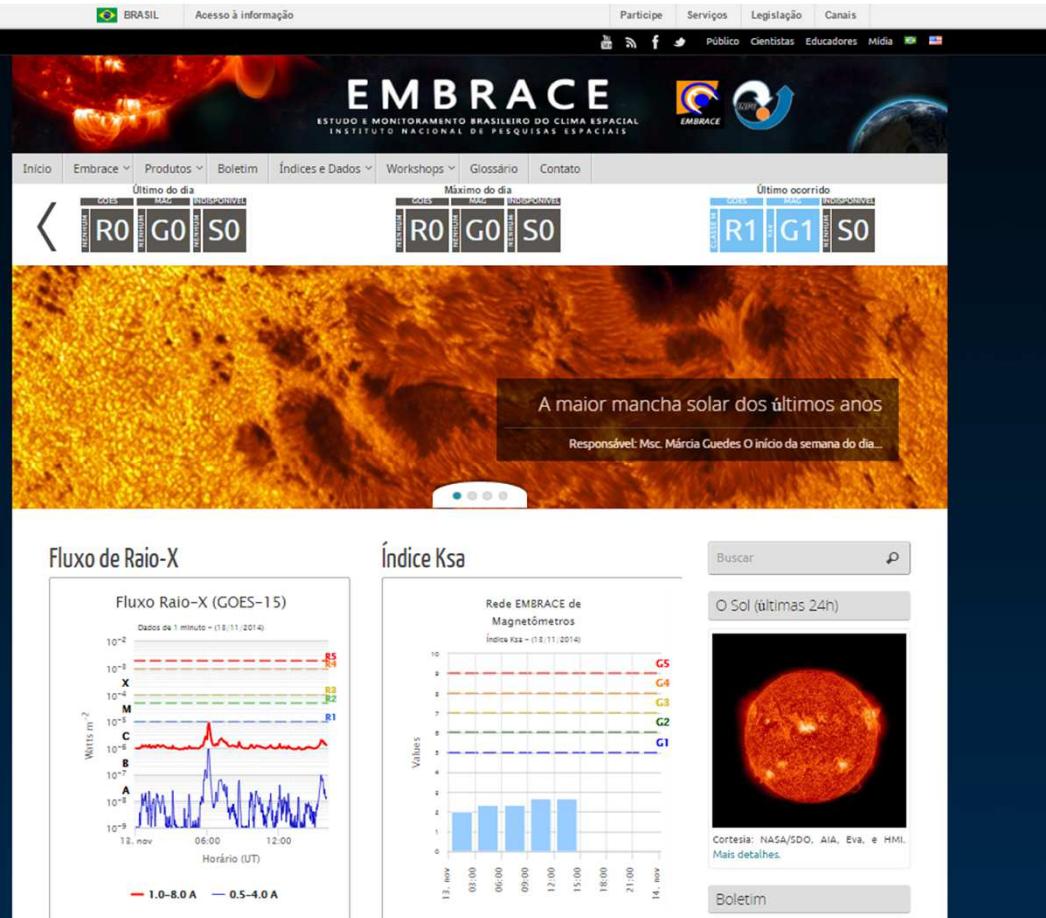
SOLUTIONS FOR

- **GNSS systems**
 - Precision agriculture
 - Flight safety / flight control
 - Oil rigs
- **Defence**
- **Communications / broadcast systems**
- **Power grids / distribution systems**
- **Oil and natural gas pipelines**
- **Satellites**

www.inpe.br



A screenshot of the INPE website homepage. On the left, there's a sidebar with links like 'Institucional', 'Products and Services', 'Space Weather' (which is circled in red), 'UV Radiation', 'Antarctica', 'Free Software', 'Teaching and Documentation', 'Communication and community'. The main content area has several news stories with dates like 15/04/2010, 14/04/2010, and 08/04/2010. A large red arrow points from the 'Space Weather' link in the sidebar down towards the 'Space Weather' section in the main content.



A screenshot of the EMBRACE website homepage. It features a large image of a solar flare. At the top, there are three small panels showing 'Último do dia' (GOES, Mete, Indicadores) with values R0, G0, S0. Below this are three larger panels for 'Máximo do dia' with values R0, G0, S0. To the right, a text box says 'A maior mancha solar dos últimos anos' (The largest sunspot in recent years). The bottom half of the page contains two main figures: 'Fluxo de Raio-X (GOES-15)' showing X-ray flux over time, and 'Índice Ksa' showing the Kp index over time. There's also a small image of the Sun and a note about data sources.

Website

www.inpe.br/climaespacial

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EMBRACE
 ESTUDO E MONITORAMENTO BRASILEIRO DO CLIMA ESPACIAL
 INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE PESQUISAS ESPACIAIS




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Day's last

GOES	MAG	UNAVAILABLE
NONE	R0	NONE
	G0	NONE
	S0	

Day's max

GOES	MAG	UNAVAILABLE
NONE	R0	NONE
	G0	NONE
	S0	

Latest event

GOES	MAG	UNAVAILABLE
R2	KSA	NONE
G1		S0



Furnas System for electricity and Cigré Brazil hosted the Workshop on the Geomagnetic Induced Currents effects on the Power Network

On April 05, 2016 the city of Rio de Janeiro hosted at the Furnas Hall, the Workshop on GIC to...

X-Ray Flux

[X-Ray Flux \(GOES-14\)](#)

Ksa Index

[EMBRACE Magnetometers Network](#)

🔍

[Search](#)

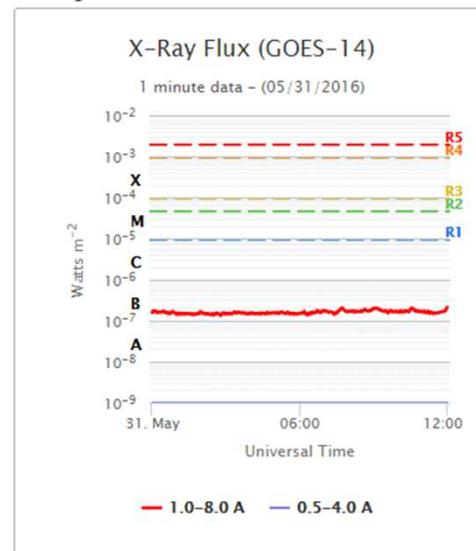
[Daily Sun](#)

