The Space Generation Congress 2010: Perspectives from University Students and Young Professionals in the Space Sector

The Space Generation Advisory Council in Support of the UN programme on Space Applications



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Basic Facts on SGAC



SGAC is a non-profit organisation that represents 18-35 year olds in international space policy at the United Nations, at agencies, in industry, and in academia

- Started as a result of the 1999 UNISPACE III conference
- SGAC has had permanent observer status in the UN COPUOS since 2001 and has been a member of the UN Economic and Social Council since 2003
- SGAC has a volunteer network of about 4,000 members in 90 countries



Space Generation Congress 2010



- 101 delegates selected from 40 different countries and six continents to discuss top space policy issues
- 30 participants from 22 countries were given full scholarships
- 10 IAF Youth Grant winners
- Students and young professionals represented a wide spectrum of technical and non-technical space backgrounds
- Topics: Industry, Agency, Climate, Exploration, and Outreach



2010 SGC Speakers



Dr. Dmitriu Prunariu, Chairman of UN COPUOS



Berndt Feuerbacher, President of the International Astronautical Federation





Charles F. Bolden, NASA Administrator



Theme: Industry



The New, Increased Role of the Private Industry in the Space Sector

•The present: Remote Sensing, Microgravity Sciences, International Space Station, Telecommunications, GNSS, Launching

•The future: Space Tourism, Space Products, Orbital Cleanup, Microgravity Processing, On-orbit Satellite Servicing





Conclusions: Industry



- Space Generation Prize: Competition for the best new business idea developed by a person/group under the age of 35.
- Space Generation Award: For the best advancement towards space utilisation
- SGAC sponsored pro-commercialisation of space event
- SGAC strategic networking plan
- Media and public relations network dedicated to cover space issues
- Network to encourage retiring space professionals to consult with emerging space nations



Theme: Agency



Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) for Disaster Management

- Past disaster management systems, to identify limitations, to what extent emergency information is available in real time, types of information required and processes to develop a successful system
- Disaster phases (pre disaster, during, post disaster) and necessary steps of a disaster management cycle, focusing on technical and policy challenges
- Issues regarding Global Navigation Satellite Systems and possible ways to overcome the legal challenges regarding personal data storage



Conclusions: Agency



- Create a universal GNSS software system
- Distribute a ground-based network to high risk regions and countries.
- Develop a mobile GNSS device to track and monitor crowds during a disaster
- Promote Community Remote Sensing (CRS)
- Encourage the International Committee on GNSS (ICG) to have discussions regarding disaster management
- Make GNSS data more available via a centralised database



Theme: Climate



Enhance Global Climate Data Exchange to Better Monitor Climate Change and Empower Policymakers, Scientists and the Community

Data and metadata collection standards

 The contribution and responsibilities of nations to engage to climate studies, taking into account the underlying social and economical issues

 Current challenges of Earth observation data exchange and Community Remote Sensing (CPR)



Conclusions: Climate



- Establish a global agreement on data acquisition, continuity and exchange
- Create common standards for metadata and data sharing
- Encourage more stakeholders to involve in acquiring, processing and interpreting Earth observation data
- Create a new business model providing easy data access
- Develop low cost and small scale initiatives
- Create a SGAC working group on climate



Theme: Exploration



Examining the Feasibility of a Mission to Mars from the Perspective of the Young Generation

Human missions to the Moon:

- Necessities
- Benefits
- •Human missions to Mars:
 - Short-term, long-term missions
 - Technical and operational necessities
 - Financial, social, legal and political factors



Conclusions: Exploration



- Human exploration missions should be an international, collaborative effort.
- Associated educational programmes should be created to stimulate interest in technical careers
- The Moon should not be a necessary stepping stone for getting to Mars.
- Through SGAC, the youth should continue to exchange ideas towards creating "the road-map to Mars"





Theme: Outreach



Development of Science and Technology Education and Careers for the New Generation

- Lack of public awareness, encouragement and positive messaging
- Internationally lack of resources and stimulating opportunities for the young generation to be exposed to space.
- Space is not only <u>rocket science</u> for a selected, privileged few





Conclusions: Outreach



- Social networks should be used in the promotion of space activities
- Myths and stereotypes about space should be broken
- Women from the space sector should give talks in schools and encourage both girls and boys to involve with space
- Media should be encouraged to focus on space
- Competitions and outreach programmes should be easily adaptable for different cultures and geographic needs
- A SGAC Outreach Working Group should be established





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Thank You





