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Items 139 and 140 of the preliminary list*

Proposed programme budget for 2025

Programme planning

Proposed programme budget for 2025

Part II

Political affairs

Section 6

Peaceful uses of outer space

Programme 5

Peaceful uses of outer space

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* [A/79/50](#).

** In keeping with paragraph 10 of General Assembly resolution [77/267](#), the part consisting of the programme plan and programme performance information (part II) is submitted through the Committee for Programme and Coordination for the consideration of the Assembly.

*** In keeping with paragraph 10 of General Assembly resolution [77/267](#), the part consisting of the post and non-post resource requirements (part III) is submitted through the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions for the consideration of the Assembly.



A. Proposed programme plan for 2025 and programme performance in 2023

Overall orientation

Mandates and background

- 6.1 The Office for Outer Space Affairs is responsible for advancing international cooperation in space activities. The mandate derives from the priorities established in relevant General Assembly resolutions and decisions, including resolutions [1472 A \(XIV\)](#), [76/3](#), entitled “The ‘Space2030’ Agenda: space as a driver of sustainable development”, [78/72](#) on international cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space and [76/55](#) on transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities, as appropriate.
- 6.2 The core functions of the Office are: (a) serving as the secretariat of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space and its subsidiary bodies (resolution [1472 A \(XIV\)](#)), as the executive secretariat of the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems and its Providers’ Forum (resolutions [61/111](#) and [64/86](#)) and as the secretariat of the Space Mission Planning Advisory Group (resolution [71/90](#)); (b) implementing the United Nations Programme on Space Applications (resolutions [2601 \(XXIV\)](#) and [37/90](#)) and the programme on the United Nations Platform for Space-based Information for Disaster Management and Emergency Response (UN-SPIDER) (resolution [61/110](#)); (c) maintaining the Register of Objects Launched into Outer Space (resolutions [1721 B \(XVI\)](#) and [3235 \(XXIX\)](#)); (d) discharging the responsibilities of the Secretary-General under the United Nations treaties and principles on outer space and related resolutions (resolutions [2222 \(XXI\)](#), [2345 \(XXII\)](#), [2777 \(XXVI\)](#), [3235 \(XXIX\)](#), [34/68](#), [37/92](#), [41/65](#), [47/68](#), [59/115](#) and [62/101](#)); and (e) supporting Member States in fulfilling the “Space2030” Agenda implementation plan (resolution [76/3](#)).

Programme of work

Peaceful uses of outer space

Objective

- 6.3 The objective, to which this programme contributes, is to strengthen international cooperation in the conduct of space activities for peaceful purposes and advance the use of space science and technology and their applications.

Strategy and external factors for 2025

- 6.4 To contribute to the objective, the Office will support the work of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space and its subsidiary bodies and promote international cooperation in the exploration and use of outer space for peaceful purposes. Specifically, the Office will:
- (a) Provide substantive secretariat services to the Committee, the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee, the Legal Subcommittee, the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems and its Providers’ Forum and the Space Mission Planning Advisory Group;
 - (b) Provide secretariat services to the working groups of the Committee and its subsidiary bodies, including the Working Group on Legal Aspects of Space Resource Activities and the Working Group on the Long-term Sustainability of Outer Space Activities;
 - (c) Work with Member States, intergovernmental and non-governmental entities and other partners to promote the peaceful use of outer space, including through: (i) the implementation of the

international legal framework governing space activities; (ii) the registration of space objects launched into outer space; (iii) space debris mitigation; (iv) transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities, as appropriate; (v) civil satellite-based positioning, navigation, timing and value added services; and (vi) assistance to the Committee in further developing the governance of outer space activities;

- (d) Deliver training events and technical advisory support to assist States, upon their request, and institutions in: (i) enhancing their capacities in areas such as space law and policy, space sustainability, space economy, climate change, environmental monitoring, natural resources management, precision farming and agriculture, global health, satellite communications, space weather, space exploration, astronomy, search and rescue, disaster risk reduction and emergency response, and global navigation satellite systems; and (ii) developing collaborative platforms and promoting knowledge-sharing for space-based solutions;
- (e) Cooperate with the regional centres for space science and technology education affiliated to the United Nations to deliver training in remote sensing and geographic information systems, meteorological satellite applications, satellite communications, space and atmospheric science and global navigation satellite systems;
- (f) Promote and augment the impact of the work of the Committee and the Office on progress towards achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, through: (i) targeted outreach activities that develop a greater understanding and increased adoption of space technology, data and services, including through issuing publications, information leaflets and training materials; and (ii) exchanges with relevant stakeholders to promote more systematic sharing of space-based data and information to foster sustainable development and space sustainability.