Website

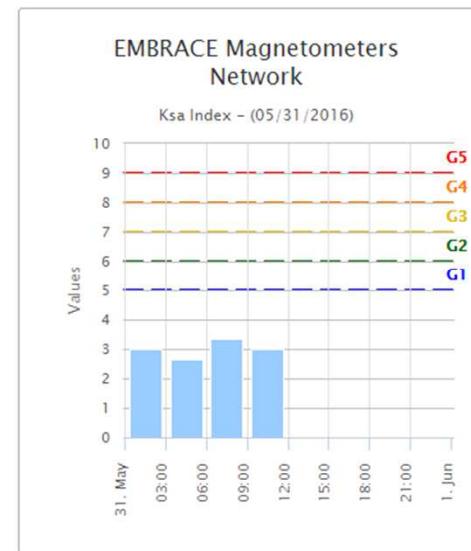
www.inpe.br/climaespacial



X-Ray Flux



Ksa Index



MINUTE 142th BRIEFING:
15/06/2015, 14H30

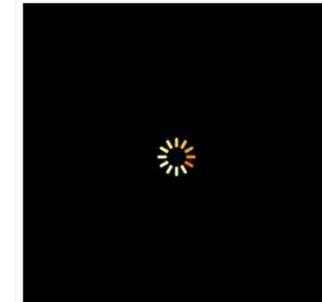


Information about the interruption of the Embrace / INPE web site services since last Sunday (May, 17)



Search

Daily Sun



Courtesy of NASA/SDO and the AIA, EVE, and HMI science teams. [More details](#).

Bulletin



Posted in: 30/05/2016

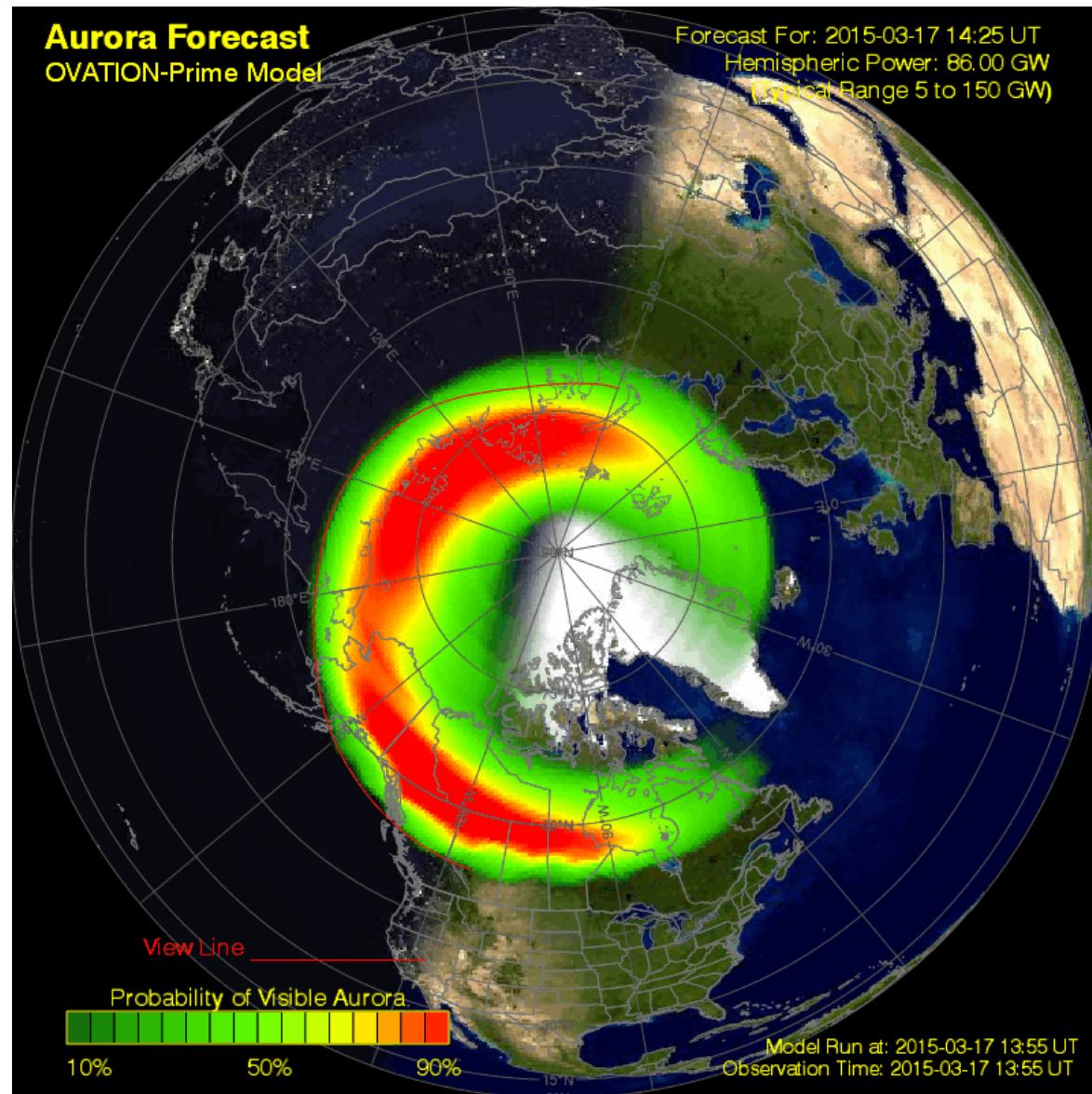
There exist two active regions (NOAA 2548 and 2549) in the visible disk of the Sun. They are located near to the coordinates N14W78 and S14E03. The ac ... [Continue...](#)



Posted in: 30/05/2016

After being disturbed between days 27 ad 29, the interplanetary medium has been calm on the last

Storm on March 17 2015



@ 11:14 AM BLT

A G4 (Severe) geomagnetic storm was observed today at 07/1358 UTC (09:58 EDT). This is the response to a pair of CMEs leaving the Sun on 15 March.



