

U.S. National Space Weather Strategy 13 December 2016

Jeffrey Auerbach Office of Space and Advanced Technology United States Department of State

State Department and SWx?

- For Constitutional and other reasons, State plays a facilitation, coordination and clearance role in international space cooperation.
- In its coordination role, State leads on government-to-government framework agreements, and in its clearance role on agency-to-agency implementing agreements.
- Also advances cooperation with specific countries or groups of them for broader foreign policy reasons.





Nasa's Solar Probe Plus spacecraft



Prime Minister Narendra Modi at the White House, September 2014

U.S. National Space Policy



The Secretary of State, after consultation with the heads of appropriate departments and agencies, shall carry out diplomatic and public diplomacy efforts to strengthen understanding of, and support for, U.S. national space policies and programs...

Goals:

- Expand international cooperation on mutually beneficial space activities to: broaden and extend the benefits of space; [and] further the peaceful use of space...
- Improve space-based Earth and solar observation capabilities needed to conduct science, forecast terrestrial and near-Earth space weather, [...] and support disaster response and recovery.

U.S. National Space Policy (cont'd)



And as noted in the **2013-2022 Decadal Survey***, understanding space weather and climate is a prerequisite for fulfilling at least two directives of **U.S. National Space Policy**:

- 1. Take necessary measures to sustain the radiofrequency environment in which critical U.S. space systems operate.
- 2. Preserve the outer space environment, in part by pursuing "research and development of technologies and techniques" and by leading "the continued development and adoption of international and industry standards to minimize debris."

Space Weather Awareness

Multiple efforts underway across government agencies, nationally and internationally

Congress – Critical Infrastructure Protection Act, H.R. 3410, Dec 2014; NASA Authorization Act of 2010

U.S. Regulatory Action – FERC reliability standards

Space weather in Strategic National Risk Assessment

FEMA Federal Interagency Response Plan – Will include a Long-Term Power Outage Annex

International – UN COPUOS Space Weather Expert Group; UN WMO Inter-Programme Coordination Team on Space Weather; FAA and UN International Civil Aviation Organization; NATO space weather teams



http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/

National Space Weather Strategy and Action Plan – released October 2015



https://www.whitehouse.gov/blog/2015/10/28/enhancing-national-preparedness-space-weather-events

National Space Weather Strategy – Structure

Strategy and Action Plan articulate six high-level goals:

- 1. Establish Benchmarks for Space Weather Events
- 2. Enhance Response and Recovery Capabilities
- 3. Improve Protection and Mitigation Efforts
- 4. Improve Assessment, Modeling, and Prediction of Impacts on Critical Infrastructure
- 5. Improve Space Weather Services through Advancing Understanding and Forecasting
- 6. Enable Increased International Cooperation

Goal 6 - Enable Increased International Cooperation

OBJECTIVES:

- Build international support at the policy level for acknowledging space weather as a global challenge
- Increase engagement with the international community on observation infrastructure, data sharing, numerical modeling, and scientific research
- Strengthen international coordination and cooperation on space weather products and services
- Promote a collaborative international approach to extreme space weather preparedness

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Preparing the Nation for Space Weather: New Executive Order

OCTOBER 13, 2016 AT 10:00 AM ET BY DR. TAMARA DICKINSON



Summary: The Administration takes significant step towards preparing critical infrastructure and technology for the risk of space weather.

Today, President Obama signed an <u>Executive Order</u> that seeks to coordinate efforts to prepare the Nation for space weather events. The Executive Order will help reduce economic loss, save lives, and enhance national security by ordering the creation of nationwide response and recovery plans and procedures that incorporate technologies that mitigate the effects of space-weather events. By this action, the Federal Government will lead by example and help motivate state and local governments, and other nations, to create communities that are more resilient to the hazards of space weather.



The term "space weather" refers to effects on the

Select Workshops and Events

January 24-29, 2016: COSPAR/ILWS Workshop, the "Science for Space Weather" was held in GOA, India

http://www.cessi.in/ssw/information.html

February 15-17, 2016: COSPAR/ILWS Workshop

 "From Science Discovery to Applications,
Services, and Infrastructure Protection", held during the UN COPUOS Space Weather Expert

Group Meeting

http://www.unoosa.org/oosa/en/ourwork/topics/spaceweather.html

April 4, 2016: "Space Weather as a Global Challenge" held in Washington, DC. http://swfound.org/events/2016/space-weather-as-aglobal-challenge



Summary

- The importance of addressing impacts of severe space weather is growing.
- The White House has established a national policy for space weather, and coordinated the development of a National Space Weather Strategy and Action Plan.
- Significant International Cooperation is already underway, notably COPUOS' Space Weather Expert Group, WMO's four-year plan, COSPAR's Roadmap.

THANK YOU!