

# The European Space Agency as mechanism and actor of international cooperation

ESA Legal Services Department

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#### Introduction



- The European Space Agency (ESA) is
  - a mechanism of international space cooperation
  - an actor of international space cooperation

#### 1. The mechanism

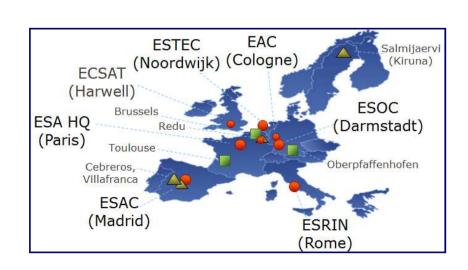


an international intergovernmental organisation of 20 Member States

- Founded in 1975

International legal personality

2200 staff, 4.1 Billion € budget





#### **The Convention**



- "Convention for the establishment of a European Space Agency"
- opened for signature 30May1975
- entered into force 300ct1980
- international treaty, 26 articles and five annexes
- ESA's most important legal document
- a) purpose, activities and programmes
- b) industrial policy
- c) organs, financial and administrative set-up
- d) treaty-technical articles



→ ESA CONVENTION AND COUNCIL RULES OF PROCEDURE

European Space Agency

European Space Agency

#### The purpose



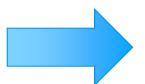
- "to provide for and to promote, for exclusively peaceful purposes, cooperation among European States in space research and technology and their space applications, whether for scientific purposes or operational space application systems."
  - ESA mandate for:
    - a European space policy
    - space activities and programmes
    - coordination



#### The organs



The organs of ESA are the Council and the Director General assisted by a staff



#### **Director General**

 chief executive officer and legal representative of ESA



#### Council

- ESA's plenary organ
- Council at ministerial level
- Council at delegate level

#### The programmes



- One of few space agencies in the world with programmes in all areas of space activities:
  - Space science
  - Human spaceflight
  - Exploration
  - Earth observation
  - Launchers

- Navigation
- Telecommunications
- Technology
- Operations

+80
programmes
in parallel



# Mandatory / optional (1)



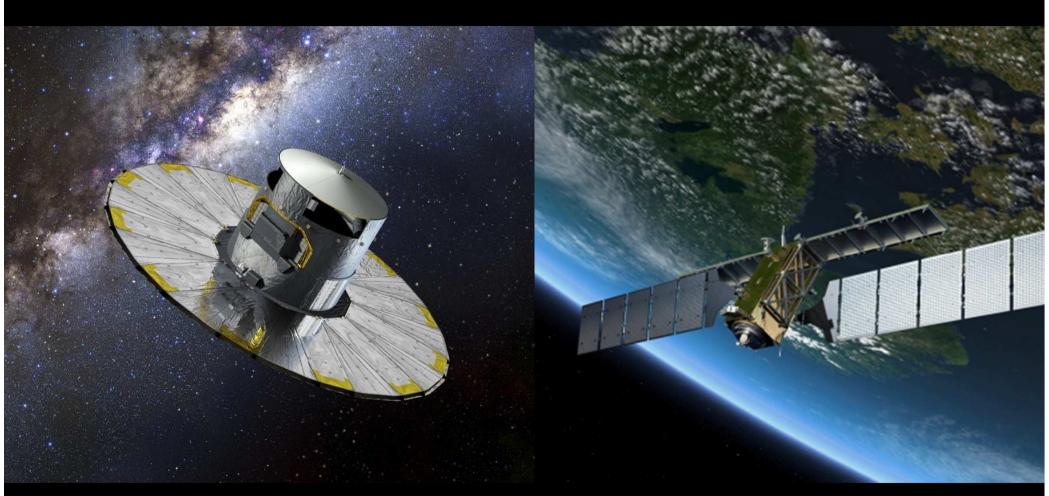
- Mandatory activities: defined activities to which all Member States are obliged to contribute
- Optional activities: decided by some or all Member States based on their interests

# **Legal difference:**

- a) mandatory activities: ESA as IGO
- b)optional activities: Member States on inter-governmental basis

# Mandatory / optional (2)





**GAIA** 

**Sentinel-1** 

uropean Space Agency

### 2. ESA as actor of int. cooperation



- International cooperation is central for ESA!
- ESA cooperates with
  - a) other international organisations and institutions
  - b) Governments, organisations and institutions of non-member States

# **Cooperation around the world**



- ~ 400 international agreements with States, IGOs and others
  - European Union as important partner
  - Long-standing cooperation with USA, Russia, Japan, India, China, Canada
  - South American, African, Asian-Pacific states



# **Examples of ESA space cooperation**











European Space Agency

#### **ESA** and space law



- ESA as active promoter of space law
- ESA accepted rights & obligations of 3 UN treaties: ARRA, LIAB and REG
- ESA policies for:
- a) Launching State Liability
- b) Space Debris Mitigation
- c) Space Object Registration
- d) Frequency Management





# → SERVING EUROPEAN COOPERATION AND INNOVATION

See CRP "ESA as mechanism and actor of international cooperation"

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**European Space Agency**