@ 01:09 PM BLT

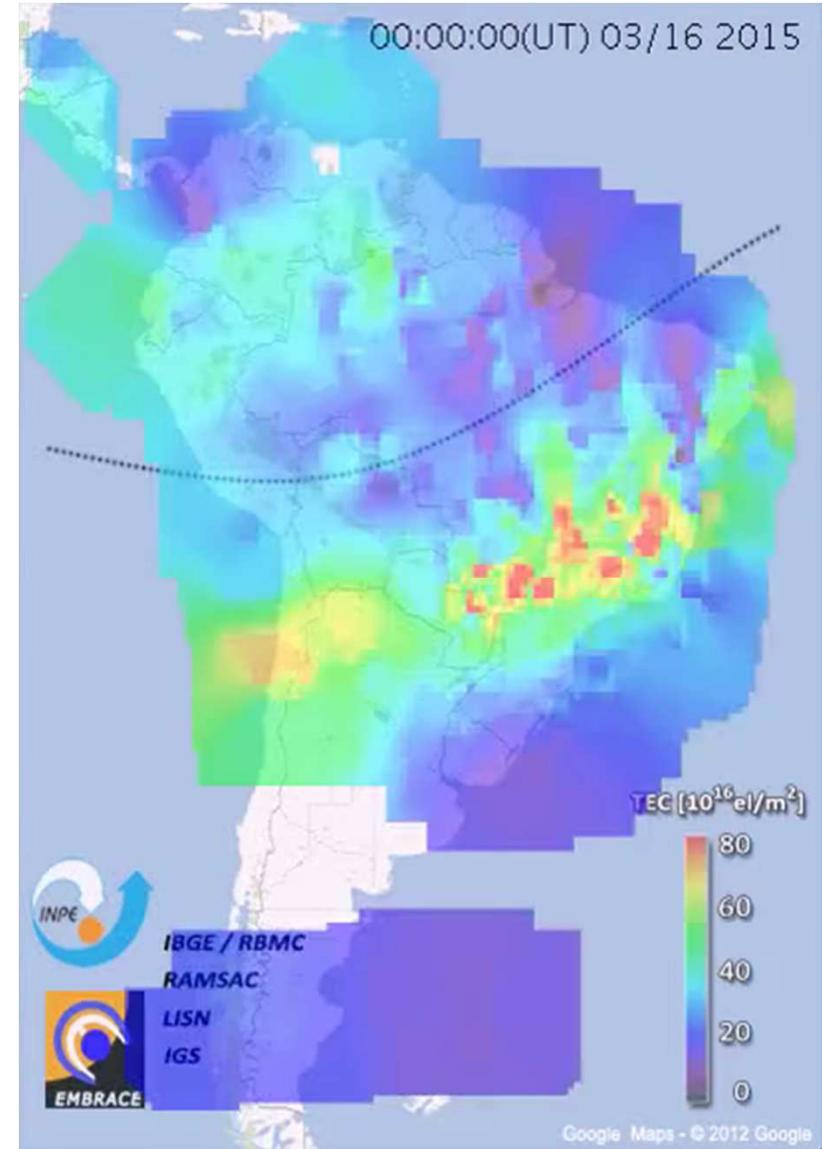
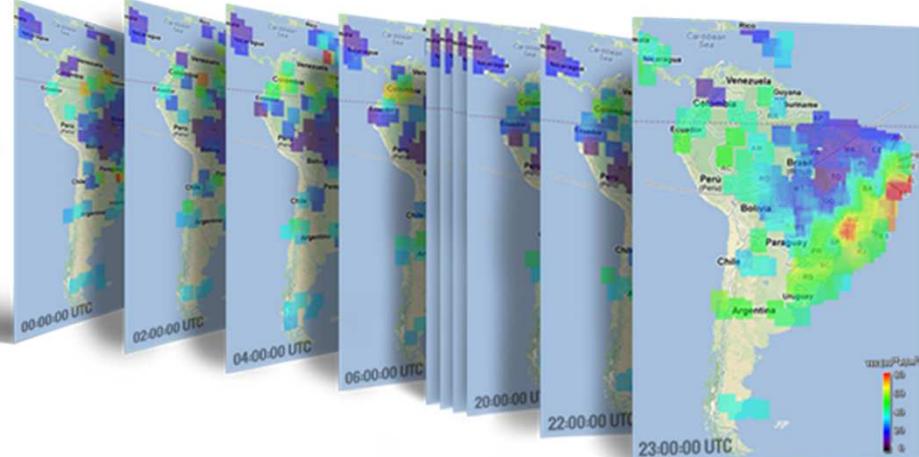
The Embrace/INPE monitoring system detected a G3 level Magnetic Storm using the South American disturbance index Ksa.