6.5 The above-mentioned work is expected to result in:

- (a) A safer and more sustainable outer space;
- (b) Space-based solutions enabling monitoring of and progress towards the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals;
- (c) Greater understanding, acceptance and application of the international legal regime governing outer space activities;
- (d) An increased number of countries with access to space and space benefits, in particular developing countries, in using science and technology and related applications, including space-based solutions, to achieve sustainable development, disaster risk reduction and emergency response;
- (e) Greater compatibility and interoperability of global navigation satellite systems;
- (f) Space capabilities being more readily available through strengthened cooperative relationships and new partnerships.

6.6 With regard to the external factors, the overall plan for 2025 is based on the planning assumption that governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations are able and willing to support the Office in implementing the programme.

6.7 With regard to cooperation with other entities at the global, regional, national and local levels, the Office will, in line with its mandate, leverage its established partnerships with governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, including space agencies, industry, academia, institutions and other space-related entities, to pursue new opportunities to meet the growing demand for support to strengthen the capacity of countries, in particular developing countries, in using space science and technology and their applications. The Office will also pursue cooperative relationships, including with the private sector. It will enhance transparency in its programme activities and regularly inform the Committee of the projects being implemented and of its partnerships with space agencies, governmental and non-governmental organizations and the private sector.

- 6.8 With regard to inter-agency coordination and liaison, the Office will lead the Inter-Agency Meeting on Outer Space Activities (UN-Space) to promote coherence and increase collaboration on space-related work among entities of the United Nations system, with a view to better coordinating their data-sharing and cooperating on the procurement of space-based information, to accelerate the application of space assets in order to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.
- 6.9 The Office integrates a gender perspective into its operational activities, deliverables and results, as appropriate, as demonstrated by the implementation of its Space for Women project to promote the empowerment of women and girls in the areas of space science, technology, innovation and exploration, and to increase awareness of education and career opportunities in science, technology, engineering and mathematics. The Office will work with partners to strengthen the capacity and skills of individuals and institutions, with an emphasis on enhancing the participation and retention of women and girls in space activities.
- 6.10 In line with the United Nations Disability Inclusion Strategy and through its Space for Persons with Disabilities project, the Office raises awareness and identifies opportunities for disability inclusion in the space sector. The Office will develop partnerships to enhance the prospects of careers in science, technology, engineering and mathematics for people with disabilities and will share good practices for accessibility and in scientific research, education and outreach, and publish related information through a dedicated web page.

Evaluation activities

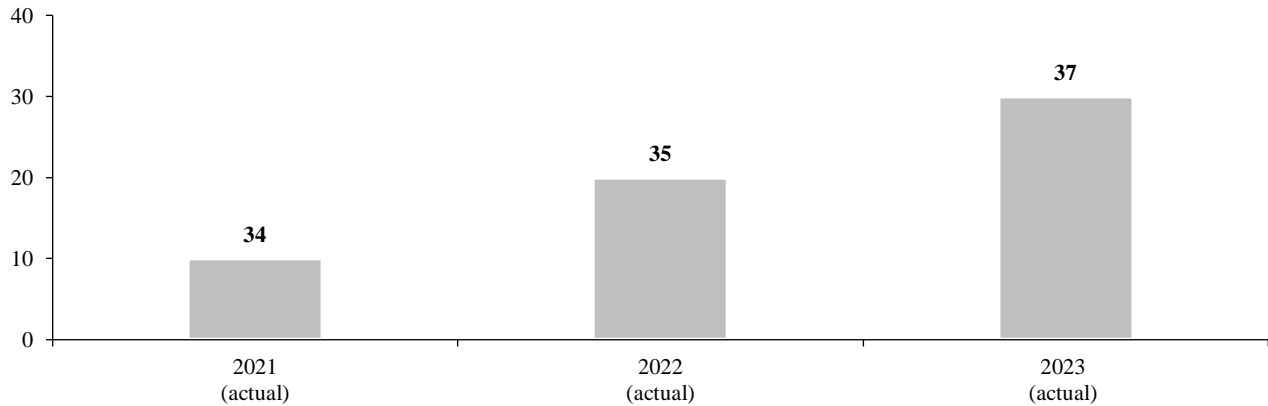
- 6.11 The planned evaluation for 2023 of the activities under the Access to Space for All initiative was delayed and will be completed in 2024.
- 6.12 An evaluation of the Space4Water portal is planned for 2025.

