

# JOURNAL

# COMMITTEE ON THE PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE

# SIXTY-EIGHTH SESSION

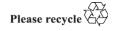
Vienna, 25 June-2 July 2025

FRIDAY, 27 JUNE 2025 No. 4

# **Programme of Meetings and Agenda for Friday, 27 June 2025**

10 a.m.–1 p.m.	838 <sup>th</sup> meeting	M Plenary
	Agenda Item	Item No.
	General exchange of views	[4]
	Spin-off benefits of space technology: review of current status	[9]
	Space and water	[10]
	Space and climate change [time permitting]	[11]
3 p.m.–6 p.m.	839 <sup>th</sup> meeting	M Plenary
	Agenda Item	Item No.
	General exchange of views	[4]
	Space and climate change	[11]
	Use of space technology in the United Nations system	[12]
	Future role and method of work of the Committee	[13]
	Space exploration and innovation [time permitting]	[14]





#### ACTION TEAM ON LUNAR ACTIVITIES CONSULTATION

Afternoon\* (closed) M Plenary

# **SUMMARY OF SCHEDULED MEETINGS**

# 836<sup>th</sup> meeting

General exchange of views [4]

The Committee continued its consideration of this item with statements by the representatives of Finland, Malaysia, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Spain, Ukraine and the United States.

Statements were made by the representatives of the Russian Federation and Ukraine in the right of reply.

The ad-hoc observers for Honduras, Maldives and Malta also made statements.

Ways and means of maintaining outer space for peaceful purposes [5]

The Committee began its consideration of this item with statements by the representatives of Argentina, Australia, Belarus, Brazil, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, France, India, Italy, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands (Kingdom of the), the Republic of Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Ukraine, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom, the United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

Statements were made by the representatives of the Russian Federation and the United Kingdom in the right of reply.

The observers for CANEUS-International and Space Renaissance International (SRI) also made statements.

# 837<sup>th</sup> meeting

General exchange of views [4]

The Committee continued its consideration of this item with statements by the representatives of Kenya and Nigeria.

A statement was made by the representative of France in the right of reply.

The ad-hoc observer for Serbia also made a statement.

Report of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee on its sixty-second session [6]

The Committee began its consideration of this item with a statement by the Chair of the Scientific and Technical Subcommittee.

The Committee continued and suspended its consideration of this item with statements by China, the Republic of Korea and the United Arab Emirates.

A statement was also made by the Coordinator of the Space and Global Health Network.

<sup>\*</sup> Following the consideration of agenda items.

Report of the Legal Subcommittee on its sixty-fourth session [7]

The Committee began its consideration of this item with a statement by the Chair of the Legal Subcommittee.

The Committee continued and suspended its consideration of this item with a statement by the representative of Germany.

Space and sustainable development [8]

The Committee began and suspended its consideration of this item with statements by the representatives of Kenya on behalf of G77 and China, Nigeria on behalf of the African Group, Argentina, Austria, Belarus, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Ecuador, France, India, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Morocco, Pakistan, Peru, the Philippines, the Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Thailand, the United Arab Emirates and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

The observers for the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP), Asia-Pacific Space Cooperation Organization (APSCO) and For All Moonkind also made statements.

Spin-off benefits of space technology: review of current status [9]

The Committee began its consideration of this item with a statement by the representative of Kenya on behalf of G77 and China.