Storm on March 17 2015

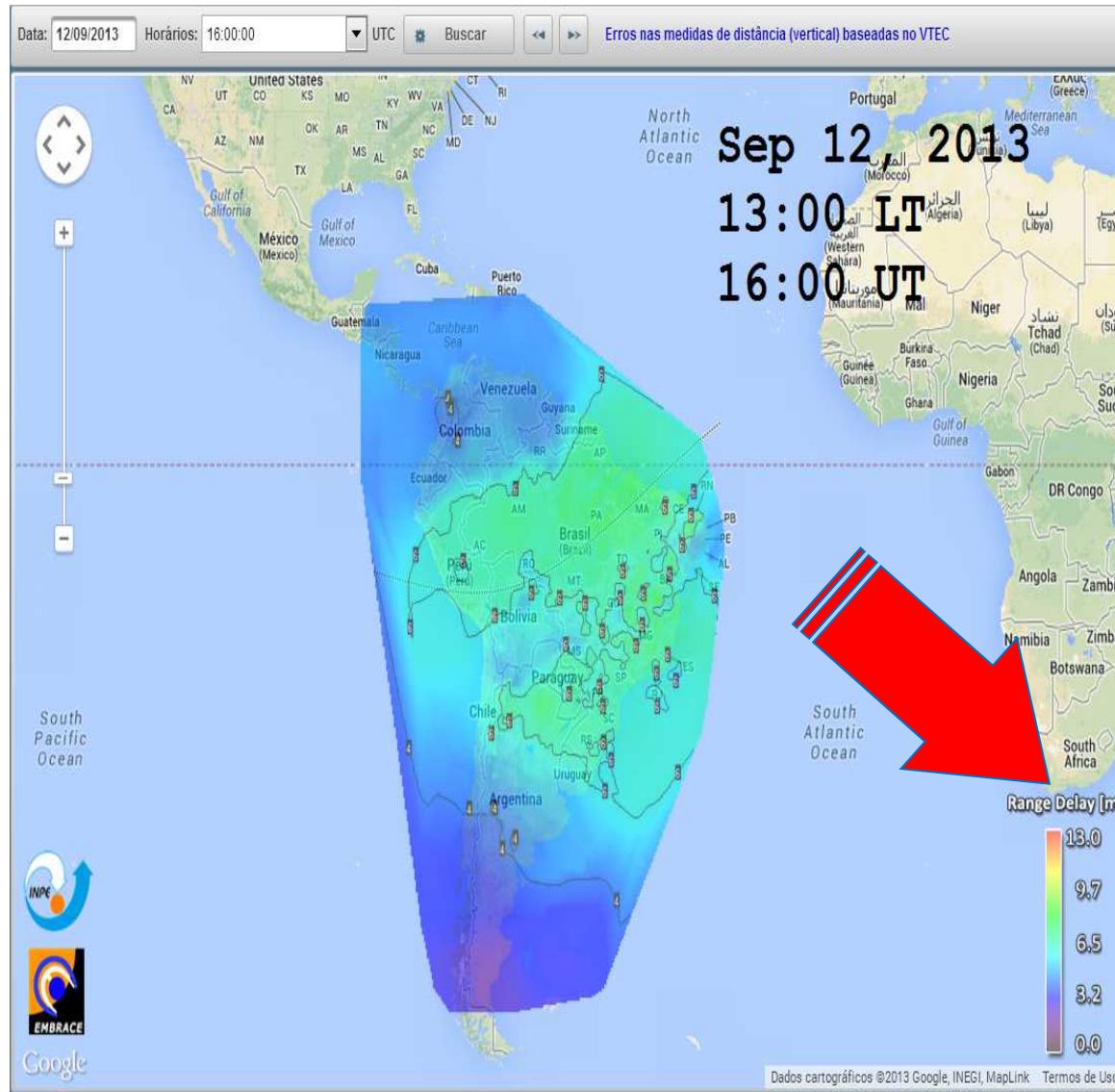
Total electron Content 16-18 March 2015

The TEC map is generated at Embrace/INPE every 10 minutes using GNSS signals received from more than 150 receptors over the whole of South America, specially those belonging the following networks: RBMC-IBGE, RAMSAC, LISN, and IGS.





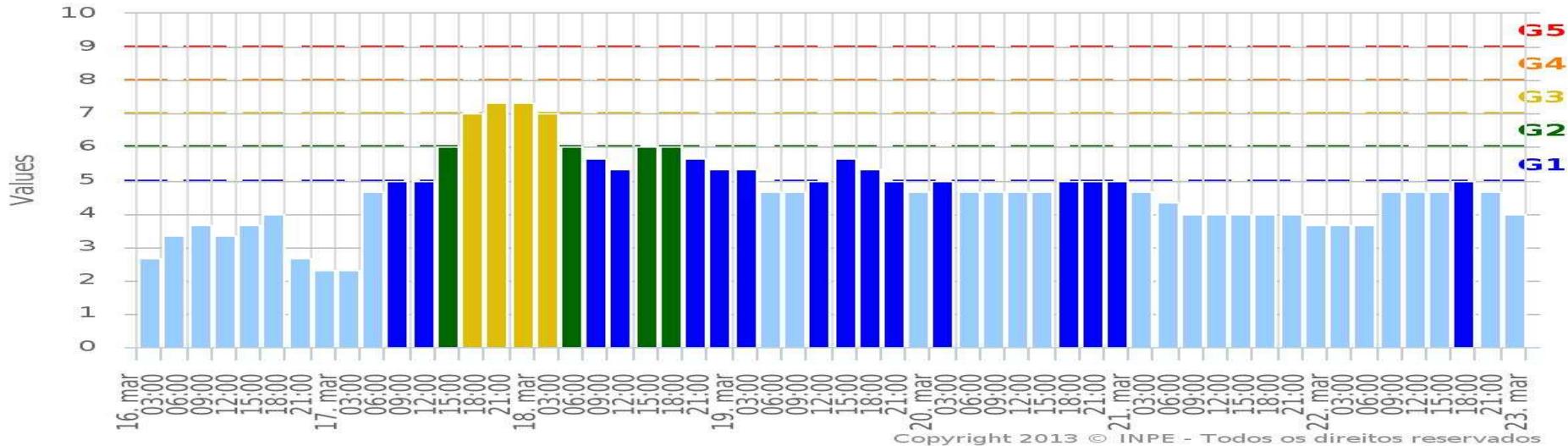
TEC Map → Error Map



Magnetic Storm Alert

Rede EMBRACE de Magnetômetros

Índice Ksa - (16/03/2015 - 22/03/2015)



G3 (Forte) - 7+

Evento ocorrido no período: 17/03/2015 18:00:00 a 17/03/2015 21:00:00

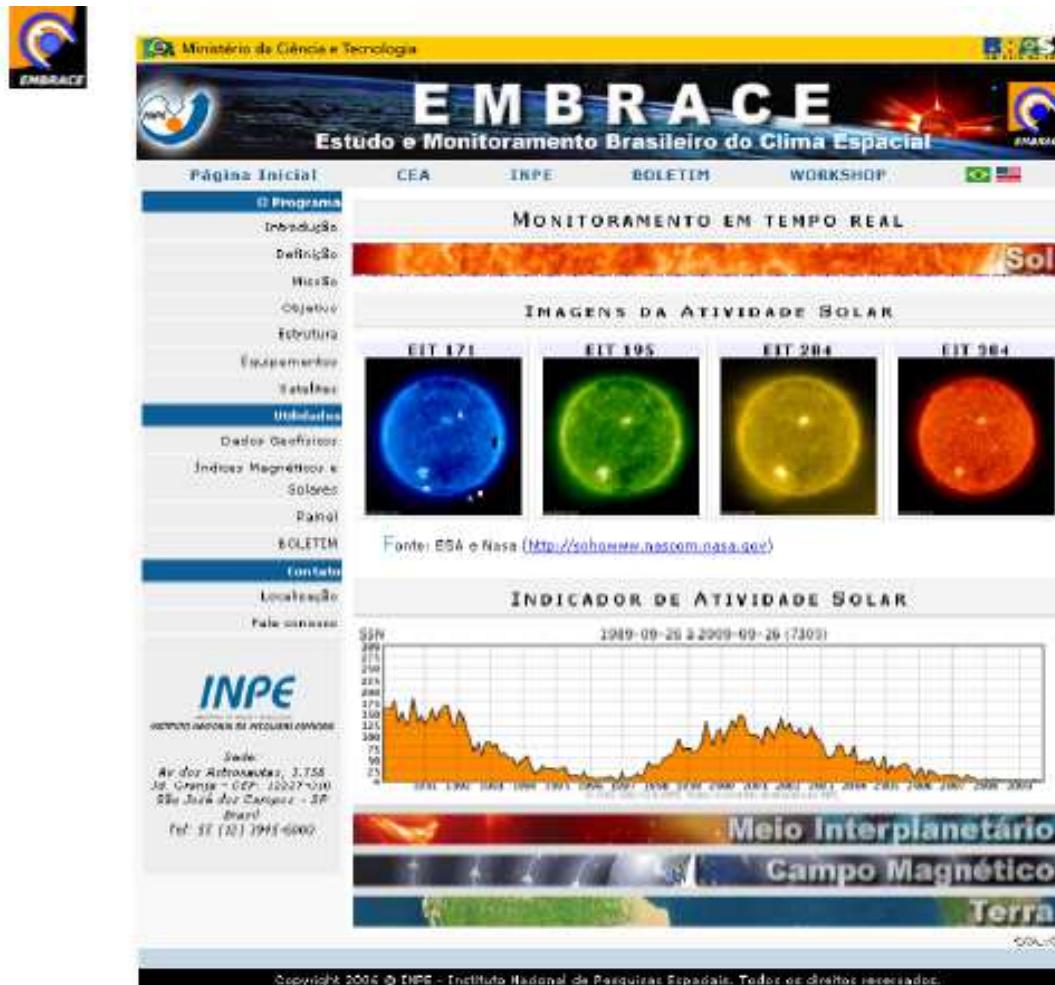
Efeito: Sistema elétrico: correções de voltagens podem ser necessárias, alarmes falsos iniciando algum equipamento de proteção. Operação de satélite: sobrecarga estática de superfície nos componentes podem ocorrer, pode ocorrer aumento do arrasto sobre os de baixa órbita, e correções podem ser necessárias para os problemas de orientação. Outros sistemas: podem ocorrer problemas intermitentes na navegação do satélite e navegação em baixa-frequência, comunicação em rádio HF pode ficar intermitente.