Programme performance in 2023

Increased commitment on compatibility, interoperability and transparency in the use of global navigation satellite systems

- 6.13 Satellite-based positioning, navigation and timing services provide a number of services, such as enabling road traffic management, maritime and aviation navigation, supporting precision agriculture and assisting in humanitarian search and rescue missions. The proliferation and increasing development of satellite navigation systems can benefit from enhanced compatibility, interoperability and transparency among these systems to promote and protect the use of their open service applications, to help to ensure that civilian users globally can benefit in full from global navigation satellite systems and their applications. The programme, as executive secretariat to the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems, provides services and supports intergovernmental discussions and coordination among Member States, United Nations entities and governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations on issues relating to global navigation satellite systems, and organizes regional workshops, training courses and technical seminars on the use of technologies relating to those systems.
- 6.14 Progress towards the objective is presented in the performance measure below (see figure 6.I).

Figure 6.I
Performance measure: States Members of the United Nations, United Nations entities and governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations participating in the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems (cumulative)



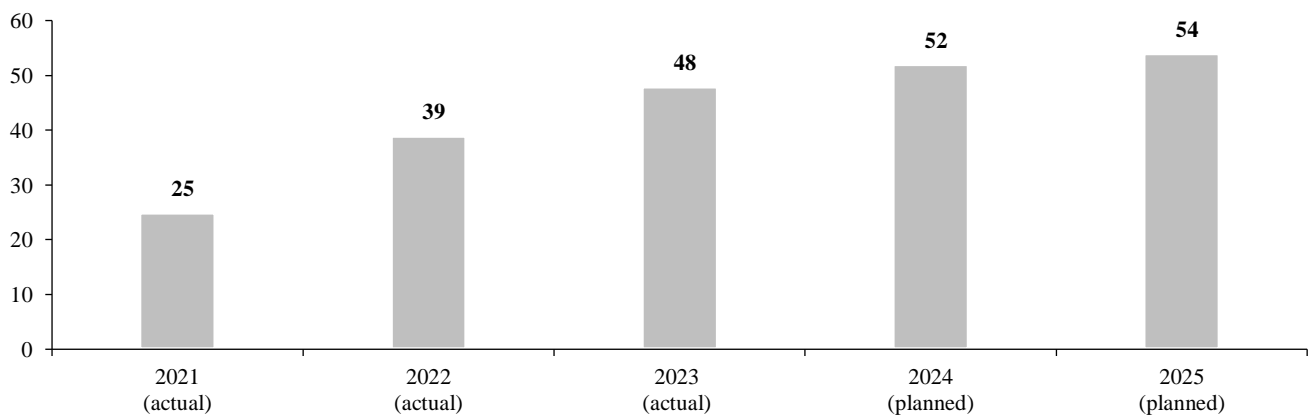
Planned results for 2025

Result 1: increased understanding and application of the international legal regime governing outer space activities

Programme performance in 2023 and target for 2025

- 6.15 The programme’s work contributed to 48 countries taking action to increase understanding of, adhere to and/or implement the international legal regime governing outer space activities, which exceeded the planned target of 41 countries.
- 6.16 Progress towards the objective and the target for 2025 are presented in the performance measure below (see figure 6.II).

Figure 6.II
Performance measure: number of countries taking action to increase understanding, adhere to and/or implement the international legal regime governing outer space activities (cumulative)



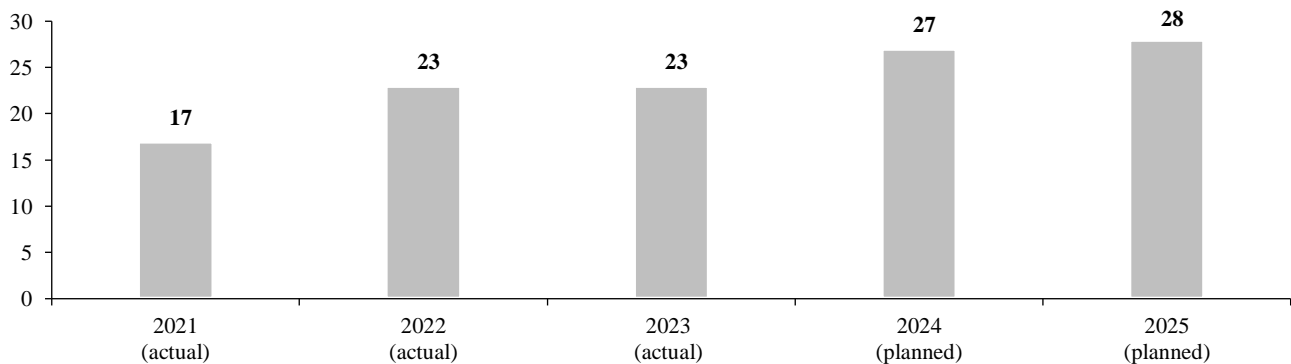
Result 2: direct access to space-based emergency response mechanisms

Programme performance in 2023 and target for 2025

- 6.17 The programme's work contributed to 23 national disaster management agencies becoming authorized users of the International Charter on Space and Major Disasters, which did not meet the planned target of 25. The target was not met because there were no official requests from national management authorities to become an authorized user of the International Charter.
- 6.18 Progress towards the objective and the target for 2025 are presented in the performance measure below (see figure 6.III).