Medida: Ksa = 7

Frequência Amostral: 200 por ciclo (130 dias por ciclo)



Solar Activity

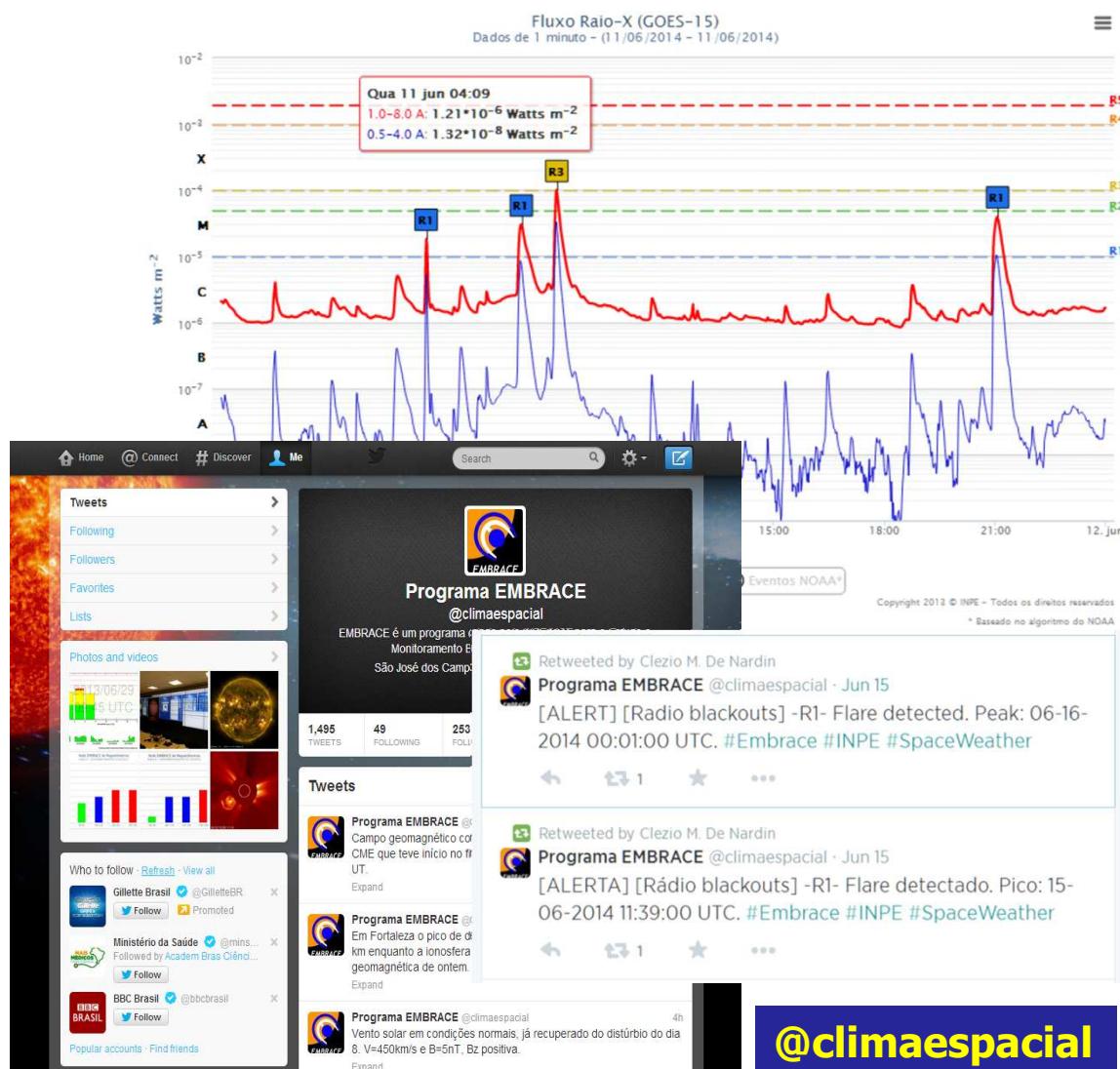
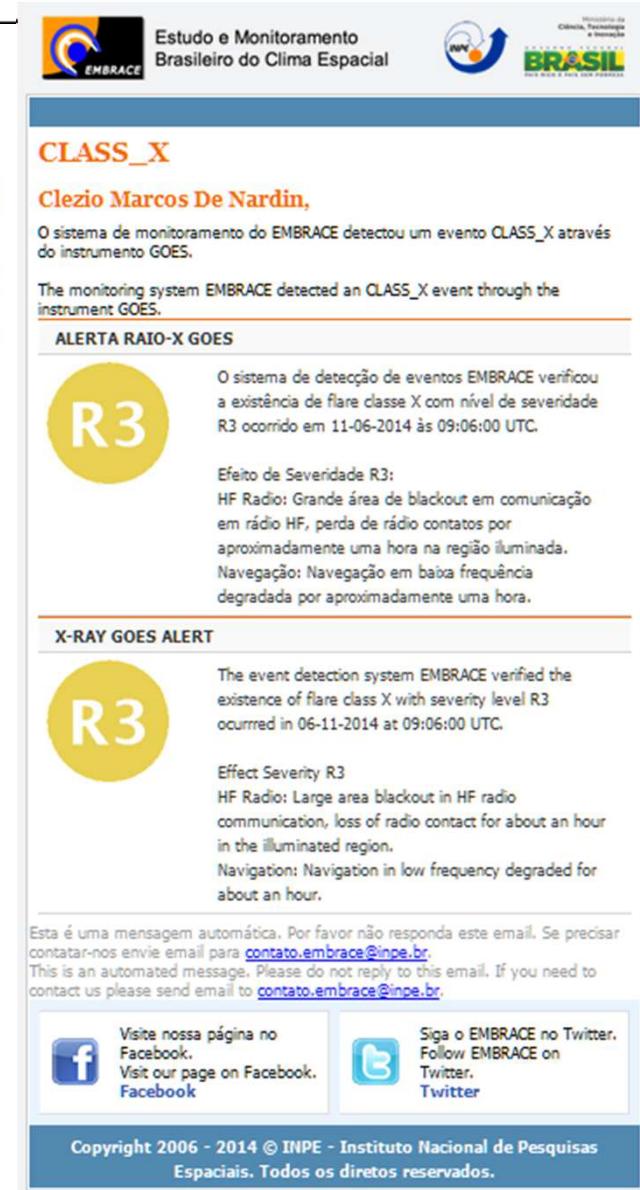


The screenshot displays the EMBRACE (Estudo e Monitoramento Brasileiro do Clima Espacial) website. The top navigation bar includes links for Página Inicial, CEA, INPE, BOLETIM, WORKSHOP, and language options (Portuguese, English). The main content area features a "MONITORAMENTO EM TEMPO REAL" section with a large image of the Sun and four smaller panels labeled EIT 171, EIT 195, EIT 284, and EIT 304. Below this is an "IMAGENS DA ATIVIDADE SOLAR" section showing four solar images. A "Fonte: EEA e Nasa (<http://sohowww.nascom.nasa.gov/>)" link is provided. The next section is titled "INDICADOR DE ATIVIDADE SOLAR" and contains a line graph of the Sunspot Number (SSN) from 1989-09-25 to 2009-09-29, with a peak around 2000. At the bottom, there are three horizontal bars labeled "Meio Interplanetário", "Campo Magnético", and "Terra". The footer includes the INPE logo, address (Av. dos Astronautas, 2155, Jd. Granja - CEP: 12627-010, Rio das Ostras - RJ, Brazil), phone number (Tel: 22 (21) 2993-6000), and copyright notice (Copyright 2006 © INPE - Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais. Todos os direitos reservados).

Solar Images

Solar Index

Solar activity alerts

The figure shows a screenshot of the EMBRACE website. At the top, there is a header with logos for EMBRACE, INPE, and the Brazilian Space Agency. Below the header, there is a section for "CLASS_X" alerts, followed by a "ALERTA RAIO-X GOES" section. Both sections include a large yellow circle with the letter "R3" indicating the severity level. The "ALERTA RAIO-X GOES" section also includes a detailed description of the effect. At the bottom, there are links to the EMBRACE Facebook and Twitter pages.

Estudo e Monitoramento Brasileiro do Clima Espacial

CLASS_X

Clezio Marcos De Nardin,
O sistema de monitoramento do EMBRACE detectou um evento CLASS_X através do instrumento GOES.

The monitoring system EMBRACE detected an CLASS_X event through the instrument GOES.

ALERTA RAIO-X GOES

O sistema de detecção de eventos EMBRACE verificou a existência de flare classe X com nível de severidade R3 ocorrido em 11-06-2014 às 09:06:00 UTC.

Efeito de Severidade R3:
HF Radio: Grande área de blackout em comunicação em rádio HF, perda de rádio contatos por aproximadamente uma hora na região iluminada.
Navegação: Navegação em baixa frequência degradada por aproximadamente uma hora.

X-RAY GOES ALERT

R3

The event detection system EMBRACE verified the existence of flare class X with severity level R3 occurred in 06-11-2014 at 09:06:00 UTC.

Effect Severity R3
HF Radio: Large area blackout in HF radio communication, loss of radio contact for about an hour in the illuminated region.
Navigation: Navigation in low frequency degraded for about an hour.

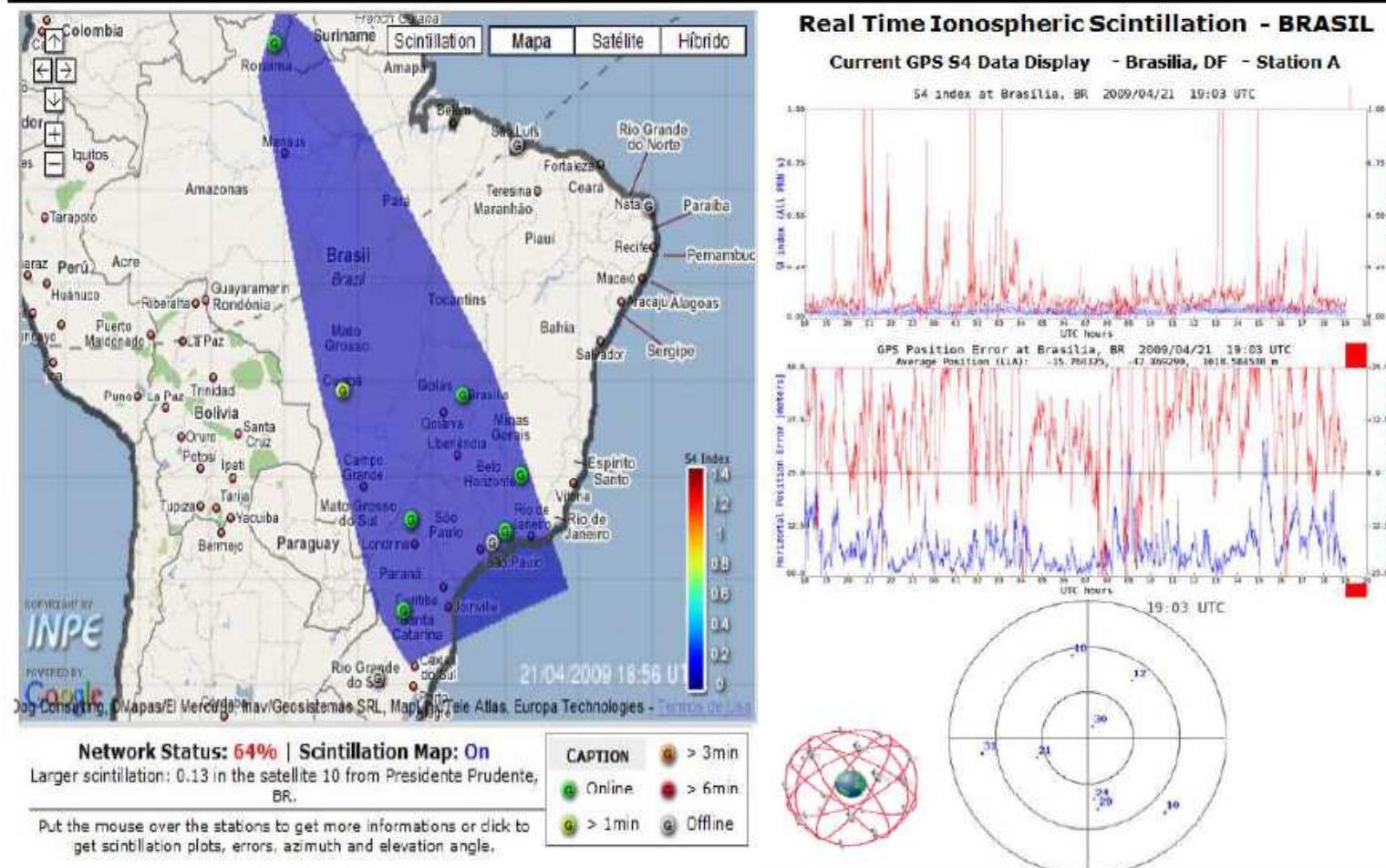
Esta é uma mensagem automática. Por favor não responda este email. Se precisar contatar-nos envie email para contato.embrace@inpe.br.
This is an automated message. Please do not reply to this email. If you need to contact us please send email to contato.embrace@inpe.br.