Figure 6.III

Performance measure: number of national disaster management agencies becoming authorized users of the International Charter on Space and Major Disasters (cumulative)



Result 3: increased access to space

Proposed programme plan for 2025

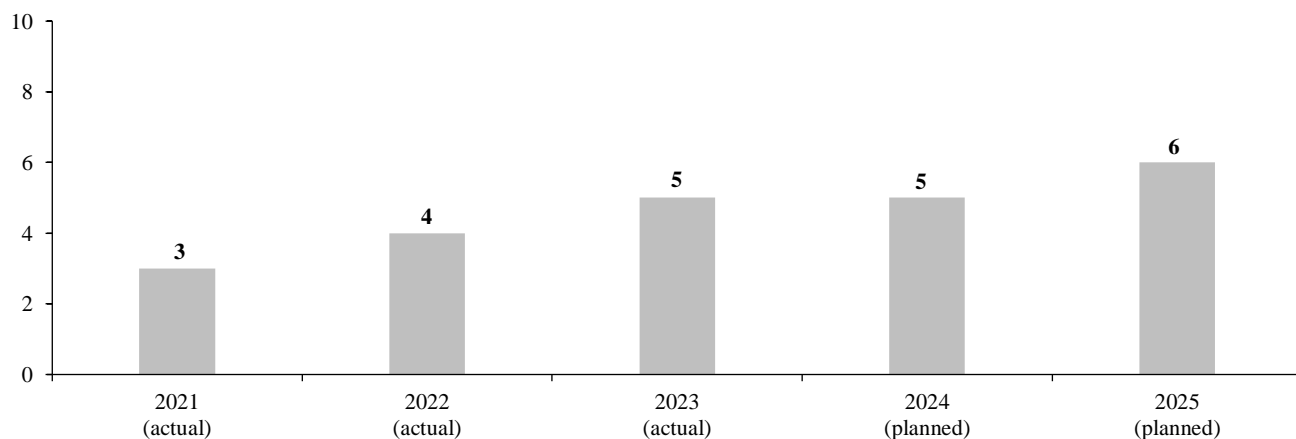
- 6.19 Increased access to space technologies can strengthen national capabilities of Member States to develop space-based solutions that foster socioeconomic development and address global challenges. The programme assists Member States in developing the capacity to build and launch satellites into outer space through partnerships with space agencies, research institutions and industry to develop specialized know-how and engineering processes for satellite development and space exploration.

Lessons learned and planned change

- 6.20 The lesson for the programme was the possibility to strengthen the capacity of individuals and teams to plan and execute activities within the entire development cycle of space technology, from preparing project proposals and applications to the launching of satellites and data usage, thereby increasing their capacity for gaining access to space opportunities more broadly. In applying the lesson, the programme will focus its efforts on supporting participants through technical advice and specialized training, with the purpose of increasing their capacity to develop competitive and high-quality project proposals and applications and to maximize the learning outcomes of individuals.
- 6.21 Expected progress towards the objective is presented in the performance measure below (see figure 6.IV).

Figure 6.IV

Performance measure: number of satellites launched into outer space through the Access to Space for All initiative (cumulative)



Legislative mandates

6.22 The list below, which was reviewed in the preparation of the proposed programme budget, provides all mandates entrusted to the programme.

General Assembly resolutions

1472 A (XIV); 1721 B (XVI); 2453 A–B (XXIII); 2601 (XXIV); 3234 (XXIX); 61/111; 64/86; 71/90; 74/82; 77/121; 78/72	International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space	47/68	Principles Relevant to the Use of Nuclear Power Sources in Outer Space
2222 (XXI)	Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies	54/68	Third United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space
2345 (XXII)	Agreement on the Rescue of Astronauts, the Return of Astronauts and the Return of Objects Launched into Outer Space	59/2	Review of the implementation of the recommendations of the Third United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space
2777 (XXVI)	Convention on International Liability for Damage Caused by Space Objects	59/115	Application of the concept of the “launching State”
3235 (XXIX)	Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space	61/110	United Nations Platform for Space-based Information for Disaster Management and Emergency Response
34/68	Agreement Governing the Activities of States on the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies	62/101	Recommendations on enhancing the practice of States and international intergovernmental organizations in registering space objects
37/90	Second United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space	65/271	International Day of Human Space Flight
37/92	Principles Governing the Use by States of Artificial Earth Satellites for International Direct Television Broadcasting	68/74	Recommendations on national legislation relevant to the peaceful exploration and use of outer space
41/65	Principles Relating to Remote Sensing of the Earth from Outer Space	69/283	Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030
		70/1	Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
		72/78	Declaration on the fiftieth anniversary of the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies

Part II	Political affairs		
72/79	Consideration of the fiftieth anniversary of the United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space	75/233	Quadrennial comprehensive policy review of operational activities for development of the United Nations system
73/6	Fiftieth anniversary of the first United Nations Conference on the Exploration and Peaceful Uses of Outer Space: space as a driver of sustainable development	76/3	The “Space2030” Agenda: space as a driver of sustainable development
74/115	International cooperation on humanitarian assistance in the field of natural disasters, from relief to development	77/29	International cooperation on humanitarian assistance in the field of natural disasters, from relief to development
		77/120	Space and global health

Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change decisions

1/CP.21 Adoption of the Paris Agreement

Deliverables

6.23 Table 6.1 lists all deliverables of the programme.

Table 6.1
Deliverables for the period 2023–2025, by category and subcategory

Category and subcategory	2023 planned	2023 actual	2024 planned	2025 planned
A. Facilitation of the intergovernmental process and expert bodies				
Parliamentary documentation (number of documents)	105	106	105	105
1. Reports to the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, including its Scientific and Technical and Legal Subcommittees	105	106	105	105
Substantive services for meetings (number of three-hour meetings)	76	79	72	65
2. Meetings of the General Assembly	2	–	2	–
3. Meetings of the Fifth Committee	1	1	1	1
4. Meetings of the Committee for Programme and Coordination	1	1	1	1
5. Meetings of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions	1	1	1	1
6. Meetings of the Fourth Committee and its Working Group of the Whole on the agenda item entitled “International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space”	3	3	3	3
7. Meetings of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, including its Scientific and Technical and Legal Subcommittees	60	56	56	56
8. Intersessional consultations of the Working Groups of the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, including its Scientific and Technical and Legal Subcommittees	8	17	8	3
Conference and secretariat services for meetings (number of three-hour meetings)	14	18	14	14
9. Executive secretariat services to the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems and its Providers’ Forum	10	11	10	10
10. Secretariat services to the Space Mission Planning Advisory Group	4	7	4	4
B. Generation and transfer of knowledge				
Seminars, workshops and training events (number of days)	75	82	80	76
11. Training events on space law and policy, including for new space actors	17	15	17	17
12. Training events on space science and technology and their applications	24	27	24	24
13. Training events and technical advisory missions on the use of space technology in disaster management	21	26	30	24
14. World Space Forum	3	3	3	3

Section 6 Peaceful uses of outer space

<i>Category and subcategory</i>	<i>2023 planned</i>	<i>2023 actual</i>	<i>2024 planned</i>	<i>2025 planned</i>
15. Planetary Defense Conference (asteroid and comet threats to Earth)	5	4	–	3
16. Panels on Space for Women	2	3	3	3
17. Open forum for Member States and meetings of United Nations entities on the use of space technology	3	4	3	2
Publications (number of publications)	6	6	5	6
18. Publications on the Office's activities and the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space	6	6	5	6
Technical materials (number of materials)	75	76	74	74
19. Information furnished in accordance with the United Nations treaties and principles on outer space	5	6	4	4
20. Information furnished in accordance with the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space and General Assembly resolution 1721 B (XVI)	70	70	70	70

C. Substantive deliverables

Consultation, advice and advocacy: normative support to Working Group C of the International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems, the Space for Women network and meetings on the sustainability of space activities; expert advice to Member States, upon request, on: (a) the registration of space objects; (b) space science and technology and their applications; (c) activities of the United Nations-affiliated regional centres for space science and technology education; (d) the use of space-based information in disaster management plans, policies and disaster risk management activities in approximately 5 Member States; and (e) space-based information to support emergency and humanitarian response in at least 4 developing countries; and the organization of long-term training opportunities in the field of space science and technology and related applications.

Databases and substantive digital materials: Register of Objects Launched into Outer Space and Online Index of Objects Launched into Outer Space, UN-SPIDER knowledge portal, International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems portal, Space for Water portal, Space Solutions Compendium (database), e-learning courses including space for climate action and agriculture and national space law collection.

D. Communication deliverables

Outreach programmes, special events and information materials: exhibits, promotional and educational materials, and celebrations of achievements and other anniversaries relating to outer space.

External and media relations: press releases and press conferences on the work of the Office and the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space.

Digital platforms and multi-media content: websites for the Office for Outer Space Affairs, Space for Women, Space for Climate Action and space sustainability.

B. Proposed post and non-post resource requirements for 2025

Overview

6.24 The proposed regular budget resources for 2025, including the breakdown of resource changes, as applicable, are reflected in tables 6.2 to 6.4.