Visite nossa página no Facebook.
Visit our page on Facebook.

Siga o EMBRACE no Twitter.
Follow EMBRACE on Twitter.

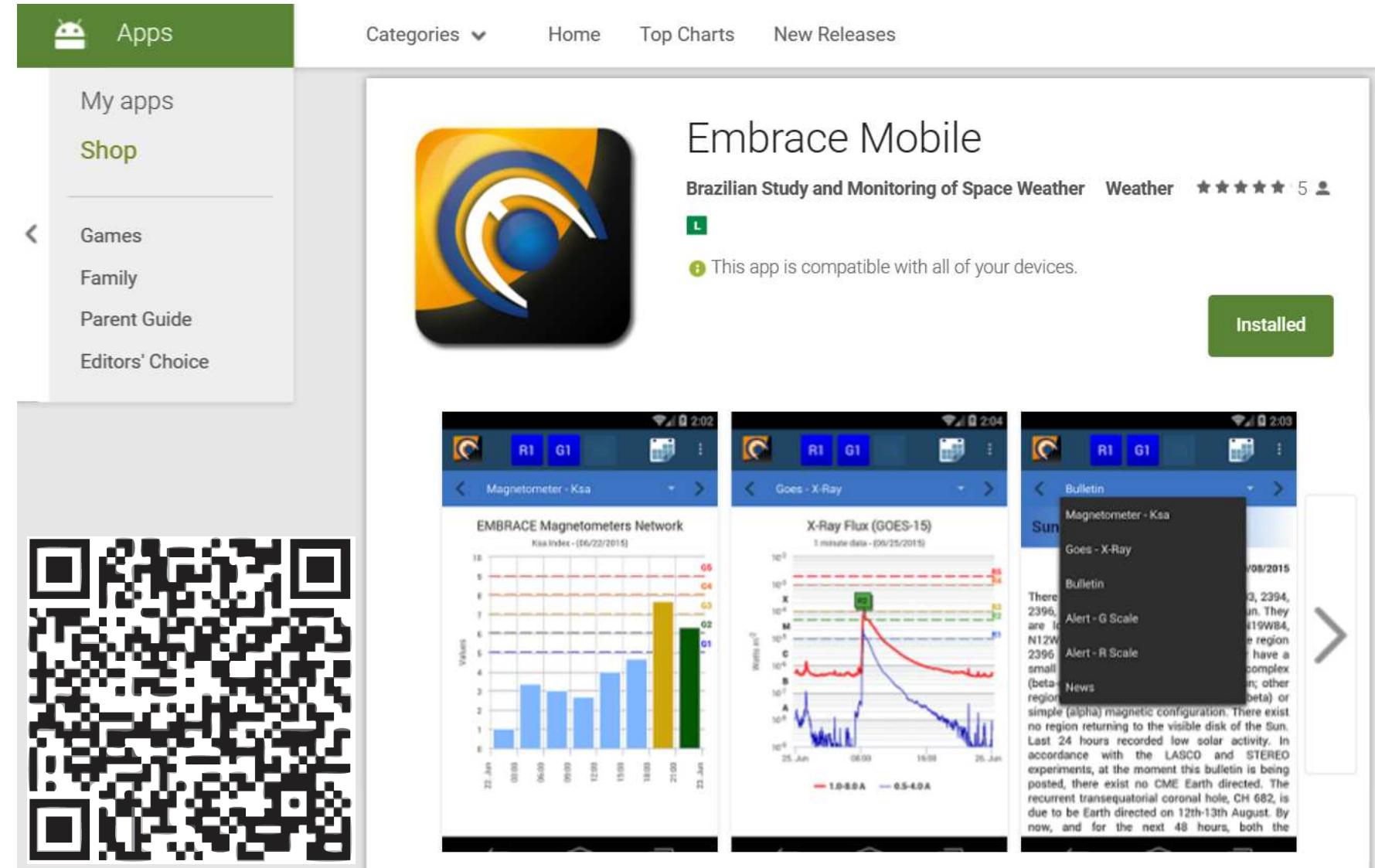
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GPS Error – Ionospheric Scintillation



Android App

<https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=br.inpe.climaespacial.mobile>



My apps

Shop

Games

Family

Parent Guide

Editors' Choice

QR code

Embrace Mobile

Brazilian Study and Monitoring of Space Weather Weather 5

L This app is compatible with all of your devices.