Table 6.2

Overall: evolution of financial resources by object of expenditure

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Object of expenditure	2023 expenditure ^a	2024 approved	Changes					2025 estimate (before recosting)
			Technical adjustments	New/expanded mandates	Other	Total	Percentage	
Posts	3 381.3	3 724.7	–	–	–	–	–	3 724.7
Other staff costs	143.7	151.5	–	–	–	–	–	151.5
Hospitality	–	0.9	–	–	–	–	–	0.9
Consultants	–	39.7	–	–	–	–	–	39.7
Experts	100.8	28.9	–	–	(2.9)	(2.9)	(10.0)	26.0
Travel of staff	113.0	105.2	–	–	4.8	4.8	4.6	110.0
Contractual services	149.5	173.9	–	–	(9.1)	(9.1)	(5.2)	164.8
General operating expenses	7.5	15.9	–	–	3.1	3.1	19.5	19.0
Supplies and materials	0.5	6.5	–	–	–	–	–	6.5
Furniture and equipment	1.7	8.3	–	–	–	–	–	8.3
Improvement of premises	0.1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Grants and contributions	379.0	528.3	–	–	4.1	4.1	0.8	532.4
Total	4 277.0	4 783.8	–	–	–	–	–	4 783.8

^a At the time of reporting, the expenditures presented in this table and in subsequent tables are not final and may be subject to adjustments that could result in minor differences between the information contained in the present report and the financial statements to be published by 31 March 2024.

Table 6.3

Overall: proposed posts and post changes for 2025

(Number of posts)

	Number	Details
Approved for 2024	25	1 D-2, 1 D-1, 2 P-5, 7 P-4, 6 P-3, 3 P-2/1, 5 GS (OL)
Proposed for 2025	25	1 D-2, 1 D-1, 2 P-5, 7 P-4, 6 P-3, 3 P-2/1, 5 GS (OL)

Note: The following abbreviation is used in the tables and figures: GS (OL), General Service (Other level).

Table 6.4
Overall: proposed posts by category and grade

(Number of posts)

Category and grade	2024 approved	Changes				Total	2025 proposed
		Technical adjustments	New/expanded mandates	Other			
Professional and higher							
D-2	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
D-1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
P-5	2	–	–	–	–	–	2
P-4	7	–	–	–	–	–	7
P-3	6	–	–	–	–	–	6
P-2/1	3	–	–	–	–	–	3
Subtotal	20	–	–	–	–	–	20
General Service and related							
GS (OL)	5	–	–	–	–	–	5
Subtotal	5	–	–	–	–	–	5
Total	25	–	–	–	–	–	25

6.25 Additional details on the distribution of the proposed resources for 2025 are reflected in tables 6.5 to 6.7 and figure 6.V.

6.26 As reflected in tables 6.5 (1) and 6.6 (1), the overall resources proposed for 2025 amount to \$4,783,800 before recosting, reflecting no change compared with the approved budget for 2024. The proposed level of resources provides for the full, efficient and effective implementation of mandates.

Table 6.5
Overall: evolution of financial resources by source of funding and component

(Thousands of United States dollars)

(1) *Regular budget*

Component	2023 expenditure	2024 approved	Changes				Total	Percentage	2025 estimate (before recosting)
			Technical adjustments	New/expanded mandates	Other				
Programme of work	4 277.0	4 783.8	–	–	–	–	–	4 783.8	
Subtotal, 1	4 277.0	4 783.8	–	–	–	–	–	4 783.8	

(2) *Extrabudgetary*

Component	2023 expenditure	2024 estimate	Change	Percentage	2025 estimate
Programme of work	1 647.8	1 584.8	79.4	5.0	1 664.2
Subtotal, 2	1 647.8	1 584.8	79.4	5.0	1 664.2
Total (1+2)	5 924.8	6 368.6	79.4	1.2	6 448.0

Table 6.6

Overall: proposed posts for 2025 by source of funding and component

(Number of posts)

(1) *Regular budget*

Component	Changes					2025 proposed
	2024 approved	Technical adjustments	New/expanded mandates	Other	Total	
Programme of work	25	–	–	–	–	25
Subtotal, 1	25	–	–	–	–	25

(2) *Extrabudgetary*

Component	2024 estimate	Change	2025 estimate
Programme of work	7	1	8
Subtotal, 2	7	1	8
Total	32	1	33

Table 6.7

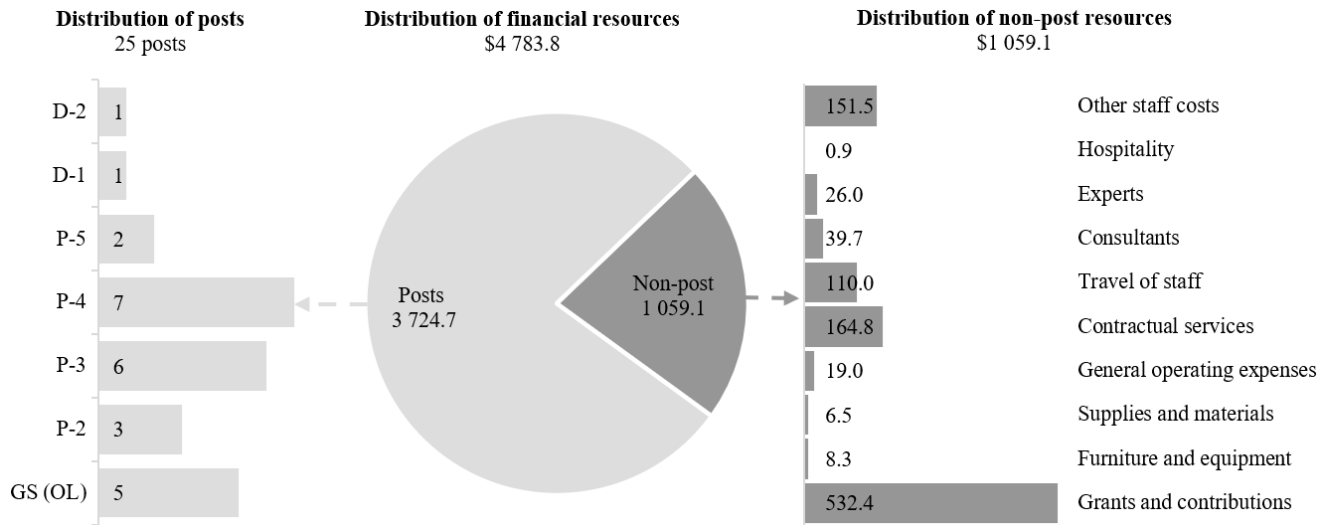
Overall: evolution of financial and post resources

(Thousands of United States dollars/number of posts)

	2023 expenditure	2024 approved	Changes					2025 estimate (before recosting)
			Technical adjustments	New/expanded mandates	Other	Total	Percentage	
Financial resources by main category of expenditure								
Posts	3 381.3	3 724.7	–	–	–	–	–	3 724.7
Non-post	895.7	1 059.1	–	–	–	–	–	1 059.1
Total	4 277.0	4 783.8	–	–	–	–	–	4 783.8
Post resources by category								
Professional and higher		20	–	–	–	–	–	20
General Service and related		5	–	–	–	–	–	5
Total		25	–	–	–	–	–	25

Figure 6.V
Distribution of proposed resources for 2025 (before recosting)

(Number of posts/thousands of United States dollars)



Extrabudgetary resources

- 6.27 As reflected in tables 6.5 (2) and 6.6 (2), extrabudgetary resources amount to \$1,664,200. The resources would complement regular budget resources and would be used mainly to provide for eight posts (1 P-3, 2 P-2/1 and 5 General Service (Other level)) and non-post resources to support capacity development activities and other services to Member States.
- 6.28 Anticipated in-kind contributions with an estimated value of \$1,793,000 reflect staff provided on a non-reimbursable loan basis, expert support and launch services provided under the Access to Space for All initiative and the value of the rental of conference facilities, meeting services, room and board for participants, transport and other contractual services provided on a no-cost basis for training events and other activities organized by the Office for Outer Space Affairs.
- 6.29 The extrabudgetary resources under the present section are subject to the oversight of the Office in accordance with the delegation of authority from the Secretary-General.