Installed

Magnetometer - Kaa

EMBRACE Magnetometers Network

Kaa Index - (06/23/2015)

Time	Value
00:00	0.1
03:00	3.2
06:00	2.8
09:00	2.5
12:00	2.8
15:00	3.5
18:00	4.8
21:00	6.5
24:00	6.8

Goes - X-Ray

X-Ray Flux (GOES-15)

1 minute data - (06/25/2015)

Wfm/s m⁻²

25 Jun 06:00 10:00 14:00 18:00 22:00 26 Jun

1.0-8.0 Å 0.5-4.0 Å

Bulletin

Magnetometer - Kaa

Goes - X-Ray

Bulletin

There are 10 alerts in the region. They have a small complex (beta) or simple (alpha) magnetic configuration. There exist no region returning to the visible disk of the Sun. Last 24 hours recorded low solar activity. In accordance with the LASCO and STEREO experiments, at the moment this bulletin is being posted, there exist no CME Earth directed. The recurrent transequatorial coronal hole, CH 682, is due to be Earth directed on 12th-13th August. By now, and for the next 48 hours, both the

Android App



Embrace Mobile

New APP
Embrace
Mobile
Google Play

**SINCE
JULY 2015**



Embrace/INPE
Estudo e Monitoramento Brasileiro do Clima Espacial

G1
 03 nov 15 18:00
 Instrumento MAG
 Classe KSA

Evento ocorrido no período: 03/11/2015 18:00:00 a 03/11/2015 21:00:00

Efeito: Sistema elétrico: flutuações fracas na voltagem podem acontecer. Operação de satélite: possível impacto pequeno nas operações. Outros sistemas: animais migratórios são afetados neste nível e em níveis mais altos.

Medida: Kp = 5

Frequência Amostral: 1700 por ciclo (900 dias por ciclo)

G1
 03 nov 15 12:00
 Instrumento

Embrace Mobile - v1.0
Copyright 2015© INPE - Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais

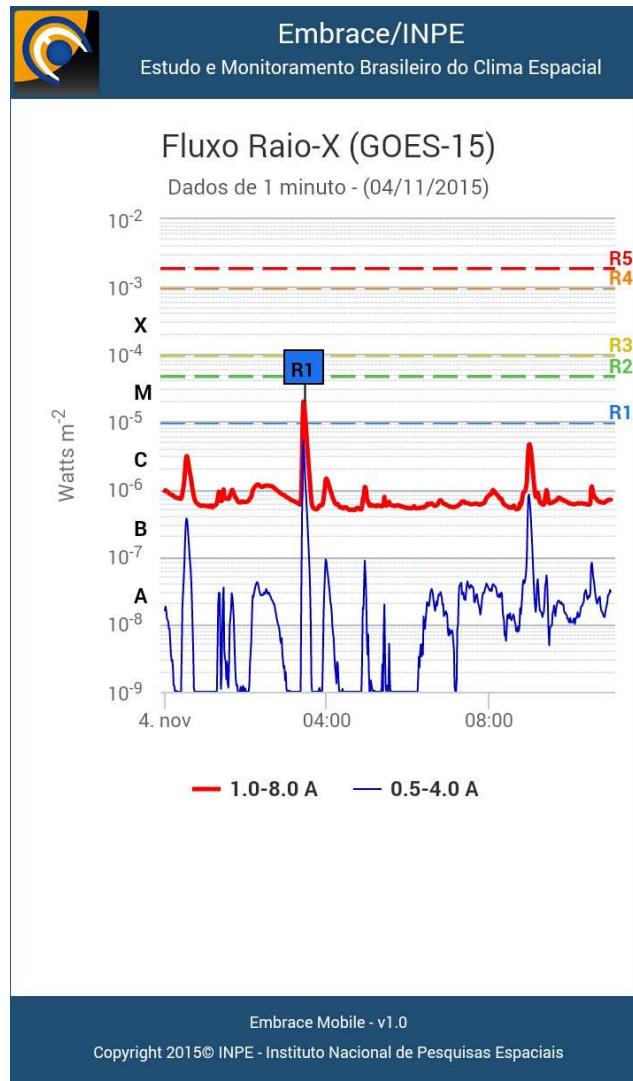
Android App



Embrace Mobile

New APP
Embrace
Mobile
Google Play

SINCE
JULY 2015



CIGALA (GALILEO)

Concept for Ionospheric Scintillation Mitigation
for Professional GNSS in Latin America (ended in 2012, but network is still active)

CALIBRA

COUNTERING GNSS HIGH ACCURACY
APPLICATIONS LIMITATIONS DUE TO IONOSPHERIC DISTURBANCES IN BRAZIL

New: GBAS aircraft landing system –
modelling to adapt US parameters to Brazil

ISMР QUERY TOOL

ISMР Query Tool allows users to perform queries and analysis
on the CIGALA/CALIBRA ionospheric monitoring database

Other GNSS initiatives

CIGALA / CALIBRA website

Screenshot of the CIGALA / CALIBRA website (<http://is-cigala-calibra.fct.unesp.br/is/index.php?lan=en>)

The screenshot shows the homepage of the CIGALA / CALIBRA website. The top navigation bar includes links for HOME, Stations Network, CIGALA, CALIBRA, ISMR Query Tool, Publications, News, and Login.

ISMR Query Tool

ISMR Query Tool is a web software that aims to extend the possibilities for analysis of ionospheric monitoring data by applying data visualization and data mining techniques, having benefits from a visual analytics loop.

• Register / Contact
• Screenshots

Precision Agriculture

Precision Agriculture requires the use of high accuracy positioning system, like RTK (Real Time Kinematic). However, there is a big challenge for using such system 24 hours a day, mainly due to the ionospheric scintillation (IS). [Read more...](#)

Highlights

A map of Brazil showing ionospheric scintillation (IS) levels. A color scale legend indicates values from 0 to 0.2. The map shows high activity (red/yellow) over the southern and southeastern regions of Brazil.

File download history:

- mbrazil.gif
- map-brazil-360x270....gif
- 8eff278a21ff455f4d1....gif

Show all downloads... x

<http://is-cigala-calibra.fct.unesp.br/is/index.php?lan=en>

Other GNSS initiatives

GLONASS and Space Weather



4 GLONASS CORRECTION STATIONS:

Recife (NE)

Brasília (center)

Santa Maria (South)

**Precise point
positioning studies**

Other GNSS initiatives

GLONASS at UnB – PPP Studies

The overall objective of the proposed research on Precise Point Positioning (PPP) is to assess the **impact of multi-constellations** instead of stand-alone (GPS or GLONASS) PPP solution around Brasilia. Data are extracted from the GNSS receiver of the One-Way Station (OWS) MSGLONAS, «Sazhen-TM-BIS» installed at University of Brasilia.

Future perspectives include:

- Practical applications on HASP (high altitude student platform);
 - Onboard attitude determination;
 - Impact point prediction;
- High precision applications with UAVs and mobile robots.

Contacts



Clezio M. De Nardin - clezio.denardin@inpe.br
INPE – EMBRACE

Renato Borges – raborges07@hotmail.com
UnB - PPP

João Francisco Galera Monico –
galera@ftc.unesp.br
UNESP - CALIBRA