Other information

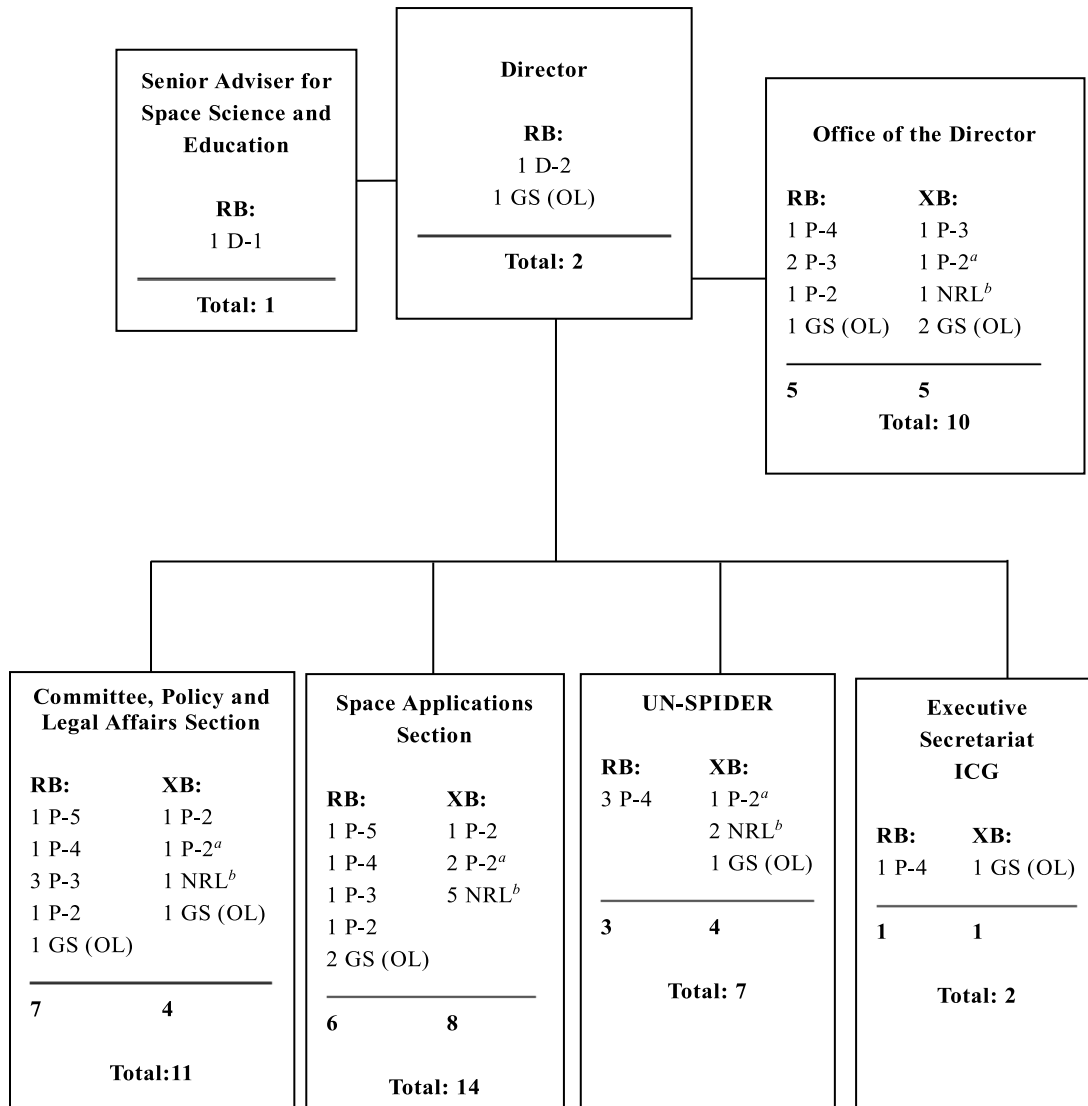
- 6.30 In accordance with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, in particular target 12.6 of the Sustainable Development Goals, in which organizations are encouraged to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycles, and in compliance with the cross-cutting mandate set out in paragraph 19 of General Assembly resolution 72/219, the Office for Outer Space Affairs complies with the policies and procedures rolled out by the United Nations Office at Vienna. The Vienna headquarters is a climate neutral facility, running 100 per cent on renewable energy. Since 2020, the Vienna-based organizations of the United Nations common system have started to renew entrances, replaced existing air-curtains and upgraded or refurbished all elevator cabins. While some of these projects have been completed in parts of the compound, they are still ongoing in others, combined with an increased focus on upgrading air conditioning units and on replacing pipes and insulation and lighting systems throughout the Vienna International Centre from the 1978 standards. These projects, which will continue throughout 2025 and beyond, will result in a further reduction in the environmental impact of the Vienna International Centre as they will increase energy efficiency.
- 6.31 Information on the timely submission of documentation and advance booking for air travel is reflected in table 6.8. Advance purchasing of some tickets was restricted owing to operational constraints arising from the late availability of extrabudgetary funding sources. The Office for Outer Space Affairs will review late bookings to mitigate instances that have an impact on compliance.

Table 6.8
Compliance rate
(Percentage)

	<i>2021 actual</i>	<i>2022 actual</i>	<i>2023 actual</i>	<i>2024 planned</i>	<i>2025 planned</i>
Timely submission of documentation	92	59	77	100	100
Air tickets purchased at least two weeks before the commencement of travel	22	90	74	100	100

Annex

Organizational structure and post distribution for 2025



Abbreviations: GS (OL), General Service (Other level); ICG, International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems; NRL, non-reimbursable loan; RB, regular budget; UN-SPIDER, United Nations Platform for Space-based Information for Disaster Management and Emergency Response; XB, extrabudgetary.

^a Junior Professional Officer.

^b Positions on a non-reimbursable loan basis are expected from the Brazilian Air Force, the China National Space Agency, the Government of France, the Government of the Republic of Korea, the Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency, the Ministry of Emergency Management of China and the United States Department of State.